THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

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The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, DEC. 1.

THE NEWS.

THE most cheering intelligence we have this morning in contained in an apologetic dispatch concerning the Army of the Potomac, which says:

"Much difficulty attends the reception of news, there being now no regular communication with Washington."

There is then some hope for the Army of the Potomac. Once beyond the reach of "Old Brains," it may do something. The weight of "Old Brains" is enough to keep any army in the back-ground, and with that removed, we may look for better times. The latest news from Meade is up to Saturday noon, when our advance was within eight miles of Orange Court House, and the rebels were still falling back. A series of skirmishes and engagements of detached forces has taken place, but there has been no general fighting. Gen. Gregg engaged the enemy with cavalry on Thursday afternoon, meeting with a loss of 250. On Friday the rebels had fallen two miles further back towards Orange Court House. The enemy attempted to turn our right wing, commanded by Gen. French, but were repulsed with a loss of 900 prisoners. French is said to have lost from ten to fifteen hundred in killed and wounded. This is probably exaggerated, as other accounts say our total loss since crossing the Rapidan has been slight. Saturday morning Meade was at the front and the army was in position, but Lee was not inclined to give battle. It is thought he will make a stand at Orange Court House or Gordonsville.

BURNSIDE is safe. An order from Bragg reached Longstreet on the 26th, directing him to fall back and rejoin his (Bragg's) army. He is now attempting to obey this order, with a fair prospect of being entirely cut off, and having to fight his way out or surrender. A few buildings had been burned in Knoxville previous to the receipt of this order, but beyond this no material damage has been done.

BRAGG has fallen back to Dalton, and it is said intends to make a stand there. Our line is beyond Ringgold, anxious to accommodate Mr. Bragg with a fight. The total loss to us in the engagements of last week, foot up 3,200.

JOHN MORGAN escaped from the Ohio Penitentiary Friday night and succeeded in reaching Toronto, Canada, yesterday. The escape was effected by digging under the floor and thence to a sewer which empties into the river. Vallandigham will now have an agreeable companion and the two together will be able to originate another plot. Morgan has learned from Vallandigham how to travel and will probably run the blockade *into* the Confederacy *via*. Nassau and Wilmington.

GOLD varies but little from our last quotations, opening yesterday at 47, advancing to 49 and closing quiet at 47 1-8.

SAINT PAUL MARKET.

Our grain and produce buyers are even quite up to warrantable prices, always, however, keeping in view the Chicago quotations. They must have a margin of from 15 to 20 cents to cover transit from here to Lake Michigan on wheat, and from 25 to 30 cents per cwt. on other produce.

Chicago is not a market, but a depot of transhipment to a market. The position may be maintained that Saint Paul with a direct railway to Lake Superior can and will pay Chicago prices.

We publish to-day the importations to Lake Superior for this year. The amount cannot be less than Twelve or Fourteen Millions of Dollars furnished that Lake by Cleveland, Chicago or Detroit. Chicago prices ruling, it is palpable Saint Paul can furnish the above $12,000,000 at less rates than can the lowest lake ports. Taking flour as a leading article, it can be moved to Lake Superior for less than one-half it can be to Lake Michigan and sold to the Superior miners the other half less than can the Chicago dealers.

Saint Paul with 140 miles of railway to Lake Superior can always pay Chicago prices until the Lake demand shall be supplied. At the rate of increased demand that market is not likely to be overstocked by Minnesota after supplying the manufactories which will be induced by the raw material thrown into the State from those mines.

By an accurate table of distances hereto appended, it is seen that under the Bayfield contrivance Saint Paul will be 183 miles from from Lake Superior. With the tax of 43 additional miles of railway we could have little hope of maintaining the pre-eminence above claimed:

DISTANCES ON SURVEYED RAILROAD ROUTES TO LAKE SUPERIOR.

The following distances have been carefully taken from the actual surveys of the several routes, between the Mississippi and Saint Croix Rivers and Lake Superior:

St. Paul to Fond du Lac, Min., head of navigation	133	miles
" " Duluth, Min, head of Lake	140	"
" " Superior, Wis., Bay of Superior	142½	"
" " Hudson, Wis.	15½	"
" " Stillwater, Min.	18	"
Hudson " Superior (survey of 1855-6)	137	"
" " " (located winter '57)	143½	"
" " Bayfield (" " ")	167½	"
St. Paul " " (" " ")	183	"
" " Superior (" " ")	159	"
" " " on survey of 1855-6 via Hudson	152½	"

A WASHINGTON telegram to the N. Y. *Tribune* says:

It is understood that the President in compliance with the terms of the law of the last Congress, decided that the Northern Pacific Railroad shall start from a point on the Missouri river opposite Council Bluffs in connection with the Mississippi and Missouri and Rock Island Roads.

If any of our readers took the trouble to read the extracts from the Act of Congress upon this subject, which we published in our last issue, they will understand that the road whose eastern terminus is thus fixed by the President is a branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, destined to connect with the latter about the 100th meridian between the valleys of the Republican and Platte rivers, and that the road to Sioux City, to which we referred is another branch of the same Union Pacific Railroad, connecting with the latter where it commences about the 100th meridian as before described, or connecting with what is called in the *Tribune* telegram the Northern Pacific Railroad, at the option of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. But if we build the line through Minnesota to Sioux City, the terms of the Act *require* them to build the connection with the Union Pacific.

THE Charter Election in New York city comes off to-day. There are three candidates before the people:

1. C. Godfrey Gunther, the Tammany candidate in 1861, when his vote ran ahead of Wood's, but was beaten by Opdyke. He is now put forward by the McKeon organization and the Germans.

2. Francis J. A. Boole, is the regular Democratic candidate. He is now City Inspector and is the candidate of the "Ring" of sharpers who subsist by plundering the City Treasury.

3. Orrison Blunt is the Union candidate. He is also an Alderman, and what is singular has a reputation for honesty.

Boole has made himself so popular as City scavenger, that he will probably be elected, especially with a Democratic majority of 20,000 in his favor to commence on.

LORD PALMERSTON made a speech on the 9th inst., at the banquet on Lord Mayor's Day, when the new Lord Mayor Lawrence was inaugurated, in the course of which he said in allusion to American and Russian affairs:

We see all sides—in the far West and in the distant East—struggles going on of the most lamentable character, and scenes enacted which make us shudder for humanity, and excite our deep compassion for the countries in which they are occurring. [Hear, hear.] In the far West we see a nation of the same race, the same language, the same manners and literatures as ourselves, split into two, slaughtering each other by hundreds of thousands, and carrying on a contest the result of which now, after more than two years' duration, he would be a bold man indeed who ventured to predict. [Hear, hear.]

And in the "distant East," what "struggles are going on there," what "scenes enacted" which make the tender heart of Lord Palmerston "shudder for humanity and excite his deep compassion for the countries in which they are occurring."

Is it the bombardment and destruction of the Japanese city of Kagosima by an English fleet, and the wholesale massacre of its 180,000 innocent and unoffending men, women and children? Is it that which touches the compassionate heart of Lord Palmerston? Oh, no! English philanthrophy whines and beats its pharisaic breast only over crimes that are not of English acting, only over miseries that are not of English producing. Russia smiting Poland with the knout is horrible. England razing an unoffending city from its foundations, is—well—English, and therefore, you see, just the thing.

HIS HONOR, THE MAYOR, CHALLENGED.

We publish elsewhere a card from his Honor, the Mayor, wherein his Honor, the Mayor, denies that he is the owner of any lots or property in or about Bayfield, or that he is "capable of being influenced in his public acts by private considerations." And thereupon, his Honor, the Mayor, intimates that attempts have been made to seduce him from the strait and narrow path of virtue which runs due Northeast from St. Paul via Hudson to Chemaquomon Bay; and he even threatens, upon sufficient provocation, to disclose the "peculiar means" employed to switch the locomotive of his conscience from the track of strict official integrity aforesaid. We really don't know what his Honor, the Mayor, would consider a provocation sufficient to induce him to discharge his bosom of the dark secret which agitates, without staining, that seat of fine sentiments and exalted aspirations. The only parties officially interested in the matter say, in the card appended to his own, that, if he means them, his insinuations are *false*—which among gentlemen "of honor," such as we are proud to consider his Honor, the Mayor, is usually regarded as a provocative of measures even more extreme than that threatened by his Honor.

We trust, therefore, that His Honor, the Mayor, will be good enough to consider himself publicly insulted by a charge of falsehood, and thereby bound, as a "gentleman of honor," to accept the challenge thus offered, and make good his words, or eat them.

The public have a right to know distinctly whether the gentlemen, or any of them, intrusted with the initiation of a project of such vital importance to this city are the corrupt scoundrels he intimates or not.

We demand of him, then, on the penalty of being posted as a malicious slanderer, that he inform the public explicitly what were the "*peculiar means* employed to induce him to change his course," and who it was that employed them; and *en passant* he can inform us, if he chooses, whether the "peculiar means" aforesaid were anything like the "peculiar means" he employed to induce the editor of the *Pioneer* to swerve from the paths of rectitude and support him for—Governor.

We are reluctant to press any further enquiries upon his Honor, but it would go far to remove a current impression that his "public acts *are* influenced by private considerations," if he will be kind enough also to state whether the property he once owned in or near Bayfield, was not transferred to a near relative, whose interests he feels a filial, as well as financial, obligation to protect—or subsequently to another near relative, whose interests are intimately connected with his own.

THE receipts at Mr. Beecher's reception at the New York Academy of Music—which were for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission—amounted to $4,000, which, the *Tribune* says, is the greatest financial success which ever fell to the lot of any speaker in this country.

THE Treasury estimates for 1864 amount to a little over $700,000,000: viz, War Department $535,000,000; Navy Department $140,000,000; Civil Government $25,000,000; Indian Department $10,000,000.

A Card from Mayor Warren.

To the Editor of the Pioneer:

In the *Press* of Sunday last, I find a charge or imputation rather, that my action in regard to the proposed bonus to the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company, is founded upon some interest that it is claimed that I possess in the town of Bayfield.

In reply to this malicious accusation, I here deliberately and positively state, that I *do not own or represent a single lot in the town of Bayfield, nor any property in its neighborhood*, and am not capable of being influenced in public acts by private considerations, as some of the gentlemen interested in carrying through the specious project for plunging our city into debt and embarrassment *know full well*.

Unless, therefore, a famation like that contained in the *Press* shall utterly cease, I shall no longer withold from the public the peculiar means that have been employed to induce me to change my course in this matter.

Respectfully yours,
JOHN ESAIAS WARREN.

ST. PAUL, NOV. 28, 1863.

A CARD IN REPLY.

The undersigned, Directors of the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad Company, desire to say, that if Mayor Warren, in the above card, or otherwise, means to assert or insinuate that they have used, or offered to use, any corrupt or improper means to influence his action in regard to the subject of issuing Bonds now before the City Council, that the charge, or insinuation, *is without foundation and utterly false*.

The interest they have in view and the object they wish to promote in building a direct Railroad from St. Paul to Lake Superior, in common with ninety-nine out of every hundred of our citizens; and is to save our city and property from the disasters that now threaten both by reason of the building of railroads taking untold wealth and trade from, instead of to, our city, where it legitimately belongs; and in this purpose, and to secure this great object, they do not propose to halt or be turned aside, if their fellow citizens will give to this enterprise the support its importance demands. All they ask is that public attention may not be diverted from the great purpose in view by falsehood and misrepresentation, or any other of the various influences set afloat by the enemies of St. Paul, and the friends of rival interests.

LYMAN DAYTON,
PARKER PAINE,
CHAS. H. OAKES,
JAMES SMITH, JR.,
W. L. BANNING,
W. BRANCH.

DIED.

On Sunday morning, the 29th ult., at 9 o'clock, WILLIAM S. DUTTON, of New Haven, Conn., aged 28 years.

Funeral on Tuesday morning, at ten o'clock, from his late residence—Mr. Watson's boarding house—on Robert street. His friends are respectfully invited. Funeral services at Plymouth Church.

On Monday, the 30th ult., LEONARD BLISS, eldest son of Isaac P. and Addie B. Wright, aged ten years.

Funeral services at the residence of the parents, this afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

Yesterday evening, from the effects of a fall on the sidewalk, FANNY, daughter of H. S. and Lizzie Fairchild, aged four years and nine months.

Funeral from residence of parents, Fourth street, at two P. M. to-day.

New Advertisements.

COW FOUND.

A small yellow Cow, six years old, white head, tail and belly. Apply to M. C. McNULTY, corner Rosabel and Fourth streets. 1t

TWO COWS TAKEN UP, at John McCan's, on the 24th Nov., one spotted red and white, with a short tail; the other, dark red spotted. The owner may redeem them by proving the same. JOHN E. McCAN,
1t Rose Hill, Lake Como.

SITUATION WANTED.

By a young man, who can give good city references, a situation in any respectable business. Address G. H. E., box 107, St. Paul. dec1-3t*

ESTRAY.

A yearling heifer came into the possession of the Subscriber about the 1st of November; said heifer has a white face, white belly, with pointed horns turned inward. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away. WILLIAM SMITH,
dec1-3t* Rose Township.

CARBON OIL.

200 BARRELS BEST WHITE AND STRAW COLORED. For sale cheap by WATSON & DENSMORE, at the vinegar factory of C. C. Lewis & Co., No. 4 Sibley Street, Lower Levee, rear of Burbank's. dec1-1mo

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
AT COMBS' BOOK STORE,
CAN BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF
Childrens' Books,
Gift Books,
Photograph Albums,
Bibles, Prayer Books,
&c., suitable for presents. Call in and examine.
DIARIES for 1864, all Styles,
dec1-tf AT COMBS' BOOK STORE.

Heard's Sioux War.
A NEW SUPPLY, JUST RECEIVED,
At Combs' Book Store.
Orders from the country promptly filled. dec1-1w

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
SAINT PAUL, MIN., November 21st, 1863.

TO BE SOLD AT FT. SNELLING, MINNESOTA,
ON THE FIRST OF DECEMBER, 1863,
A large number of
Government Animals.

A good opportunity is offered to Farmers for supplying themselves with working stock, which they should avail themselves of.

E. B. CARLING,
no22-td Captain and Chief Quartermaster.
☞ The above sale is postponed to Wednesday, December 2d, at the same time and place.

LOST.

On Tuesday evening, 24th inst., between St. Paul and St. Anthony, a barrel marked Geo. W. Harris, Minneapolis. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving word at this office, or with
no29-2t* J. S. PILLSBURY, St. Anthony.

AN AMERICAN WIDOW LADY is desirous of obtaining a situation as housekeeper, in a first-class hotel. Can give unquestionable references. Please address M. A. K., Post Office, for two days. no29-2t*

STRAYED.

From the premises of the Subscriber, one white faced Cow, black ring around the right eye; black neck, brown sides, and four white feet; is six years old. EVELYN KELLENE.
St. Anthony, Sept. 23, 1863. no29-3t

Another Speech by Henry Ward Beecher.

Conflict of American and European Ideas.

The Cause of the Union the Cause of the Common People Throughout the World.

Henry Ward Beecher was received by the citizens of New York on the 24th inst. in the Academy of Music by a very large assemblage. An address was made to Mr. Beecher, when the latter addressed the audience, after some preliminary remarks, as follows:

AMERICAN IDEAS.

We must look for American ideas as distinguished from continental European ideas—nearer to the experience of our national life than any external or material prosperity. They are the radical ideas held by and incorporated into society and into civil governments—radical ideas of the nature of man, of the nature of his rights, and of the society which he forms. We hold then, first to the liberty, civil and personal, of the individual man, not as something for which he may be prepared; liberty is not an attainment, not as a reward of conduct, not as an honor conferred by society, not as a prerogative given by government, but we hold to the right of liberty in individual as something inherent in it, not a right but a necessity. With less than liberty he is less than a man, and is man as God thought of him when he meant to create him only when he has been thoroughly developed and rounded out in all his attributes in the atmosphere of liberty. (Cheers.) It is that without which nature cannot evolve systematically and perfectly; it is the medium of human existence. The human soul was made to be healthy and harmless, powerful and beneficent in all his powers only where it is developed in full regulated liberty is required for it just as light is for the eye-structure, just as sound for the ear, just as founts for the tongue, just as air is to the lungs; and although these organs may all of them exist without their appropriate element or medium they exist imperfectly, and so although man may exist without liberty, he is but fragmentary man, whereas the perfect and ideal man cannot exist without these. Liberty, then, is the normal condition of every faculty and the whole soul of man. It belongs to all who have a moral nature; to withhold it is to defraud man of his nature. It is part of him. This is the seminal point of American institutions. Below this there is nothing. This is fundamental, and from this avowed principle much argued and much controverted, and from this avowed principle fundamental to the nature of man, from this sprang the first governments; for American Governments are the first which were deduced logically from a foregoing principle. Other governments were expedients and experiments, one added to another as men went along. It was for our ancestors to strike out for a theory of human nature and human rights. They came across the sea to encase that theory in government, and they did, and that is the American Government. (Applause.) And it is the only one, I think, in the history of mankind. Springing from the idea of human right, belonging to the individual as a part of his creative nature, is the great American doctrine that civil society must be organized so as to secure and to defend the rights, and the attributes of its individual citizens; that a State is strong in the degree in which its private citizens are strong, and that a State is weak in proportion as its integral members are deprived of liberty.

COMPARED WITH EUROPEAN IDEAS.

The European doctrine, in the main, makes the State through its Government, the American idea makes the State strong through its individual members. The European idea holds that the State is the great end; men are the bricks that, with trowel and mortar, are built in to make the State strong. The American idea is that the State is but a servant, and that it serves the individual citizens. For them it exists, and is strong, and good, just as it defends the immunities, and the privileges, and the rights, and the dignities, and purities of the individual citizens, who are the end for which the State is created; and all the lines, and all the institutions, and all the economy of civil society, is but in blessed servitude for the individual man; and there is the strength of society in America, that it takes care and nourishes the individual man, and so makes the State strong; whereas, the European idea neglects the individual man in its anxiety to make the State strong.

The third American idea is that civil governments derive their powers directly from the citizen, and are to be held directly responsible to the people for the exercise of those powers; that they are to exercise those powers purely and simply in the interest of those from whom they are borrowed. The well-being of society and of government, according to those views, demand that the people shall be morally and intellectually educated so as both to know what things are best and wisest, and how the best and wisest things may be secured and maintained. These are American ideas, not because we discovered them, but simply because we adopted them, and because they have more than anywhere else been successful here. We claim them, because, to a greater extent, they are recognized in America than anywhere else.

EFFECT OF AMERICAN IDEAS UPON EUROPE.

In order to understand European feeling, we must understand what the relation of those ideas is to the structure of European society, to the principles of absolute governments, and to the position of parties in Europe. It is enough to say that if we are right, the principal Governments of Europe are wrong. Europe may be divided into two parts, the upper and lower. The upper part represent dynastic ideas. They hold the wealth and the power, and for the most part the intelligence. The lower hold neither wealth nor average intelligence, nor altogether skill even. They hold the masses of men; and throughout Europe the masses of men are struggling for a higher manhood for political power, not that they may be crowned or coroneted, but simply that they may have become more like men than they have been permitted to be. So Europe is divided in this way; one-fifth upon the surface and four-fifths below. The upper fifth are against us, and the four-fifths below, as fast as they are instructed will be in favor of us. And why? Because American ideas are radically subversive of monarchical ideas, and because they are in sympathy with the real wants and desires of the great mass of the struggling populations of the continents. It is not surprising at all then that men that believe in thrones and absolute governments, that believe that people are made to serve the Government instead of the Government to serve the people, men that believe that God ordains Kings and priests to govern with hereditary and transmissible power, cannot accept American ideas; for they would be false to their own. We have studied merely the home aspects of American ideas hitherto. It is well for us to study their relations to foreign ideas. As theories in the books, our American ideas would have exerted an indirect and positive influence, but slow and gradual. But when they are no longer mere ideas, but become things, when they are not theories, but organizations, when they are not speculative policies but the life of such a people as ours, the world hears and feels, and trembles at their footfall.

This great continent is reared up in sight of Europe, which is not now more than a hand-reach from us, and all that we do, all that we intend to become, is perfectly well understood there, and is blessed to the common people, but pestiferous to their rulers. The realization of good government among people that govern themselves, is a very dangerous thing for Europe to behold. It is a dangerous thing for Spain. It is dangerous for France. It is dangerous for Prussia. It is dangerous for Russia. It is dangerous in some, though less in some of its developments, to English society. It is dangerous where it is not only suspected but known and proved that there is no government so stable and so fruitful of good as that government which springs directly from the people, and is responsible every single year again to the people. When you are angry because Europe is not in sympathy with you, do you stop to reflect that you are an organized chronic assault upon European ideas? [Applause.] Your very society life is in itself the very demolition, or tends toward the demolition of their foundations. I wonder they have been so patient. The maintenance of a vast government so cheaply as ours has been maintained, is itself a very damaging thing. We have said we do not meddle with European politics. It is false. Every State in this Union meddles with them—not consciously; we send no missionaries; we promulgate no theories. Ah, we set an example. [Applause.] Does not Summer meddle with Winter? Does not liberty meddle with oppression the world over? Can you say from year to year, from ten years to ten years, from scores of years to scores of years, to all the hard taxed and burdened people of the continent, You are squandering millions upon a government that oppresses you. We have nothing to pay but a few cheap thousands for the government that enriches it. Can you do that and not affect Europe? I tell you there is no other one thing said to the common people in Europe so efficacious as this. Look at that great American nation, governed with so little fiction and at so little cost. It is an argument which everbody understands and nobody is able to answer. The security of property in a self-governed community, and the safety of the people, is also authenticated by the example of this nation. One of the reasons why we are so much misrepresented in this regard, is that they are anxious that this nation shall not be understood to be happy and secure. It is for their interest to represent us as not well governed, and that life and property are not secure on this continent. The dignity and safety of making every citizen an elector and a candidate for any office in the gift of the people, are most potent influences adverse to the dynasties of Europe. The power of this nation to defend itself both against foreign and civil war, is also sharply inveighing against the example of European nations and ideas. No wonder that the potentates of absolutism takes sides against us. Because just as sure as prophecy or fate, the continued example of this people, in their prosperity, under their Government and under the American ideas, just as sure as there is a Providence and a God, will compel Europe either to reform or revolutionize. [Applause.] You know it. They know it a great deal better. You rejoice, and they deplore. When, therefore there is the glittering sword and the cloud of blood, and the prospect of disruption and of taxation and heavy burdens upon the people they scream with delight. It has taken away the very terror of their nights and the very horror of their days. The nation whose prosperity, and peace, and virtue, and wealth, and power were a perpetual commentary upon their Governments and their people, that nation is at last in a revolution. Yes; because it was necessary for God to teach them one lesson more, that a self-governed, free, religious people can go through revolution and come out of it stronger than they went into it. [Prolonged applause.] I said to some gentlemen with whom I conversed abroad. "Gentlemen, if you are happy and are rejoicing, my advice to you is to make the most of it now; for your day is short; and the result of this struggle will forever end all further joy of that kind." We are there engaged in a contest, not alone for our own national existence, and for the maintenance of the ideas and philosophy on which our Government was formed; but from the fact that we are engaged in a great conflict for principles we are engaged in a universal conflict. It is no small thing for a nation like ours to stand for the world. You do represent the interest of the world, of the common people of every civilized nation; and you are identified with the struggles of the masses against dynasties everywhere. We are unconsciously, by Divine Providence, made to be witnesses and actors, not only in behalf of the great American people, but of all civilized peoples. We are standing for Poland as much as for America; for Russia, for France, for Italy, for Prussia, for Austria, for Hungary. The fate of the masses is intimately associated with our fate; because these principles, though called American, are Divine and universal, and belong to us because they belong to all mankind.

After enlarging upon these ideas the rest of Mr. Beecher's speech was a recapitulation in new forms, of his argument in defense of American institutions and of the North in England.

He showed in answer to the English notion that American people as Lord Brougham said are a "mob," that there is less rioting or less disposition to rioting in this country, more conservatism, than in any other—because our people are all property holders and voters. The mob element is foreign—almost wholly Irish—its inspiration is slavery. To the English notion that American society was bellicose and aggressive he showed that this element was Southern; that the free society of the North was to the last degree pacific, because it is industrial, commercial, requiring peace for prosperity. He discussed the slavery question, answering again the English objection that the North was fighting for Union, not for freedom, by showing that the Union, under a Northern policy was freedom. The following is a striking passage from his peroration on the "Union as it was:"

And we are not going to take any backward steps—we are not going back to the Union as it was. When I planted my orchard, I plant the kanker-worm with the tree, and by and by the tree lies dead, the cause of all the mischief burrowing in the very root and trunk of the tree, and now shall men tell me, let us have that tree restored just as it was! Yes, all but the worm. [Laughter and applause.] The Union as it was; yes, as it was in the egg as it was in the minds of those men that fashioned it, as it was in the intent of the Constitution, as it was to have been and would have been but for burglarious Slavery.

Imports of Lake Superior.

Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

SUPERIOR, Nov. 24, 1863.

So far as the Sault Canal is concerned we may consider the season of navigation as closed. That canal usually closes about the 15th, of November, and opens from May 1st to 15th.

From registers kept here since 1854, it appears that this harbor and the lake open between the 8th of April and 8th of May, and close between the 10th of January and 15th of February, giving us about three months navigation, more than is enjoyed through the "Soo" canal.

The importations to this lake in 1863 will by far exceed that of any former years. Based upon former official reports and ordinary increase the following will be found below the amount:

12,500 tons of merchandise; 60,000 bbls of flour; 100,000 sacks of coarse grain, ground feed &c; 5,000 bbls of beef; 7,000 bbls of pork; 500,000 lbs of butter; 75,000 lbs of cheese; 150,000 lbs of candles and tallow; 3,000 bxs of soap; 500 tons of powder; 200 horses; 3,000 cattle; 1,200 sheep; 300,000 lbs malt; 75,000 bbls of vegetables; 1,000 tons of machinery.

In addition to the above there have been shipped from Oneota, Duluth, Beaver Bay, Grand Portage, Minn., and Superior, Wis:

1,150 head of cattle; 1,150,000 feet sawed lumber; 1,300,000 shingles and lath; $7,000 worth of furs and peltries.

Mr. Leopold, one of the heaviest beef cattle dealers on this lake, estimates the number for this season at 12,000. Large droves have been driven in from Wisconsin and Michigan, direct to the mines.

During the past summer we have had eighteen arrivals and departures of steamers, and nineteen sail vessels engaged in taking away the last above mentioned articles, besides potatoes hay and small quantities of other products.

The exports of copper and iron this season will not fall short of *fifteen millions of dollars in value*. T. C.

"AGATE" writes from Washington:

Mr. King, of Minnesota, the late incumbent, and Wash Brooks, of California, are the chief candidates for the Postmastership.

LATEST NEWS,
By Telegraph.

GOOD NEWS FROM KNOXVILLE.

Longstreet Ordered to Rejoin Bragg on the 26th.

BRAGG NEAR DALTON PREPARING TO MAKE A STAND.

OUR FORCES BEYOND RINGGOLD.

Lee Still Continues to Fall Back.

A Series of Skirmishes Between the Two Armies.

John Morgan Escapes and Reaches Canada.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

The Third Corps Engaged—The Battle Ground—Severe Cavalry Fight—A Train Captured—The Rebels Falling Back—Their Artillery Sent to the Rear—The Enemy Deceived—Our Line of Battle—Prisoners Taken with Heavy Loss—Probability of a General Engagement—A Deserters Estimate of Lee's Army—A Philadelphia Lie—Where Lee will Make a Stand.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.

The *Herald* correspondent, writing at 4 P. M. Friday, says:

It was announced that Hill's corps, which had previously rested on the Rapidan west of the railroad was approaching on the centre, and half an hour later heavy musketry was heard on the right, showing that the Third Corps forming that wing was engaged. Our casualties were few in the centre. The only officer of rank at that time known to be killed is Lieut. Col. Hessier of the 72d Pennsylvania regiment.

The battle ground is in the wilderness with but little open country, consequently an accurate description of our position cannot be given, but it will be perceived having the enemy's fortified position on the left and right we can compel them to give battle if they intend to fight upon ground less unfavorable to us.

Jeff. Davis, owing to the unfavorable weather of Wednesday, did not review the rebel arms as he intended, as is said by prisoners.

General Gregg's cavalry and batteries had a severe fight with the enemy's right wing of cavalry Thursday afternoon. We drove them back upon their infantry lines when we were compelled to fall back with a loss said to be about 250 in killed. The 5th Corps coming up the rebels were in turn compelled to retreat.

About sixty were wounded in the 2d corps, five killed and seven mortally wounded.

On the right Gen. French, with the 3d corps, when advanced encountered Ewell's corps before he connected with the centre and after a fight held his position, but lost heavily. He however captured a large number of rebels.

The 6th corps was then thrown forward and filled the Gap between the centre and right.

A train of the 5th corps advancing on the plank road was attacked on the flank by rebel cavalry who destroyed fifteen or twenty wagons and killed two men and several mules.

On Friday it was found that the rebels had fallen back from our centre to two miles nearer Orange Court House, and the above intelligence is up to the evening of Friday, and was brought to Washington by a special messenger, who came near being captured by guerrillas.

The additional information which has also come to hand to-night through another source states that the line was formed on Friday about noon, on the road leading to Orange Court House, and Gen. Gregg's cavalry on the left had a severe fight with the rebel cavalry, and drove them back upon their infantry, and then fell back upon our infantry supports.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.

Detailed accounts of the movement of the Army of the Potomac, are published in the *Herald*, *Times* and *Tribune*, but they are fully covered by those of the Associated press, transmitted last night.

The *Tribune's* correspondent reports he left the army Saturday noon, when it was advancing. He heard heavy cannonading till night fell from the direction of our left and centre.

Nine of Moshy's pirates were captured on Saturday at Catletts Station, including a lieutenant. Guerrillas captured one of our officers and four privates on Sunday, near Brettsville.

The *Tribune's* account says a rebel deserter who came into our line asserted that Lee held the line of the Rapidan last night, but fell rapidly back this Friday morning to his present position. In our front advance of some 16 miles, he also asserts that the rebels had not used any of their artillery in response to our assaults but were running it to the rear for the purpose, as he supposed of getting a better position.

General Meade entirely deceived the enemy as to the point of crossing. It is reported Lee had his entire army in battle line all Thursday morning at Morton's Ford, supposing we would cross there. He thus abandoned a long line of most formidable earthworks, on the southwest bank of the river.

Saturday, at daybreak, General Meade advanced to the front. Picket firing soon commenced, and continued at intervals up to noon. The enemy had fallen back some two miles, and the impression prevails he is retreating.

Our line of battle extended about nine miles in the form of a triangle. The whole army is ready and impatient.

Large numbers of prisoners continue to come in this morning.

The *World's* correspondent, under date of the 27th says; late in the afternoon it was evident from what could be observed at the front that the enemy was making a demonstration on our right. Heavy firing was heard but as we had no communication it was not possible to get any particulars. It was ascertained, however, that the enemy made a most determined attempt to turn our right wing, and General French had repulsed them and taken 900 prisoners.

Gen. French is reported to have lost heavily, it is said from 1,000 to 1,500 killed and wounded.

Nov. 28.—A thick fog and rain has set in. We have advanced our picket line, but up to noon nothing more than skirmish firing had taken place.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.

A messenger from the army thinks a general engagement between Lee and Meade could not have been delayed much beyond yesterday afternoon, while he is quite confident that the rapid and heavy firing which he heard till nightfall on his way up was the result of a general engagement. It was too heavy and continuous for skirmishing.

The rebel lines stretch just in front of Orange Court House, but the disposition of our various corps is spoken of as excellent and calculated to make the enemy fight yesterday, or retreat beyond Orange Court House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.

[*Times Dispatch.*]—The railroad between the Rapidan and Rappahannock is being destroyed by our forces, and the iron sent to Alexandria. Up to this morning the rails were removed to within half a mile south of Rappahannock Station.

ARMY POTOMAC, Nov. 28—10 P. M.

The enemy has apparently fallen back. There has been some skirmishing, but no cannonading this morning.

The following are among the casualties: J. Bowers, Co. B, 7th Michigan, finger; H. Marsh, Co. E, 7th Michigan, ankle.

The same correspondent says, Saturday morning our whole army was in position, and ready for work. Everybody seems to be in [illegible] spirits. The country hereabouts is one good [illegible] most conceivable for field operations. of the w[illegible]ness of small growth. Woods It is a wil[illegible] of the whole surface of the over nine-ten[illegible] it is impossible to penetrate country are so de[illegible] paths are cut. trate them, except [illegible] the 2d corps did not

Through some mistak[illegible] expected, which get into position as soon [illegible] some advantage gave the enemy, temporarily, [illegible] the 3d, however, promp[illegible] 900 of the enemy. Some 300 prisoners were [illegible] at other parts of the line.

RAPPAHANNOCK STATION, Nov. 29, 9.30 P. M.

[*Special to Herald.*]—It is understood that Gen. Meade, in his present movements, is left to exercise his own discretion, and he has declared it his purpose to strike at the most vital point in the Southern Confederacy, wherever in his judgment that may be

His supply of rations and forage will not be exhausted until after the 10th of December, and before that period he can make a heavy reconnoissance, most damaging in its consequences upon the enemy.

Meade has supplies for his army with his command, there is no danger from a flank movement to cut off the usual base of supplies.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.

A refugee from Richmond recently arrived within our lines, and is now confined in Carroll Prison here, furnishes the following estimate of the present force of Lee's army:

Ewell's corps—now commanded by Early—consists of from 20,000 to 21,000 infantry and 6 batteries of artillery. A. P. Hill's corps 20,000 infantry and 54 batteries of artillery.

Stuart's cavalry, 8,000 cavalrymen, and two batteries of flying artillery—making in all 41,000 infantry, 8,000 cavalry and 78 cannon, provided the batteries are all complete.

He also confirms the death of the rebel General Posey, and also the statement that Ewell had retired to Charlottsville on account of ill health.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.

A dispatch just received by the Board of Brokers says that Meade has captured two corps of Lee's army. This needs confirmation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30—12 M.

Nothing has been received up to noon from Meade's army later than that furnished the Associated Press last night and this forenoon.

Much difficulty attends the reception of news, there being now no regular communication with Washington.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* to-day publishes a report of General Meade's advance, furnished by one of its correspondents at Verdiersville, a post village in Orange County, Va., twelve miles from Orange C. H. The dispatch furnishing the information is dated Saturday noon, when our cavalry and artillery were driving the rebels down the turnpike towards Orange C. H., and within eight miles of that place.

Nothing but skirmishing had taken place since the army had crossed the Rapidan, and our losses were slight and confined to cavalry. Our left wing was extended out of the wilderness to Spottsylvania C. H.

The rebels make but feeble resistance and fall back whenever they are hard pressed.

It is reported that the rebel force at Fredericksburg has retreated toward Richmond. Thus we hold the roads than run direct from Fredericksburg to Gordonsville. We have succeeded in cutting the rebel left from the main army and it is hoped that many are already taken prisoners.

The rains have annoyed the army to a great extent, but delay them but a very few hours.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30, 5 P. M.

The *Republican* just issued says that up to this date there has been much fighting by regiments, brigades, divisions, and corps, but there has not been a general battle, and while we have been worsted temporarily in skirmishes, the result is that Lee has been defeated and has been gradually falling back, and from the present appearances, will attempt to make a grand stand at Hanover Junction, or Gordonsville.

FROM BURNSIDE'S COMMAND.

News to Wednesday Night—A Portion of Knoxville Burned—Bragg Recalled Longstreet on the 26th.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 29.

The latest news from Knoxville is to Wednesday.

The north part of the town was burned, including the railroad depot.

Burnside is cheerful and confident.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 28.

An order from Bragg recalled Longstreet from before Knoxville on the 26th of November. He is endeavoring to join that chieftain near Dalton by a circuitous route.

The situation from Knoxville to Bridgeport is all that could be desired.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.

A special to the *Bulletin* from Cincinnati, says R. A. Crawford who left Knoxville on Wednesday night has arrived at Cumberland Gap.

The lower portion of Knoxville has been burned, including the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad depot. Also Mike and Bill Brannen's residences, and widow Cofins house. It is supposed these houses were occupied by rebel sharpshooters and were destroyed by our shells.

Longstreet received orders to retreat on the 26th, and it is reported that he has fallen back. He will be too late to make a junction with Bragg without fighting for it.

FROM CAIRO.

Frauds Discovered—Guerrillas on the Tennessee—Enforcement of Hurlburt's Order—Steamer Sunk.

CAIRO, Nov. 29.

Frauds upon the Revenue Department to a large amount have been recently discovered at this port. Some parties implicated have been arrested. Major Devasse Chief Clerk of one of the principal shipping houses here, and leading operator of a gang of smugglers, supposed to be one of the guilty parties, left here last Sunday and has not been heard of since. Losses to the Government are already reported to be two hundred thousand dollars.

There are rumors at Paducah that General Rodely with 4,000 or 6,000 Rebels made his appearance recently on the Tennessee River, below Eastport.

There was great excitement at Columbus, Ky., yesterday, by Gen. Smith enforcing Gen. Hurlburt's Conscription Order. A large number were arrested for military purposes.

The steamer Nellie Moore, from Nashville, with Government Stores, s

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MR. COBDEN ON THE DESTRUCTION OF KAGOSIMA.

Some days ago we referred to the horrible inhumanity of the English in the destruction of the Japanese town of Kagosima. The New York *Evening Post* finds in a late English paper a letter from Mr. Richard Cobden, in which the same views are expressed. He pronounces the wholesale destruction of Kagosima and its inhabitants "a horrible narrative which I can hardly treat with calmness." He says:

Let me ask you to consider for a moment what is really implied by the destruction with incendiary shells, without previous warning, of a city of even 100,000 inhabitants. There are always in such towns hundreds of infants at their mothers' breasts, thousands of children under five years of age, hospitals with their sick, and numbers of aged and infirm tottering on the brink of the grave; there, too, must be women over whom the pangs of maternity are impending, and there will be found homes filled with mourning for the dead which are awaiting the rites of sepulture. Such is the normal condition of every large city, whether in Asia or Europe. Now, picture this great commercial *entrepot*, with all its contents, reduced in forty-eight hours to a heap of ashes; try to realize in imagination the fate of its population; and then ask yourself what great crime they had committed to bring on themselves this havoc and destruction? To our shame and confusion, the answer must be that this is the way in which England, under the command of Admiral Kuper and Colonel Neale, administer justice for the murder of an individual one hundred miles away, of which crimes the inhabitants of Kagosima were as guiltless of all knowledge and complicity as your own neighbors in Rochdale. It is precisely as though an enemy should lay Bristol in ashes because an individual had been murdered on the highway between London and Brentford. And the chief actors in this outrage on humanity, instead of expressing one word of regret or even caution, coolly lay claim to the approbation of their government.

But Mr. Cobden does not forget that this English people, whose agents have been guilty of these horrible atrocities, which have no precedent in the annals even of barbarism since the devastating career of Jenghis Khan, are the same who have been denouncing what they have been pleased to call the barbarities of federal warfare in our struggle with rebellion. He says:

There has been much criticism in this country on the manner in which the civil war has been conducted by the Americans. We have been prompt to condemn a people over whom we have no control for acts for which we are in no wise responsible. I remember the indignation with which the Prime Minister denounced General Butler's proclamation in which he threatened to confine to the calaboose those women who should insult his soldiers in the streets of New Orleans. Will he and his colleagues now make themselves and the country accomplices after the fact in those atrocities of their own agents, who, in contemptuous disregard of the instructions of their government, have brought this heavy disgrace upon the country?"

What will Lord Palmerston, whose respect for female virtue seems to have exhausted itself on his ardent championship of the viragoes of New Orleans, and what will Lord John Russell, whose philanthropic horror of the inhumanity of war seems to have evaporated in a set sentimental whine over the "useless effusion of blood" on this side of the water—tell us, if they say to Mr. Cobden?

HOW THE ENGLISH TREAT REBELS.

How the English treat enemies has been illustrated in the wanton, and as so far as that city was concerned, the unprovoked destruction of Kagosima in Japan—and the wholesale massacre of its 130,000 unoffending inhabitants.

How they treat rebels, is now being quite as luminously exemplified in New Zealand. The Sidney *Herald*, the leading journal of Australia, speaks of the New Zealand rebels as a noble, manly race—patriotic—fearless in war—sagacious and chivalrous. Now how do the British propose to deal with these rebels against British authority. Hear the *Herald*:

The question is brought simply to this: by the force of that *passion for independence* which has [illegible] mind; either they must yield or the English must retire—either they must be conquered or the English must perish. Having come to such a point, we cannot hesitate for a moment that it is the duty of every Englishman to give his sympathy to his own countrymen, and of every English colony to afford whatever aid may be consistent with its own safety to bring this conflict to a speedy conclusion. A lingering war could only exasperate the passions and prevent justice being done at its close.

The *Evening Post*, while upon this subject turns back the files of the London *Times* to find what it says about the Sepoy rebellion. The *Times* has been crying out against Gen. Gillmore's Greek fire and the desire of some loyal men, for the destruction of Charleston. Now hear what the *Times* said in 1857, about Delhi, the nest of the Sepoy, as Charleston is of the Southern Rebellion:

Against women and children there can be no war, whatever the provocation may have been; but we shall not feel one grain of pity for the Sepoy mutineers, *or for any of the male inhabitants of Delhi*, who may have abetted them in their hideous atrocities. *On grounds of cold policy, too*, a terrible example is needed—an example which shall be spoken of in the villages of British India for generations to come. If the work be not thoroughly done now, it must be done again and again, until at last some more far-sighted people than ourselves discover that there is only one thing an Oriental really respects—a display of irresistible force.

This humane *Times* here demands the massacre of every male inhabitant of a city of 250 000 souls.

That no one may be left in the charitable belief that this was a hasty utterance, the *Times* two weeks afterwards says:

Now we say, *after full deliberation, and with due regard to the objections always forthcoming against any real or effectual policy*, that not one stone of that city (Delhi) should be left upon another. Delhi should for the future be only known in history, as Sodom and Gomorrah, so that its place shall not be known.

That is the way the *Times*, which is now shocked at the legitimate incidents of regular siege operations against an enemy's city, would have dealt with rebels against what it calls the "providential governors of India." The English Government, indeed, did not proceed upon the advice, as ours will not probably satisfy the wishes of some of its councillors for razing Charleston to the ground. The English Government more humane than the *Times*, contented itself with blowing the mutineers from the mouth of its cannon, which we don't believe our Government will imitate, and there is no man in the nation who desires it should.

The War Democratic Convention at Chicago.

From the Chicago Tribune, 26th.

The Conference Convention of the War Democracy of the Northwest met at the Tremont House, in this city, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Minnesota were represented. The meeting was called to order by B. Burns, of Ohio, and General John A. McClernand, of Illinois, was called to the chair. On taking the chair he explained the object of the convention in a few pertinent remarks.

Andrew P. Ward, of Hamilton county, Ohio, and R. W. H. Simpson, of Vigo county, Indiana, were appointed Secretaries.

A Committee of seven was appointed to present resolutions for the consideration of the Convention—the Committee to consist of the following gentlemen:

OHIO—Hon. W. J. Flagg, Dr. J. J. Quinn, Barnabas Burns, Esq.

INDIANA—Judge A. Lovering, of Clark county.

ILLINOIS—Gen. I. N. Haney, of Cairo, and Col. Tankhausen, of Effingham county.

MINNESOTA—J. W. Taylor, of St. Paul.

WISCONSIN—N. A. Page, of Milwaukee.

General McClernand was subsequently added to this Committee.

The Committee retired to prepare the resolutions, and the Convention adjourned until one o'clock.

After a short absence the Committee reported a series of resolutions, of which the following will give the themes:

ABSTRACT OF THE RESOLUTIONS.

1st. In favor of the Union and Constitution.

2d. The latter affords no ground or pretence for secession, but

3d. It affords a peaceful remedy for every grievance.

4th. The existing wicked rebellion to be suppressed by the whole power of the nation.

5th. Duty of all good citizens to aid constituted authorities.

6th. Claims right of criticism of all public servants.

7th. Avows the accountability of the Administration to the people.

8th. There are State rights and National rights, but no State has a right to be a nation.

9th. The rebellion a war upon the principles of civil liberty.

10th. Calls for disbandment of the African contingent, when the rebellion is subdued.

11th. Reaffirms the Monroe doctrine.

12th. A tribute to our volunteers.

13th. Urges probity and faithfulness in places of public trust.

14th. The preservation of the Union a paramount issue, repudiating everything tending to control the people of States.

15th. Recommends a General Nominating Convention of War Democrats at Cincinnati on the first Wednesday in May, 1864, and appoints a National Executive Committee to promote the object of this resolution.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Amos Lovering, Hubbard Post Office, Indiana; John A. McClernand, Springfield, Illinois; Joseph E. Egley, Cincinnati, Ohio; Matt. H. Carpenter, Milwaukee; Henry M. Rice, St. Paul, Minnesota.

THE MINORITY RESOLUTIONS.

1. That the security of the American Union, as well as the progress of Democratic principles, require the total divorce of the party of Jefferson and Jackson from all association or sympathy with slavery.

2. That the rebel States, by the action of their authorities, waged war upon the Nation in violation of the Constitution—that such war was a abdication of all legitimate State authority, and with such war and abdication the power of the master over the slave was totally and forever abrogated.

3. That whereas, by the Constitution of the United States, no power is delegated, or exists, to hold or make a man a slave, therefore the whole population of the rebel States held as slaves by State authority before the rebellion, was immediately thereupon enfranchised by the Constitution.

4. That the same result, only in a lesser degree, has been reached under the laws of war by the proclamation of the Commander-in-Chief of the army, by the forfeiture of the rights of rebel slave-holders as contraband of war, by right of capture, and by a Confiscation Act of Congress.

5. That the remnant of slavery legally existing in the Border States should be immediately removed, but by no other agency than local acts of emancipation.

6. That the re-organization of the States is a proper subject of Congressional legislation, under the constitutional authority to guarantee a Republican form of government to the States, and that Congress may impose whatever conditions shall be requisite to secure the permanence and harmony of the American Union, including the limitation of suffrage to loyal men, the revision of boundaries and the prohibition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except for the commission of crime.

7. That the allotment of the sea coasts of South Carolina and Georgia, and the Peninsula of Florida, for permanent and voluntary occupation by the African race of this Continent, under a protectorate of the United States, would be an act of justice and humanity, and we recommend such a measure as the alternative of all schemes to combine the white and black races in the same community on the basis of political equality.

8th. That upon the restoration of the Union it will become a paramount duty to a brave and devoted soldiery to assure to them homes upon the national domain, and we shall welcome some well-matured system of military colonization of our Rocky Mountain districts, as will discharge our obligation to the citizen-soldier, develop ten-fold our immeasureable mineral wealth, seclude the Indian savage upon reservations, and bind the Union indissolubly from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

9th. That we look with confidence to the sagacity and patriotism of the Secretary of the Treasury, to co-operate in restoring as soon as possible the application of the great Democratic principles, of a system of imports and duties adjusted exclusively with the purpose of revenue, and the prompt convertibility of all paper issues into gold and silver—the the currency of the Constitution and of the world.

To these resolutions James W. Taylor, of Minnesota, who framed and presented them, spoke in a most able and eloquent manner—decidedly the speech of the occasion, reviewing the whole subject, and scathingly rebuking the men who would falter now from their whole duty to the country. The minority resolutions were tabled, but they will be heard of again, and have in Mr. Taylor a most eloquent defender. The other series were passed.

—The soldiers' vote of Ohio has been counted and announced, and resulted as follows:

For Brough, Radical Union,	41,621
For Vallandigham, Copperhead,	2,393
Brough's majority,	39,228
Brough's whole vote,	288,837
Vallandigham's whole vote,	187,856
Brough's total majority,	100,981

One hundred thousand majority ought to satisfy the ambition of any moderate man.

—The result of the soldier's vote in Iowa is as follows:

For Stone, Radical Union - -	16,791
" Tuttle, Copperhead candidate, -	2,904
Stone's majority - - -	13,887
On the whole vote it exceeds - -	30,000

—There are 38,183 houses of worship in the United States, of which 12,814, or about 33 per cent. are in rebeldom.

JOHN MINOR BOTTS.

HIS LETTER TO THE RICHMOND EXAMINER.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—John Minor Botts' letter to the Richmond *Examiner*, under the date of October 18th, has been received by the correspondent of the Associated Press with the Army of the Potomac.

Mr. Botts denies the charge that he, in an interview with an Indiana Major, proclaimed himself a Union man without any ifs or buts. He had no such interview and used no such language. He denies having said he wished the Federal Generals knew half that he knew of the rebels and their resources and intentions. He is not in the confidence of the government or the commanders of its forces, and therefore is profoundly ignorant of their intentions and of their resources.

In reply to the charge of the *Examiner* that he abhorred the government, but loved its money, he says: "Whatever I may think of the government, yet I never felt myself entirely at liberty in this land of freedom to say half as much against its administration as I have read in your own editorial columns.

"But if I had never made professions of devotion to the government, I have never ceased to feel a warm interest in the welfare of the people of Virginia, with those whose prosperity and freedom my own are entirely identified; and I will take occasion here to say what I said to Gen. Meade, and have said to all, that my earnest prayer is that this revolution may result in whatever way contributes most to the permanent peace, happiness, prosperity and freedom of the people of Virginia.

"These are the blessings of a good government. This is what I suppose is desired and aimed at by all, unless selfish politicians and corrupt speculators in and out of the army may constitute an exception.

"They care not what sort of government they live under, provided they fill the high places and have their pockets well lined.

"We may differ possibly, and perhaps honestly, as to the best means of obtaining these desirable ends. If it is by the success of the revolution, then I pray God the revolution may succeed. But if by a restoration of the Union, then I hope the Union may be restored. What I want is a Government that has the will and power to protect my person and property against all abuses. That I would prefer living as I did before the war to living as I have since the war, is beyond all question; and I would be a madman or a fool if I did not, and a knave and hypocrite if I were to pretend otherwise."

Mr. Botts denies having done anything which the Confederate Government can complain, unless it be that he has not become democratized and made no concessions to democracy. On the other hand he complains—first, that the power of the legislative branch of the Government has been especially directed against him.

Second—That the power of the executive branch of the government has been exerted against him, when under the detestable unwritten and unknown code called martial law, upon no charge preferred which they dared to present before the court of inquiry, they had him arrested in his bed, hurried to a filthy negro jail, where he was kept in solitary confinement for eight weeks, when, with all the vigilance and research of their numerous detectives, they could find nothing upon which to hinge a charge.

And now comes a second arrest without charge, whilst the army itself has been turned loose upon him to destroy his property by design, by orders of officers in high command, and, but for a guard from the headquarters of Gen. Lee, none can tell to what condition he would have been reduced.

Mr. Botts says: "Have I, then, Mr. Editor, had much reason for attachment or devotion to a government by which I have been thus treated? You complain of the treatment which Mr. Vallandigham received at the hands of his government. He made many violent speeches, in which he took active and strong ground against his government, and for this he was sent amongst his friends, as they supposed.

"But I have done nothing, taken no part, but maintained firmly and consistently, as I shall continue to do, my own private opinion and the convictions of my best judgment, which has not been controlled by any considerations of selfishness, ambition or fear.

"I want no better vindication for having withheld my approval of this war than is to be found in the fact that there is not one of those who aided in bringing it on that would do it if, with their present experience, it had to be gone over again, or it they could have foreseen what has followed—all of which I did foresee and foretell."

Mr. Botts denies that Gen. Meade took dinner at his table, yet makes known that he invited him to do so, and regrets that his constant engagements prevented his acceptance, and, should he return to the vicinity, the offense would be repeated. The truth is, he has entertained freely and hospitably the gentlemen of both armies whose acquaintance he has enjoyed, and shall continue to do so, so long as he is master of his own house.

"Hitherto I have been silent," says Mr. Botts, "as to the wrongs, injuries and indignities that have been heaped upon me, but I am not a spaniel to lie down and crouch at the bidding of any master, nor to lick the hand that smites me; and if I am thus to be selected as a particular object of persecution, and can find no protection from the law, then will I protect myself. This I cannot do against the Government or against the army, but I can and will do it when the laws, military and civil, both fail me, against any one man that this Confederacy can boast.

"I cannot be induced to swerve one hair's breadth from the line of conduct that my own judgment and conscience may dictate, which is to take no lot, part, nor share in the responsibility that rests upon those who have brought this whirlpool of desolation and ruin upon my unfortunate country.

"But, if to adhere firmly and consistently in the principles that I have maintained for thirty years, and if to prefer living as I did before the war to living as I have done since the war, makes me a traitor, then a traitor's life let me live or a traitor's death let me die."

P. S.—Since the above was written, a copy of *The Examiner* has reached me, containing the following announcement:

"The battle took place on the farm of John Minor Botts, * * * We may here remark that the property on the farm of this extraordinary individual, of whom the Confedurate States stands in such fear, had been religiously respected by the Yankees; whereas the country around was little better than a wilderness his fences and crops were untouched. But that might make a change in its condition. Three thousand Confederate cavalry bivouacked there after the battle, and fed their horses in his cornfield. The next morning there were very few fence rails and very little corn left. The men could be heard to say while building high their fires, '*Pile on boys; they are nothing but d——d old Union rails.*'"

I am glad to avail myself of the testimony of this "*leaky vessel*," who fully confirms what I have said above, but although he does not state what is true in regard to the general destruction of property in the neighborhood, for it gives me great pleasure to say that a guard was furnished to every family that asked for it, all of whose property was amply protected, as every one in the neighborhood will testify; yet he certainly states what is true in regard to the general destruction of my property, and I must say that the achievement of 3,000 cavalry conquering one man and a corn-field is one of which, in the future, they can take no great pride when their prejudices and passions shall have subsided.

Another article has also appeared in the *Dispatch*, recommending my *imprisonment* or *banishment*, which is altogether unworthy of notice. I will only say that whatever other difficulties I may labor under, I do not esteem it a misfortune that I have no soldiers at my command to turn loose upon any citizen, nor *aids* at my elbow to bring them into discredit with the people. Thank God, when there is a necessity for it, I can do my own fighting.

J. M. B.

Secretary Seward's Serenade Speech at Gettysburg on the 19th.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I am now sixty years old and upward; I have been in public life practically forty years of that time, and yet this is the first time that ever any people or community so near to the border of Maryland was found willing to listen to my voice; and the reason was that I said forty years ago that slavery was opening before this people a graveyard that was to be filled with brothers falling in mutual political combat. I knew that the cause that was hurrying the Union into this dreadful strife was slavery, and when I did elevate my voice it was to warn the people to remove that cause when they could by constitutional means, and to avert the catastrophe of civil war that now unhappily has fallen upon the nation, deluging it in blood. That crisis came, and we see the result. I am thankful that you are willing to hear me at last. I thank my God that I believe this strife is going to end in the removal of that evil which ought to have been removed by peaceful means and deliberate councils. (Good.) I thank my God for the hope that this is the last fratricidal war which will fall upon the country—a country vouchsafed by Heaven—the richest, the broadest, most beautiful, most magnificent and capacious ever yet bestowed upon a people, that has ever been given to any part of the human race. (Applause.) And I thank God for the hope that when that cause is removed, simply the operation of abolishing it, as the origin of the great treason that is without justification and without parallel, we shall thenceforth be united, be only one country, having only one hope, one ambition, and one destiny. (Applause.) Then we shall know that we are not enemies, but that we are friends and brothers; that this Union is a reality; and we shall mourn together for the evil wrought by this rebellion. We are now near the graves of the misguided, whom we have consigned to their last resting-place with pity for their errors, and with the same heartfull of grief with which we mourn over the brother by whose hand, raised in defense of his Government, that misguided brother perished. When we part to-morrow night, let us remember that we owe it to our country and to mankind that this war shall have for its conclusion the establishing of the principle that, whatever party, whatever portion of the Union prevails by constitutional suffrage in an election, that party is to be respected and maintained in power until it shall give place, on another trial and another verdict, to a different portion of the people. (Good.) If you do not do that, you are drifting at once and irresistably to the very verge of the destruction of your Government. But with that principle this Government of ours—the freest, the best, the wisest, and the happiest in the world—must be, and, so far as we are concerned, practically will be, immortal. (Applause.)

The Palmerston Scandal.

To the Editor of the London Star.

I have to-day read your letter in respect to this case; and, as Mr. Wells, the petitioner's solicitor, has written to deny that any compromise has been made of this petition for a divorce, I merely take up my pen, as solicitor for the respondent, to say that which Mr. Wells knew perfectly well when he wrote—namely, that no compromise has been sought, or even suggested, on the part of the respondent, who not only wholly and solemly denies every part of the petition, but waits quietly for the inevitable exposure which the petitioner seems desirous to bring on himself. As to his being a clergyman, as you seem to fancy, it is a great mistake; but my only object is to give an absolute denial to any idea of a compromise having emanated from the respondent or her advisers. As for the co-respondent, his honor is in perfectly safe keeping; and he can afford a few sensational leaders written on the mere faith of a petition, not one word of which has been shown to have the smallest foundation.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
CHARLES HORSLEY.

No. 2, Staple Inn, Wednesday night.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

Extract of a letter from a well-informed source, dated

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The *crim. con.* is settled. This I *know*. Nothing more will he heard of it, unless, perhaps, a motion by plaintiff to take his affidavit and petition off the file.

I believe it was a trap by the lady, whose husband is not an Irish parson. His name, as he swears himself, is O. Kane, Esq.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

SAINT PAUL, November 24, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.
Bankable Funds	¼ per ct. prem
American Gold	46½ per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros, Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia, Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 Mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

Proclamation of the Governor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SAINT PAUL, Nov. 21, 1863.

To aid our soldiers in the field, and to hasten the termination of civil war, the President of the United States has by Proclamation of the 17th October ult., called for 300,000 volunteers to serve for a term not exceeding three years.

Under this call Minnesota will be required to furnish for its quota at least three thousand men.

The Proclamation of the President assures us, that, if this quota is not raised before the 5th day of January next, "the draft shall commence" on that day.

In addition to this, we owe under the late call for 20 per cent. of the first class of enrolled national forces 1,207 men.

The Secretary of War has authorized us to cancel this debt by raising a Regiment of Cavalry, which it is understood shall be employed in the frontier service so long as it shall be necessary to protect us against the incursions of hostile savages.

The slow progress which has been already made in filling this regiment, imperatively necessary for the protection of lives and property on our border, gives faint hope of success in raising the number requisite to avoid a draft.

If in addition to the fact that this regiment is to be used in our own service and to provide for the security of our own families, it is necessary to offer further inducements to enlist, I recommend that the several counties and townships of the State pay such bounties as may be required to secure speedy enlistments in the Second Cavalry Regiment.

It should be a matter of State pride to fill this regiment at an early day.

The bounty offered by Government is $102 for each recruit, and the State authorities will endeavor to have it increased to $302, the amount offered to those enlisting in the old regiments.

Whether this application is successful or not, there should be no delay in supplying a force necessary for the safety and prosperity of our State, to be paid and supported by the National Government.

The present call for 300,000 men is intended especially to fill the ranks of decimated regiments now in the field.

We have in this State about 30,000 men enrolled as State Militia. If the energy and enthusiasm heretofore manifested by the people of this State still live, we can easily furnish the number required from us to end this terrible war, amounting only to one in ten of our State troops.

The bounty offered by the Government is munificent, and sufficient to enable men in any condition of life to devote themselves to the work.

It is not probable that the war will last for two years, and $102 bounty to veterans and $302 to new recruits, besides the regular pay and rations is as much as laboring men can expect to realize in the pursuit of any ordinary branch of industry.

But there are higher motives to induce our people to respond heartily and promptly to the demands of the Government.

Peace can only come as the result of victory over the rebels in arms. We have the power, the men and munitions, to win the victory. The more readily we furnish them, the earlier will be the end of the struggle.

Our regiments now in the field have shed an immortal lustre upon our State. History furnishes no parallel to their heroic achievements, and in whatever portion of the Union a citizen of Minnesota may go, he feels himself surrounded with the glory they have won.

Now, on the very eve of final victory, the patriotic people of this State will not leave them with their thinned ranks, to fight this battle alone.

Such a war "costs treasure and blood," but its speedy and triumphant conclusion "will richly compensate for both."

An effort is being made to have each township in the State credited with the number of men it has heretofore furnished, or may furnish, for the service.

The result will be made public as soon as it is known, by this Department.

The time for action in this matter is very short, and I ask the people of Minnesota to use every influence that patriotism or money can exert, to sustain her proud position, and save her from the impending draft.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State to be affixed, at St. Paul, this L. S. 21st day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

HENRY A. SWIFT.

WHOLESALE LAMP STORE,

next door to

Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

LAMPS, SHADES. CHIMNEYS, OIL,

AND ALL THE ARTICLES BELONGING TO THE TRADE,

Can be found at the Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

An exclusive Lamp and Oil Store to meet the demands of the Wholesale and Retail trade, has long been desirable in St. Paul. Country Merchants can now be supplied at Eastern prices (transportation added.) Call at the Carbon Oil and Lamp Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery House.

☞ Country Merchants are especially invited. Call and see. sept29

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
SAINT PAUL, MIN., November 21st, 1863.

TO BE SOLD AT FT. SNELLING, MINNESOTA,

ON THE FIRST OF DECEMBER, 1863,

A large number of

Government Animals.

A good opportunity is offered to Farmers for supplying themselves with working stock, which they should avail themselves of.

E. B. CARLING,
no22-td Captain and Chief Quartermaster.

TO MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE!

WE ARE OFFERING AT WHOLESALE

3,000 PAIRS MOCCASINS,

1,000 PAIRS

Men's Buffalo Shoes,

1,000 PAIRS

WOMEN'S BUFFALO SHOES,

100 Cases Men's Boots,

Buck Mitts and Gloves,

AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

BOOTS & SHOES.

ap15-tf. WM. J. SMITH & CO.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags. Robert-st., first store from Third-st. mar14-tf WEST & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON,
STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA,
th no19-1 sept 2'64 St. Paul.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

E. F. WARNER, Agent.

O. CURTIS, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.—Persons wishing either Fire or Life Insurance, will receive prompt attention by calling on him at his office in Thompson's Block, on Third street, or at the Prairie du Chien Railroad Office on the Levee. He has secured the services of A. L. WHITNEY, of St. Anthony, in both branches of the above business,—a very reliable, efficient business man.

sept17 O. CURTIS.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, FREE FROM Tan, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers. For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey, and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish Price 50 cents. For sale by

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, and
sept19-eowly N. H. HEMIUP, St. Anthony.

S—T—1860—X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate,
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, N. Y. aug-eowly

HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
IT IS NOT A DYE,

But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty,

promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.

aug8-eow d tw&w 1y.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,
aug8 d tw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

[Communicated.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!!—A CARD.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

Williamsburgh, Kings County,
oc8-3md&w New York.

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS,

161 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minnesota.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER

$6,500,000.

Fire, Life and Marine Policies,

Issued in the following

First-Class Companies:

LORILLARD FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $675,000.
METROPOLITAN INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $515,000.
NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $314,000.
HOME INSURANCE CO., New Haven, Ct., Cash Capital and Surplus $250,000.
PHENIX (Marine) INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $376,000.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Newark, Total Accumulation $4,450,000.

☞ All losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid at this office. No charge for stamps.

M. P. NICHOLS,
no10-1y Agent.

SHEEP FOR SALE OR TO LET!

A choice lot of

VERMONT BUCKS,

ALSO

No. 1 Ewes.

The subscriber has on the route, and to arrive at his farm in Cottage Grove, the last of October, a choice lot of Bucks—just from Vermont—and a few Ewes, which he will sell at reasonable prices. Those in want will do well to call and examine before making purchases elsewhere. Address as before R. H. BENNETT, Hastings, Min

oct2-2m

THREE TEAMS TO HIRE.

Enquire of
oct11-1m CHAS. SYMONDS.

Hardware.

J. B. BRADEN,

Has now received from the Eastern Manufacturers a full and complete assortment of

IRON,

Hardware, Nails,

Steel of all kinds, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nuts, Axes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Sleigh Shoes, Thimble Skeins, Carriage Trimmings,

Wagon and Buggy Wood,

Iron Kettles, Coal, Window Glass and Sash, and all other Goods in our line, sold Wholesale and Retail.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

ap17-1y

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the owest market rates.

je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, BENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and oir sale by

ap24 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

CORDAGE AND LEAD PIPE—

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale low, by

je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dwly

IRON and STEEL.

HEAVY HARDWARE

ORDER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES,

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

an29-d&w1y

"GREENBACKS ARE GOOD, BUT ROBACK'S ARE BETTER."

ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.
ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.
ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.

USED BY EVERYBODY.
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USED BY EVERYBODY

FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.

THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD
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ROBACK'S CATAWBA BRANDY
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ROBACK'S CATAWB

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

No. 3 JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

BRADFORD BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

Nos. 157 and 159 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE,

Are now opening an immense Stock of Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to which they call the attention of the Merchants of the North west—among which we offer the following:

25 Cases M. De Laines,	250 Cases Prints,
25 Bales Twilled Flannels,	200 Bales Shirtings,
20 " Plain colored do.,	50 Bales Fine Shirting,
100 Cases Denims,	24 Bales Satinets, all grades,
75 " Stripes,	10 " Grey Cassimeres,
30 " Ticking,	10 Cases Fancy Cassimeres,
50 " Cotton Flannels,	100 Pieces Alpaccas,
20 " Linseys,	2000 " Cobergs,
3000 lbs. Wool Yarn,	Twine, Wicking,
1000 doz. Wool Socks,	Wadding, Cotton Yarn,
200 Bales assorted Batting,	&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

A FULL LINE OF YANKEE NOTIONS,

WHITE GOODS, RIBBONS, HOODS, SHIRTS and DRAWERS, RIBBED JACKETS, BLANKETS, SAXONY PLAIDS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES and MITTS;

AND

Innumerable other goods pertaining to the Jobbing Dry Goods Business, making an Immense Stock which for EXTENT, ASSORTMENT and CHEAPNESS is unrivalled in the West.

To those wishing to buy at New-York Prices and less, we would solicit an examination of our Stock and Prices. Respectfully,

BRADFORD BROTHERS.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28, 1863. oct6-4m

MILWAUKEE.

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS

ARE OFFERED THE

MOST MANIFEST INDUCEMENTS,

BY THE NEW HOUSE,

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

172 and 174 East Water Street.

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CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

In this city, in connection with their

PAPER MILL, IN ST. ANTHONY,

And desire to call the attention of buyers to their

Immense Stock of

LETTER, NOTE AND CAP PAPER, ENVELOPES, BOOK AND NEWS PRINT, FLAT AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPERS, PRINTERS' AND WRITING INKS AND FLUIDS, PENS, PENCILS, &c., &c.

Agents for

GREENLEAF & TAYLOR'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY

We will sell as low as Eastern Jobbers with Freight added.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR

PAPER RAGS, ROPE, GUNNIES & OLD NEWSPAPERS.

oc22-tf Office No. 220 Third-St., St. Paul, Min.

ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, until further notice, the Trains of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

MORNING.		EVENING.	
Leaves St. Paul	7:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Paul	3:30 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	7:45 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	4:15 P. M.
Arrive at Manomin	8:15 A. M.	Arrive at Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves Manomin	8:25 A. M.	Leaves Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	9:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	5:30 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul	9:40 A. M.	Arrive at St. Paul	6:10 P. M.

Wm. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs, &c., &c.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT, 30th edition, containing 80 large pages, and 60 fine plates and engravings, price only 25 cents, on the Improved Treatment of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Sexual Debility, and the effects of Masturbation or Self-Abuse on the Body and Mind, including a Treatise on

VENEREAL DISEASES,

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, and affections of the Testicles, Bladder, and Kidneys, with observations on the DISEASES OF FEMALES, Marriage, Reproduction, and the prevention of Conception, &c. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on receipt of 25 cents or stamps.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohioensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Rumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, should let no false delicacy deter them, but apply at once and be cured.

FEMALE DISEASES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases, such as suppressed, or unhealthy Menstruation, Leuchorrhea, Chlorosis, Diseases of the Womb and Os Uteri, &c. Also, Agent for *Deweese's Female Pills*, for obstructed Menstruation, price $1 per box.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations private and confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. afternoons, from 3 to 5. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of them in use in this country and Europe.

These are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available a life time.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Class Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,

jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

SEWING MACHINES,

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-tjan 1]

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent **Hoist Wheels,** for building, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH

USE THE

DANDELION

AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75; These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,

Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Pan Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weimand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield. D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,

my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Witfield's Vegetable Pills

Are warranted a certain cure for

Fistula, Blind or Bleeding Piles.

We would caution all who are victims to this distressing complaint to avoid the use of external applications, as they result only in aggravating the difficulty.

DR. WITFIELD'S remedy removes the cause of the disease, and effects a permanent cure.

THIS IS NO QUACK MEDICINE.

These Pills have been tried for the last seven years, and in no instance have they failed to cure.

☞ Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail any address.

J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor,

No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

sept8-3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?—THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The proprietors of the New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine have issued free FOUR of their most interesting Lectures on Marriage and its qualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Loss of Energy and Vital Power.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. sept15 3m

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED IN FOUR WEEKS, BY DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE!—Dr. Ricord (of Paris) at the solicitation of the American public, has appointed an Agent in New York for the sale of his valued and highly prized Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore Manhood to the most shattered constitutions, in four weeks; and, if used according to printed instructions, failure is impossible. This life restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Success, in every case, is certain. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases with full instructions for use, at $3, or four quantities in one for $9 and will be sent to any part, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance to his accredited agent.

PHILIP ROLAND, 447 Grome-st.,

sept15-3m One door west of Broadway, N. Y.

A. F. TRYON & CO.,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

25 HOWARD-ST., N. Y.,

Have on hand for sale, and are constantly manufacturing, an assortment of Pianos of the best materials and workmanship, equal in every respect to any made in this country, which they offer at very moderate prices. Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine. oc13-3m

Dry Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

Are now receiving an extensive stock of

Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS,

from

Late Cash Sales in New York

Consisting in part of

MUSLIN DE LAINES,

WOOL PLAIDS,

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

FRENCH REPS,

PARIS SILK STRIPES,

PARAMATTAS,

Alpaccas, Mohairs, &c., &c

Mourning Goods.

LADIES' LONG AND SQUARE

SHAWLS,

In every variety.

Cloakings, Balmoral Skirts,

Kid Padded Hoop Skirts,

Hoods, Scarfs, Sontags.

HOSIERY,

Consisting of English and German Cotton, Woollen and Worsted Hose.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S BALMORAL HOSE.

White and mixed

WRAPPERS & DRAWERS.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

White, red and mixed

FLANNELS.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings,

Denims, Blankets.

ALL COUNTRY MERCHANTS who purchase

FOR CASH,

Should examine our stock before purchasing.

We will not be undersold in this market.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

Sept. 1:1y **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

NOW READY FOR THE

Fall Trade!

The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS HOUSE

In Minnesota.

CATHCART & CO.

At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,

Have just opened a fresh stock of

American, English, French and German

DRESS GOODS,

Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of

DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery,

Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing,

&c., &c.

A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in

War Times.

sept6-3m **CATHCART & CO**

LADIES' CLOAKS.

Just received, a large lot of

LADIES' CLOAKS

BOTH

SACQUES and CIRCULARS

Which we will

Sell Very Low to Close them Out!

Those wishing to purchase, had better come soon as we intend to sell them so cheap that customers cannot help but buy.

Remember the place,

The Cheap Cash Store of

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

Minnesota.

no11-tf

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

dec12

Dry Goods.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

DRESS GOODS.—A large line, consisting of French Merinos, All Wool and Union Plaids, Empress Cloths, Plaid Valencias, Muslin de Laines, &c., &c., at very low figures, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

SHAWLS.—We have now on hand a selection of Long and Square Shawls, which the most fastidious can select from. As our prices are always as low as the lowest, we invite inspection on them, at

Hogan & Camp's.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS.—Our stock of these goods is very extensive. We have Seal Skin Beavers, Frosted Beavers, Esquimeaux Beavers, Castor Beavers, Doeskins and Felts, Broadcloths in all colors, at the lowest market prices, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—Having upwards of 500 assorted styles of English, French, and American manufacture for Ladies, Misses and children. We can sell them at a little under the market price, by the single Skirt, or dozen, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

ALL HOUSES HAVE THEIR SPECIALITIES. The above are our's, and we feel that we can at present offer inducements on them that no other House in Minnesota can,

dec2

Hotels.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

BRIGGS HOUSE,

Chicago, - - - Illinois.

F. W. BURNHAM, H. F. WILLARD, } Clerks.

W. F. TUCKER & CO

sept23-3m* Proprietors.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN **Winslow House,**

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

jan29-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE,

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings, Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Groceries.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

GENERAL DEALER IN

Family Groceries,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

In Moffet's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourt street,

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge. no20-tf

APPLES.

200 bbls. selected

Fall and Winter Apples

AT PUTNAM'S.

Choice White

Winter Wheat Flour,

AT PUTNAM'S.

CHEESE—ONE THOUSAND LBS.

Extra Hamburgh,

oc9-tf AT PUTNAM'S.

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——.

jan1-d1y

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND

PRODUCE DEALERS,

SIBLEY STREET,.....NEAR LEVEE

oc16-1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS.

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS,

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - - Illinois.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agen wanted everywhere. mr7-d&wy

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods,

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.

ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

1864. 1864. 1864.

Winter Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.

PASSENGER LINE

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Reed's, Wabashaw, Minneiska, Winona, and La Crosse, at 6½ o'clock A. M.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industrian, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 7 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Mondays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Little Canada, Columbus, Sunrise City—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street,

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

ap21-d1y Proprietors

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

jy3

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of

dec 10 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.

je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

A. L. LARPENTEUR.

mar8

[Continued from First Page.]

after a severe fight the rebels were routed; loss not stated.

There was a heavy rain last night and the Cumberland river is rising rapidly, with nine feet of water on the shoals.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

No Fighting on Saturday—Bragg near Dalton—One Line Beyond Ringgold—The Chattanooga Post Office.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 28.

There has been no fighting at the front today. The enemy has concentrated below and near Dalton, with a view of making a stand. Our line is beyond Ringgold.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.

The business of the Chattanooga Post office will soon be resumed under its old Post Master, J. R. Hood. He leaves here to-day to resume on the duties of the office.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.

A long dispatch from Cincinnati is published here, giving details of Gen. Grant's operations commencing on Monday of last week, but containing nothing later than Gen. Grant's account.

Our losses are said officially not to exceed 3,200.

FROM OHIO.

John Morgan and Six Officers Escape from the Penitentiary—A Thousand Dollars Reward for Morgan's Arrest—He Arrives in Canada.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 28.

John Morgan and five officers escaped from the Columbus penitentiary last night. A thousand dollars reward is offered for his arrest.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28.

John Morgan and six of his officers, namely, Basil W. Duke, Taylor, Sheldon, Hamilton and Magee, escaped from the Columbus Penitentiary last night by digging through a wall and then through a sewer leading to the river. A thousand dollars reward is offered for the arrest of Morgan.

TORONTO, Nov. 30.

Mr. Morgan arrived here this morning via the Western railroad.

The President. WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.

The President, it is thought, will be able to attend to official duties to-day via the

LOCAL NEWS.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENTS.

Sunday School of the Universalist Society at Anthony, will give an entertainment in their church, on Wednesday evening, December 2d. The object is to replenish their library. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

—We have found a place where you can get Beautiful Photographic Albums, Portfolios, School Books, Juvenile Books, and Literary pictures. It is at DAVENPORT'S.

AN INDIAN HISTORY.—The "Dakota War Whoop, or Indian Massacres in Minnesota," by Rt. Rev. H. B. Bishop McCoskry, published by D. Merrill, St. Paul, price $1.25, is now ready, and is being distributed to subscribers in this city. Any persons not having had an opportunity to subscribe for this interesting book, can procure it at Merrill's popular Book, Photograph Album, and Stationery Store, on Third street. Canvassers can make a big thing by selling this book, as its author is well known throughout the State. Orders by mail enclosing retail price receive special attention.

READ THE "DAKOTA WAR WHOOP." It is the most complete history of the Indian war published. For sale by Merrill, and canvassers throughout the State.

THE best "Carte de Visite" of Gen. Sibley ever taken, is the frontispiece of "The Dakota War Whoop." For sale at Merrill's.

"LETTERS TO THE JONESES," by Titcomb; "Roundabout Papers," by Thackeray; "My Farm," by Ik Marvel, and the shelves full of new books at Merrill's. Go and see.

BANK NOTICE.—The Banks of this city give notice that the hours for transaction of business during the winter, will be from nine A. M. to three P. M.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
WILLIS BROS. & DUNBAR,
PARKER PAINE,
BORUP & OAKES,
MARINE BANK,
BERRY, DAWSON & CO.,
no29-1w E. S. EDERTON.

WE WILL DO IT.—In order to sell off and reduce our extensive stock of CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, we offer our whole stock at from 10 to 25 per cent. less than our regular price. We think it safe to say that those purchasing of us will get Goods about the wholesale price. We offer these inducements to the people rather than to Merchants. OUR LOWEST PRICE WILL BE STATED AT ONCE. A call from those in want of any article in our line is respectfully solicited.

no21-tf W. H. TEMPLE, Third-st.

G. D. SALMON, Agent, Madison Mutual Insurance Company, covering the counties of Ramsey, Washington, Dakota, and Scott. Office in Parker Paine's Bank, St. Paul. no25 jan3d&w

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN, is the best Company for Western men to insure in.

It is made up of and managed by Western men, and is thus having its risks all reside in this the healthiest part of the Union. It is believed that its rate of mortality will be lower than that of the Eastern Companies, in the future as it has been in the past.

The Company is now in its fifth year of business, and has proven an entire success, having issued over four thousand policies, and accumulated in reserve premiums two hundred thousand dollars. It started without guarantee capital, and experience has proven that none was necessary.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the same general basis as that of the most successful Eastern Companies, with the advantage of having the experience of the older ones as its guide.

There are now a large number of members of the Company in St. Paul and vicinity, among whom are some of our best business men.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY,
Thompson's Block, Third street, St. Paul.
O. CURTIS, Manager.
S. P. SNYDER, Agent, Minneapolis.

Either of the above named gentlemen will be happy to give information to members or others desiring, in regard to the Company, and assist in making applications for Policies. no8-3m

CHEESE.

4,000 pounds Hamburg, Western Reserve and English Dairy Cheese. For sale by
J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.
no29 Sibley-st, between Third and Levee.

ESTRAY.

Taken up on the premises of the subscriber in Rose Township, on the 21st instant, a dark red brindle cow, with both horns broken, and with a belt attached to her neck by a leather strap. The owner is requested to pay charges and take her away. no28-3t* W. L. WILSON.

MALAGA WINE.

For culinary purposes. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

ALMONDS.

Brazil Nuts, Filberts, and Pea Nuts. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

THE CITY.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon a little daughter of H. S. Fairchild, named Fanny, aged about five years, was walking with her father along the street, having been to call him to dinner, and was returning home. Fanny, putting her hands in her cloak pockets, said playfully, "See how nice I can walk along, pa," and at that moment stumbled, or slipped, and fell forward on the sidewalk. Mr. Fairchild picked her up, when she gave one or two feeble cries of pain, and seeing she grew faint, he carried her home. Dr. Brisbane was called, but pronounced life extinct, where she expired soon after. Dr. Brisbane was of the opinion that no external or internal signs of injury appeared, and her parents were led to believe she was a delicate and nervous child, and that the shock of the fall combined with the fright and shock of the nervous system, produced a sudden prostration of the nervous system.

THE CONCERT.—We advise those who have not secured their seats for Messrs. Day & Jenks, or Munger Brothers, at the Amateur Concert, to call upon any of the parties named. Quite a large number of tickets were sold yesterday, but there are plenty of good seats left. The sales yesterday amounted to nearly two hundred. The Hall has been thoroughly renovated, and will be well warmed and lighted, and no more seats will be disposed of than the capacity of the Hall will justify.

Judging from the names of the purchasers of tickets yesterday, we may safely predict that the performers will be greeted by an appreciative audience. As there will be no repetition of the peformance we would advise all to call early and secure a good seat.

WINTER TIME TABLE.—Yesterday the winter time table went into effect on the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. There will be but two trains per day hereafter, as follows:

MORNING TRAIN

Will leave St. Paul at 7 A. M., leave St. Anthony, 7:45 arrive at Manomin at 8:15. Leave Manomin at 8:25 A. M., leave St. Anthony at 9, and arrive at St. Paul at 9:40 A. M.

AFTERNOON TRAIN.

Leave St. Paul at 3:30 P. M., leave St. Anthony at 4:15, arrive at Manomin at 4:45. Leave Manomin at 4:55 P. M., leave St. Anthony at 5:30, arrive at St. Paul at 6:10.

A CURIOSITY.—Dr. Day returned from a hunt on the St. Croix last evening, bringing with him the antlers of two large bucks, so closely interlocked as to prevent their separation. While on the hunt he noticed one of the bucks, as he supposed, grazing, and firing brought down the game. A closer inspection showed that the deer shot was fastened to the head of a dead comrade. They had evidently been fighting and had conducted the combat so furiously, that the neck of one was broken, and their horns were so entangled as to permanently fasten the living animal to the dead carcass.

CARD.—On behalf of the sick in hospital at this Post, the subscriber tenders his thanks to those ladies and gentlemen of St. Paul, who so generously responded to the call of the Rev. Mr. Eggleston, for donations of substantials and delicacies, for their comfort and enjoyment on Thanksgiving day. They will ever be remembered with gratitude by those who were the recipients of their bounty on that occasion. THOS. R. POTTS,
Surgeon in charge of Hospital.
FORT SNELLING, Nov. 28, 1863.

CARD.—The men composing the convalescent detachment at Fort Snelling, beg leave, through the undersigned, to tender their sincere thanks to the citizens of St. Paul, for the bountiful supply of eatables and delicacies sent to them on Thanksgiving day. Many hearts (stomachs) were made glad, and blessings were showered abundantly on the kind donors; and prayers were offered up that the "cheerful givers" might be blessed in basket and store. CHAS. L. GALE,
Lt. Com'd'g Con. Detachment.
FORT SNELLING, Nov. 28, 1863.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE SKATERS.—Commodore Aldrich of the Lake Como fleet, is about to rig up a skating park on that lake, in good order, with stable for horses, and everything complete. This is just what is wanted, and will be heard with pleasure by everybody.

WE acknowledge the receipt from the author of three inimitable songs, entitled respectively, "The Miseries of Sneezing," "I Don't See it in that Light," and "The Two Pickets," words and music, composed by the great vocalist, Ossian E. Dodge, Esq.

JUSTICE SLOW BUT SURE.—We sincerely hope that justice will hurry up and overtake, as it surely will, the villains who are counterfeiting the famous Chemical Saleratus. They should, when caught, be turned over to the housewives for punishment. They would not repeat the offense.

TUTTLE is selling large numbers of Photograph Albums at his new gallery. Every purchaser receives a carte de visite gratis. They are elegantly done, and all the go now. Call soon, before his present stock of albums is gone.

THE sale of Government horses advertised by Capt. Carling is postponed until December 2d, instead of the 1st, as originally advertised.

THE ST. PAUL LIBRARY.—We are glad to be able to announce the complete success of this valuable institution. The subscription list has now amounted to $1,400, and is continually increasing.

DEAD.—Katy McAndress, the little girl who was burned so badly on Saturday, died on Sunday morning.

DAVENPORT has just received "Letters to the Jonses," by Timothy Titcomb.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30—1 P. M.

Gold 47.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 30—6 P. M.

Gold unsettled and firmer—opening at 47, advancing to 49, declining to 47¾, and closing quiet at 47¾.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30—1 P. M.

Flour 5@10c better.

GRAIN—Wheat 1@2c better. Corn 1@2c better. Oats 1c better.

NEWS ITEMS.

—The Chicago *Tribune* s[illegible] started by the *Post*, that [illegible]enies the story drawn from that paper. [illegible] Dr. Ray had with[illegible] in the company, but s[illegible]e has sold his stock [illegible]rial connection. [illegible]ll continues his editorial.

—General [illegible] probably resi[illegible] Frank P. Blair, Jr., will be a wi[illegible]n his seat in Congress. This the conte[illegible]e proceeding, for Samuel Knox, vote of [illegible]tant, is pretty sure to oust him by a Fran[illegible] the House. Once out of Congress, [illegible] Blair will never get in again.

—The accounts of the Hamburg Gambling Company for the first six months of this year show a clear profit of 1,053,000 florins, (about £90,000,) expenses paid.

—The Lynn *Bay State* says that Lynn is not only the greatest manufactory for ladies' and misses' boots and shoes in the Union, but also in the world, and the tendency of things now is to make it still greater.

—A countrywoman of Jenny Lind, by name Mademoiselle Enequist, has made her appearance at a few London concerts, where she was pronounced equal to Jenny.

—Major Gen. Thomas has issued general orders dishonorably dismissing one Colonel, two Majors, fifteen Captains, twenty-six Lieutenants and one Surgeon, for various offenses, including drunkenness, feigning sickness, spreading false rumors, permitting men to plunder, misbehavior in the face of the enemy, shameful cowardice, gross disloyalty, dishonest practices, and conduct unbecoming officers and gentlemen.

—The following appears in the Richmond papers:

MISSIONARY RIDGE, November 25.—*To Gen. Cooper*: We hold all the roads leading into Knoxville, except the one between Halsten and French Broad river. Gen. Jones' cavalry might close that. The enemy's cavalry is mostly broken up. Wheeler has cut off his train between Cumberland Gap and Knoxville.

(Signed) BRAXTON BRAGG.

—Solicitor Whiting, of the War Department, has written a letter stating that the difficulties in the way of an exchange of prisoners are: first, bad faith of the enemy in putting into active service, men captured at Vicksburg; second, the peremptory refusal of the enemy to exchange colored soldiers or their officers.

The O'Kane-Palmerston Divorce Case.

We publish elsewhere some particulars of this celebrated case, but since that was in type the following has come to hand:

London (Nov. 10) correspondence of Sander's (Dublin) News Letter.

The scandel with which the name of Lord Palmerston has lately been connected turns out to be totally unfounded, and is, as hinted to you in my letter of the 6th, nothing more than an "artful scheme, planned solely with a view to extortion, through fear of publicity." The basis, if, indeed, it can be called one, of this monstrous impudence, is, in quarters likely to know, understood to be the circumstances that the wife of the person who has ventured to file the petition, obtained two audiences of the Premier with a view of obtaining some interior employment for her husband, with whom she was then living. At the second interview, out of charity, and to get rid of her, his lordship gave her five pounds. Now that the husband and wife have quarrelled, the former institutes this outrageous calumny, on no firmer foundation whatever than the one I have stated. I have just learned that at the Lord Mayor's dinner this evening the vociferous reception accorded his lordship was such as has seldom been heard within those walls, accustomed as they are to confirm popularity in no measured sounds. *The loud and prolonged cheers which welcomed him* were, I am told, evidently intended to mark the public sense and censure of the insulting injustice that had been done him, and amounted to a veritable ovation.

New Advertisements.

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,
DEALER IN
TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,
Sugars, Syrups,
AND ALL GOODS PERTAINING TO THE GROCERY BUSINESS, INCLUDING
TOBACCOS, CIGARS,
Wines, Liquors, and
Pure Old Rye and Bourbon
WHISKIES.
Corner 3d & Jackson St's. no29-d&w8w

WINES AND LIQUORS,
FOR
Medicinal and Private Use.
PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,
PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY,
FINE OLD FRENCH BRANDY,
FINE SCOTCH WHISKY,
PALE SHERRY WINE.
PURE JUICE PORT WINE,
OLD BURGUNDY PORT WINE,
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
OLD JAMAICA RUM,
MUMMS' CABINET CHAMPAGNE,
CURACOA.
FOR SALE BY
no29 d&w8w J. I. BEAUMONT.

SARDINES.
Quarter and half boxes. For sale by
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

CITRON.
For sale by,
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

YEAST POWDERS.
Preston & Merrill's Infallible—Babbitt's Chemical. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.
Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Orange, Nutmeg, Strawberry, and Cinnamon. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

FRESH FRUITS.
Peaches, Strawberries, and Blackberries, in cans. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

OLIVE OIL.
Fine Bordeaux, for table use. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

PURE GROUND SPICES.
Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon, Allspice, Cloves, and Mace—warranted pure. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

SAUCES,
Worcestershire, Walnut, and Mushroom Sauces. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

PRESERVED FRUITS.
Green Gages, Pine Apples, and Pears, in Glass. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

SMOKED HALIBUT.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

ENGLISH PICKLES.
Imported—very fine. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

TOBACCO.
All varieties of Plug and Fine Cut. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

CIGARS.
All grades from Common to Choice. For sale by,
no29-d4w J. I. BEAUMONT.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
ST. PAUL, Minn., November 21st, 1863.

Sealed Proposals
FOR KEEPING CAVALRY HORSES,
Will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M.,
DECEMBER 1st, 1863.

The Horses will be let in lots of one, two or three hundred; or the whole number, (about six hundred,) will be let to one party. Bidders will state how many they propose to take.

The Horses will be required to be fed twelve pounds of oats, corn or barley, (or an equal amount of grain equally healthy and substantial,) and fourteen pounds of hay, per day and one hundred pounds of good clean straw to be furnished to each animal monthly, for bedding.

Bids will state explicity what kind of grain it is proposed to furnish.

Bids from persons unknown to the undersigned to secure consideration must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by two responsible individuals, vouching for the ability and willingness of the bidder to enter into and fulfill the contract should it be awarded him, and declaring their own willingness to be his sureties.

The Horses will be at all times subject to the call of the Government, according to the demands of the service.

Good and sufficient bonds will be required.

Bids to secure consideration, must conform to the above conditions, have a printed copy of this advertisement pasted at the head of each, the names of sureties already stated, and in case of guarantees, all legal forms, to attest the genuineness thereof must be observed.

Contractors will be held strictly accountable for the health of the Horses, and that they are not stolen or exchanged.

A Government Agent to be kept with each lot of Horses.

Payment to be made monthly, in such funds as the Government may furnish for public disbursement, after the undersigned is satisfied that the Horses have been fed and cared for according to agreement.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids, not considered satisfactory.

Bids to be endorsed "Proposal for Keeping Cavalry Horses," and left at this office.

E. B. CARLING,
no22-td Captain and Chief Quartermaster.

DESIRABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

Lands in the valley of the Upper Mississippi, and adjacent to the line of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad.

The St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company now offer in tracts of 40, 80, 120 and 160 acres and upwards—120 sections, or 76,800 acres of land, in the following townships, viz:

Town.	32,	Range	22.
"	33,	"	22.
"	32,	"	23.
"	33,	"	23.
"	32,	"	24.
"	33,	"	24.
"	34,	"	24.
"	35,	"	24.
"	33,	"	25.
"	34,	"	25.
"	35,	"	25.
"	34,	"	26.
"	35,	"	26.

These lands are situated in the counties of Anoka, Isanti and Sherburne, and comprise some of the most valuable lands in the townships named.

They will be sold for cash, the bonds of Company at par, or on long credit.

For prices and terms of payment apply to
LAND COMMISSIONER,
St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company,
oc27-d&w6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY
BREWERS OF
LILL'S STOCK
AND
Cream Pale Ale,
LAGER BEER,
PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.
FOR SALE BY
WM. CONSTANS,
oc21-3m AGENT, ST. PAUL.

OLD RYE AND BOURBON
WHISKEYS,
VERY OLD AND PURE.
Old Queens Port Wine,
AND
OLD BLACKBURN MADEIRA WINE,
FOR
Medicinal Purposes,
ALSO
Hungarian and Rhine Wines,
AND CALIFORNIA WINES,
Together with a general assortment of
Foreign & Domestic Liquors
J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,
Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,
my19 Sibley Block.

J. McCLOUD, JR.
Commercial Broker,
No. 163 Third Street, (Catholic Block.)
Will buy and sell
REAL ESTATE, AND MERCHANDISE
Of all kinds on Commission,
LOAN MONEY, MAKE COLLECTIONS, PAY TAXES, &C., &C.
☞ Commissions solicited and promptly attended to. no 20-3m

OYSTERS—OYSTERS.
The undersigned are now and have been for the past TEN YEARS, the only Agents in Minnesota for
MALTBY'S CELEBRATED BALTIMORE
OYSTERS.
We GUARANTEE to the public that these Oysters are superior to any others brought to this market. The cans are larger, and are filled with Oysters.
☞ A large supply constantly on hand.
Orders from any part of the State promptly attended to.
Depot 216 Third Street,
St. Paul.
no26-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.
F. O. WILDER, & CO.,
Dealers in Piano-Fortes, Melodeons, Harmoniums, Cabinet Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c., &c., No. 230 Third-st., corner of St. Peter-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.
Agents for the celebrated
A. M. McPhail & Co's
STAR AND GRAND SCALE PIANOS.
Also, the Parlor Gem.
Mr. Wilder is a Piano-Maker, and has been in the business over 20 years, and will sell nothing but first-class instruments. Every instrument will be warranted, and all Pianos sold by the firm will be kept in tune one year free of charge, if within a reasonable distance.
☞ Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired. Lesson given on the Piano and Melodeon.
no26-d&wly

400 BARRELS GOOD WINTER APPLES. For sale by
GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
no20-tf Cor. Jackson and 4th sts.

1863. 1864.
FALL AND WINTER SALES.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Invite the attention of Country Merchants and Inland Jobbers to the large and complete stock which they now offer to their inspection, and invite a comparison with other stocks here, for
EXTENT, VARIETY & CHEAPNESS.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
are prepared to offer DECIDED INDUCEMENTS to cash buyers. Call and see.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have now in store the largest and most attractive stock of GROCERIES west of Chicago. An inspection and comparison of stocks will satisfy you that "these things are so." For sale to the trade only.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Offer to the trade a stock of LIQUORS, complete in all its appointments, and the
LARGEST IN THE STATE.
We mean it.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Are sole proprietors of the unrivalled "Clover Leaf," Bourbon, and "Connoisseurs' Favorite" Rye Whiskeys. These goods
Cannot be Excelled.
Try them.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have just received an Invoice, including—
SCOTCH WHISKEY, (Ramsay's genuine.)
IRISH WHISKEY, (Mehan's genuine.)
ST. CROIX RUM, (very choice.)
TULIP GIN, (the finest imp'ted.)
BRANDIES, "United Proprietors."
BRANDIES, "Otard, Du Pay & Co."
SHERRY WINES, (Harmony Brand.)
These Goods are direct from CUSTOM HOUSE and we GUARANTY THEIR PURITY. Try them

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
HAVE PEACH BRANDY,
APPLE DO.,
CHERRY DO.,
GINGER DO.,
BLACKBERRY DO.,
RASPBERRY DO.,
These Brandies are *DISTILLED FROM THE FRUIT*, and are very fine.
MEDFORD RUM, (it is very fine.)

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have 500 cases FRESH FRUITS, including—
PEACHES,
STRAWBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
PINE APPLE, &c., &c.,
All of established brand, and warranted the best.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have
200,000 Segars,
ASSORTED AND FAVORITE BRANDS.
We Cannot be Undersold.
no24

CLOTHING AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AT THE STORE OF
W. H. TEMPLE,
THIRD ABOVE MINNESOTA ST.
Overcoats.
FINE BEAVER.....$14, $18 and $25.
BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERE AND CLOTH.....$14 to $20.
PETERSHAM, PILOT & SATINET..$8 to $18.
Business Coats, Frocks & Sacks
A large assortment, $6 to $20.
Pantaloons for the Million.
From a coarse Satinet to a fine Doeskin, all new goods, and made up in style.
VESTS.
Black Doeskin, Cloth, Figured Cassimere, Silk and Silk Velvet, of different grades.
Shirts and Drawers,
Winter Caps, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties,
FINE WHITE AND FANCY WOOL SHIRTS.
We have now in store one of the largest stocks of Clothing in the State. Our goods have been bought so that we can give bargains. Those in want of any article in our line would do well to give us a call.
my30-tf W. H. TEMPLE.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &C.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment. F. W. TUCHELT,
my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

500 VOLUNTEERS WANTED
For the 5th Regiment Minnesota Infantry Volunteers.
$402 Bounty will be paid to veterans.
$302 " to new recruits, rations, clothing, and $13 per month.
Apply to Lieut. Col. WILLIAM B. GERE, at recruiting rendezvous, McKubin's block, Third street, St. Paul; Capt. E. A. RICE, Faribault, or Capt. T. J. SHEEHAN, Albert Lea, Recruiting Officers. no28-jan5

GREAT BARGAINS,
IN BUILDING, HARDWARE, MECHANICS' TOOLS, AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
Closing out at prices that would make an auctioneer blush. JOHN McCLOUD,
no22-3m Brown's Block, Third-st.

BOB SLED SHOES, $3.00 PER SETT.
Don't pay $4.00 a sett for them, when you can get them for $3.00 a sett at the Pioneer Foundry.
no29 d&wlmo GILMAN & CO.

CODFISH & MACKEREL.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

Miscellaneous.

GO TO
PUTNAM'S
FOR
FRESH CANNED
RASPBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, PEACHES, PINE APPLES, TOMATOES, CHERRIES
NEW DRIED
BLACKBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, CHERRIES, PEACHES, APPLES, RAISINS, CITRON, CURRANTS, SAGO, FARINA, TAPIOCA AND HOMONY.
Stuart's White Drip, Extra Honey, Golden, Amber and Sugar House Syrups.
New Sugar Cured Dried Beef, and Pine Apple Cheese, and a complete and desirable stock of Fresh
Groceries & Provisions.
S. K. PUTNAM,
near the Post Office.

CIDER.
100 bbls. pure Juice of the Apple, at PUTNAM'S.

GRAPES.
25 boxes Isabellas and Catawbas, at PUTNAM'S

APPLES.
400 barrels Winter, at PUTNAM'S. no4

ONE MORE CHANCE.
JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,
ANOTHER LOT OF
CLOAKS,
200 SACQUES and CIRCULARS,
HANDSOME & BEAUTIFUL,
The Cheapest in the State.
1000 Pairs Blankets,
AND AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
DRY GOODS!
Of Every Kind, Quality and Description,
AT
ELFELT'S.
no12

146.
THIRD STREET.
HOODS, SONTAGS & NUBIAS,
BALMORAL
AND
HOOP SKIRTS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
L. C. BURT,
146
THIRD STREET.
oc29-1y

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.
Third St., between Cedar and Wabashaw,
M. C. TUTTLE.
Has just opened a New Gallery on the ground floor, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. His stock and apparatus are new, and have all the latest improvements.
☞ ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TAKING CHILDREN'S PICTURES.
Pictures from Locket Size to Life Size, in the
Finest Style.
☞ *Photograph Albums furnished as cheap as any other House, and a Carte de Visite taken gratis!* no24-tf

CARPETS.
STRONG'S CARPET HALL,
225 Third-St., Rogers' Block,
where will be found a large assortment of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,
CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C.
New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

SKATES.
WILLIAMS, MORSE & CO.'S CELEBRATED CAST STEEL
NEW YORK CLUB SKATE,
CENTRAL PARK SKATE,
LADIES' SKATES, BOY'S SKATES,
And the Patent Buckle for Skate Straps at
no22-tf CHERITREE & FARWELL'S.

TO RENT.
Rooms on the Second Floor, over our Auction Store. We will pay the highest prices in cash for all kinds of second-hand goods. Auction Sales every evening; special sales at 10 A. M. Outside sales promptly attended to—on Third street, second door from the Merchants Hotel.
H. E. BAKER & CO.,
no20 Auctioneers.

WANTED,
Spikers and Laborers on the construction work of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. Liberal wages will be paid. Payments made weekly. Apply to F. R. Delano, Assistant Superintendent, at Freight Depot, St. Paul, or John Murphy, Foreman, Manomin.
oc30-tf W. B. LITCHFIELD & CO.

A YOUNG MAN THAT HAS BEEN in the capacity of Book keeper and Salesman in a Wholesale Paper Warehouse, East, desires a situation as Book keeper. Inquire at
no24-eow4t* D. D. MERRILL'S Bookstore.

40 BUSHELS CHOICE RIPE ONIONS,
Just received by A. M. WIMBISH,
no25 Jackson Street.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS
CLOTHING! CLOTHING
IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF
Ready-Made Clothing
AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods
BLOOMINGDALE & RHINE,
[OF PHILADELPHIA,
Are now opening a BRANCH of their large establishment, where will be found the
LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING,
Hats, Woollen Shirts,
Drawers, &c., in Minnesota,
All of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at
NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA PRICES.
☞ Buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
NO. 213 THIRD-ST., OPPOSITE THE NORTHWESTERN EXPRESS OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.
sept4-3md&w

BENJAMIN S. BULL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Harrison's Stone Block, Minneapolis, Min.,
Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the above named goods, either at
Wholesale or Retail.
Orders solicited. no11-6md&w

HORSE BLANKETS,
SKATES
AND
SLEIGH BELLS.
Large assortment just received and for sale low at the Saddlery Warehouse of
C. PROAL,
oc29 Corner of Third and Robert-sts.

UNITED STATES
PENSION AGENCY
AT
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.
Office in Rogers' Block, 3d-st., near the Bridge. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M.
All letters to the office must inclose stamps to pay return postage. ROBERT P. LEWIS,
no1-d tw&wly Pension Agent.

L. BEACH & CO.,
Manufacturers of superior
SOAP AND CANDLES,
Eagle-St., near Upper Levee.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
Lard, Tallow and Grease
L. BEACH. [sept26-1yd&w] A. W. PEARSON

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
100 Barrels
CARBON OIL.
CHAS. A. UPHAM & CO.,
No. 4, Prince's Block, Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.
no10-1y

BEAUPRE & KELLY,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
AND
Wholesale Grocers,
Prince's Block, Jackson-st., St. Paul.
FREIGHT AGENTS FOR
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien R.R.
LAFLIN, SMITH & CO.'S
GUNPOWDER.
St Paul, October 13, 1863. oc13-6m

FURNITURE.
S. L. BAILEY & CO.,
Are now prepared to offer an entire new stock of
Furniture,
Consisting of
Wardrobes, Sideboards, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Breakfast, Desert, Dining and Extension Tables, Lounges, Cribs, Walnut cane-seat Chairs, flag and wood-seat Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Easy and Parlor Chairs, Marble-Top Tables, Hall Stands, What-Nots, Card Tables, Gilt and Rose Wood Mouldings, Varnish and innumerable other goods belonging to the
FURNITURE BUSINESS.
To those wishing to buy for cash, we would solicit an examination of our stock and prices.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
WARE-ROOMS THIRD-ST., NEAR THE CHURCH.
Respectfully,
no19-1m S. L. BAILEY & CO.

KEROSENE STOVES,
A NEW THING.
Latest Styles of Lamps and Burners,
A large stock.
Kerosene Gutters and Lighters.
Fresh Canned Fruits.
Fresh Canned Salmon and Lobsters.
New dried Fruits of all kinds.
Nice stock of Groceries, new crop.
Raisins and Currants.
Mackerel in kits and half barrels.
Smoked Salmon.
Call and see the stock, we are selling cheap.
E. & H. Y. BELL,
no15-3m Third-st.

EXPRESS NOTICE.
We are now running Messengers to
ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.30 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

JOHN MATHEIS,
Has just received
A NEW STOCK
OF
Carpets & Upholstery Goods and Wall Paper,
Which he will sell as cheap as can be bought elsewhere in the city.
☞ All kinds of Upholstering done to order NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY.
Store on Third street, opposite G. W. Nicols & Co.'s Stove Store, sept30

100 BARRELS CIDER,
Just received on consignment, and for sale low.
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THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1863. NUMBER 301.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 2.

THE NEWS.

"HEAVY cannonading" is the substance of the latest dispatches from the army of the Potomac. It is thought that Lee has fallen still farther back in order to secure his communications with Richmond. Where he will make a stand is as yet a mystery. The Richmond papers publish a dispatch from Orange Court House which says that the armies are facing each other, and an engagement cannot long be postponed. Details of the fighting on Friday are given, which show quite a heavy engagement, though our captures were not so great as at first reported.

ADVICES from Burnside have been received as late as Saturday. That was the twelfth day of the seige and everything was progressing favorably. Longstreet was still in front of Knoxville at that time, from which we inter that if Bragg has ordered him to withdraw, the order did not reach him on the 26th, as reported. By advice of the military authorities Parson Brownlow has left Knoxville and is now in Kentucky, awaiting the issue of the seige. He was unable to remove his family. Gen. Foster was at Cumberland Gap on Monday, on his way to assume command. Gen. Granger with a large force has been sent to reinforce Burnside, and ere this he has very likely been reinforced and relieved of his command. Longstreet not having commenced to withdraw before Saturday, renders it very likely that Grant will cut him off entirely.

THERE has been no fighting in Georgia since our last reports. We hold the country to Ringgold, Cleveland and Tunnel Hill, while Bragg is beyond Dalton. Our captures are set down at 6,000 prisoners, 48 cannon, 7,000 stand of small arms and numerous stores, while our loss is in the neighborhood of 4,000.

GOLD advanced 2 8 yesterday, opening at 18, declining to 17 5-8 and closing at 42 3-8.

THE MAYOR'S VETO OVERSLAUGHED.

The Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad scheme was yesterday, for a few moments, in great danger. For his Honor, after a week of premonitory rumblings and gaseous eructations, yesterday discharged himself of his long pent-up-veto.

The explosion was, of course, terrific, and, for a few moments, threatened alarming consequences, for Aldermen are human and proverbially apoplectic. It was an even chance whether they should die with laughter or suffocate with the effort to retain their gravity. We are happy to say that they passed the crisis without any infraction of the rules of good breeding or injury to their health, and recovered sufficiently to pass the vetoed resolutions over the Mayor's head by a vote of *nine to four*.

The resolutions of Alderman Paine, providing for a bonus of $250,000 on the completion of the direct road from St. Paul to Superior within five years, has thus become an ordinance of the city so far as municipal leg islation goes.

On the 15th of December it will be presented to the people of St. Paul for their approval. It will be ratified by a vote little short of unanimous.

Then the city of St. Paul will have done her part in initiating this important enterprise, the nucleus of a system of Railroads which, while establishing her own commercial position, will confer immeasurable benefits on every part of the State.

ISN'T there any way in the world by which the counties of the Second Congressional District in this State can ascertain their quotas, as they have already done approximately in the First District. It is now within five weeks of the time for drafting, and yet the officials in charge of this matter have not yet deemed it of sufficient importance to communicate to the public any data upon which the counties can even base an estimate of their quotas.

If the calculations of quotas are too abstruse for official arithmetic, the public will gladly relieve them of the burden if they will even condescend to inform us of the number enrolled men in the several counties of the district.

WE call attention to the article elsewhere, published from the Mankato *Record*, which is at once a forcible presentation of the argument for a direct Railroad from St. Paul to the head of Lake Superior, and an evidence that the interest which has been excited in St. Paul in this question, is fully reciprocated by the people of other parts of the State who are to reap an equal share of the advantages resulting from the opening of this, their natural outlet upon Lake navigation.

AMONG the improvements we are constantly introducing into the PRESS, is the transfer of a considerable portion of our editorial matter to our second page, a feature by which we hope to render the inside not the least attractive portion of our sheet.

R. W. SMITH, of Dakota County, has been commissioned Second Lieutenant in the 2d Cavalry.

Jared W. Daniels, of Nicollett county, Assistant Surgeon of the 6th Regiment has been appointed to Surgeon of the Cavalry.

Captain Theodore H. Barrett, of the 3rd Minnesota, has received an appointment to the Colonelcy of a regiment of the *Corps d' Afrique*.

—The Missouri Senate has passed a bill repealing the old law prohibiting whites teaching slaves to read and write. The Senate on a test vote was tied on the second reading of the bill to call a State Convention.

FROM THE INDIAN SUPPLY TRAIN.

Favorable Progress of the Expedition.

Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

WEST SIDE SIOUX RIVER, One Mile west of Flandrau, Camp King, Nov. 23, 1863.

We arrived here to-day at 11 o'clock A. M., everything in order—good roads and good weather. We have traveled through a fine country in every respect. Of timber, however, there is a scarcity. Nothing has been discovered up to this point that should prevent this route becoming the great thoroughfare to the Missouri.

The cattle are in as good condition as when we started, and, I believe, will go through well if we encounter no severe storms.

We have traveled 120 miles from New Ulm. Yours, &c.

The Direct Route to Superior.

VOICE OF THE MINNESOTA VALLEY.

How to Secure the Trade of the Valley and How to Lose it.

From the Mankato Record.

At the present time, the construction of a line of railroad from St. Paul to Lake Superior, with a branch through the Minnesota Valley to Mankato, is enlisting the serious consideration of capitalists; and as a preliminary step, the City Council of St. Paul has voted a bonus of $250,000 upon the completion of the road between that city and the head of the Lake.

* * * *

The welfare and interests of St. Paul demand the immediate construction of a road to Lake Superior, and that route which is the shortest, cheapest, and easiest of construction, should, without dissention, command the cordial support of her capitalists and business men. The route combining these advantages, is the one from St. Paul, in almost air-line course, over an even, fertile section of country, and terminating at the head of the lake. In 1855, a line of road surveyed and partially cleared of timber, by Mr. Thos. Clark, one of the very best civil engineers in the West, demonstrated that the distance by this route was only 145 miles.

Careful preliminary examinations, by the same gentleman, of the proposed route to Bayfield, have shown the distance to be at least forty miles greater than by the Superior route, while it passes through a rugged, worthless country, almost wholly uninhabited, and really incapable of sustaining even a sparse population. Not the slightest advantage is gained by this increase of distance, though it is pretended that sixty or seventy miles of lake navigation is thereby saved. A careful examination of the map of Lake Superior will show even the fallacy of this slender claim; by following the center of the lake, avoiding the circuitous channel between the islands to Bayfield, the difference in the distance from Sault Ste. Marie to the two points will be too insignificant to be taken into consideration.

Though Chicago is ninety miles further by water from New York than Milwaukee, there is in fact no difference in the cost of transporting goods to the two points. In point of harbor, nothing is to be gained, as Superior bay is at all times as secure, and far more commodious than that of Bayfield. Another thing worthy of consideration, and which should have an important bearing upon this question, is the fact, which is corroborated by the personal experience of every resident on the borders of the lake, that every winter a greater depth of snow falls south of Bayfield, and from thence along the coast east to Kewanaw Point, then at the west end of the lake. We do not pretend to explain the cause but we know personally that it is so.

Not only does St. Paul want a road to Lake Superior, but her future prosperity demands its continuation up the Minnesota Valley to Mankato. This latter road is graded to Belle Plaine, and the expense saved in constructing a road to Superior instead of to Bayfield, would more than defray the cost of continuing the valley road from Belle Plaine to Mankato.

The Minnesota Valley, for many reasons, is deeply interested in the contest now going on in St. Paul between the Superior and Bayfield interests, and hence we may be pardoned for venturing to take a hand in it. *If a direct air line road is built, the shortest, quickest, and cheapest outlet for the trade and travel of southwestern Minnesota will be via St. Paul and Lake Superior. If the circuitous route via Hudson and Bayfield is preferred, our eastern outlet will of necessity be via Winona and Chicago.*

NEWS ITEMS.

—The St. Louis "*Democrat*" says: "The President hit upon a gratifying fact when he said the election of Brown and Henderson, as United States Senators from Missouri, through a radical combination, was 'knocking heads together to some purpose.' It knocked the brains out of the Claybank party, and the wind out of the 'democracy.'"

A brother of Judah P. Benjamin, the rebel Secretary of State, resides in Baton Rouge, and a correspondent says:

You can always tell who is provost-marshal in Baton Rouge, even if he be but a day old, by noticing who "runs" with Benjamin, and is whiskied, smoked and dined by him. Benjamin rarely plays billiards with any one else than the provost-marshal, and although Benjamin is an excellent player, by a singular fatality he is almost invariably beaten by the provost-marshal. Benjamin does not relish defeat by the provost-marshal, either. I know he don't, from the way he shrugs his shoulders in the expressive French style, and sneers. It may astonish some people who are familiar with the latter-day life of Judah P. Benjamin to learn that his brother is a good Union man, yet such is the fact, nevertheless. I know this is so, because he says it is.

—Large sales of lands are making in different parts of the country. Seventeen thousand acres were taken up by warrents in Marquette county, Michigan. Considerable discoveries of silver at Lake Superior attracts capitalists.

—Lord Brougham, in a recent speech, refered to a work he published sixty years ago.

—Two weddings took place recently on a Missouri railroad, while the train was running at full speed.

—We are sorry to have to record the death of Mrs. Alice Shailer, the wife of Gen. Judson Kilpatrick, the noble cavalry division officer of the Army of the Potomac. Mrs. Kilpatrick has been in delicate health for some time past, and her death took place on the 25th. For the past few days she has been very low; but it was not expected that she was so near her end. She was quite a young woman, had only been married a little over two years, and leaves one child to mourn her loss. Gen. Kilpatrick had been telegraphed to relative to the delicate state of his wife's health, but owing to his being in the advance of the army, and that in motion, the news did not reach him in time to enable him to see her alive.

—A Washington correspondent furnishes a revised classification of the new Congress. There is a clear Administration majority of nine, counting all the doubtful Border State men, including Mr. Blair of Missouri with the opposition. The majority on the organization may reach twenty.

—There is a report that Governor Bradford, of Maryland, will not give certificates to the recently elected members of Congress, alleging that the election was not a free one.

The Raleigh *Standard* claims that the conservatives in North Carolina have elected eight members out of ten to the rebel Congress. Those of them who announced themselves in favor of peace on any terms, and who were most severe in their condemnation of the rebel administration, received the largest majorities. The conservative candidates also received a majority of the soldiers' votes.

THE CONGRESS.

NAPOLEON'S LETTER TO THE SOVEREIGNS.

Paris Nov. 11, Despatch to the Cork Reporter.

The letter of the Emperor of the French to the sovereigns, inviting them to a Congress at Paris, has been published to-day.

It points out that from the political condition of Europe it is impossible not to acknowledge that nearly everywhere the treaties of Vienna have been destroyed, modified or misunderstood. The Emperor continues as follows:—We are threatened with a danger so much the more formidable because the improvemet effected by civilization which has bound the people together by an identity of material interests, *would render a war still more destructive.* Let us not wait before taking our part for sudden and irresistable events to disturb our judgment, and draw us, despite ourselves, into a contrary direction. Called to the throne by Providence and the will of the French people *but trained in the school of adversity, it is perhaps less allowable for me than any other to ignore the rights of sovereigns and the legitimate aspirations of the people.* Thus I am ready, *without a a preconceived system,* to enter an international Congress with the spirit of moderation and justice, ordinarily the portion of those who have endured so many various trials. If I take the initiative of this overture, I do not yeld to an impulse of vanity, *but because I am a sovereign, the most credited with ambitious projects, and I have got it at heart to prove, by a frank and loyal step, that my sole object is to arrive, without a shock, at the pacification of Europe.* If this proposition is agreed to, I pray you to accept Paris as the place of meeting. Europe would perhaps see some advantage *in the capital whence the signal for overthrow has so many times issued, becoming the seat of a conference destined to lay the basis of a general pacification.*

—In settling up accounts between the Government and State of New Hampshire, lately, it was discovered that the State had been owing the Government $10,000 since the war of 1812.

—Governor Morton has published an appeal to the men of Indiana who, from age and other causes, are unable to volunteer, urging each to procure at least one volunteer. Individual efforts in this way may produce great results and assist materially in filling quotas.

—The Boston people never tire in well-doing. They have just given $4,668 for the benefit of our prisoners at Richmond. In East Boston this week, the sum of $1,000 has been given by the proprietors of the Atlantic Works for the purpose of Thanksgiving-turkeys for soldiers' families.

MARRIED.

In Hastings, the 24th ult., by Rev. W. H. Humphrey, Dr. H. O. MOWERS and Miss MARY M. LYON, all of Hastings.

New Advertisements.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,

A SMALL QUANTITY JUST RECEIVED.

LEMONS.

Dried Raspberries,
Dried Cherries, pitted,
Dried Blackberries,
Dried Pared Peaches,
all new Fruit.

Fresh Citron, Raisins and Currants, at

E. & H. Y. BELL'S,

no15-3m Third-st.

HOUSE TO LET,

Near the Franklin House—good well and cellar. Inquire at

E. & H. Y. BELL.

St. Paul, Dec. 1st, 1863. dec2-1w

WINES AND LIQUORS,

FOR

Medicinal and Private Use.

PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,
PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY,
FINE OLD FRENCH BRANDY,
FINE SCOTCH WHISKY,
PALE SHERRY WINE.
PURE JUICE PORT WINE,
OLD BURGUNDY PORT WINE,
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
OLD JAMAICA RUM,
MUMMS' CABINET CHAMPAGNE,
CURACOA.

FOR SALE BY

no29 d&w8w J. I. BEAUMONT.

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,

DEALER IN

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,

Sugars, Syrups,

AND ALL GOODS PERTAINING TO THE GROCERY BUSINESS, INCLUDING

TOBACCOS, CIGARS,

Wines, Liquors, and

Pure Old Rye and Bourbon

WHISKIES.

Corner 3d & Jackson St's. no29-d&w8w

L. BEACH & CO.,
Manufacturers of superior

SOAP AND CANDLES,

Eagle-St., near Upper Levee.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR

Lard, Tallow and Grease

L. BEACH. [se?6-1yd&w] A. W. PEARSON

SARDINES.

Quarter and half boxes. For sale by

no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

CITRON.

For sale by,

no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

YEAST POWDERS.

Preston & Merrill's Infallible—Babbitt's Chemical. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Orange, Nutmeg, Strawberry, and Cinnamon. For sale by,

J. I. BEAUMONT.

TOBACCO.

All varieties of Plug and Fine Cut. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

CODFISH & MACKEREL.

For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

New Advertisements.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, Saint Paul, Minnesota, Dec. 1st, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate, will be received at this office until

DECEMBER 15th, 1863,

At 12 O'Clock, Noon,

For furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named posts:

ST. PAUL,
FORT SNELLING,
MANKATO,
FORT RIPLEY,
ST. CLOUD,
SAUK CENTRE,
ALEXANDRIA,
POMME DE TERRE,
GLENCOE,

And those drawing supplies therefrom.

Separate bids will be received for each of the above Posts, or one bid may include all of them.

The contract to commence January 1st, 1864, and to be in force six months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters, (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid, or *where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid*, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors, (unless known to the undersigned,) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney. The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to Capt. S. C. Benham, C. S., and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

S. C. BENHAM,
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.

dec2-td

TO BUILDERS.

LOCKS, LOCKS, LOCKS.
RIM LOCKS, DEAD LOCKS,
MORTICE LOCKS,
RABITED LOCKS, SLIDING DOOR LOCKS,
Which I am selling at Manufacturer's prices.

no22-3m JOHN McCLOUD.

STRAYED,

Into the premises of the subscriber, on the 22d of November, two Cows, of red and white color, five and seven years old respectively. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away. J. D. WILLIAMS,

dec2-3t* Reserve Town, near Williams Ferry.

ESTRAY TAKEN UP.—One red and white Cow, no other marks, about seven years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

St. Paul, Nov. 25th, 1863.

dec2-1t* L. C. COLLINS.

HEARD'S HISTORY OF THE SIOUX WAR,

With 33 engravings. Price $1.50 per copy. The most perfect history of the Indian Massacre published. A new supply received,

At Combs' Book Store.

Orders from the country promptly filled. dc1

PATENT AMALGAM BELL,

SUITABLE FOR A SCHOOL HOUSE OR SMALL CHURCH.

For sale low by

dec2-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

CORDAGE, SLEIGH SHOES AND FANNING MILLS.

For sale by

je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

CARBON OIL.

Carbon Oil by the Barrel.

For sale low.

je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

SHEET IRON, TIN PLATE, COPPER BOTTOMS,

ZINC AND TINNERS' STOCK,

For sale by

ap24 ly NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

THE "NEW ULM POST,"

A WEEKLY GERMAN NEWSPAPER, INDEPENDENT OF PARTY,

advocating

Truth, Right and Progress,

Under the flag of our country will be published by the undersigned, at

NEW ULM,

Brown Co., Minnesota,

On and after the 1st day of JANUARY, 1864.

The attention of the business men of our State is hereby respectfully invited to the following—

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

The insertion of one square	$0 75
Two " " "	1 25
Three " " "	1 75
One month " "	2 00
Three months " "	3 50
Six months " "	5 00
Twelve months" "	8 00

Editorial business notices given to merit only.

☞ In recommending the "New Ulm Post" to the public, the undersigned beg leave to say that it is their design to start and keep alive a newspaper which, aside from other use, will prove a powerful assistant to every solid and enterprising business man for securing and enhancing success.

dec2.1w* A. WOLFF & J. HOPER.

ESTRAY.

A yearling heifer came into the possession of the Subscriber about the 1st of November; said heifer has a white face, white belly, with pointed horns turned inward. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away. WILLIAM SMITH,

dec1-3t* Rose Township.

LATEST NEWS,

By Telegraph.

ADVICES FROM KNOXVILLE TO SATURDAY.

Longstreet Waiting for Reinforcements.

Gordon Granger Marching to Burnside's Relief.

BRAGG'S ARMY BEYOND DALTON.

6,000 Prisoners, 48 Cannon and 7,000 Small Arms Captured.

No Battle in Virginia at Last Accounts.

DETAILS OF THE FIGHTING ON FRIDAY.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

Heavy Firing—Lee Entrenched Between Orange Court House and Gordonsville—Cold Weather—Speculations on Meade's Defeat—No Wounded Sent Back—Anxiety Felt—The Army Moving—Details of the Fighting on Friday.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Times* has the following specials:

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.

Army officers from Dalton Station to-night report heavy cannonading heard since early this morning in the direction of Orange Court House. The firing was heavy and so continuous as to preclude the possibility of its being a skirmish. It was their opinion that a general engagement was in progress at the time they last heard firing, at 11 o'clock this forenoon.

Lee's whole force is entrenched between Gordonsville and Orange Court House.

Supplies are dispatched to Meade by a new route.

The weather has been frightfully cold since yesterday. The badly wounded left out last night and those to be left out to-night when they fall must certainly die. They fight without overcoats.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.

[*Special to World.*]—There is nothing official, or otherwise from the Aarmy of the Potomac to-night.

It is now believed that the report of an important battle fought Saturday or Sunday, is incorrect, from the fact, if such had been the case the wounded would have reached Rappahannock bridge.

The conclusion is quite irresistable that Lee has continued to fall back to save his own line of communication with Richmond, and if such be the case, it is evident that General Meade's plans, so far as known to be in operation, are working successfully.

The *Star* of this evening, says, even if Meade should be defeated in battle, he could easily fall back upon Fredericksburg where he soon could receive supplies from Acquia Creek, adding that the Railroad from that point to Fredericksburg is very nearly in working order already. Unless disaster follows our arms, it is not so clear that Fredericksburg is to be the future base of supplies.

It may be added that the Government has not received one word from General Meade since he left Culpepper

The weather is clear and cold.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Herald* has the following:

RAPPAHANNOCK STATION, 7.15 P. M.

Nov. 30.—Mail communication with the army has not been resumed over this route and probably will not be. No wounded men have been brought in from the army, and no hospital cars have been run up from Alexandria.

Very heavy cannonading was heard this morning, but not afterward during the day, in the direction of Chancellorsville. It was heard more distinctly at Bealton, Warrenton Junction, Nokesville and Manasses than here.

No firing was heard yesterday. The belief is that no general battle has been fought.

An order is reported to have been issued by Gen. Meade forbidding correspondents from leaving the front or communicating with the rear.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch of the 30th, says:

Much anxiety is manifested this afternoon regarding Meade's army to-day.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Tribune* has the following, dated army of the Potomac, Saturday night:

This morning at 11 o,clock our forces were pushing forward in line of battle on the Orange and Fredericksburg pike towards the first mentioned point, driving the enemy's skirmishers before them.

This morning opened with a rain storm, but the whole army was on the advance at an early hour. The 3d corps which crossed the Rapidan at Jacob's Mills was engaged yesterday at Locust Grove, on the road leading to Culpepper, deployed on the left of our line.

The 6th remaining on the right and the 1st on the left of the 6th. The 2d retained its position while the 5th deployed from its first station on the left to Locust Grove, as the reserve of the army,

The engagement of the 3d corps yesterday will be referred to before closing. Brisk skirmishing commenced as our line reached a point a mile and a half to the west of Locust Point Grove. Our forces pushed steadily onward however driving the enemy's skirmishers and hastening their retreat by an occasional shell from our batteries to which the guns of the enemy did not reply.

Gen. Meade and staff had come up at an early hour to Robertson's Tavern. The headquarters train was ordered back out of range. Long trains of ammunition wagons and ambulances were moving to the front, and everything indicated a general engagement should Lee fall into position and should the weather be favorable.

The rain continued to fall at intervals, but still the troops pressed forward and the skirmishers went on as before, the rebel line gradually falling back until it had reached the western bank of Mill Run, two and a half miles from the tavern and a short distance from old Verdierville, showing the evident intention of the enemy of disputing the passage of the run where they have earthworks and abattis is visible and a clearing beyond.

Gen. Meade accordingly disposed his forces along a densely wooded crest of hills east of the run. Owing to the difficulty of moving artillery and even infantry through the woods on either side of the road, some time elapsed before the formation of our line. Night soon cam on and beyond the firing of our pickets and occasionally a shell from our luise, nothing of importance has transpired.

The army of Gen. Meade occupies a section of what is called the Wilderness. Many discredit the story that Lee will give battle this side of Orange Court House or Gordonsville.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.

Reports from Bealton Station confirm the reports of heavy firing yesterday. The engagement of the 3d corps on Friday last is said to have been exaggerated, especially as to the number of rebel prisoners taken, which was far less than stated. Our loss in killed and wounded is believed to be 200.

The report that Gen. Lee has retreated is not credited. On the contrary, it is said he is strongly posted on White River.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Tribune* correspondent furnished the following, accounts of Friday's battle:

In obedience to orders the 3d followed by the 6th corps on Thursday P. M., crossed the Rapidan at Jacobs Mills with no opposition except a shot or two from a few rebel videttes stationed at the ford. On reaching the south side of the river, these corps pushed forward on the road leading to Morton's ford, a few miles above when they took the road to the left in order to strike the continuation of the road from Culpepper to Robertson's tavern.

On Thursday night they rested near Jones' house, and yesterday morning continued their march to effect a junction with Gen. Warren's corps. Gen. Prince's division of the 3d corps was in the advance, and as the head of the column reached a small clearing it was greeted with a volley from a line of rebel skirmishers. The 1st brigade of the 2d Ohio was thrown forward into line with the 1st Massachusetts and deployed as skirmishers, supported by the 1st and 3d divisions of the corps. The 1st Massachusetts advanced through a dense forest, fighting and pushing the rebels back to the vicinity of Mile Run, when the enemy strengthening his line gradually forced back our line.

Skirmishing continued at 3.30 P. M., when the enemy with shouts and shell charged on our first line, consisting of Prince's Division, the right of which first fell back in some confusion but soon rallied and with the aid of one section of Randall's Rhode Island battery and battery K of the 4th New York, which poured grape and canister into the advancing columns of Rebels, consisting of Johnson's and a part of Rhode's divisions of Ewell's Corps, twice in succession gallantly repulsed the Rebels, who were in both instances driven back in perfect route. The fight ceased at dark.

The third bivouacked on the field at the junction of the roads just mentioned six miles from Locust Grove. Our loss in killed and wounded probably amounts to not less than three hundred and fifty.

With such haste the rebels retreated that they left behind all their dead—the ground being literally covered with them.

Our proportion of killed in the fight was very small and an inspection of the battle field leads to the conclusion that their casualties far exceed ours.

But one brigade of the 6th corps was engaged, that of Gen. Russell, famous for the brilliant charge of Rappahannock Station.

FROM BURNSIDES' COMMAND.

Gen. Foster at Cumberland Gap—Granger Sent to Burnside's Relief—The Seige Probably Raised—Heavy Cannonading Heard.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.

Major General Foster arrived at Cumberland Gap yesterday, en route to Knoxville. There is nothing later from Burnside.

A despatch from Chattanooga says sufficient reinforcements under Gordon Granger has been sent to Burnside, to insure his success.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 30.

No news from Burnside at Headquarters. The seige of Knoxville is no doubt raised ere now and the rebel forces in East Tennessee can escape by a miracle or by miraculous fighting.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Tribune* has the following special: Gen. Wilcox telegraphs to-day from Cumberland Gap that scouts that came in yesterday report heavy cannonading heard yesterday morning in the direction of Knoxville. It was very rapid; about 40 discharges per minute, and lasted several hours.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Tribune* has a special dated Knoxville, Saturday, via Cumberland Gap Monday, saying we are in the 12th day of the seige. The enemy has gained no advantage. We are better prepared for attack than the most sanguine expected.

Longstreet is delaying for reinforcements from Virginia.

The enemy made a diversion Wednesday on our position across over the river, but after an hour's fight were driven back.

On Thursday a detachment of the 2d Michigan made a gallant charge and captured a rebel ride pit, within fifty yards of our works, but subsequently were compelled to give way to a superior force with great loss.

Maj. Bevington was taken prisoner. Adj. Noble and Lieut. Halpen were killed, and Lt. Col. Cornick, of the 17th Michigan, died Friday from wounds.

It has been comparatively quiet for the past few days.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

The Firing at Charleston—No Fighting Since Friday.

FORT MONROE, Dec. 1

The Richmond *Whig* of November 28th and 30th contains the following:

CHARLESTON, Nov. 27.

The Yankees keep up heavy mortar shelling on Ft. Sumter. The last 6 shells were thrown into the city to-day, and 2 buildings struck by them.

The shelling of Sumter, Moultrie, Johnston, and Simpkin's battery, by the enemy, from Gregg and Wagner, has been lively and continuous. One hundred and sixteen shots were fired at Sumter on Thursday and Friday.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 28.

Shelling has been kept up steadily on Sumter, Moultrie, Johnston and Simpkins. Seventy-two 10-inch shells were fired on Sumter from Gregg to-day.

The enemy has commenced firing 13-inch mortars from Cummings' Point. Twenty-eight shells were fired during the night. The enemy continued their usual practice on Sumter with Parrott guns. Twenty-seven were fired on Friday night.

Capt. Jacob Vleeten and two or three privates were severely wounded in Moultrie by the explosion of a Parrott shell. No casualties on James Island to-day.

ORANGE C. H., Nov. 29—9 A. M.

No movements of importance in either army this morning. The enemy is deploying in our front, in line of battle.

There has been no fighting since Friday. There was some skirmishing on Saturday. The Yankees have eight days' rations. Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee drove the enemy's cavalry across Raccoon Ford and Morten's Ford yesterday.

Friday's fight was mostly with musketry Mosby fell on the rear of a Yankee train near Brandy Station, Friday morning, and burned 30 wagons and captured 112 mules and 20 horses.

The committee from Richmond to look after the wounded, arrived at Gordonsville today.

The two armies are confronting each other in line of battle. A general fight cannot long be postponed.

Gen. Ewell returned to the army to-day.

Jews Arrested—Cotton.

CAIRO, Nov. 30.

A number of Jews have been arrested at Memphis. Part of them participated in the recent frauds on the revenue department. They have been imprisoned and their property seized.

Sixty thousand in greenbacks have been taken from the smugglers.

The Memphis *Bulletin* of the 28th says cotton is dull sales of 300 bales at 45 to 45 1-2.

The Memphis and Charleston Railroad is in fine running order to Corinth.

The Death of Sam. Houston.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Tribune's* army correspondent at Matamoras, says Sam Houston is certainly dead. He died at Huntsville Texas.

FROM GRANT'S DEPARTMENT.

No Fighting—Fruits of the Victory—6,000 Prisoners—Bragg Beyond Dalton.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 30.

There has been no fighting in northern Georgia for the past two days. Our troops hold the country as far as Ringgold and Cleveland and to Tunnell Hill. The campaign is probably ended.

The fruits of the victory are 6,002 prisoners, 48 guns, 7,000 stand of arms and a large quantity of stores.

Our total casualties will not exceed 4,000.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.

Bragg's main force is reported beyond Dalton. Stragglers are still coming in.

Henry Andrews, of the 124th Ohio, was sentenced to be shot January 15th for desertion.

Fifteen hundred Chattanooga prisoners arrived at Louisville last night. Guerrillas are very troublesome on the Cumberland river; boats are fired into, houses and citizens robbed and property cap[illegible] off or destroyed.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Alabama—The Emperor's Congress.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The following news by the Steamship City of New York is not covered by the Second dispatches:

The Hiawatha arrived at Columbo, Ceylon, October 2nd. She reports having met the Alabama in the Bay of Bengal. She signalized the Hiawatha and immediately on receiving her answer set sail with steam on and hoisted the Rebel colors.

Russian Ambassadors at Paris had communicated the reply of Prince Gortschakoff to the invitation to a Congress. It is in substance that Russia will take part therein, but not until after the pacification of Poland as a State.

Lord Brougham at a soiree in M. Thier's salon in Paris, spoke freely of his conviction that a Congress was impossible, and stated the intention of England and Austria to make their participation in Congress dependent on the reply of France to certain preliminary questions which would not meet with favorable reception at Paris.

Secretary Chase's Report.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.

The Secretary of the Treasury's report on the condition of the finances is in the hands of the printers. It will be much longer than usual, and contains interesting tables on subjects not before embodied in such documents. Reports of Commissioner of Internal Revenue and Comptroller of the currency will accompany it.

In Ohio—Senator Sprague.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.

The number of men mustered into the service, in this State averages four hundred per week.

Senator Sprague arrived at Columbus yesterday.

John Morgan Sends a Telegram.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.

John Morgan tetographed to Columbus from Toronto yesterday, announcing his arrival there.

STRAYED.

From the premises of the Subscriber, one white faced Cow, black ring around the right eye; black neck, brown sides, and four white feet; is six years old. EVELYN KELLENE.

St. Anthony, Sept. 23, 1863. no29-3t

SITUATION WANTED.

By a young man, who can give good city references, a situation in any respectable business. Address G. H. E., box 107, St. Paul. dec1-2t*

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

AT COMBS' BOOK STORE,

CAN BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF

Childrens' Books,
Gift Books,
Photograph Albums,
Bibles, Prayer Books,

&c., suitable for presents. Call in and examine.

DIARIES for 1864, all Styles,

dec1-tf AT COMBS' BOOK STORE.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, SAINT PAUL, MIN., November 21st, 1863.

TO BE SOLD AT FT. SNELLING, MINNESOTA,

ON THE FIRST OF DECEMBER, 1863,

A large number of

Government Animals.

A good opportunity is offered to Farmers for supplying themselves with working stock, which they should avail themselves of.

E. B. CARLING,
no22-td Captain and Chief Quartermaster.

☞ The above sale is postponed to Wednesday, December 23, at the same time and place.

CARBON OIL.

200 BARRELS BEST WHITE AND STRAW COLORED. For sale cheap by

WATSON & DENSMORE,

at the vinegar factory of C. C. Lewis & Co., No. 4 Sibley Street, Lower Levee, rear of Burbank's.

dec1-1mo

CHEESE.

4,000 pounds Hamburg, Western Reserve and English Dairy Cheese. For sale by

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.

no29 Sibley-st, between Third and Levee.

UNITED STATES PENSION AGENCY

AT

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

Office in Rogers' Block, 3d-st., near the Bridge. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M.

All letters to the office must inclose stamps to pay return postage. ROBERT P. LEWIS,

no1-d tw&wly Pension Agent.

MALAGA WINE.

For culinary purposes. For sale by,

J. I. BEAUMONT.

ALMONDS.

Brazil Nuts, Filberts, and Pea Nuts. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FRESH FRUITS.

Peaches, Strawberries, and Blackberries, in cans. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

OLIVE OIL.

Fine Bordeaux, for table use. For sale by,

J. I. BEAUMONT.

PURE GROUND SPICES.

Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon, Allspice, Cloves, and Mace—warranted pure. For sale by,

J. I. BEAUMONT.

SAUCES,

Worcestershire, Walnut, and Mushroom Sauces. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Green Gages, Pine Apples, and Pears, in Glass. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

SMOKED HALIBUT.

For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

ENGLISH PICKLES.

Imported—very fine. For sale by,

J. I. BEAUMONT.

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PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

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Terms:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month, *invariably in advance.*

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $4 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.60; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

FERNANDO WOOD ADVOCATES THE RIGHT OF SECESSION.

The Peace Democracy of Bergen county, New Jersey, recently gave a supper in honor of their recent victory there, where Fernando Wood made a speech, his first since the riots in New York. The apostle of the Peace Democracy took this occasion to strip his party of all the hypocritical pretences on which it has heretofore rested its claims to popular support and to place it high and dry on the ultra Southern secession ground. Mr. Wood thus distinctly and unequivocally defends the right of secession:

There is no such thing as rebellion under the institutions upon which the Government of this country is founded. Suppose New York chose to secede, who dare attempt to prevent her? Virginia had the same right as New York. War is disunion and disintegration. No man in his senses disputes this. Every man who favors it, directly or indirectly, favors the dissolution of the American Union—promotes the establishment of a centralized despotism, and advances the fortunes of the most desperate and unscrupulous knaves that ever cursed a country.

There is at least one unscrupulous knave, the worst that ever cursed any country since Marat, whose fortunes are not especially advanced by the war, and that is Fernando Wood. Mr. Wood says that war is disunion and disintegration. That, it must be confessed, is about the most curious corrollary of the proposition that States have a right to secede at their pleasure which it would be possible to contrive. A lot of States without war fell off from the Union upon Mr. Wood's now proclaimed ground of the right of secession. Then it would seem that peace, also, upon that ground, is "disunion and distegration." If war, also, is disunion and disintegration, then it would appear by Wood's logic that disunion and disintegration is the only normal, legal and constitutional condition of the country.

If the advocates of the war are, as Mr. Wood contends in the rest of his speech, while aiming to secure Union, unconsciously producing disunion and disintegration what shall Mr. Wood say of the advocates of a peace founded on the recognition of the right of secession and thus consciously and deliberately producing disunion and disintegration?

If anybody wants any further proof of the infamous purposes of the Democratic party, if anybody wants to realize more fully than ever the terrible dangers which the country escaped by the recent Union victories at the polls, read the following concluding paragraph of Wood's speech:

He believed that when the President called for troops, if only one State Executive with brain and nerve had done his duty under the Constitution, the war would have been stopped before now. With 100,000 under Lee threatening Washington, neither Stanton nor Lincoln would have had courage enough to turn and face the fire they would have felt in the rear. It is the duty of the people now to refuse to give another man or another dollar for the purpose of carrying on the war.

There you see the development of a deliberate plot on the part of the Democratic leaders to have permitted Lee to capture Washington, while the arms of the Government were to be pinioned from behind by the Democratic Governor of New York.

But Seymour had not, it seems, the "brain and nerve" to carry out his part of the plot, the consummation of which it was intended should place the North under the devastating feet of the rebel armies.

GRANT AND HIS GENERALS.

Of all our generals there is none in whom the country reposes so entire a confidence as in General Grant. The favorite of fortune is always the favorite of the people, and fortune never retained a favorite so long as he—adding crown to crown, till his [illegible] already the height of Wellington's, if not of Napoleon's fame—unless her favors were well deserved. But none the less for their faith in Grant will it be regarded as a fortunate circumstance that, in the gigantic and complicated operations before him as he approaches the seat and center of the last conflict with the rebellion he has grouped around him, as the central sun, the most brilliant galaxy of military talent and genius in the service. There is Old Joe Hooker, whose divisions fought and won the recent victory of Lookout Mountain, whose history has shown him to be not only one of the best fighters, but one of the best strategists in the country.

Then there is Thomas, the hero of Chickamauga, and Sherman, and Logan, and others of Vicksburg fame, and Burnsides, or his successor Foster, both equally famed for exploits that attest their skill and daring; but above them all, and equal, if not superior to Grant himself, as a strategist, is General William F. Smith, to whom the country owes the brilliant movement by which Lookout Valley was wrested from the rebels, and Grant's communications secured, the first step in the development of the plan which led to their being driven from the mountain environs of Chattanooga. The rebel journals seemed to have anticipated the recent disastrous retreat of Bragg as the result of that movement, and the Chattanooga *Rebel*, among others, pays the following tribute to the military skill displayed in the movement, or in other words, to General Smith:

This new move upon the military chess board, by which the enemy got possession of Lookout Valley and the railway to Bridgeport, was a masterly stroke. The conception was a brilliant one. All the combinations admirable and faultless. All the combinations, from the building of the pontoon boats and floating them down the river at night, to the unexpected arrival of the forces at Bridgeport, were perfect. Indeed, the river and the railroad from Lookout Mountain to Bridgeport and the valley and Raccoon slipped from our hands so easily, or rather were taken from us so adroitly, that we hardly knew when it was done. The operation, however, has changed the whole aspect of affairs here. The question of subsisting the federal army in Chattanooga this winter is solved, and there is no longer any doubt about the ability of its commander to obtain all needful supplies, unless we dispossess him of the railroad.

SENATOR WILKINSON IN NEW YORK.

At a meeting held in New York on the evening of the 25th ult., at Union Headquarters, to ratify the nomination of Mr. Blunt for Mayor, a speech was made by Hon. Morton S. Wilkinson, of this State, in the course of which he said:

Why, my fellow-citizens, from the Metropolitan City to the Rocky Mountains, you have nothing but an unbroken line of Union men, (applause,) bound together by a strong attachment to this Union, determined that it shall be maintained at all hazards; and in order to carry out this determination, they will support no man for any office from a constable up to the President, who is not thoroughly, radically, totally devoted to the cause of his country. (Renewed applause.) The State of New York has settled in the main a line of States commencing with Michigan, then Wisconsin, then Minnesota. This State has extended into those three new States her surplus agricultural population, and those States have adopted the institutions of the State of New York. The influence of your State has run through also the northern line of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Iowa; and wherever the influence of your State has gone westward, there your will find people who never falter in their attachment to the country, and who never hesitate in the performance of any duty to maintain their Government. But, my fellow-citizens, it is a little to be regretted that this great metropolitan city—this city which is maintained by the great granaries of the West, supported by that vast, rich country that spreads out from here to the Rocky Mountains—that this great City is not in sympathy and in heart with the rural people that lie beyond them. I believe that if the people of this City would devote to the cause of their country — Democrats and Republicans — if those men who are willing to make sacrifices to uphold this Government, will stand firmly and sincerely attached to each other—if they so frame their local politics that their efforts may be effective in the attainment of this end, I believe that this city may yet prove itself to be as thoroughly and devotedly attached to the salvation and preservation of this nation as the rural population that lies beyond it. [Applause.]

Senator Wilkinson's speech was greeted throughout, with loud applause, by his audience.

A NEW MEANS OF CIVILIZATION ON THE FRONTIER.

Among all the horrible incidents of the sudden rising of the savage tribes on our frontier and their atrocious warfare on the industrious population of our pioneer settlements and cities, the attack upon and the partial destruction of the flourishing city of New Ulm must, in regard to the number of lives and the value of the property destroyed, as well as for the tragic interest of the thrilling events which there transpired, always command a prominent share of the sympathy of coming generations. And while the heroic defense of New Ulm will furnish to the historian the subject of well deserved commendation, the persevering and undaunted energy exhibited by the population of New Ulm in re-occupying their city after a short exit, and redeeming it as a seat of industry and prosperity from a state of utter desolation, keeping at bay all while the savage foe, will be regarded with general and deserved admiration.

Not only have these brave pioneer men succeeded in re-establishing upon the ashes of the old town, a number of new work-shops, mills, bakeries and breweries, hotels and dwelling houses, and those other institutions providing for the common necessities of every-day-life; but being an intelligent community, with alacrity and straight-forwardness of purpose, they, after public consultation, went to work to secure to their place that chief and indispensable lever of intellectual culture and progress—*a home newspaper.* Most liberal contributions were readily and cheerfully made by almost every citizen, for this beneficial enterprise, so that in a few days more than ample funds to accomplish it were on hand. Press and type, and all the rest of the array of the printers' utensels, were procured, and on *New Years' day,* 1864, only a few months over a year, since the material of the old New Ulm paper was destroyed by the same conflagration by which perished its brave young editor, the first issue of a *new* paper to be styled the *New Ulm Post,* with the motto, "Never give up!"—A. Wolff & Co.,—Hoper publisher, and A. Wolff responsible editor, will make its appearance. The paper, independent in position, will advocate the fundamental principles of right, work for the benefit of our State as an efficient agent of a valuable immigration, and defend the aspirations of New Ulm as a "go-ahead" city, bound in a short time to be one of the most prosperous in the Northwest. Already the business men of New Ulm are doing a very extensive trade with those of our city, and the notorious ability of the man who will have the editorial control of their paper must secure it a large circulation, all over the State, while the intimate and extended connections of the citizens of New Ulm with those of every part of the Union, will spread it throughout the land.

Aside from our duty then as good citizens, to lend a ready support to everything that bears the character of progress, we have to consider the support bestowed upon the new German paper in New Ulm as a profitable investment for ourselves. Therefore we advise our business men of St. Paul not to withhold their support, but *advertise liberally* in a sheet, that soon will be hailed as a mark of new life from our not long ago deserted frontier, and which we can greet as new and good means of redeeming forever to civilization a most valuable district of our rising State.

Mr. A. Wolff, to whom the exclusive editorial management and conditional proprietorship of the paper was entrusted by the citizens of New Ulm, has been connected with the German press in this State since the first German paper was published in 1856. For three and a half years he occupied the position of editor of the *Minnesota Staats Zeitung,* and during the whole period of his sojourn in Minnesota since 1852 he won that reputation as a writer, citizen and man, which induced the intelligent population of New Ulm to invite him from his post into their midst and secure him a field of labor worthy of his zeal and capacity.

—Gen. John A. Logan left Cairo a few days ago, to take command of the 15th army corps, and is now doubtless fighting.

—The President is solicitous for the health of his youngest son.

—A. F. Vance, a Judge of Probate in Champaign county, Ohio, publishes an affidavit that he did not vote for Vallandigham. Already is the stigma of casting such a vote become intolerable.

—Efforts are being made by the leaders of the opposition party at the West to have the next Democratic Convention at Detroit.

—The Boston *Post* (Copperhead) says the opposition have one consolation for next year—they have great room for gain.

Our Richmond Prisoners.

A Statement by the Released Federal Surgeons.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27th. 1863.—The following statement by the Surgeons just released from Libby Prison of the treatment of the prisoners at Richmond, will be presented to the War Department to-morrow:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27, 1863.—We the undersigned surgeons of the United States army, and recently prisoners in Richmond, Va., consider it our duty to publish a few facts that came to our knowledge while we were inmates of the Hospital attached to Libby prison.

We enjoyed for several months daily access to the hospitals where the sick and wounded among our Union soldiers received treatment. As the result of our observation, we hereby declare it our belief that since the battle of Chickamauga the number of deaths per diem has averaged fully fifty. The prevailing diseases are diarrhea, dysentery, and typhoid pneumonia. Of late the per centage of deaths greatly increased, the result of causes that have been long at work, as insufficient food, clothing and shelter, combined with that depression of spirits brought on so often by long confinement.

It may seem almost incredible when we affirm, of our personal knowledge, that in the hospitals for Union soldiers, the average mortality is near forty per day, and upon the most reliable testimony, we are forced to believe that the deaths in the tobacco factories and upon the Island will raise the total mortality, among all the Union prisoners, fifty per day, or fifteen hundred monthly.

The extremely reduced condition of those brought from the island argues that hundreds quite sick are left behind, who with us would be considered fit subjects for hospital treatment. Such, too, is the fact as invariably stated by scores we have conversed with from that camp. The same, to a degree, holds true of prisoners in the city.

It would be a reasonable estimate to put the number who are fit subjects for hospitals, but who are refused admittance, at five hundred. A thousand are already under treatment in three hospitals, and the Confederate surgeons themselves say the number of patients is only limited by the small accommodations provided. Thus, we have over ten per cent. of the whole number of prisoners held classed as sick men, who need the most assiduous and skillful attention, yet in the essential matter of rations, they are receiving nothing but corn bread and sweet potatoes.

Meat is no longer furnished to any class of our prisoners except to the few officers in Libby Hospital, and all such or well officers or privates are now furnished with a very poor article of corn bread in place of wheat bread, unsuitable diet for hospital patients prostrated with diarrhea, dysentery and fever, to say nothing of the startling instances of individual suffering and the horrid pictures of death from protracted sickness and semi-starvation, we have had thrust upon our attention. The first demand of the poor creatures from the island, was always for something to eat. Self-respect gone, half clad and covered with vermin and filth, many of them are too often beyond all reach of medical skill. In one instance the ambulances brought sixteen to the hospital, and during the night seven of them died. Again eighteen were brought, and eleven of them died in twenty-four hours.

At another time twenty-four were admitted, and in a single day ten of them died.

Judging from what we have ourselves seen and do know, we do not hesitate to say that under a treatment of systematized abuse, neglect and semi-starvation, the number who are becoming prematurely broken down in their constitutions, must be reckoned by thousands.

We leave it for others to say what is demanded by this state of things. The Confederate daily papers, in general terms acknowledge the truth of all we have affirmed, but usually close their abusive editorial by declaring that even such treatment is better than the invading Yankees deserve.

The Examiner, in a recent article, begrudged even the little food the prisoners did receive, and sold boxes sent to us from home, and closed by eulogizing the system, and recommended starvation and exposure as well calculated to dispose of us.

All this is true, and yet cold weather is hardly commenced. We are horrified when we picture the wholesale misery and death that will come with the bitter frosts of winter. Recently seven hundred prisoners per day were being removed to Danville. In two instances we were standing in view of them as their ranks filed past. It was a sad sight to see the attenuated forms and pallid faces of men a few months since robust and in vigorous health.

Numbers were without shoes, nearly all without blankets, or overcoats, and not a man did we see who was well and full clad. But to the credit of the prisoners in Richmond, all ranks, be it recorded, that all along they have shown heroic fortitude under suffering, and spurning all idea that their Government had forgotten them. They have held fast their confidence in the final and speedy success of our cause.

In addition to the above statement we want it to be distinctly understood that the Confederate medical officers connected with the hospitals referred to, Surgeons Wilkins, Sammons and Saban, and the post steward, Hallet, are not in any way, so far as our own observation extended, responsible for the state of things existing there, but on the other hand we are bound in justice to bear witness to their kindess and watchful performance of their duties, with the limited means at their disposal.

Signed—Daniel Meeken, Surgeon U. S. N.; C. F. Sinners, Assistant Surgeon 6th regt. Indiana volunteers; J. L. Brown, Assistant Surgeon 116th Ohio Vol. Infantry; A. M. Parker, Assist Surgeon 1st Maine Cavalry.

CLIPPINGS FROM THE REBEL PRESS.

— The morning report of the Libby Prison yesterday shows the following number of Yankee prisoners now in the prisons in and around Richmond: Prisoners of war, 12,742; citizen prisoners, 3; Yankee deserters, 3; negroes, 22. Total, 12,775. Among these are 953 commissioned officers of different grades, from Brigadier General down to Third Lieutenant. There are also eighty-four Surgeons in the lot. Seven hundred of these prisoners were yesterday sent to Danville, and 700 will be sent daily to that point until 4,000 are thus disposed of. It is understood that several thousand will also be sent to Lynchburg.—*Richmond Dispatch Nov.* 14.

—The *Dispatch* of the 20th in referring to one of their schemes says:

The first thing to be done is to stop the issue of more Treasury Notes. Unless this be done all farther action upon the subject is evidently vain, for it is redundancy of currency that has raised prices to their present fabulous height, and that having occasioned depreciation in the first instances, renders its downfall more inevitable as the volume increases.

The circulation is now $650,000,000; the treasury issues $50,000,000 a month. In a year we will have a circulation of $1,250,000,000. A barrel of flour now sells for $50 a barrel, and the price will keep pace with the increase of volume and decrease of value of our currency. In a year a barrel of flour will cost $100. Everything continues to go up in the same ratio, no government on earth can stand such a system. There must be radical reformation, or we are done for. It belongs to Congress to make the reform. It must not shrink from the task, but do it speedily, and do it effectually.

— The *Examiner* of the 23d, announces the discovery of a plot on part of the Yankee prisoners, to raise *en masse* and effect their escape, while a body of cavalry from Williamsburg was to make a raid towards Richmond and aid their escape. It says the guards were doubled and every precaution taken to prevent the execution of the plan.

—The Richmond *Examiner* in face of the fact that our released prisoners are dying in large numbers at Annapolis from the effects of starvation in Richmond, has the impudence to publish the following as the daily bill of fare:

At the Libby, one pound of fresh bread or crackers and a half pound of fresh beef (the fatted cow killed daily for their feasting), varied daily by sweet potatoes and nutritious soup.

This same ration is also served on Belle Isle, and is the identical food that the lying, vindictive, Puritan chaplains stigmatize as putrid and unfit to eat upon every occasion of their return to the North.

—We find the following paragraph in a late number of the Richmond *Dispatch*:

Mrs. Todd, of Kentucky, the mother of Mrs. Lincoln, arrived in this city on the steamer Schultz, Thursday night, having come to City Point on a flag of truce boat. She goes South to visit her daughter, Mrs. Helm, the widow of Surgeon-General Helm, who fell at Chickamauga. Mrs. Todd is about to take up her residence in the South, all her daughters being here, except the wife of Lincoln, who is in Washington, and Mrs. Kellogg, who is at present in Paris.

—There must be a great many Flora McFlinseys in Richmond. A bonnet sold there recently for eight hundred dollars, and other articles of the female toilet are held at equally exhorbitant rates. Poor people, clearly, cannot have much to wear. The following appeared in the Richmond *Dispatch* some days since:

Wanted to sell privately, by a lady who is going out of mourning, an excellent black French merino dress, not soiled. Any one wishing to examine the dress can have it sent to their residence by addressing "Alpha," *Dispatch* office. Price $250.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

—"The mortal remains of Robespierre, Saint Just and Lebas," says the Paris *Patrie,* "have just been discovered by some workmen occupied in digging the foundations of a house at the Batignolles, at the angle of the Rue de Rocher and the old Chemin de Ronde. These men, who played so important a part in the revolution, were buried at the above spot, the cemetery of the Madeline being too full at the period of their death to admit of fresh interments."

—The visit of the Empress Eugenie to Spain has, as is known, been made the subject of divers political speculations. An Italian correspondent notices an explanation of the purport of the visit which was current in Turin, and which is worth mentioning. According to this rumor the object of the Empress was to negotiate with the Queen of Spain for the offer of the Mexican throne to a Bourbon prince of the Spanish branch to be named by Isabella, on condition that Spain pledged herself to aid France in the event of the latter power going to war with Russia on her own account, by a contingent of troops and ships and by sending a Spanish garrison to Rome to replace that now maintained by France.

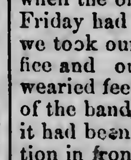
—It is said that the baptism of Prince Napoleon's son is at this moment a great stumbling-block to the Church. The little prince was half baptised immediately after his birth; but it is almost without precedent that the full ceremony of baptism should be postponed longer than six months. The infant is now more than a year old, and the reason given for the extraordinary delay is that Prince Nopoleon will have no other godfather for his son than the King of Italy, who is excommunicated. The Pope making a great point of holding to the excommunication in this case, no bishop in France can be found to fly openly in the face of the Church, and Prince Napoleon, with equal firmness, declares that unless Victor Emanuel holds his infant over the font he shall not be paptised at all.

Reception by Senator and Mrs. Sprague.

From the Prvidence Post, Nov. 21.

The most brilliant party, probably that ever assembled in Rhode Island, were found gathered at the mansion of the mother of Senator Sprague, on Young Orchard street, Friday evening—the occasion being a "reception" given by the Senator and his young and beautiful bride, to their numerous Providence friends, as a fitting second part of the splendid marriage scene which so recently attracted the notice of both political and fashionable circles in the city of Washington, Probably five or six hundred ladies and gentlemen, many of them from very select circles, and embracing the *elite* of our city, were present —the female portion affording a most captivating display of beautiful forms, sweet faces, and magnificent apparel. At 11 o'clock, and while the entertainment (so swiftly had the time passed) seemed yet in its infancy, the company found itself moving through the hall and stairway upward to a room which was nearly half filled by a table of most magnificent proportions and appearance. No such exhibition of taste, skill and abundance, each one was ready to declare, had ever met the vision of mortals; yet the sequel proved that the repast was as real and refreshing as the table decorations were beautiful, and that it had been prepared for substantial men and women, and not for gods and goddesses of another sphere.

An hour, spent in the pleasant exercises which this table display invited, was followed by other hours equally well enjoyed by the large company present; and when the old town clock notifying us that Friday had gone, and Saturday had come, we took our leave and started for our office and our home, there were still unwearied feet upon the floor, and the music of the band was as cheerful and joyous as it had been before. The grand illumination in front of the house had measurably disappeared, but there was still present a large crowd of people, who, equally with those inside, seemed to enjoy the passing hours.



POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st., COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect Insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON, STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA,

th no19-t sept 2 '64 St. Paul.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

E. F. WARNER, Agent.

O. CURTIS, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.—Persons wishing either Fire or Life Insurance, will receive prompt attention by calling on him at his office in Thompson's Block, on Third street, or at the Prairie du Chien Railroad Office on the Levee. He has secured the services of A. L. WHITNEY, of St. Anthony, in both branches of the above business,—a very reliable, efficient business man.

sept17 O. CURTIS.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, FREE FROM TAN, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers." For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey, and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish Price 50 cents. For sale by

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, and

sept19-eow1y N. H. HEMIUP, St. Anthony.

S—T—1860—X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, N. Y. au8-eow1y

HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.

IT IS NOT A DYE,

But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic,* destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty,

promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.

au8-eow d tw&w 1y.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., General Agents,

au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

[Communicated.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!!—A CARD.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County,

oc8-3md&w New York.

Legal Notices.

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss.

Charles A. Edgerton and Apollos C. Edgerton, as the Executors of the last will and testament of Gurden H. Edgerton, deceased, vs. Justus C. Ramsey, Alexander Ramsey and John P. Owens.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$1,363 50, with interest, at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, costs and expenses of sale.

Pursuant to the decretal order of said Court, made in this cause at the June Term, thereof A. D. 1863, the undersigned, a Special Master in Chancery, appointed by said Court, to execute said decretal order, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

SATURDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1864,

At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota:

The following described lands and tenements lying and being in the city of St. Paul, County of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to wit: The undivided one-half of lots number fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), and eighteen (18), in block number twenty-eight (28), in Rice & Irvine's Addition to Saint Paul; also, lot number fourteen (14), in block number twenty-seven, in Rice & Irvine's Addition to Saint Paul, together with all and singular the appurtenances and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

H. E. MANN, Special Mastery in Chancery

W. K. GASTON, Plaintiffs' Solicitor.

St. Paul, Min., Nov. 16, 1863. w no18 6w

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

The undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Probate Court of Ramsey County, Commissioners to receive, examine and audit all claims against the estate of Nicholas Heavey, deceased, hereby give notice that all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are required to present them to said Commissioners within six months from the 18th day of November, 1863, or be forever barred.

The Commissioners will meet on the first Friday of each month at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of E. C. Lambert, Third street, in the city of St. Paul.

Dated November 17th, 1863.

J. Q. A. WARD,
JAS. D. SKINNER,
Commissioners of the estate of
w no18-4w Nicholas Heavey, deceased.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

SAINT PAUL, December 1, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem	
American Gold	40½ per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, Stat Warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Proclamation of the Governor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SAINT PAUL, Nov. 21, 1863.

To aid our soldiers in the field, and to hasten the termination of civil war, the President of the United States has by Proclamation of the 17th October ult., called for 300,000 volunteers to serve for a term not exceeding three years.

Under this call Minnesota will be required to furnish for its quota at least three thousand men.

The Proclamation of the President assures us, that, if this quota is not raised before the 5th day of January next, "the draft shall commence" on that day.

In addition to this, we owe under the late call for 20 per cent. of the first class of enrolled national forces 1,207 men.

The Secretary of War has authorized us to cancel this debt by raising a Regiment of Cavalry, which it is understood shall be employed in the frontier service so long as it shall be necessary to protect us against the incursions of hostile savages.

The slow progress which has been already made in filling this regiment, imperatively necessary for the protection of lives and property on our border, gives faint hope of success in raising the number requisite to avoid a draft.

If in addition to the fact that this regiment is to be used in our own service and to provide for the security of our own families, it is necessary to offer further inducements to enlist, I recommend that the several counties and townships of the State pay such bounties as may be required to secure speedy enlistments in the Second Cavalry Regiment.

It should be a matter of State pride to fill this regiment at an early day.

The bounty offered by Government is $102 for each recruit, and the State authorities will endeavor to have it increased to $302, the amount offered to those enlisting in the old regiments.

Whether this application is successful or not, there should be no delay in supplying a force necessary for the safety and prosperity of our State, to be paid and supported by the National Government.

The present call for 300,000 men is intended especially to fill the ranks of decimated regiments now in the field.

We have in this State about 30,000 men enrolled as State Militia. If the energy and enthusiasm heretofore manifested by the people of this State still live, we can easily furnish the number required from us to end this terrible war, amounting only to one in ten of our State troops.

The bounty offered by the Government is munificent, and sufficient to enable men in any condition of life to devote themselves to the work.

It is not probable that the war will last for two years, and $402 bounty to veterans and $302 to new recruits, besides the regular pay and rations is as much as laboring men can expect to realize in the pursuit of any ordinary branch of industry.

But there are higher motives to induce our people to respond heartily and promptly to the demands of the Government.

Peace can only come as the result of victory over the rebels in arms. We have the power, the men and munitions, to win the victory. The more readily we furnish them, the earlier will be the end of the struggle.

Our regiments now in the field have shed an immortal lustre upon our State. History furnishes no parallel to their heroic achievments, and in whatever portion of the Union a citizen of Minnesota may go, he feels himself surrounded with the glory they have won.

Now, on the very eve of final victory, the patriotic people of this State will not leave them with their thinned ranks, to fight this battle alone.

Such a war "costs treasure and blood," but its speedy and triumphant conclusion "will richly compensate for both."

An effort is being made to have each township in the State credited with the number of men it has heretofore furnished, or may furnish, for the service.

The result will be made public as soon as it is known, by this Department.

The time for action in this matter is very short, and I ask the people of Minnesota to use every influence that patriotism or money can exert, to sustain her proud position, and save her from the impending draft.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State to be affixed, at St. Paul, this 21st day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

L. S.

HENRY A. SWIFT.

WHOLESALE LAMP STORE, next door to **Marvin's Crockery Importing House.**

LAMPS, SHADES. CHIMNEYS, OIL, AND ALL THE ARTICLES BELONGING TO THE TRADE,

Can be found at the Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

An exclusive Lamp and Oil Store to meet the demands of the Wholesale and Retail trade, has long been desirable in St. Paul. Country Merchants can now be supplied at Eastern prices (transportation added.) Call at the Carbon Oil and Lamp Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery House.

☞ Country Merchants are especially invited. Call and see. sept29

TO MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE!

WE ARE OFFERING AT WHOLESALE

3,000 PAIRS MOCCASINS,

1,000 PAIRS **Men's Buffalo Shoes,**

1,000 PAIRS WOMEN'S BUFFALO SHOES,

100 Cases Men's Boots,

Buck Mitts and Gloves,

AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

BOOTS & SHOES.

ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags. Robert-st., first store from Third-st. mar14-tf WEST & CO.

Hardware.

J. B. BRADEN,

Has now received from the Eastern Manufacturers a full and complete assortment of

IRON, Hardware, Nails,

Steel of all kinds, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nuts, Axes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Sleigh Shoes, Thimble Skeins, Carriage Trimmings,

Wagon and Buggy Wood,

Iron Kettles, Coal, Window Glass and Sash, and all other Goods in our line, sold Wholesale and Retail.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

ap17-1y

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

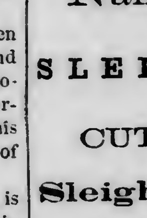
THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.



FAIRBANK'S STANDARD SCALES OF ALL KINDS.

Also, WarehouseTrucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO., 172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dw1y

IRON and STEEL,

HEAVY HARDWARE

ORDER SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES,

Sleigh and Cutter RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO., CHICAGO.

au29 d&wt feb 29

PRINCE & CO'S. IMPROVED MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street......New York
83 Lake street......Chicago

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Henry Tollman & Co......Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn......Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber......St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak......Philadelphia
A. Couse......Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein......New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer......Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail, (at our own expense), our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.
Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29-d&w1y'64

BOOK BINDERY AND Blank Book Manufactory.

The Press Printing Co.

Have in successful operation the largest and most complete Bindery in Minnesota, embracing the latest and most improved machinery. Employing only competent and careful workmen, and using the best material, they hope to continue to give satisfaction to all.

PAPER RULED TO ORDER, AND TO ANY PATTERN,

LEDGERS, DAY BOOKS, JOURNALS, COMMERCIAL AND COUNTY BOOKS, AND BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND, MADE IN THE BEST MANNER.

Old Books Re-Bound

MAGAZINES, PERIODICALS, MUSIC, &c., &c.,

Bound in Any Style Desired,

From the lowest priced work to the highest style of the art.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

[illegible] JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

BRADFORD BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

Nos. 157 and 159 East Water Street,

M I L W A U K E E ,

Are now opening an immense Stock of Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to which they call the attention of the Merchants of the North west—among which we offer the following:

25 Cases M. De Laines,	250 Cases Prints,
25 Bales Twilled Flannels,	200 Bales Shirtings,
20 " Plain colored do.,	50 Bales Fine Shirting,
100 Cases Denims,	24 Bales Satinets, all grades,
75 " Stripes,	10 " Grey Cassimeres,
30 " Ticking,	10 Cases Fancy Cassimeres,
50 " Cotton Flannels,	100 Pieces Alpaccas,
20 " Linseys,	2000 " Cobergs,
3000 lbs. Wool Yarn,	Twine, Wicking,
1000 doz. Wool Socks,	Wadding, Cotton Yarn,
200 Bales assorted Batting,	&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

A FULL LINE OF YANKEE NOTIONS,

WHITE GOODS, RIBBONS, HOODS, SHIRTS and DRAWERS, RIBBED JACKETS, BLANKETS, SAXONY PLAIDS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES and MITTS;

AND

Innumerable other goods pertaining to the Jobbing Dry Goods Business, making an Immense Stock which for EXTENT, ASSORTMENT and CHEAP NESS is unrivalled in the West.

To those wishing to buy at New-York Prices and less, we would solicit an examination of our Stock and Prices. Respectfully,

BRADFORD BROTHERS.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28, 1863. oct6-4m

MILWAUKEE.

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS

ARE OFFERED THE

MOST MANIFEST INDUCEMENTS,

BY THE NEW HOUSE,

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

172 and 174 East Water Street.

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CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

In this city, in connection with their

PAPER MILL, IN ST. ANTHONY,

And desire to call the attention of buyers to their

Immense Stock of

LETTER, NOTE AND CAP PAPER, ENVELOPES, BOOK AND NEWS PRINT, FLAT AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPERS, PRINTERS' AND WRITING INKS AND FLUIDS, PENS, PENCILS, &c., &c.

Agents for

GREENLEAF & TAYLOR'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY

We will sell as low as Eastern Jobbers with Freight added.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR

PAPER RAGS, ROPE, GUNNIES & OLD NEWSPAPERS.

oc22-tf Office No. 220 Third-St., St. Paul, Min.

ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, until further notice, the Trains of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

MORNING.	EVENING.
Leaves St. Paul.....7:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Paul.....3:30 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony.....7:45 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony.....4:15 P. M.
Arrive at Manomin.....8:15 A. M.	Arrive at Manomin.....4:45 P. M.
Leaves Manomin.....8:25 A. M.	Leaves Manomin.....4:55 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony.....9:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony.....5:30 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul.....9:40 A. M.	Arrive at St. Paul.....6:10 P. M.

Wm. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs, &c., &c.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT, 30th edition, containing 80 large pages, and 60 fine plates and engravings, price only 15 cents, on the Improved Treatment of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Sexual Debility, and the effects of Masturbation or Self-Abuse on the Body and Mind, including a Treatise on

VENEREAL DISEASES,

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, and affections of the Testicles, Bladder, and Kidneys, with observations on the DISEASES OF FEMALES, Marriage, Reproduction, and the prevention of Conception, &c. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on receipt of 15 cents or stamps.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohioensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, should let no false delicacy deter them, but apply at once and be cured.

FEMALE DISEASES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases, such as suppressed, or unhealthy Menstruation, Leuchorrhea, Chlorosis, Diseases of the Womb and Os Uteri, &c. Also, Agent for *Dewee's Female Pills*, for obstructed Menstruation, price $1 per box.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations private and confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. afternoons, from 3 to 5. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of **them** in use in **this country** and **Europe.**

These are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available a life time.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Class Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,

jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

SEWING MACHINES,

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-1 jan 1]

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent **Hoist Wheels,** for building, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH USE THE

DANDELION

AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75;

These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one effect, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Duzen's Worm Confections; Van Duzen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,
my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Witfield's Vegetable Pills

Are warranted a certain cure for

Fistula, Blind or Bleeding Piles.

We would caution all who are victims to this distressing complaint to avoid the use of external applications, as they result only in aggravating the difficulty.

DR. WITFIELD'S remedy removes the cause of the disease, and effects a permanent cure.

THIS IS NO QUACK MEDICINE.

These Pills have been tried for the last seven years, and in no instance have they failed to cure.

☞ Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail any address.

J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor,
No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

sept8-3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?—THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The proprietors of the New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine have issued free FOUR of their most interesting Lectures on Marriage and its qualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Loss of Energy and Viral Power.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. sept15 3m

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED IN FOUR WEEKS, BY DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE!—Dr. Ricord (of Paris) at the solicitation of the American public, has appointed an Agent in New York for the sale of his valued and highly prized Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore Manhood to the most shattered constitutions, in four weeks; and, if used according to printed instructions, failure is impossible. This life restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Success, in every case, is certain. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases with full instructions for use, at $3, or four quantities in one for $9 and will be sent to any part, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance to his accredited agent.

PHILIP ROLAND, 447 Grome-st.,
sept15-3m One door west of Broadway, N. Y.

A. F. TRYON & CO.,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

25 HOWARD-ST., N. Y.,

Have on hand for sale, and are constantly manufacturing, an assortment of Pianos of the best materials and workmanship, equal in every respect to any made in this country, which they offer at very moderate prices. Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine. oc13-3m

Dry Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO,

Are now receiving an extensive stock of

Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS,

from

Late Cash Sales in New York

Consisting in part of

MUSLIN DE LAINES,

WOOL PLAIDS,

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

FRENCH REPS,

PARIS SILK STRIPES,

PARAMATTAS,

Alpaccas, Mohair's, &c., &c

Mourning Goods.

LADIES' LONG AND SQUARE

SHAWLS,

In every variety.

Cloakings, Balmoral Skirts,

Kid Padded Hoop Skirts,

Hoods, Scarfs, Sontags.

HOSIERY,

Consisting of English and German Cotton, Woollen and Worsted Hose.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S BALMORAL HOSE.

White and mixed

WRAPPERS & DRAWERS.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

White, red and mixed

FLANNELS.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings,

Denims, Blankets.

ALL COUNTRY MERCHANTS who purchase

FOR CASH,

Should examine our stock before purchasing.

We will not be undersold in this market.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

Sept. 1:1y

NOW READY FOR THE

Fall Trade!

The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS HOUSE

In Minnesota.

CATHCART & CO.

At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,

Have just opened a fresh stock of

American, English, French and German

DRESS GOODS,

Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of

DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery,

Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing,

&c., &c.

A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in

War Times.

sept6-3m **CATHCART & CO**

LADIES' CLOAKS.

Just received, a large lot of

LADIES' CLOAKS

BOTH

SACQUES and CIRCULARS

Which we will

Sell Very Low to Close them Out!

Those wishing to purchase, had better come soon as we intend to sell them so cheap that customers cannot help but buy.

Remember the place,

The Cheap Cash Store of

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

Minnesota.

no11-tf

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Dry Goods.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

DRESS GOODS.—A large line, consisting of French Merinos, All Wool and Union Plaids, Empress Cloths, Plaid Valencias, Muslin de Laines, &c., &c., at very low figures, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

SHAWLS.—We have now on hand a selection of Long and Square Shawls, which the most fastidious can select from. As our prices are always as low as the lowest, we invite inspection on them, at

Hogan & Camp's.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS.—Our stock of these goods is very extensive. We have Seal Skin Beavers, Frosted Beavers, Esquimeaux Beavers, Castor Beavers, Doeskins and Felts, Broadcloths in all colors, at the lowest market prices, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—Having upwards of 500 assorted styles of English, French, and American manufacture for Ladies, Misses and children. We can sell them at a little under the market price, by the single Skirt, or dozen, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

ALL HOUSES HAVE THEIR SPECIALITIES. The above are our's, and we feel that we can at present offer inducements on them that no other House in Minnesota can.

dec2

Hotels.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

BRIGGS HOUSE,

Chicago, - - - Illinois.

F. W. BURNHAM, H. F. WILLARD, } Clerks.

W. F. TUCKER & CO

sept23-3m* Proprietors.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy16-tf

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN **Winslow House,**

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

jan29-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE,

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

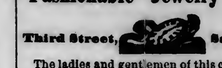
100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186:, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street,  **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Groceries.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

GENERAL DEALER IN

Family Groceries,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

In Moffet's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourt street,

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge. no29-tf

APPLES.

200 bbls. selected

Fall and Winter Apples

AT PUTNAM'S.

Choice White

Winter Wheat Flour,

AT PUTNAM'S.

CHEESE—ONE THOUSAND LBS.

Extra Hamburgh,

oc9-tf AT PUTNAM'S.

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL,
For ——.

jan1-d1y

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND

PRODUCE DEALERS,

SIBLEY STREET,.....NEAR LEVEE

oc16-1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS.

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS,

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - - Illinois.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agen wanted everywhere. mr7-d&wy

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods,

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.

ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

1864. 1864. 1864.

Winter Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.

PASSENGER LINE.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Reed's, Wabashaw, Minneiska, Winona, and La Crosse, at 6½ o'clock A. M.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Suenr, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 7 A. M.

For Sank Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Mondays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Little Canada, Columbus, Sunrise City—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

ap21-d1y Proprietors.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., A cents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 60 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of

dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 5,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.

je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

A. L. LARPENTEUR.

mar6

THE CITY.

Thermometrical Record.

KEPT BY DAY & JENKS, DRUGGISTS, CORNER OF THIRD AND CEDAR STREETS.

NOVEMBER.	7:30 A. M.	1 P. M.	6 P. M.
6 Friday	30	44	47
7 Saturday	27	40	36
8 Sunday	26	34	30
9 Monday	21	34	28
10 Tuesday	29	48	41
11 Wednesday	38	56	47
12 Thursday	41	53	44
13 Friday	39	48	42
14 Saturday	38	45	42
15 Sunday	32	41	35
16 Monday	33	50	40
17 Tuesday	30	51	47
18 Wednesday	32	51	44
19 Thursday	36	38	34
20 Friday	26	41	40
21 Saturday	20	31	30
22 Sunday	17	32	28
23 Monday	21	33	28
24 Tuesday	22	32	26
25 Wednesday	22	28	24
26 Thursday	23	35	28
27 Friday	16	18	15
28 Saturday	zero	10	5
29 Sunday	1*	16	10
30 Monday	15	28	25
DECEMBER.			
1 Tuesday	25	41	37

* Below zero.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

A Veto Message from The Mayor, Returning the Superior Railroad Resolutions.

THEY ARE PASSED OVER HIS VETO.

[The Message is crowded out of this issue, but will appear to-morrow.]

The City Council met yesterday in regular session. Present, Ald. Paine, Livingston, Thompson, Steele, Peckham, King, Reed, Fink, Eddy, Gross, Betz, Putnam and Murray.

VETO MESSAGE.

A Message was read by the Chair from Mayor Warren vetoing the railroad resolutions passed two week since.

The resolutions were taken up and re-considered. The question being on their final passage.—

Ald. Thompson asked if any amendments were in order at this stage of the proceedings?

The chair thought not.

Ald. Thompson said he believed he could offer an amendment that would ensure an unanimous vote in favor of the act. He believed that if the amount were made $150,000 it would pass without opposition. At the present sum, though, he thought the people would vote it down. He mentioned the city of Camden, N. J., which was completely bankrupt on account of loans made to railroads.

Ald. Peckham said that this admission sustained the idea that *some* loan was necessary to start the matter successfully. That was just what the friends of the measure claimed.

Ald. Paine said the sum proposed by Mr. Thompson was too small. The city of Leavenworth had just voted $100,000 to a railroad. The passage of these resolutions would encourage the endowment of the road by Congress, with a Land Grant.

Ald. Reed said he felt that the whole thing was a swindle.

Ald. Peckham called him to order. He should not use such language.

Ald. Reed explained. He had not intended to call his fellow members swindlers, but thought they had been badly imposed on by others. The directors of this road would never build it. They would lay back and insist on being bought off by others with a bonus.

The question was then put, and passed by the original vote, except that Ald. Wright was absent.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

The report of the Actuary for the relief of Volunteers' families, reported that 242 families were relieved in the month of November, at an expense of $910. The Relief Fund being exhausted, the Council ordered an issue of three bonds for $1,000 each, to be negotiated by the Committee on Ways and Means.

The receipts from Bridge toll for September were $721.55 and for November, $1053.00.

The receipts from rents of Market stalls for the month of November were $27.

THE FUEL QUESTION.

The Wood Measurer reports having measured 695 cords of wood during the past month.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The election of Officers of the Fire Department was confirmed.

A petition was received for the widening of of the door of Minne-ha-ha Engine House. Referred to the Committee on Fire Department, with power to act.

THE WATER WORKS.

The Committee on Public Cisterns reported that H. M. Rice was willing to sell the right of using the water from springs in Rice & Irvine's Addi...

The Council refused to give any such sum, declaring they would quit the use of cisterns first.

THE SMALL SCRIP NUISANCE.

Ald. Paine moved to issue $3,000 in 1s, 2s, 3s, and 5s of City orders, to take up the small scrip now afloat. The resolution was not carried.

OPENING OF SAINT PETER STREET.

One of the commissioners appointed some weeks since to open Saint Peter street having been sick, and two others out of town, the commission was broken up. The council thereupon yesterday elected another set:

Messrs. G. L. Otis, J. P. Kidder, D. W. Ingersoll, C. D. Strong and H. M. Dodge.

ELECTION ON THE $250,000 LOAN.

The city clerk was directed to give notice that an election for the ratification or rejection of the Superior Railroad Loan would be held on December 15th.

THE NUGENT FAMILY.—Mrs. Nugent, an angelic creature weighing about 200 pounds avordupois, was before Esq. Gibbs yesterday on charge of beating her husband. She had pounded him quite badly, and given him a shocking black eye. He accused her of the first blow, and she swore positively that he had begun the fight. After a protracted examination, Esq. Gibbs was unable to get at the truth of the matter, and discharged them both. The Nugent family have been before the Police Court several times. Madame N. applied a short time since for a divorce from her husband, on grounds of his impotency, the details of which she narrated with great emphasis and in a most brazen manner. His Honor declared he was unable to give her the relief sought for—she must apply elsewhere.

CROSSING THE ICE AT LA CROSSE.—The La Crosse *Republican* of Saturday, gives the following:

PRIMITIVE NAVIGATION.—Steam vessels have been obliged to take refuge in winter quarters, and leave the navigation of the Mississippi to small oar-propelling crafts. The passengers for Minnesota are conveyed across the channel of the river to Barron's Island, and take the uncomfortable risk of a walk on the new ice on the other side of the channel.

To the Memory of Leonard Wright

BY WM. H.

He lay upon the bed of pain, and breathed
In the embrace of that disease he oft
Had mentioned, as, that might his message be
Unto the spirit-land: as tho' e'en yet
So young, some ministering spirit had
Been sent to tell him he was heir of the
Salvation promised, and a place within
The mansion was preparing, unto which
His Father soon would call him to put on
The robes of white, and take a seat at His
Right hand.

The loved ones gather silent round
Him: "Father, why don't you ask me if I'm afraid
To die?" "Are you my son, afraid to die?"
"Oh! no; I'm going over into heaven;"
Seal on my forehead that I do accept
As God doth give His mercy and His grace,
"Baptize me in my Savior's name,"

"Beloved
Ones, father, mother, brother, sister,—all;
Good-bye."

He lingered but till morn; the soul
Is gone to take its place, a star around
The Sun of Righteousness, the firmament,
His Father's love.

We miss at home, at school,
His loving, joyous face, but, his is joy
Eternal and complete; then wherefore weep
So for the dead: the rather weep we for
Ourselves the living, we whose life must judge
Our death, and our reward beyond.

METEOROLOGICAL NOTES FOR NOVEMBER, 1863.—A pleasanter month of its name is not often passed in this State. Excepting the extreme cold of the night of the 28th, the temperature was unusually equable, and although there was a large amount of cloudiness, it was attended with very little precipitation of rain or snow. In fact the predominant feature which has marked the year, was continued in this month—the almost total absence of moisture in any shape.

The year in this respect will present a remarkable contrast with any of its predecessors, of which we have a record. The range of the month will be noted as extraordinary—from 55° on the 12th to *15° on the night of the 28th.

The last boat departed on the evening of the 24th, and the river finally closed on the night of the 27th.

The observations of the thermometer at 7 A. M., and 2 and 9 P. M., yielded the following results:

Maximum of the month, (12th)	55°
Minimum " " (28th)	*15°
Highest daily mean (12th)	44°
Lowest " " (24th)	*2°
Greatest daily range, (16th)	28°
Least " " (27th)	3°
Range of the month	70°
Mean temperature of the month	30°06
Mean cloudiness of the month	5.9
Mean force of the wind	2.1

Rain fell on one day only, and snow on two, yielding in all .29 of an inch of water. Fair weather prevailed equal to about fourteen days. The winds were almost exclusively from points between N. W. and S. W.

COMPARISONS WITH FORMER YEARS.

Mean temperature of Nov.,	1859	33.13
" " "	1860	29.23
" " "	1861	30.03
" " "	1862	28.66
" " "	1863	30.06
Deposit of moisture "	1859 (inches)	2.01
" " "	1860	.52
" " "	1861	2.51
" " "	1862	.59
" " "	1863	.29
		inches.
Am't of rain and melted snow 11 mo's,	1862,	28.25
" " " "	1863,	14.49
Difference		13.76

ST. PAUL, Dec. 1, 1863. P.

* Below zero.

THE ST. PAUL MUSICAL SOCIETY.—We wish to call the attention of the public to an institution worth patronizing. We mean the St. Paul Musical Society, Charles Schefler, President.

The Society consists of all the first class musicians and amateurs in the city and surrounding country as active members, and our most prominent business men as Honorary members. The society will give their first concert on December 29th. We are informed that Messrs. Charles Scheffer, Gustave Hanke and Conrad Zenzius, are a committee to solicitate subscriptions for Honorary members. Terms to become Honorary members, are put to such a low figure as to enable almost every one to subscribe as such, and be thus enabled to enjoy good concerts at small expense. An honorary ticket admits one all the season free.

DEMAND FOR THE WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, FOR PRESENTS.—The beauty and efficiency of the Wheeler & Wilson machines have always made them a great favorite for *presenting* purposes. We trust that this hint will be acted upon, especially as purchasing gifts is now particularly in season. Certainly, for Christmas presents, holiday gifts, bridal presents, or presents to any lady, there could be nothing more exquisite, appropriate, and acceptable than one of these inimitable machines; and we advise our readers, therefore, to visit F. M. Johnson's Agency in Greenleaf's Block, without delay, and make their selections.

THE SKATING SEASON.—There is pretty fair skating on the river near the railroad depot, and a number of ladies and gentlemen were out yesterday, making a gay scene. The sun melted the surface a little, and a slight freeze will render the skating quite good.

There is a general regret that some step had not been taken before winter set in, to have a skating park made. Another season should not pass without such an institution being inaugurated. It could be lit with lamps, and thus made available in a dark night as well as on moonlight nights.

THE AMATEUR CONCERT.—Be sure you select your seat in time for the Amateur Concert to-morrow night. The seats are being taken fast.

We slipped in at rehearsal last night, and were surprised at the excellent manner the pieces were performed. We can assure our readers that a rich treat awaits the public. The programme is a very fine one.

THROUGH BY CHRISTMAS.—We rejoice to hear that the contractors on the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad have succeeded in employing a sufficient force to put the road through to Anoka by Christmas.

We therefore give our friend "J. B.," of Anoka, warning that we will eat that turkey with him on Christmas!

UNUSUAL MORTALITY.—Six funerals passed out Wabashaw street yesterday, to the various cemeteries. A person residing at the head of that street informs us that this is the largest number ever known in one day.

THE weather was remarkably mild and bright yesterday. It was was a real Indian summer day.

TUTTLE'S new Gallery is the popular place to go just now for cartes de visite and fine photographs. It is so convenient, being on the ground floor. Tuttle makes an elegant carte de visite free for every one buying an Album from him. This gives you an Album at about half price.

THEFT.—A man named McCluskey was detected by Mr. Shaw in stealing a cap from his store on Monday evening, and given into custody of the police. Esquire Gibbs fined him $10 and costs yesterday, which he paid. His actions and speech were very strange, and it is thought he is demented.

AWARD OF BIDS.—The proposals for keeping 600 cavalry horses during the winter, was opened yesterday by Capt. Carling. The contract was awarded to Messrs. Eastman of Minneapolis, and Judd of Faribault, at $9.97 per month for each horse.

FRESH BEEF FOR THE ARMY.—We call attention to the advertisment of Capt Benham, inviting proposals for supplying fresh beef for the army.

CALL FOR THE BEST.—When you purchase an article that is cheap, of which but little is used, always call for the best, for the difference in cost between that and an inferior article will be insignificant. Call for De Land's Chemical Saleratus, and having once procured it, you will call for no other. The grocers all have it, or should.

River and Steamboat News.

From the Dubuque Times of Thursday.

RIVER NEWS.—The steamer Flora arrived from Pr. Rie du Chien yesterday afternoon and put into the Waples' Cut, where she will remain until spring, with the Key City, War Eagle, Ocean Wave, Sigel, Durand and Pearl, all of which belong to the Northwestern Packet Company. The expenditures in our city alone during the winter, for the repairing of these steamers will amount to about $30,000. Not a bad thing for our merchants and mechanics.

Of the remaining steamers of this line, the Northern Light and Itasca will winter at Le Claire, and the Clara Eames at St. Louis.

LOCAL NOTICES.

ATTENTION, PIONEER HOOK & LADDER CO. NO. 1.—The members of the Company are hereby notified to attend a regular meeting of the Company, to be held this evening at 7 o'clock, at the Truck House. By order of the Foreman. F. JANSEN, Secretary.

DAVENPORT'S GOT A LOT OF NEW BOOKS.—My Farm of Edgewood, by the author of Reveries of a Bachelor. Hannah Thurston, by Margaret Taylor. Wayside Inn and Other Poems, by Henry W. Longfellow. Letters to the Jonses, by Timothy Titcomb. Sioux War, by Heard. Wi'd Man of the West. Old Merchants' 24 series. Our Old Home, by Hawthorne.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. dec2 d&w3m

SUNDAY SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.—The Sunday School of the Universalist Society in St. Anthony, will give an entertainment in the vestry of their church, on Wednesday evening, December 2d. The object is to replenish their Library. The public are respectfully invited to attend. 2t

BANK NOTICE.—The Banks of this city give notice that the hours for transaction of business during the winter, will be from nine A. M. to three P. M.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
WILLIUS BROS. & DUNBAR,
PARKER PAINE,
BORUP & OAKES,
MARINE BANK,
BERRY, DAWSON & CO.,
no29-1w E. S. EDGERTON.

WE WILL DO IT.—In order to sell off and reduce our extensive stock of CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, we offer our whole stock at from 10 to 25 per cent. less than our regular price. We think it safe to say that those purchasing of us will get Goods about the wholesale price. We offer these inducements to the people rather than to Merchants. OUR LOWEST PRICE WILL BE STATED AT ONCE. A call from those in want of any article in our line is respectfully solicited.
no21-tf W. H. TEMPLE, Third-st.

G. B SALMON, Agent, Madison Mutual Insurance Company, for the counties of Ramsey, Washington, Dakota, and Scott. Office in Parker Paine's Bank, St. Paul. no25 jan5d&w

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN, is the best Company for Western men to insure in.

It is made up of and managed by Western men, and is thus having its risks all reside in this the healthiest part of the Union. It is believed that its rate of mortality will be lower than that of the Eastern Companies, in the future as it has been in the past.

The Company is now in its fifth year of business, and has proven an entire success, having issued over four thousand policies, and accumulated in reserve premiums two hundred thousand dollars. It started without guarantee capital, and experience has proven that none was necessary.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the same general basis as that of the most successful Eastern Companies, with the advantage of having the experience of the older ones as its guide.

There are now a large number of members of the Company in St. Paul and vicinity, among whom are some of our best business men.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY,
Thompson's Block, Third street, St. Paul.
O. CURTIS, Manager.
S. P. SNYDER, Agent, Minneapolis.

Either of the above named gentlemen will be happy to give information to members or others desiring, in regard to the Company, and assist in making applications for Policies. no8-3m

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1—1 P. M.

Stocks inactive and lower.
Money 6@7 per cent.
Sterling dull at 63@64.
Gold 48¾.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 1—6 P. M.

Gold firmer—opening at 48, declining to 49¾, and closing steady at 47¾.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1—1 P. M.

Flour quiet and unchanged.
GRAIN—Wheat a shade lower and quiet. Corn quiet. Oats opened firmer and closed heavy.

CIGARS.
All grades from Common to Choice. For sale by,
no29-d4w J. I. BEAUMONT.

400 BARRELS GOOD WINTER APPLES. For sale by
GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
no29-tf Cor. Jackson and 4th sts.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.
We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.
No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.
☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.
BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
ml1-1y.

DESIRABLE LANDS FOR SALE.
Lands in the valley of the Upper Mississippi, and adjacent to the line of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad.
The St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company now offer in tracts of 40, 80, 120 and 160 acres and upwards—120 sections, or 76,800 acres of land, in the following townships, viz:

Town.	32,	Range	22.
"	33,	"	22.
"	32,	"	23.
"	33,	"	23.
"	32,	"	24.
"	33,	"	24.
"	34,	"	24.
"	35,	"	24.
"	33,	"	25.
"	34,	"	25.
"	35,	"	25.
"	34,	"	26.
"	35,	"	26.

These lands are situated in the counties of Anoka, Isanti and Sherburne, and comprise some of the most valuable lands in the townships named.
They will be sold for cash, the bonds of Company at par, or on long credit.
For prices and terms of payment apply to
LAND COMMISSIONER,
St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company,
oc27-d&w6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

CHICAGO BREWERY.
LILL & DIVERSY
BREWERS OF
LILL'S STOCK
AND
Cream Pale Ale,
LAGER BEER,
PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.
FOR SALE BY
WM. CONSTANS,
oc21-3m AGENT, ST. PAUL.

OLD RYE AND BOURBON
WHISKEYS,
VERY OLD AND PURE.
Old Queens Port Wine,
AND
OLD BLACKBURN MADEIRA WINE,
FOR
Medicinal Purposes,
ALSO
Hungarian and Rhine Wines,
AND CALIFORNIA WINES,
Together with a general assortment of
Foreign & Domestic Liquors
J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,
Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,
my19 Sibley Block.

J. Mc CLOUD, JR.
Commercial Broker,
No. 163 Third Street, (Catholic Block.)
Will buy and sell
REAL ESTATE, AND MERCHANDISE
Of all kinds on Commission,
LOAN MONEY, MAKE COLLECTIONS, PAY TAXES, &C., &C.
☞ Commissions solicited and promptly attended to. no 29-3m

OYSTERS—OYSTERS.
The undersigned are now and have been for the past TEN YEARS, the only Agents in Minnesota for
MALTBY'S CELEBRATED BALTIMORE
OYSTERS.
We GUARANTEE to the public that these Oysters are superior to any others brought to this market. The cans are larger, and are filled with Oysters.
☞ A large supply constantly on hand.
Orders from any part of the State promptly attended to.
Depot 216 Third Street, St. Paul.
no26-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.
F. O. WILDER, & CO.,
Dealers in Piano-Fortes, Melodeons, Harmoniums, Cabinet Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c., &c., No. 230 Third-st., corner of St. Peter-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.
Agents for the celebrated
A. M. McPhail & Co's
STAR AND GRAND SCALE PIANOS.
Also, the Parlor Gem.
Mr. Wilder is a Piano Maker, and has been in the business over 20 years, and will sell nothing but first-class instruments. Every instrument will be warranted, and all Pianos sold by the firm will be kept in tune one year free of charge, if within a reasonable distance.
☞ Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired. Lesson given on the Piano and Melodeon.
no26-d&w1y

ESTABLISHED 1760.
Peter Lorillard,
Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,
16 and 18 Chambers-St.,
(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)
Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:
BROWN SNUFF.
Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen
YELLOW SNUFF.
Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.
☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, which will be found of a superior quality.
TOBACCO.
FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.
SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 Mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.
N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE,
Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.
TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

BOB SLED SHOES, $3.00 PER SETT.
Don't pay $4.00 a sett for them, when you can get them for $3.00 a sett at the Pioneer Foundry.
no29-d&w1mo GILMAN & CO.

1863. 1864.
FALL AND WINTER SALES.
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Invite the attention of Country Merchants and Inland Jobbers to the large and complete stock which they now offer to their inspection, and invite a comparison with other stocks here, for
EXTENT, VARIETY & CHEAPNESS.
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
are prepared to offer DECIDED INDUCEMENTS to cash buyers. Call and see.
Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have now in store the largest and most attractive stock of GROCERIES west of Chicago. An inspection and comparison of stocks will satisfy you that "these things are so." For sale to the trade only.
Cooley, Carver & Co.
Offer to the trade a stock of LIQUORS, complete in all its appointments, and the
LARGEST IN THE STATE.
We mean it.
Cooley, Carver & Co.
Are sole proprietors of the unrivalled "Clover Leaf" Bourbon, and "Connoisseurs' Favorite" Rye Whiskeys. These goods
Cannot be Excelled.
Try them.
Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have just received an Invoice, including—
SCOTCH WHISKEY, (Ramsay's genuine.)
IRISH WHISKEY, (Mehan's genuine.)
ST. CROIX RUM, (very choice.)
TULIP GIN, (the finest imp'ted.)
BRANDIES, "United Proprietors."
BRANDIES, "Otard, Du Pay & Co."
SHERRY WINES, (Harmony Brand.)
These Goods are direct from CUSTOM HOUSE and we GUARANTY THEIR PURITY. Try them
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
HAVE PEACH BRANDY,
APPLE DO.,
CHERRY DO.,
GINGER DO.,
BLACKBERRY DO.,
RASPBERRY DO.,
These Brandies are *DISTILLED FROM THE FRUIT*, and are very fine.
MEDFORD RUM, (it is very fine.)
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have 500 cases FRESH FRUITS, including—
PEACHES,
STRAWBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
PINE APPLE, &c., &c.,
All of established brand, and warranted the best.
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have
200,000 Segars,
ASSORTED AND FAVORITE BRANDS.
We Cannot be Undersold.
no24

CLOTHING AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AT THE STORE OF
W. H. TEMPLE,
THIRD ABOVE MINNESOTA ST.
Overcoats.
FINE BREAVER.....$14, $18 and $25.
BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERE AND CLOTH.....$14 to $20.
PETERSHAM, PILOT & SATINET..$8 to $18.
Business Coats, Frocks & Sacks
A large assortment, $6 to $20.
Pantaloons for the Million.
From a coarse Satinet to a fine Doeskin, all new goods, and made up in style.
VESTS.
Black Doeskin, Cloth, Figured Cassimere, Silk and Silk Velvet, of different grades.
Shirts and Drawers,
Winter Caps, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties,
FINE WHITE AND FANCY WOOL SHIRTS.
We have now in store one of the largest stocks of Clothing in the State. Our goods have been bought so that we can give bargains. Those in want of any article in our line would do well to give us a call.
my30-tf W. H. TEMPLE.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.
F. W. TUCHELT,
my6-1v Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

500 VOLUNTEERS WANTED
For the 5th Regiment Minnesota Infantry Volunteers.
$402 Bounty will be paid to veterans.
$302 " to new recruits, rations, clothing, and $13 per month.
Apply to Lieut. Col. WILLIAM B. GERE, at recruiting rendezvous, McKubin's block, Third street, St. Paul; Capt. E. A. RICE, Faribault, or Capt. T. J. SHEEHAN, Albert Lea, Recruiting Officers.

EXPRESS NOTICE.
We are now running Messengers to
ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.30 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

Miscellaneous.

GO TO
PUTNAM'S
FOR
FRESH CANNED
RASPBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, PEACHES, PINE APPLES, TOMATOES, CHERRIES
NEW DRIED
BLACKBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, CHERRIES, PEACHES, APPLES, RAISINS, CITRON,
CURRANTS, SAGO, FARINA, TAPIOCA AND HOMONY.
Stuart's White Drip, Extra Honey, Golden, Amber and Sugar House Syrups.
New Sugar Cured Dried Beef, and Pine Apple Cheese, and a complete and desirable stock of Fresh
Groceries & Provisions.
S. K. PUTNAM,
near the Post Office.
CIDER.
100 bbls. pure Juice of the Apple, at PUTNAM'S.
GRAPES.
25 boxes Isabellas and Catawbas, at PUTNAM'S
APPLES.
400 barrels Winter, at PUTNAM'S. no4

ONE MORE CHANCE.
JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,
ANOTHER LOT OF
CLOAKS,
200 SACQUES and CIRCULARS,
HANDSOME & BEAUTIFUL,
The Cheapest in the State.
1000 Pairs Blankets,
AND AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
DRY GOODS!
Of Every Kind, Quality and Description,
AT
ELFELT'S.
no12

146.
THIRD STREET.
HOODS, SONTAGS & NUBIAS,
BALMORAL
AND
HOOP SKIRTS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
L. C. BURT,
146
THIRD STREET.
oc20-1y

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
Third St., between Cedar and Wabashaw,
M. C. TUTTLE.
Has just opened a New Gallery on the ground floor, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. His stock and apparatus are new, and have all the latest improvements.
☞ ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TAKING CHILDREN'S PICTURES.
Pictures from Locket Size to Life Size, in the
Finest Style.
☞ *Photograph Albums furnished as cheap as any other House, and a Carte de Visite taken gratis!* no24-tf

CARPETS.
STRONG'S CARPET HALL,
225 Third-St., Rogers' Block,
where will be found a large assortment of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,
CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &c.
New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

SKATES.
WILLIAMS, MORSE & CO.'S CELEBRATED CAST STEEL
NEW YORK CLUB SKATE,
CENTRAL PARK SKATE,
LADIES' SKATES, BOY'S SKATES,
And the Patent Buckle for Skate Straps at
no22-tf CHERITREE & FARWELL'S.

TO RENT.
Rooms on the Second Floor, over our Auction Store. We will pay the highest prices in cash for all kinds of second-hand goods. Auction Sales every evening; special sales at 10 A. M. Outside sales promptly attended to—on Third street, second door from the Merchants Hotel.
H. E. BAKER & CO.,
no20 Auctioneers.

WANTED,
Spikers and Laborers on the construction work of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. Liberal wages will be paid. Payments made weekly. Apply to F. R. Delano, Assistant Superintendent, at Freight Depot, St. Paul, or John Murphy, Foreman, Mauomin.
oc30-tf W. B. LITCHFIELD & CO.

100 BARRELS CIDER,
Just received on consignment and for sale low.
oc25-tf J. G. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

40 BUSHELS CHOICE RIPE ONIONS.
Just received by A. H. WIMBISH,
no75 Jackson Street.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS
CLOTHING! CLOTHING
IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF
Ready-Made Clothing
AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods
BLOOMINGDALE & RHINE,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
Are now opening a BRANCH of their large establishment, where will be found the
LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING,
Hats, Woollen Shirts,
Drawers, &c., in Minnesota,
All of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at
NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA PRICES.
☞ Buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
NO. 213 THIRD-ST., OPPOSITE THE NORTH-WESTERN EXPRESS OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.
sept4-3md&w

BENJAMIN S. BULL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Harrison's Stone Block, Minneapolis, Min.,
Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the above named goods, either at
Wholesale or Retail.
Orders solicited. no11-6md&w

HORSE BLANKETS,
SKATES
AND
SLEIGH BELLS.
Large assortment just received and for sale low at the Saddlery Warehouse of
C. PROAL,
oc29 Corner of Third and Robert-sts.

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS,
161 Third Street,
St. Paul, Minnesota.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER
$6,500,000.
Fire, Life and Marine Policies,
Issued in the following
First-Class Companies:
LORILLARD FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $675,000.
METROPOLITAN INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $515,000.
NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $314,000.
HOME INSURANCE CO., New Haven, Ct., Cash Capital and Surplus $250,000.
PHENIX (Marine) INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $376,000.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Newark, Total Accumulation $4,450,000.
☞ All losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid at this office. No charge for stamps.
M. P. NICHOLS,
no10-1y Agent.

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
100 Barrels
CARBON OIL.
CHAS. A. UPHAM & CO.,
No. 4, Prince's Block, Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.
no10-1y

BEAUPRE & KELLY,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
AND
Wholesale Grocers,
Prince's Block, Jackson-st., St. Paul.
FREIGHT AGENTS FOR
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien R.R.
LAFLIN, SMITH & CO.'S
GUNPOWDER.
St Paul, October 13, 1863. oc13-6m

FURNITURE.
S. L. BAILEY & CO.,
Are now prepared to offer an entire new stock of
Furniture,
Consisting of
Wardrobes, Sideboards, Bureaus, Bedsteads Wash Stands, Breakfast, Desert, Dining and Extension Tables, Lounges, Cribs, Walnut cane-seat Chairs, flag and wood-seat Sofas, Tetes-a-Tetes, Easy and Parlor Chairs, Marble-Top Tables, Hall Stands, What-Nots, Card Tables, Gilt and Rose Wood Mouldings, Varnish and innumerable other goods belonging to the
FURNITURE BUSINESS.
To those wishing to buy for cash, we would solicit an examination of our stock and prices.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
WARE-ROOMS THIRD-ST., NEAR THE CHURCH.
Respectfully,
no19-1m S. L. BAILEY & CO.

UNITED STATES NAVY.
MEN WANTED
FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY, TO SERVE IN THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.
Good pay and prize money given.
Recruits will be shipped for one, two, or three years, or during the war.
The following are the rates of pay per month:

Yeoman, from $15 to	$30	Mates,	$40
Armorer,	25	Boatswain's Mate,	25
Gunner's Mate,	25	Carpenters,	25
Sail Makers,	20	Armorer Mate,	20
Master-at-Arms,	25	Quartermaster,	25
Fireman, (1st class).	30	Coal Heavers,	25
Seaman,	18	Ordinary Seaman,	18
Ship's Corporal,	24	Coxswain,	24

The fact that men may enlist for one year with good quarters on ship board, good pay and prize money, which has thus far amounted to more than the bounty paid for the army recruits.
Each recruit for one year will receive the following articles of clothing.
One pea jacket.
One pair blue cloth trousers.
One blue flannel overshirt.
Two under flannel shirts.
Two pairs of flannel drawers.
One mattrass.
Two blankets.
One seamless cap.
One black silk handkerchief.
All of navy pattern.
Apply at the United States Naval Rendezvous, over LANGLEY & TEMPLE'S AUCTION STORE, Third street, St. Paul.
A. WILLARD CREED,
no25-2m Recruiting Agent U. S. Navy.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1863. NUMBER 302.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, DEC. 3.

THE NEWS.

Up to Monday night the Army of the Potomac had had no general engagement. The usual skirmishing and cannonading is continued, but the latest intelligence intimates that Meade will fall back to Fredericksburg for supplies, and the campaign will end without an engagement. It is claimed that Meade will have accomplished the object of his late movements, but understanding the object to be the defeat of the rebels, we fail to see the great success achieved. According to one correspondent a battle was commenced on Monday morning, but just as a grand assault was about to take place, it was found that the enemy was too strong and the attack was postponed. The rebels are several miles in front of Orange Court House.

DISPATCHES from Burnside dated the 25th ult., have reached Washington. Longstreet attacked him that day with three brigades, three miles from Knoxville on the south side of the river, but was repulsed. Later reports say he is retreating towards Virginia. The rebel Wheeler, noted for guerrilla warfare, was defeated at Kingston, last week.

OUR Chattanooga victory increases with age. We have 7,000 prisoners, and Bragg is said to be making his way southward. That the rebels should cut off the heads of our prisoners and place them upon stumps and poles, is perfectly natural. We should expect just such deeds would be enacted by the fiendish devils.

THE President is suffering from an attack of varioloid.

MORGAN's arrival in Canada is doubtful. If he is there at all it is thought he is in Windsor with Vallandigham.

GEN. BANKS telegraphs the President that he has captured Brazos Island, Point Isabell and Brownsville.

GOLD advanced one cent and one-eighth yesterday, opening at 49 1-2, declining to 48, and closing at 48 1-2.

THE QUOTAS—HOW APPORTIONED.

We take great pleasure in being able this morning to satisfy, in some degree, the general desire felt throughout the State, for reliable official information in respect to the quotas for which the several counties will be liable under the draft which is to take place on January 5th next, unless sooner furnished by volunteering. These quotas, as far as they can now be ascertained, are given elsewhere in a table furnished from the office of the Adjutant General of the State.

These quotas, it will be seen from the remarks which accompany them, are made up on the principle of crediting each town or ward for any excess it may have furnished under previous calls and of debiting each town or ward with any deficiency in the numbers furnished by it under previous calls. It will be seen that under the operation of this rule *Ramsey county owes only* 84 *men* under the calls yet unfilled, while Winona county, for example, is liable for 537 men. But here the reader, unless he gives a careful reading to Mr. Sewall's communication, is liable to fall into serious error.

Let it be distinctly understood then, that under the instructions of the Government to the Provost Marshal, or rather under the decision of the Governor of the State, whose choice of methods is made imperative upon the Provost Marshal by the orders of the Department, the *quotas are apportioned, not by counties, but by towns.*

EACH TOWN IS LIABLE FOR ITS WHOLE DEFICIENCY UNDER PREVIOUS CALLS, *added to its quota under the pending calls.* Do you understand that, Copperhead townships of Scott county that haven't furnished a man since the beginning of the war? Do you understand that, Copperhead wards that haven't furnished ten per cent. of your proper quota? Under this rule, also, be it observed that no town or ward will be exempt from liability for its whole deficiency under previous calls, or from its full quota under those now pending, because the county as a whole may have filled, or in case it shall fill, its quota.

Thus, Ramsey County may, when the rolls of enlistment of Hatch's Battalion are examined, turn out to have filled its quota, if the quotas were apportioned by counties; but if it were found, for example, that the Second Ward was deficient one hundred under previous calls, and that the Third Ward had furnished an excess of one hundred, the delinquent Copperhead Ward would derive no benefit from the overflowing patriotism of the Union ward, but would be compelled to make up for its past deficiencies. and furnish its present full quota besides. If they are not furnished by voluntary enlistments, they will be furnished by draft.

The draft machine is bound to mow these outrageous disparities in the relative contributions of different localities to the Union cause—down to the dead level of justice and equality; bound to equalize the proportion of men furnished by loyal and disloyal, or by zealous and indifferent, neighborhoods. And

The mower mows on, though the adder may writhe,
And the Copperhead curl round the blade of the scythe.

The rule is not only demanded by every principle of justice and right, but it is an absolute necessity. Townships containing patriotic populations have been almost depopulated by their lavish contributions to the national armies, while alongside of these are townships which have never given a man, and, if they could avoid, it never would. It is time that they began to have their share of the general burden.

THE $250,000 BONUS.

The opinion expressed by Alderman Thompson, one of the four members of the City Council, who opposed the city bonus resolution, that the adoption of his amendment reducing the amount of the bonus to $150,000 would secure an unanimous passage of the measure—is worthy of remark, as showing that the principle of the measure is unanimously conceded by our business men.

After a fair and full deliberation during weeks of discussion, they all join with us in the conclusion that a railroad direct from St. Paul to the head of the Lake, is indispensable to the interests of the city, and that the granting of a bonus upon its completion is indispensable to the successful initiation of the enterprise. We must have a nest-egg—a nucleus—a fœtal germ which shall gather round itself the aggregation of interests and influences to which the road must owe its construction.

All our intelligent citizens whose interests are here are agreed as to its necessity, not only as a substantial inducement to the building of the road, but as an evidence to Congress, from which a land grant is to be sought, and to capitalists, from whom material aid is required, of the importance which the people of St. Paul attach to the enterprise, and of their entire faith in its financial merits.

And everybody knows that above and beyond all this the city bonus is of inestimable importance, because, as a necessary effect of *financial, in addition* to commercial considerations, it definitively fixes St. Paul as the starting point and southern terminus of the road to the Lake, and by the inducements which it offers for a direct line from St. Paul to the head of the Lake, effectually prevents any deflection from this natural channel of trade, either along its course, or at its termini, to accommodate adverse local and railroad interests.

To sum up the argument in a few words, the city bonus is important—

1. To give a beginning and an impulse to the enterprise, by the inducement it offers to capitalists.

2. As a guarantee of the interest and confidence of St. Paul in the enterprise as a means of business prosperity; these two considerations forming the basis of a combination of influences necessary to obtaining a Land Grant from Congress.

3. As furnishing a special financial argument against any other route to Lake Superior than the one running direct from St. Paul to Lake Superior.

Now the only point of difference between Mr. Thompson and his fellow members of the Council is, as to the amount necessary to secure these objects. The majority think that $250,000 is the very smallest sum which capitalists will accept as a consideration for embarking in the enterprise. With that inducement before them, they could combine influences enough to secure a Land Grant from Congress; and if a Land Grant could be secured without the extraneous aid of capitalists, still the offer of $250,000 by the city of St. Paul as an aid to the construction of the road on a certain line will be likely to be accepted by Congress as a conclusive argument for the adoption of the same line in prescribing the terms of the grant.

It would be immensely better, and would secure these results beyond a contingency, if the city were able to offer twice or three times as much. By just as much as the pecuniary inducement offered by St. Paul is lessened, by just so much is she in danger of losing all she seeks by the offer of a bonus. To offer $150,000 only, as recommended by Mr. Thompson would very greatly weaken the inducements now offered to complete the road on the line most advantageous to our interests, and there is great danger—very great—that it would not be considered an offset to the pecuniary advantages that will surely be offered by a combination of railroad interests in this State hostile to the direct line from St. Paul. We believe that the $250,000 bonus will barely answer the ends proposed by it; that anything less would jeopardise those ends, and that, while it is the least which will effect the desired objects, it is also quite as much as St. Paul can pledge herself to grant even on conditions the fulfillment of which will a hundred times repay the outlay.

Upon fuller consideration we think that even so cautious a financier as Mr. Thompson will agree in this view of the case, and that, having given his endorsements to the principle of the measure, he will, on mature, deliberation, give a cordial assent to its details.

SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

Charles McIlrath, Esq., State Auditor, returned on Monday from his tour of School Land Sales, having been occupied just twenty-six days. The total amount of sales made in November is $155,000, of which sum there was paid as principal and interest $36,000. The average price per acre was $6.25.

Of the funds raised by this sale $15,000 are invested in State War Loan Bonds bearing 7 per cent. interest,—$20,000 in U. S. Bonds of 1881 bought at 97 1-2c, now worth $1,08, and the balance in U. S. 5-20's.

The whole amount of sales up to the present date, is $552,000, of which amount $126,000 has been paid in. The interest on the above sum, which can be divided among the counties for the year 1864, is $38,640.

Rating the entire school lands in the organized counties, at the average rate for which the sales last month were made, their aggregate value is $8,250,000.

—The only well-fed people in Washington are said to be the subjects of King Faro.

The Approximate Quotas of the Different Counties in this State.

QUOTAS TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY TOWNS.

No Delinquent Town Exempt Because a County has filled its Quota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, December 2, 1863.

Editors of the St. Paul Press:

I enclose, by request of the Adjutant General, a table showing the aggregate quotas of the several counties in this State, of volunteers and drafted men, required by the General Government since the beginning of the war; and also, the number still required to be furnished by each county to complete its quota, as nearly as can be ascertained. This is inclusive of those already furnished during the current year, as they cannot be yet credited to their proper residences.

The muster rolls and enlistment papers, which are the official records of the troops furnished by the State, do not generally fix the residence of the recruits.

In order to ascertain what had been done by each town, the assessors have been requested to furnish lists of the names of volunteers who had gone from their towns. These lists were furnished from nearly every town in the State up to October, 1862, and should enable us to fix the exact number of men due from each town to that date. Since then returns have been received from but very few towns, but are daily coming in, and it is hoped, will be sufficiently complete to enable the quotas to be fairly apportioned to each sub-district before the draft.

The numbers retured by the towns last year, and claimed as their contribution to the whole number supplied by the State, were found to exceed the whole number, by about fifteen hundred. Hence, has arisen a necessity for comparing the returns, name by name, with the muster rolls and with each other,—a process requiring a great amount of time and labor. This was only partially done for the draft of 1862, and is yet to be completed. The result will probably vary somewhat the numbers now given.

In order to know how many men are still required from any county, it is necessary to subtract from the number in the last column, the number of men furnished since October 1862, allowing three one year's men as one volunteer for three years or the war.

It must be understood that in all counties there are particular towns which are more deficient than others, and as each town is to be a sub-district, the fact that a county as a whole has furnished all or nearly all of its quota, will not excuse any town from making up its full number. The returns from the towns of volunteers prior to July 1862 have never been corrected by comparison with the muster rolls, but are known to be largely in excess. These corrections will doubtless vary the figures here given, which must therefore be regarded as approximations only. As any excess which any town may have will be put to its credit and allowed on any future call, and as it will require our utmost efforts to secure the required number of men by volunteering, so no town or county ought to relax in its exertions, because it stands well in the table now given.

J. S. SEWALL.

TABLE SHOWING THE COUNTY QUOTAS.

Counties.	Aggregate quotas.	No. required from Oct., '62, to Jan., '64.	Counties.	Aggregate quotas.	No. required from Oct., '62, to Jan., '64.
Anoka	178	0	Meeker	75	67
Benton	30	0	Mille Lac	24	0
Blue Earth	466	101	Morrison	4	3
Brown	65	64	Mower	287	63
Carver	437	143	Nicollet	292	95
Cass	10	5	Olmsted	894	399
Chisago	192	51	Pine	10	0
Crow Wing	17	0	Ramsey	1111	84
Dakota	901	383	Renville	2	0
Dodge	447	179	Rice	680	245
Douglas	20	6	St. Louis	19	8
Faribault	190	79	Scott	491	297
Fillmore	999	428	Sherburne	57	7
Freeborn	302	17	Sibley	298	208
Goodhue	942	241	Stearns	412	130
Hennepin	1136	193	Steele	283	77
Houston	603	331	Todd	14	1
Isanti	32	13	Wabashaw	718	207
Kandiyohi	3	3	Waseca	202	58
Kanabec	5	1	Washington	592	127
Lake	6	6	Watonwan	18	12
Le Sueur	438	122	Winona	984	537
Manomin	4	2	Wright	337	15
Martin	19	12			
McLeod	67	64		15,350	5,060

Number required to complete our quotas to November 9th, 1863	1,207
Number ordered to be drafted January 5th, in addition	2,939
Number furnished in 1863, not credited to Counties	914
	5,060

Enrolled men in the Second District.

The following statement of the number of enrolled men in the several counties of this—the Second—District, is taken from the books of Provost Marshal Keith. The special necessity of the table as a basis for the estimate of quotas is superseded by the table of quotas furnished from the office of the Adjutant General, and published above. But it will be useful as a reference, as showing the basis on which the quotas are assigned. The column headed *First Class* shows the number of men liable to be drafted between 18 and 35 years of age; the *Second Class* column includes those between 35 and 45 inclusive:

TABLE SHOWING THE NUMBER OF ENROLLED MEN IN THE SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

	Class 1st.	Cl's 2nd.	Total.
Ramsey	1445	981	2426
Hennepin	1630	1185	2815
Dakota	1217	787	2004
Goodhue	1281	771	2052
Wabashaw	1069	578	1647
Washington	765	381	1146
Carver	622	510	1132
Wright	398	241	639
McLeod	122	77	199
Stearns	685	400	1085
Meeker, Monongalia and Kandiyohi	100	32	132
Todd, Crow Wing, Cass and Morrison	118	34	152
Benton and Sherburne	116	68	181
Anoka, Isanti and Mille Lac	253	160	413
Chisago, Pine and Kanabec	235	148	383
Carlton, St. Louis, Lake and Buchanan	23	14	37
	10,079	6,267	16,346

THE St. Cloud *Democrat* comes to us enlarged, and in a new dress, making a decidedly handsome appearance. The *Democrat* is one of our best State exchanges, and we are glad to see this evidence of prosperity. Its editor, Mr. Mitchell, makes an excellent paper, and the people of the Upper Mississippi are fortunate in having so able and enterprising an organ.

DIED.

At Rosemount, Nov. 25th, GEORGIE M., son of John and Helen M. Gilman, aged three years and six months.

On the 1st inst., at the St. Joseph's Academy, Sister MARY ALOYSIVE SHELLY, born in Lough More, County Tipperary, Ireland, aged 25 years.

The funeral services will be held in the chapel of the Academy, this morning, at 10 o'clock.

New Advertisements.

MADAME ANDREWS
IS COMING.
MADAME ANDREWS
dec3 3t IS COMING.

CARBON OIL.
92 barrels best White Carbon Oil, for sale by
dec3-1w E. J. WAY, Robert-st.

NO. 1 CARBON OIL,
For sale low, wholesale and retail to close consignment, at
The St. Paul Lamp Store,
dec3-tf Opposite Pioneer Office.

EXPRESS NOTICE.
We are now running a Messenger to
ST. ANTHONY AND MINNEAPOLIS,
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Charges for transportation moderate. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.30 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
dec3-t dec 16 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

ST. PAUL LAMP STORE,
(Branch of the great Aladdin,)
Opposite Pioneer Office.
OILS, LAMPS, SHADES, GLOBES, LANTERNS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS, CANS, &c., &c.
The Largest Stock, The Greatest Variety, and the
Cheapest Goods
EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY.
☞ Wholesale Buyers supplied at Eastern cash prices. dec3-tf

SITUATION WANTED.
By a young man, who can give good city references, a situation in any respectable business. Address G. H. E., box 107, St. Paul. dec1-3t*

HOUSE TO LET,
Near the Franklin House—good well and cellar. Inquire at
E. & H. Y. BELL.
St. Paul, Dec. 1st, 1863. dec2-1w

TO BUILDERS.
LOCKS, LOCKS, LOCKS.
RIM LOCKS, DEAD LOCKS,
MORTICE LOCKS,
RABITED LOCKS, SLIDING DOOR LOCKS,
Which I am selling at Manufacturer's prices.
no22-3m JOHN McCLOUD.

STRAYED,
Into the premises of the subscriber, on the 23d of November, two Cows, of red and white color, five and seven years old respectively. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away. J. D. WILLIAMS,
dec2-3t* Reserve Town, near Williams Ferry.

ESTRAY.
A yearling heifer came into the possession of the Subscriber about the 1st of November; said heifer has a white face, white belly, with pointed horns turned inward. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away. WILLIAM SMITH,
dec1-3t* Rose Township.

HEARD'S HISTORY OF THE SIOUX WAR,
With 33 engravings. Price $1.50 per copy. The most perfect history of the Indian Massacre published. A new supply received,
At Combs' Book Store.
Orders from the country promptly filled. dec

CARBON OIL.
200 BARRELS BEST WHITE AND STRAW COLORED. For sale cheap by
WATSON & DENSMORE,
at the vinegar factory of C. C. Lewis & Co., No. 4 Sibley Street, Lower Levee, rear of Burbank's.
dec1-1mo

CHEESE.
4,000 pounds Hamburg, Western Reserve and English Dairy Cheese. For sale by
J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.
no20 Sibley-st, between Third and Levee.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
AT COMBS' BOOK STORE,
CAN BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF
Childrens' Books,
Gift Books,
Photograph Albums,
Bibles, Prayer Books,
&c., suitable for presents. Call in and examine.
DIARIES for 1864, all Styles,
dec1-tf AT COMBS' BOOK STORE.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
A SMALL QUANTITY JUST RECEIVED.
LEMONS.
Dried Raspberries,
Dried Cherries, pitted,
Dried Blackberries,
Dried Pared Peaches,
all new Fruit.
Fresh Citron, Raisins and Currants, at
E. & H. Y. BELL'S,
no15-3m Third-st.

THE "NEW ULM POST,"
A WEEKLY GERMAN NEWSPAPER, INDEPENDENT OF PARTY,
advocating
Truth, Right and Progress,
Under the flag of our country will be published by the undersigned, at
NEW ULM,
Brown Co., Minnesota,
On and after the 1st day of JANUARY, 1864.
The attention of the business men of our State is hereby respectfully invited to the following—
RATES OF ADVERTISING:

The insertion of one square	$0 75
Two " " "	1 25
Three " " "	1 75
One month " "	2 00
Three months " "	3 50
Six months " "	5 00
Twelve months " "	8 00

Editorial business notices given to merit only.
☞ In recommending the "New Ulm Post" to the public, the undersigned beg leave to say that it is their design to start and keep alive a newspaper which, aside from other use, will prove a powerful assistant to every solid and enterprising business man for securing and enhancing success.
dec2.1w* A. WOLFF & J. HOPER.

LATEST NEWS,
By Telegraph.

AN ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN MEADE AND LEE DOUBTFUL

The Enemy too Strong for an Attack on Monday.

Despatches from Burnside to the 25th of November.

Longstreet Attacked Him Three Miles from Knoxville but was Repulsed.

Wheeler Defeated at Kingston.

LONGSTREET RETREATING TOWARDS VIRGINIA.

BRAGG MAKING HIS WAY SOUTH.

The President Attacked with Varioloid.

JOHN MORGAN'S WHEREABOUTS DOUBTFUL.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

Friday's Battlefield—Position of the Armies—Exaggerated Reports—The Movements of Sunday—A Battle Opened Monday Morning—The Enemy too Strong—Meade Awaiting Developments—Arrival of a Courier—Battle Doubtful.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

The *Herald's* dispatch from the army of the Potomac Saturday says the ground of Friday's battle was strewn with the dead and wounded which have been left by the rebels uncovered since yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.

Information has been received from the army of the Potomac up to Monday morning. The wagons captured on the Plank Road on Friday are said to have contained a small quantity of ammunition, which the rebels exploded.

In relation to affairs in the front on Saturday, it is stated that at daylight our army lay across the Fredericksburg and Orange turnpike at Robertson's tavern, about 12 miles from Orange Court House. The rebel lines were light and gradually pushed back by our skirmishers for one mile and a half over to Mile Run, near Verderiville.

On both sides of the road which slopes half a mile on each side of the river, is an open space on the edge of the woods west of the Run. The enemy was in line of battle on both sides of the road with their batteries entrenched. The slope from there to the river is studded with rifle pits from which the sharpshooters fired scattering shot.

About 1 P. M., the clouds broke and the rain ceased, but the roads were in an almost impassable condition. One of our batteries fired a few shots to which the rebels replied with great spirit for half an hour. About sunset several guns were fired from our lines but failed to draw the enemy's fire.

A few additional particulars are furnished of the engagement Friday, namely, the number of prisoners taken by the 2d corps has been greatly exaggerated, only 60 have yet reported to the Provost-Marshal. Among the wounded are Col McClellan and Col. Higgins of the 86th Pennsylvania regiment, and two captains, names unknown. The medical director of our corps estimates our loss at 325 wounded and about 100 killed.

The enemy retreated from the front of the 3d corps, during the night leaving their dead and wounded on the field. Owing to the enemy's change of position it became necessary for us to leave them there. Their number greatly exceed ours.

A note dated Sunday says yesterday closed clear with the two armies laying in line on the opposite side of Mile Run valley. Upon examination it was found that the ground on the Run excepting where it is crossed by the turnpike, was impassable for our troop sowing to its boggy and swampy condition.

All was quiet on Sunday.

Monday morning at 8 o'clock all our batteries were placed in position to bear upon the rebel works and ordered to open. The siege train was in position in front of Sedgwick's command, and after half an hour of slow cannonading, which was feebly responded to, an attack was ordered. Gen. Warren, on the left, came on the enemy stronger in number and position than was anticipated, and asked for further instructions. The forward movement was then checked and all firing ceased.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

The *Tribune's* army of the Potomac dispatch states that the rebel prisoners captured during the battle stated that the enemy knew several days previously the exact time our army would cross the Rapidan.

On learning trustworthy details of the engagement of the 3d corps the whole aspect of affairs, instead of being disastrous, exhibits success on our part in repulsing twice in succession the ranks of the enemy with a loss to them of at least 700 or 800 killed and wounded.

SUNDAY, 29, 10.30 P. M.

The Rebels this morning remain in their works across the Run, and preparations are actively being made by General Meade for a grand assault.

The 2nd Corps has moved from the centre to the left, the 5th supplying the vacancy on both sides of the pike.

A great battle will probably be fought tomorrow.

Sunday morning breaks with a cloudy sky and cold rain, East wind. Our forces are again changing their position to meet the wiles of the enemy.

Engineers under cover of darkness last night, constructed bridges over Mile Run and our batteries protects them now. The enemy also constructed a considerable line of earthworks, and have seven heavy guns in position in full view. Thus stands the matter up to 10 and 12 o'clock.

The 5th Corps which was in reserve yesterday has moved out to the front and taken its place, while Gen. Warren swung around to the left to execute important movements.

At noon, the expectation is that a grand battle will open about 3 this afternoon.

When a messenger with the above left the front on Sunday afternoon, a flank movement was being executed by the 2d corps—General Warren—which would, it was thought, bring on a general engagement on Monday.

Yesterday heavy firing was heard. From passengers by the train from Rappahannock Station we learn that firing continued during the greater part of the forenoon Monday.

A dispatch bearer from Gen. Meade is understood to have come in on the train with dispatches to the War Department.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

The *Herald's* Potomac army letter says this Monday morning at eight o'clock a battle opened along our entire front, the enemy replying from a few places for an hour. Artillery practice was incessant and heavy. Then came a lull, which lasted until 1 o'clock. Our infantry, in the meantime, prepared for a grand assault along the whole line. But now comes the report that Warren found the enemy too strongly posted in his front, and Gen. Meade has gone to the left. In the meantime preparations have ceased in the center and right.

Another *Herald* correspondent, who left the Army of the Potomac at 3 P. M. Monday, says, just before leaving the field, everything was in readiness for an assault. I have little doubt but our forces now occupy the enemy's works over Mile Run. The impression is he had left the night before in the direction of Gordonsville, leaving only force enough to make a show in our front.

LATER.—I learn an assault had been ordered to be made upon their works, by infantry, with bayonets under cover of artillery fire. Cannonading commenced before I left, and continued some time without any reply from the enemy, and finally ceased entirely before I reached Ely Ford.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

The *Herald's* Washington despatch says, If, as is reported to-day, Gen. Meade has fallen back upon Fredericksburg, as is most probable, the campaign in Virginia must be closed up with the recent movements there.

The *Herald's* Rappahannock Station dispatch, dated 7 P. M. to-day, says another *Herald* correspondent has been captured by the rebels.

Some 200 head of cattle and mules were taken from Moseby at Thoroughfare Gap last night, and brought to Bristow Station.

Siege guns were placed in position yesterday, and it was expected a battle would be fought to day. No firing has been heard, however, to-day.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.

(*Special to World*).—We have advices by special messenger to an early hour this morning, from the army of the Potomac.

There was considerable skirmishing yesterday, as usual, but no general engagement was opened.

Meade is not active, while Lee seems to remain entirely on the defensive. It is evident that the former is awaiting developments elsewhere.

The rebel lines are several miles in front of Orange C. H., directly to the east of that place, and along the banks of Mill Creek—not Mile Run, which is several miles this side, nearer Fredericksburg.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

The Washington correspondent of the Evening *Post* of the 1st says the courier employed by the newspapers came in from Gen. Meade's headquarters early this morning. He left the south side of the Rapidan yesterday morning, and no serious fighting had occurred up to that hour.

It was not then believed that Meade would attack Gen. Lee before to-day, and it was considered possible that no battle would be fought, as the army only carried rations for a very brief campaign. It would have to fight soon or fall back for fresh supplies. It is possible that when Meade has finished the work he has undertaken, he will fall back upon Fredericksburg, though nothing is known upon the point.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the Government has received nothing from the Rapidan, and in official circles this fact is accepted as favorable rather than the contrary.

FROM BURNSIDE'S COMMAND

Longstreet Repulsed on the 25th—The Attack to be Renewed—Burnside Confident—Reinforcements Sent Him—Wheeler Repulsed at Kingston—Longstreet Retreating Towards Virginia.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

The dispatch from Burnside dated on the 25th of November, says the enemy on the 25th moved up three brigades and attacked his brigade in a strong position south of the river, three miles from Knoxville

A hard fight ensued, and the enemy was repulsed with a loss of 150 killed.

The position was strengthened, and though the enemy were moving down large forces with the intention of a renewal of the attack, Burnside believed it could be held.

He has been able thus far to obtain provisions and forage.

Reinforcements are on the way to him.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

The *Star* has courteously furnished in advance of its publication the following dispatches from authentic sources.

CUMBERLAND PASS, 30—1:15 P. M.

Capt. Byrne repulsed Wheeler's attack at Kingston on Wednesday last. Wheeler then retired towards Knoxville.

TAZEWELL, Tenn., Dec. 1—8:30 P. M.

Reports from out posts this evening concur in establishing the probability that Longstreet is retreating from Knoxville towards Virginia.

Nashville Rail Road Threatened—Railroad Accident—Court Martial.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.

A Louisville dispatch to the *Commercial* says fears are entertained of a raid on the Nashville Railroad, as guerrillas in the State are concentrating.

By a collision 18 miles south of Louisville, yesterday, a number of cars were destroyed, two persons killed and four badly hurt.

A Court Martial convened in this city to-day for the trial of General Braymal.

Capt. Hurst was dismissed yesterday by orders of the War Department.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 2, 1 P. M.

The Nashville northward train has not arrived, now eight hours behind time. It is reported it collided this P. M., with the Bardstown southward passenger train, wounded several soldiers and ladies. Particulars not attained.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 2.

The retarded Nashville train arrived at five o'clock this morning. One soldier of the Second Ohio artillery, one of the 4th Tennessee infantry and one citizen were seriously wounded,; other casualities slight.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Loss of the Seventh Ohio—Prisoners—Deserters—Bragg Going South—Barbarism.

[*Special from Chattanooga.*]—In the battle of Ringgold the 7th Ohio suffered severely, losing Col. Creighton, Lieut. Col. Crane killed, and Adjutant Baker wounded. Only one commissioned officer escaped unhurt. The 75th Ohio also suffered severely.

Prisoners still come in in large numbers. They will probably foot up 7,000. The mountains are filled with Kentucky and Tennessee deserters trying to get home.

Bragg with the skeleton of his army is making his way South.

The heads of members of our soldiers on the battlefield of Chickamauga, had been found stuck upon stumps and poles.

FROM BANKS' EXPEDITION.

A Dispatch to the President—Banks' Captures.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

The following has been received from Gen. Banks dated Brownsville, Texas, Nov. 9:

To His Excellency Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States:—I am in occupation of Brazos Island, Point Isabella and Brownsville.

Bloodhounds.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

A Beaufort letter of the 28th to the *Tribune* states that a scouting party from Col. Higginson's regiment while returning from a successful effort to release about 30 negroes, were set upon by bloodhounds, but the negroes fired and killed the dogs.

The Charter Election in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

Eight Aldermen were elected yesterday, two Unionists and four Democrats; eight police justices were elected, three Unionists and five Democrats; eight civil justices elected, two Unionists and six Democrats.

The above is the *Tribune's* classification.

Falsehoods of the Rebels.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.

The *Times* contains an important statement from Gen. Hitchcock relative to the non-exchange of prisoners, showing most conclusively that the rebels have deliberately lied and in many other ways acted in a highly reprehensible and dishonorable manner.

Morgan Shaly.

TORONTO, Dec. 2.

The report that Morgan is in Toronto is doubtful. If in Canada he is keeping dark; but it is not generally believed that he is here. It was reported in London he had reached Windsor, opposite Detroit.

Illness of the President—A Rumor.

[*Tribune's Washington Dispatch.*] — The President's illness is varioloid.

It is rumored that Hooker is to be placed at the head of the Army of the Potomac again.

Workmen Discharged.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

1,500 workmen have been discharged from the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

The Way John Morgan Escaped.

A Cincinnati telegram gives the following particulars of John Morgan's escape from the Ohio Penitentiary last Friday night:

Col. Dick Morgan, and the six Captains who were confined in the lower range of cells, had, by means of two small knives, dug through the floors of their cells, which is composed of cement and nine inches of brickwork. Underneath the cells is an air-chamber, extending the whole length of the building. Of this fact the prisoners seem to have been aware. Once in the air-chamber, one of them could crawl to its terminus and dig down in the soft earth with their knives until the bottom of the foundation of the wall was reached; then, digging out under, the thing was completed. Meanwhile, ropes had been manufactured of the bed-ticking, and all arrangements were complete for their final escape. Everything being in readiness by last evening, only a little strategy was necessary for the escape of Gen. Morgan. He occupied a cell on the second range, just over the one occupied by his brother Dick.

Last evening, as the prisoners were being locked up for the night, the Morgans were allowed to exchange cells with each other. After Dick had seen everything prepared, he permitted his brother John to take his place. Some time during the night the prisoners crawled through the hole they had dug under the wall, but had skillfully concealed, taking their rope with them. They escaped from the prison immediately between the main building and the female department. Once in the yard, and their escape was comparatively easy. They went to the south west corner of the outer wall, near the big gate, and threw their rope over the top, where it secured itself on one of the spikes. On this rope, and by the aid of some timbers near at hand, they clambered to the top, and easily decended on the outside. There are no guards on the outer walls after a certain hour. The prisoners were dressed in citizens' clothes and not in prison habiliments.

Capt. Hines, who is a mason and a bricklayer, seems to have had charge of the work which resulted in the escape of the prisoners.

A note was left for the Warden of the prison, of which the following is a copy:

"Castle Merion, cell No. 20, Nov. 27th, 1863. Commencement, November 4th. Conclusion November 20th, 1863. Number of hours for labor per day, 3. Tools, 2 small knives. *La patience est amer, mais son fruit est doux.* By order of my 6 honorable confederates.

"HENRY HINES Captain C. S. A."

I understand that measures have been taken to re-capture the prisoners which they will find it difficult to elude.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—Parson Brownlow arrived at Cincinnati, on Sunday last, having left Knoxville the previous Wednesday. The city was closely invested by Longstreet, at that time.

—The official vote in Wisconsin foots up—

Lewis, Union	70,651
Palmer, Copper	54,501
Lewis' majority	16,150

—News from Gen. Banks in Texas continue good. He has captured Corpus Christi, Arkansas City and several smaller places.

—Boats with a million rations were sent down the Potomac, from Alexandria, on Sunday.

PERSONAL.

—The rumor that Gen. Schenck is to be superseded by Gen. Sigel is unfounded.

—Secretary Stanton ate his Thanksgiving dinner at his former home in Steubenville, Ohio.

—A correspondent says:

General Grant, who has almost recovered his strength, occupies a delightful Chattanooga residence, and, with his briarwood pipe, walks to and fro up and down the streets of the town, unattended, many times unobserved, but at all times observing. Quarter master General Meigs has taken to a wall tent, from a regard for the fitness of things. His headquarters are in the field, and soldiers in the field inhabit tents. Generals Thomas and Gordon Granger are workers, and are preparing their grand machine for the next campaign, their consultations often extending far into the night.

—General Butler arrived at Newbern, N. C., on the 20th, accompanied by his wife, daughter and Rear Admiral Lee.

—Mr. Henry W. Cushman, formerly Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts, and for many years prominently identified with the politics of the State, died on Saturday last.

—Governor Andrew, who is always doing something neat, obtained permission for all the invalided Massachusetts soldiers to come home to eat a Thanksgiving turkey. His health will be drank with all the honors at many a loyal New Englander's table.

—Dr. Winship, "the strong man," now lifts daily a dead weight of twenty-six hundred pounds. He says he means to get up to three thousand pounds and stop there. If he don't stop somewhere, there will be nothing to prevent him from lifting up the remains of Fort Sumter some fine morning, and throwing it bodily into Charleston.

—Half a million of dollars has been raised for a National Bank in New Orleans.

—Geo. Baker, Esq., formerly editor of the Nashville *Banner*, and now editor of the Dayton (Ohio) *Empire*, paid us a visit yesterday in company of a guard. He is looking in good health, but rather thin, the natural result of prison fare. He is about the last person we ever expected to see a prisoner on account of rebel proclivities. His case will probably be disposed of in a few days.—*Nashville Dispatch.*

—The Attorney-General has made a decision adverse to the claims of the widow of Aaron Burr for pension money since his death. They were married in 1833, were divorced in New York in 1835, and he died in 1836. The statutes of New York (as held by the Court of Appeals of this State) provide that the wife shall not lose rights to the husband's estate where the divorce *a vinculo matrimonii* was decreed for his conduct; but Attorney-General Bates decides that said statutes are not a law in the case for the action of the General Government, but the case must be adjudged upon common law principles.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

Last September we chronicled the arrival in this city, of Mr. C. J. Brydges, Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway, and certain great Telegraph proprietors, on an errand of great importance, being no less than to make preliminary arrangements on behalf of the Hudson Bay Company for the construction of a line of telegraph from the Selkirk settlement to the Pacific ocean, which would, of course, be connected with the line to be pushed forward next Summer northwestward from St. Paul. This gentleman recently arrived in London, where he was entertained at a dinner by the President of the Grand Trunk, Mr. Watkin, on the evening of October the 29th. In the course of the evening, several interesting speeches were made. Mr. Brydges, in reply to the toast of his health, availing himself of the opportunity of stating with reference to the recent change in the policy of the Hudson's Bay Corporation—whose territories stretch from Lake Superior to the Pacific—that he had recently had occasion to pay a visit to the far West in connection with the development of the "through traffic' from the western States *via* the Grand Trunk Railway, to the Atlantic seaboard, and that his observations led him to regard the contemplated changes as being fraught with the most vital interest to the corporation to Canada and to the mother country itself, if, as he believed, the desire of all Englishmen was to see the existing connection between the British North American Colonies and England not only maintained, but fostered and strengthened. Referring to the proposed telegraphic communication across the continent of America through British territory, Mr Brydges stated that, so alive were the Americans to the importance and the commercial value of the establishment of such a line, that New York would, he had no doubt, raise its share for its completion, if the provinces gave their promised assistance. The telegraph across the prairies from St. Louis to San Francisco had been eminently successful in its absence from embarrassment in working. As regards the Atlantic and Pacific British Telegraph, no doubt, it would be ultimately connected with the Russian system at Sitka, and thus the continents of Europe, Asia, and America would be connected, even without the completion of the submarine cable across the Atlantic.

TAXATION AND RAILROADS.

In a State situated as is Minnesota it is essential that every element of taxation should be developed especially when that element is a new one and its taxation does not create an additional burthen on the present tax payers.

The St. Paul and Lake Superoir railroad route of 140 miles is entirely within the State and will give great value to property which does not now, and without the road, never will pay taxes enough to defray the expense of collecting. At least 100 miles of the route is on unsurveyed and unoccupied land. This road will place that land upon the tax list at from $3 to $10 per acre on not less than 1,200 square miles, and develope the resources of St. Paul and mineral lands in Minnesota to an incalculable amount. It would be a very low estimate to declare the increase of taxable property on the opening of the road at ten millions of dollars, and in less than five years in doubling the present State valuation.

But let us join with our Hudson neighbors and run the road to Bayfield entirely in Wisconsin (except fifteen miles of this end) and build up that State with our proceeds, and our increase of valuation will be unworthy of estimate.

The Hudson and Bayfield project relies almost entirely upon Minnesota and her grand system of railroad, pointing to" that outlet from and access to Lake Superior. In short without the patronage of this State no sane capitalist would think of building that road. Poor as is St. Paul, she is not yet poor enough to pay tribute to another State or her pet and paper towns.

Alexander Stephens of on Southern Grievances.

The following speech of Mr. Stephens, the present Vice President of the rebel Confederacy, was delivered in the Georgia State Convention in January, 1861. It will be remembered that Mr. Stephens, just before that time, made a Union speech to the people. The language of this address to the Convention is even stronger than that of his more famous speech. It is a crushing reply to those Northern sympathizers with the rebels who are constantly proclaiming that "the South" was injured, and came short of its rights in the Union. Mr. Stephens said:

"This step (of secession) once taken, can never be recalled; and all the baleful and withering consequences that must follow will rest on the Convention for all coming time. When we and our posterity shall see our lovely South desolated by the demon of war, which this act of yours will inevitably invite and call forth; when our green fields of waving harvest shall be trodden down by the murderous soldiery and fiery cry of war sweeping over our land; our temples of justice laid in ashes; all the horrors and desolations of war upon us; who but this Convention will be held responsible for it? and who but him who shall have given his vote for this unwise and ill-timed measure, as I honestly think and believe, shall be held to strict account for this suicidal act by the present generation, and probably cursed and execrated by posterity for all coming time, for the wide and desolating ruin that will inevitably follow this act you now propose to perpetrate?

THE NORTH BLAMELESS.

"Pause, I entreat you, and consider for a moment what reasons you can give that will even satisfy yourselves in calmer moments—what reason can you give to your fellow-sufferers in the calamity that it will bring upon us. *What reasons can you give to the nations of the earth to justify it?* They will be calm and deliberate judges in the case; and what cause or one overt act can you name or point to, on which to rest the plea of justification? *What right has the North assailed?* What interest of the South has been invaded? What justice has been denied? and what claim, founded in justice and right, has been withheld? Can either of you to-day n.... one governmental act of wrong, deliberately and purposely done by the Government of Washington, of which the South has a right to complain? I challenge the answer. While on the other hand, let me show the facts (and belive me, gentlemen, I am not here the advocate of the North; but I am here the friend, the firm friend and lover of the South and her institutions, and for this reason I speak thus plainly and faithfully for yours, mine, and every other man's interest, the words of truth and soberness) of which I wish you to judge, and I will only state facts, which are clear and undeniable, and which now stand as records authentic in the history of our country.

"When we of the South demanded the slavetrade, or the importation of Africans for the cultivation of our lands, did they not yield the right for twenty years? When we asked a three-fifths representation in Congress for our slaves, was it not granted? When we asked and demanded the return of any fugitive from justice, or the recovery of those persons owing labor or allegiance, was it not incorporated in the Constitution, and again ratified and strengthened by the fugitive slave law of 1850? But do you reply that in many instances they have violated this compact, and have not been faithful to their engagement? As individual and local communities they may have done so but not by the section of Government, for that has always been true to Southern interests."

"Again, gentlemen, look at another fact; when we have asked that more territory should be added, that we might spread the institution of slavery, have they not yielded to our demands in giving us Louisiana, Florida, and Texas, out of which four States have been carved, and ample territory for four more to be added in due time, if you, by this unwise and impolitic act, do not destroy this hope, and, perhaps, by it lose all, and have your last slave wrenched from you by stern military rule, as South America and Mexico were; or by the vindictive decree of a universal emancipation, which may reasonably be expected to follow?"

WHAT THE SOUTH HAD IN THE UNION.

"But, again, gentlemen, what have we to gain by this proposed change of our relation to the General Government? We have had the control, and can yet, if we remain in it, and are as united as we have been. We have had a *majority of the Presidents* chosen from the South, as well as the control and management of most of those chosen from the North. We have had sixty years of Southern Presidents to their twenty-four, thus controlling the executive department. So of the *judges of the Supreme Court*, we have had eighteen from the South, and but eleven from the North; although nearly four-fifths of the judicial business has arisen in the free States, yet a majority of the court has always been from the South. This we have required, so as to guard against any interpretation of the Constitution unfavorable to us. In like manner, we have been equally watchful to guard our interests in the legislative branch of Government. In choosing the presiding presidents (*pro tem*) of the Senate, we have had twenty-four to their eleven. Speakers of the House, we have had twenty-three, and they twelve. While the majority of the Representatives, from their greater population, have always been from the North, yet we have so generally secured the Speaker, because he, to a greater extent, shapes and controls the legislation of the country.

"Nor have we had less control in every other department of the General Government. Attorney Generals we have had fourteen, while the North have had but five. Foreign ministers we had eighty-six, and they but fifty-four. While three-fourths of the business which demands diplomatic agents abroad is clearly from the free States, from their greater commercial interests, yet we have had the principal embassis, so as to secure the world markets for cotton, tobacco, and sugar, on the best possible terms. We have had a vast majority of the higher offices of both army and navy, while a larger proportion of the soldiers and sailors were drawn from the North. Equally so of clerks, auditors and comptrollers filling the executive department, the records show for the last fifty years that of three thousand thus employed we have had more than two-thirds of the same, while we have but one third of the white population of the republic.

"Again, look at another item, and one, be assured, in which we have a great and vital interest; it is that of revenue, or means of supporting the Government. From official documents we learn that a fraction over three-fourths of the revenue collected for the support of the Government has uniformly been raised from the North.

"Pause, now while you can, gentlemen, and contemplate carefully and candidly these important items. Leaving out of view, for the present, the countless millions of dollars you must expend in a war with the North; with tens of thousands of your sons and brothers slain in battle, and offered up as sacrifices upon the alter of your ambition—and for what? we ask again. Is it for the overthrow of the American Government, established by our common ancestry, cemented and built up by their sweat and blood, and founded on the broad principle of right, justice, and humanity? And as such, I must declare here, as I have often done before, and which has been repeated by the greatest and wisest of statesmen, and patriots in this and other lands, that it is the best and freest Government—the most equal in its rights, the most just in its decisions, the most lenient in its measures, and the most aspiring in its principles to elevate the race of men that the sun of heaven ever shown upon. Now, for you to attempt to overthrow such a Government as this, under which we have lived for more than a quarter of a century—in which we have gained our wealth, our standing as a nation, our domestic safety while the elements of peril are around us, with peace and tranquility, with unbounded prosperity and rights unassailed—is the height of *madness, folly* and *wickedness* to which I can neither lend my sanction nor my vote."

THE PEAT QUESTION.

Great Excitement Throughout the Country.

PEAT IN ILLINOIS.

Discovery of Peat in Rochester, New York.

THE ORIGIN—NATURE—AND CLIMATOLOGY OF PEAT.

The announcement made by the PRESS a little while ago of the discovery of unlimited supplies of *Peat* in the lacustrine formations which cover so large a portion of our area, has created a great sensation throughout the East. Our reporter's article upon the subject having been extensively copied in our Eastern exchanges, and as a consequence public attention has been universally awakened to this unsuspected source of fuel supply. Search has been instituted, and similar discoveries are being made all over the country.

From various causes, among others the high tariff upon imported coal, and in the West the stoppage of navigation on the Ohio owing to the lowness of water, the regions on the seaboard and in the interior dependent upon the Pennsylvania coal mines for fuel, have lately been greatly straitened in their supplies of coal. The price has risen in proportion to the scarcity, and as the approach of winter aggravates the want, great distress prevails over the country, and the prospect of obtaining a substitute for wood and coal creates even more interest than here where the exorbitant price of wood results from temporary causes.

As an evidence of the interest which has been excited in the question we copy the comments of some of our exchanges thereon:

The following is from the Chicago *Evening Journal:*

PEAT—A SOLUTION OF THE FUEL QUESTION.—We publish on the inside of this evening's JOURNAL an interesting article from a St. Paul (Minnesota) paper, announcing an important discovery, by which the fuel monopolists are likely to be checkmated and the price of wood and coal reduced to something like living rates. This is a matter of the greatest importance to all classes of the people, and we give prominence to it in our columns for the reason that what is said in the St. Paul paper is equally applicable to Chicago and nearly all other Western towns.

Our attention was some time ago directed to this matter by old residents of this city and county, who assure us that in many localities in this and adjoining counties beds of this *peat*—deposits of compact vegetable matter, dried, and resembling punk, usually found, we believe in drained marshes—exist in almost inexhaustible extent, and that all that is required to supply the community with cheap fuel, as good as wood, more desirable than coal, and much cheaper than either, is to dig it up from its large beds, prepare it for use, and bring it into market.

The price of fuel is unconscionably high in Chicago, and the prospect is that it will be much higher in the future. Great suffering among the poor people, who cannot afford to pay these prices, is apprehended during the anticipated severe winter that will soon be upon us. Would it not be well and profitable for some of our men of capital and enterprise to turn their attention to this peat question, and essay thereby to remove this fuel oppression—if not this year, at least the next?

From what old settlers in this county, and in Lake, Will and other counties in Northern and Central Illinois, have from time to time told us, we doubt not that acres and acres of these peat deposits can be found in the old swamp lands, and that a sufficient quantity to insure Chicago against all danger of exorbitant prices of fuel for a generation to come.

We know something about this peat fuel. In some parts of Europe it is used almost exclusively. Almost any Irishman knows how it is prepared, the business being extensively carried on in the bog regions of Ireland. It is as hard as maple wood, burns as satisfactorily, and gives as much heat as the best of wood that is supplied in the market.

We present the matter, with the above suggestions, to the people of Chicago, trusting that somebody will at once turn inquiry and effort to a matter of such great and general importance.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

The St. Paul *Press* is jubilant over the discovery, in that neighborhood, of a large beds of "peat" or "turf," as it is called in Ireland. Sixty acres of it have been found adjoining the city of St. Paul, which, it is estimated, will supply the city with fuel for one hundred years. It also bounds in other localities. The reason of the joy is that wood costs $8 per cord, while "peat" can be furnished at $2 50 to 3 00; and a cord of the latter is said to be equal to a cord of the former. The *Press* claims that it is equal to coal, for manufacturing purposes; and better than either wood or coal for household use. This is stating the case rather strong. It is no doubt an excellent substitute for wood or coal, for domestic use; but we never heard of it being used successfully for gas, or manufacturing purposes. But the people out there, smarting under the wood monopoly, and finding it difficult to afford to keep warm in that cold climate, have reason to rejoice over the discovery, and may be excused for indulging, on the occasion, in that style of exaggerations, which characterizes Americans.

We think it is the *Gazette* which has indulged in the "exaggerations," as we did not claim that Peat was "*better* than either wood or coal for domestic use," but that for some purposes it would answer as a substitute. In regard to its Gas-generating qualities, the editor of the *Gazette* will find our statements verified by referring to any competent authority, and as better evidence, we will state that the Peat has been tried at our Gas Works here, and found to produce 1100 feet of good gas from 250 pounds of the Peat.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, in the course of some comments on our article which it copies at length, says:

Large beds of peat have also been discovered in the neighborhood of Rochester, N. Y., and doubtless exist in all the Northern States. The present high price of fuel will lead to investigations and discoveries in all directions of this valuable combustible.

We have overlooked any notice of this fact in our Rochester exchanges, but in Canada, Wisconsin and Iowa, the newspapers are beginning to discuss the subject.

The Dubuque papers, referring to their own fuel famine, urge the inhabitants of that neighborhood to hunt for Peat-bogs, which they feel confident exist in that locality.

In order to guide the investigations of Peat-hunters in this and other States, we transcribe from "Tyell's Elements of Geology" the following remarks as to the nature, origin, topographical situation and geographical limitations of peat:

The generation of peat, when not completely under water, is confined to moist situations, where the temperature is low, and where vegetables may decompose without putrefying. It may consist of any of the numerous plants which are capable of growing in such stations; but a species of moss (sphagrum) constitutes a considerable part of the peat found in the marshes of the north of Europe; this plant having the property of throwing up new shoots in its upper part, while its lower extremities are decaying. Reeds, rushes and other aquatic plants may usually be traced in peat; and their organization is often so entire that there is no difficulty in discriminating the distinct species.

ANALYSIS OF PEAT.—In general, says Sir Humphry Davy, one hundred parts of dry peat contains from sixty to ninety-nine parts of matter destructible by fire; and the residuum consists of earths usually of the same kind as the substratum of clay, marl, gravel or rock on which they are found together with oxide of iron. * * * From the researches of Dr. McCulloch it appears that peat is *intermediate between simple vegetable matter and lignite, the conversion of peat to lignite being gradual, and being brought about by a prolonged action of water.* Peat is sometimes found on a declivity in mountaneous regions where there is much moisture; but in such situations it rarely if ever exceeds four feet in thickness. In bogs and in low grounds into which alluvial peat is drifted, it is found forty feet thick and upwards; but in such cases, it generally owes one-half of its volumne to the water which it contains; and it rarely occurs in the valley, even in the south of France and Spain.

It abounds more and more in proportion as we advance further from the equator, and becomes not only more frequent but more inflammable in Northern latitudes. I learn from Dr. Forchhammer that water charged with vegetable matter in solution does not throw down a deposit of peat in countries where the mean temperature of the year is above 43° or 44° Fahrenheit. Frost causes the precipitation of such peaty matter, but in warm climates the attraction of the carbon for the oxygen of the air mechanically mixed with the water increases with the increasing temperature, and the dissolved vegetable matter or humic acid (which is organic matter in a progressive state of decomposition) being converted into carbonic acid, rises and is absorbed into the atmosphere and there dissolves. * * * It is a curious and well ascertained fact that many of these marshes of the north of Europe occupy the places of forests of pine and oak which have many of them disappeared within the historical era. Such changes are brought about by the fall of trees and the stagnation of water, caused by their trunks and branches obstructing the free drainage of the atmospheric water and giving rise to a marsh. In a warm climate such decayed timber would immediately be removed by insects or by putrefaction; but in the cold temperature now prevailing in our latitudes, many examples are recorded of marshes originating in this source.

Thus in Aberdeenshire, large trunks of Scotch fir, which had fallen from age and decay, were soon immured in peat, formed partly out of their own perishing leaves and branches and in part from the growth of other plants. We also learn that the overthrow of a forest by a storm, about the seventeenth century, gave rise to a peat-moss near Lochbroom, in Ross-shire, where, in less than half a century after the fall of the trees the inhabitants dug peat. * * * All the coins, axes, arms, and other utensils found in British and French mosses are also Roman, so that considerable portions of the peat in European peat bogs is evidently not more ancient than the age of Julius Ceasar. Nor can any vestige of the ancient forests described by that general along the line of the great Roman way in Britain be discovered, except in the ruined trunks of trees in peat.

The older the deposit of peat, the nearer it approaches lignite, or coal. The most that has been used here is evidently surface, and newly formed peat, but deeper cutting will reveal better, denser peat, if not lignite.

"Lignite, mineral coal retaining the texture of the wood from which it was formed, and burning with an empyreumatic odor. It is of more recent origin than the anthracite and bituminous coal of the proper coal series."

Mayor Warren's Veto Message.

To the Honorable the President and Common Council of the City of Saint Paul:

I most respectfully return to your honorable body the following resolution, without my signature, for the reasons that I shall proceed to lay before you.

[These having been already published are omitted.]

It is with much regret that it is impossible for me to agree in opinion with the decided majority of the Council by whom the above resolution was adopted, but a deep sense of public duty overcomes all considerations of a personal nature and compels me to enter an earnest remonstrance against your action in this matter.

This whole subject has been forced upon our consideration by interested parties who, whatever may be their individual respectability, have in my judgement to a great extent lost sight of the public welfare in their zeal to carry out a scheme for the chief promotion of their own private benefit. But it is our duty to keep entirely aloof from schemes of private interest, save so far as they are strictly in conformity with the well defined and permanent welfare of the community. I do not believe this enterprise is one of that character. I believe it had its origin in private interest, has been carried forward for private interest, and will end in private interest, should the people see fit to sanction it with their votes. I do not believe it will have the effect of building a railroad to Lake Superior a single day earlier than we should otherwise have one, but on the contrary, by compromising us with a particular company, would more likely, by excluding from direct negotiation all *bona fide* capitalists, result in retarding the work materially.

What possible reason can be given for hurrying on with such marvellous celerity a measure calculated to plunge our youthful city into infinite embarrassment? Why not wait for the action of the Legislature? Why not wait for the action of Congress? Why not wait for the voice of the people after due time for reflection shall have been given them? Let us not spring this issue upon them as the five million State Loan was sprung, and which at the time was so plausibly advocated by designing men, that the community, in their blindness and haste, give it an almost unanimous endorsement. Experience has shown, that, so far from proving a blessing to the State, or an aid to the construction of the roads, as it was ingeniously represented that it would be, it has, on the contrary proved a curse to the State and an impediment to the construction of these very roads. With this light to guide us, we should be slow in pledging the credit of this city for *any* enterprise, however urgent it may be, or however tempting and necessary it may seem for us to do so.

Public credit is the main principle upon which any durable prosperity for cities or States must be founded. If we destroy or undermine this foundation everything else must fall to the ground. It is the one thing absolutely indispensable—the touchstone by which everything should be tried. Whatever plan or project seems even in the most distant manner to threaten it, should be firmly rejected in spite of every argument and temptation. Already the mere agitation of this subject has seriously depreciated the market value of our outstanding bonds, and I venture to predict that should this measure become an established fact, continued depreciation will sink them to a much lower point. The result will be that our public works will have to stop. Contractors, unable to raise money at the rates which they expected will be forced to give up their contracts from absolute inability to go on. Many laborers will thus be thrown out of employment. With our bonds say at fifty cents on the dollar, all the expenses of the city government will be doubled. Just in the ratio of the depreciation will be the increase of our expenses and consequently of our taxation. How wild, then, to think of issuing our bonds to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars, to aid in the construction of works that may safely be left to private enterprise, and to such encouragement as the city and State can consistently extend, without injury to the credit of either.

We can offer the right of way, depot grounds, and freedom from taxation—and these, with the swamp lands offered by the State, and the grant of lands that we can with proper exertions reasonably anticipate from Congress, will be amply sufficient to induce substantial capitalists to undertake the building of a road direct from St. Paul to Lake Superior without requiring any needless issue of its bonds.

Besides, capitalists would not set much value upon our offer of bonds to be issued in five years. By that time we must inevitably have a very heavy debt upon our hands, double, and perhaps treble, our present debt. What guarantee will capitalists have, a suspicious class, that these bonds will ever be paid, and that St. Paul may not be compelled by the prospect of ruinous taxation to seek for escape, as other cities have done, through the rotten door of repudiation. The bare prospect of such a fate should render us severely cautious, in regard to the acquisition of new liabilities for any purpose.

Such, Mr President, and Gentlemen of the Council, are the views and considerations which compel me to differ with you and to withhold my signature from the above resolution. In coming to a conclusion upon this subject I have endeavored to keep my mind entirely free from all thoughts of a personal or private nature, such as might tend to warp my judgment upon a matter of such vast concern, and acting thus, solely from what I conceive to be the greatest public good. I have felt it my duty solemnly to urge upon your honorable body a reconsideration of the steps you have taken, and to lift up to the community a voice of warning against the imminent danger into which it appears to me the city is about being plunged.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN ESAIAS WARREN, Mayor.

ST. PAUL, NOV. 23, 1863.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON,
STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA,
th no19-1 sept 2 '63 St. Paul.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

E. F. WARNER, Agent.

O. CURTIS, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.—Persons wishing either Fire or Life Insurance, will receive prompt attention by calling on him at his office in Thompson's Block, on Third street, or at the Prairie du Chien Railroad Office on the Levee. He has secured the services of A. L. WHITNEY, of St. Anthony, in both branches of the above business,—a very reliable, efficient business man.

sept17 O. CURTIS.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, FREE FROM TAN, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers. For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey, and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish Price 50 cents. For sale by

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, and
sept19-eowly N. H. HEMIUP, St. Anthony.

S—T—1860—X.
DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. F. H. Drake & Co, 202 Broadway, N. Y. aug5-eowly

HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
IT IS NOT A DYE,

But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty,

promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.

aug8-eow d tw&w ly.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,
au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

[Communicated.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!!—A CARD.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings County,
oc8-3md&w New York.

CLOTHING AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AT THE STORE OF
W. H. TEMPLE,
THIRD ABOVE MINNESOTA ST.
Overcoats.
FINE BEAVER.....$14, $18 and $25.
BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERE AND CLOTH.....$14 to $20.
PETERSHAM, PILOT & SATINET..$8 to $18.
Business Coats, Frocks & Sacks
A large assortment, $6 to $20.
Pantaloons for the Million.
From a coarse Satinet to a fine Doeskin, all new goods, and made up in style.
VESTS.
Black Doeskin, Cloth, Figured Cassimere, Silk and Silk Velvet, of different grades.
Shirts and Drawers,
Winter Caps, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties,
FINE WHITE AND FANCY WOOL SHIRTS.
We have now in store one of the largest stocks of Clothing in the State. Our goods have been bought so that we can give bargains. Those in want of any article in our line would do well to give us a call.
my30-tf W. H. TEMPLE.

500 VOLUNTEERS WANTED
For the 5th Regiment Minnesota Infantry Volunteers.

$302 Bounty will be paid to veterans.
$302 " to new recruits, rations, clothing, and $13 per month.

Apply to Lieut. Col. WILLIAM B. GERE, at recruiting rendezvous, McKubin's block, Third street, St. Paul; Capt. E. A. RICE, Faribault, or Capt. T. J. SHEEHAN, Albert Lea, Recruiting Officers.
no28-jan5

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE.
Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.
TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,
SAINT PAUL, December 1, 1863.
Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Fun ts	¼ per ct. prem
American Gold	46½ per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, Stat Warrants, &c., promptly executed.
State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.
Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Proclamation of the Governor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SAINT PAUL, Nov. 21, 1863.

To aid our soldiers in the field, and to hasten the termination of civil war, the President of the United States has by Proclamation of the 17th October ult., called for 300,000 volunteers to serve for a term not exceeding three years.

Under this call Minnesota will be required to furnish for its quota at least three thousand men.

The Proclamation of the President assures us, that, if this quota is not raised before the 5th day of January next, "the draft shall commence" on that day.

In addition to this, we owe under the late call for 20 per cent. of the first class of enrolled national forces 1,207 men.

The Secretary of War has authorized us to cancel this debt by raising a Regiment of Cavalry, which it is understood shall be employed in the frontier service so long as it shall be necessary to protect us against the incursions of hostile savages.

The slow progress which has been already made in filling this regiment, imperatively necessary for the protection of lives and property on our border, gives faint hope of success in raising the number requisite to avoid a draft.

If in addition to the fact that this regiment is to be used in our own service and to provide for the security of our own families, it is necessary to offer further inducements to enlist, I recommend that the several counties and townships of the State pay such bounties as may be required to secure speedy enlistments in the Second Cavalry Regiment.

It should be a matter of State pride to fill this regiment at an early day.

The bounty offered by Government is $102 for each recruit, and the State authorities will endeavor to have it increased to $302, the amount offered to those enlisting in the old regiments.

Whether this application is successful or not, there should be no delay in supplying a force necessary for the safety and prosperity of our State, to be paid and supported by the National Government.

The present call for 300,000 men is intended especially to fill the ranks of decimated regiments now in the field.

We have in this State about 30,000 men enrolled as State Militia. If the energy and enthusiasm heretofore manifested by the people of this State still live, we can easily furnish the number required from us to end this terrible war, amounting only to one in ten of our State troops.

The bounty offered by the Government is munificent, and sufficient to enable men in any condition of life to devote themselves to the work.

It is not probable that the war will last for two years, and $102 bounty to veterans and $302 to new recruits, besides the regular pay and rations is as much as laboring men can expect to realize in the pursuit of any ordinary branch of industry.

But there are higher motives to induce our people to respond heartily and promptly to the demands of the Government.

Peace can only come as the result of victory over the rebels in arms. We have the power, the men and munitions, to win the victory. The more readily we furnish them, the earlier will be the end of the struggle.

Our regiments now in the field have shed an immortal lustre upon our State. History furnishes no parallel to their heroic achievments, and in whatever portion of the Union a citizen of Minnesota may go, he feels himself surrounded with the glory they have won.

Now, on the very eve of final victory, the patriotic people of this State will not leave them with their thinned ranks, to fight this battle alone.

Such a war "costs treasure and blood," but its speedy and triumphant conclusion "will richly compensate for both."

An effort is being made to have each township in the State credited with the number of men it has heretofore furnished, or may furnish, for the service.

The result will be made public as soon as it is known, by this Department.

The time for action in this matter is very short, and I ask the people of Minnesota to use every influence that patriotism or money can exert, to sustain her proud position, and save her from the impending draft.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State to be affixed, at St. Paul, this L. S. 21st day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

HENRY A. SWIFT.

WHOLESALE LAMP STORE,
next door to
Marvin's Crockery Importing House.
LAMPS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS, OIL,
AND ALL THE ARTICLES BELONGING TO THE TRADE,
Can be found at the Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery Importing House.
An exclusive Lamp and Oil Store to meet the demands of the Wholesale and Retail trade, has long been desirable in St. Paul. Country Merchants can now be supplied at Eastern prices (transportation added.) Call at the Carbon Oil and Lamp Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery House.
☞ Country Merchants are especially invited. Call and see. sept29

TO MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE!
WE ARE OFFERING AT WHOLESALE
3,000 PAIRS MOCCASINS,
1,000 PAIRS
Men's Buffalo Shoes,
1,000 PAIRS
WOMEN'S BUFFALO SHOES,
100 Cases Men's Boots,
Buck Mitts and Gloves,
AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
BOOTS & SHOES.
ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags. Robert-st., first store from Third-st.
mar14-tf WEST & CO.

Hardware.

J. B. BRADEN,
Has now received from the Eastern Manufacturers a full and complete assortment of
IRON,
Hardware, Nails,
Steel of all kinds, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nuts, Axes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Sleigh Shoes, Thimble Skeins, Carriage Trimmings,
Wagon and Buggy Wood,
Iron Kettles, Coal, Window Glass and Sash, and all other Goods in our line, sold Wholesale and Retail.
Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.
ap17-1y

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND
AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,
Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.
au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,
1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,
New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.
au11 GILMAN & CO.

IRON and STEEL.
HEAVY HARDWARE
ORDER
SHEET IRON,
NORWAY NAIL RODS,
BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,
Nails and Spikes,
SLEIGH SHOES,
CUTTER SHOES,
Sleigh and Cutter
RUNNERS,
Bent Cutter Stuff,
OF
HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
CHICAGO.
au29-d&wt feb 29

"GREENBACKS ARE GOOD, BUT ROBACK'S ARE BETTER."

ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.
ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.
ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.

USED BY EVERYBODY.
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FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
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THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.
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ROBACK'S CATAWBA BRANDY.
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MADE FROM THE CATAWBA GRAPE.
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USED IN ALL HOSPITALS.
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ADOPTED BY THE U. S. GOVERNMENT.
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Sold in St. Paul by
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CHARLES A. UPHAM.
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DR. C. W. ROBACK, Proprietor, Cin., O.
C. A. COOK, Chicago, General N. W. Agent.
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POLLOCK,
DONALDSON AND
OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
China, Glass & Earthen Ware,
WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF
Housekeeping Articles.
It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.
UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st.,
COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.
je5-d&w

FAIRBANK'S
STANDARD
SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
Also, Warehouse

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

[illegible] JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

BRADFORD BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

Nos. 157 and 159 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE,

Are now opening an immense Stock of Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to which they call the attention of the Merchants of the North west---among which we offer the following:

25 Cases M. De Laines,	250 Cases Prints,
25 Bales Twilled Flannels,	200 Bales Shirtings,
20 " Plain colored do.,	50 Bales Fine Shirting,
100 Cases Denims,	24 Bales Satinets, all grades,
75 " Stripes,	10 " Grey Cassimeres,
30 " Ticking,	10 Cases Fancy Cassimeres,
50 " Cotton Flannels,	100 Pieces Alpaccas,
20 " Linseys,	2000 " Cobergs,
3000 lbs. Wool Yarn,	Twine, Wicking,
1000 doz. Wool Socks,	Wadding, Cotton Yarn,
200 Bales assorted Batting,	&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

A FULL LINE OF YANKEE NOTIONS,

WHITE GOODS, RIBBONS, HOODS, SHIRTS and DRAWERS, RIBBED JACKETS, BLANKETS, SAXONY PLAIDS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES and MITTS;

AND

Innumerable other goods pertaining to the Jobbing Dry Goods Business, making an Immense Stock which for EXTENT, ASSORTMENT and CHEAPNESS is unrivalled in the West.

To those wishing to buy at New-York Prices and less, we would solicit an examination of our Stock and Prices. Respectfully,

BRADFORD BROTHERS.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28, 1863. oc6-4m

MILWAUKEE.

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS

ARE OFFERED THE

MOST MANIFEST INDUCEMENTS,

BY THE NEW HOUSE,

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

172 and 174 East Water Street.

au20-d tw&w

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

In this city, in connection with their

PAPER MILL, IN ST. ANTHONY,

And desire to call the attention of buyers to their

Immense Stock of

LETTER, NOTE AND CAP PAPER, ENVELOPES, BOOK AND NEWS PRINT, FLAT AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPERS, PRINTERS' AND WRITING INKS AND FLUIDS, PENS, PENCILS, &c., &c.

Agents for

GREENLEAF & TAYLOR'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY

We will sell as low as Eastern Jobbers with Freight added.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR

PAPER RAGS, ROPE, GUNNIES & OLD NEWSPAPERS.

oc22-tf Office No. 220 Third-St., St. Paul, Min.

ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, until further notice, the Trains of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

MORNING.		EVENING.	
Leaves St. Paul	7:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Paul	3:30 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	7:45 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	4:15 P. M.
Arrive at Manomin	8:15 A. M.	Arrive at Manomin	4:45 P. M.
—		—	
Leaves Manomin	8:25 A. M.	Leaves Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	9:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	5:30 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul	9:40 A. M.	Arrive at St. Paul	6:10 P. M.

Wm. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs, &c., &c.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT, 30th edition, containing 80 large pages, and 60 fine plates and engravings, price only 15 cents, on the Improved Treatment of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Sexual Debility, and the effects of Masturbation or Self-Abuse on the Body and Mind, including a Treatise on

VENEREAL DISEASES,

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, and affections of the Testicles, Bladder, and Kidneys, with observations on the DISEASES OF FEMALES, Marriage, Reproduction, and the prevention of Conception, &c. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on receipt of 15 cents or stamps.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohioensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, should let no false delicacy deter them, but apply at once and be cured.

FEMALE DISEASES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases, such as suppressed, or unhealthy Menstruation, Leuchorrhea, Chlorosis, Diseases of the Womb and Os Uteri, &c. Also, Agent for *Dewees's Female Pills*, for obstructed Menstruation, price $1 per box.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations private and confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. afternoons, from 3 to 5. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of **them** in use in **this country** and **Europe.**

These are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available a life time.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Glass Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,

jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS,

SEWING MACHINES,

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-1 jan 1]

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent **Hoist Wheels,** for building, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH USE THE

DANDELION AND Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; In Quart Bottles, 75; These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor, Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Butcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,

my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Witfield's Vegetable Pills

Are warranted a certain cure for

Fistula, Blind or Bleeding Piles.

We would caution all who are victims to this distressing complaint to avoid the use of external applications, as they result only in aggravating the difficulty.

DR. WITFIELD'S remedy removes the cause of the disease, and effects a permanent cure.

THIS IS NO QUACK MEDICINE.

These Pills have been tried for the last seven years, and in no instance have they failed to cure.

☞ Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail any address.

J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

sept3-3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?—THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The proprietors of the New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine have issued free FOUR of their most Interesting Lectures on Marriage and its qualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Loss of Energy and Vital Power.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. sept15 3m

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MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED IN FOUR WEEKS, BY DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE!—Dr. Ricord (of Paris) at the solicitation of the American public, has appointed an Agent in New York for the sale of his valued and highly prized Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore Manhood to the most shattered constitutions, in four weeks; and, if used according to printed instructions, failure is impossible. This life restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Success, in every case, is certain. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases with full instructions for use, at $3, or four quantities in one for $9 and will be sent to any part, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance to his accredited agent.

PHILIP ROLAND, 447 Rrome-st.,

sept15-3m One door west of Broadway, N. Y.

A. F. TRYON & CO.,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

25 HOWARD-ST., N. Y.,

Have on hand for sale, and are constantly manufacturing, an assortment of Pianos of the best materials and workmanship, equal in every respect to any made in this country, which they offer at very moderate prices. Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine. oc13-3m

---

Dry Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO,

Are now receiving an extensive stock of

Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS,

from

Late Cash Sales in New York

Consisting in part of

MUSLIN DE LAINES,

WOOL PLAIDS,

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

FRENCH REPS,

PARIS SILK STRIPES,

PARAMATTAS,

Alpaccas, Mohair's, &c., &c

Mourning Goods.

LADIES' LONG AND SQUARE

SHAWLS,

In every variety.

Cleakings, Balmoral Skirts,

Kid Padded Hoop Skirts,

Hoods, Scarfs, Sontags.

HOSIERY,

Consisting of English and German Cotton, Woollen and Worsted Hose.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S BALMORAL HOSE.

White and mixed

WRAPPERS & DRAWERS.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

White, red and mixed

FLANNELS.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings,

Denims, Blankets.

ALL COUNTRY MERCHANTS who purchase

FOR CASH,

Should examine our stock before purchasing.

We will not be undersold in this market.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

Sept. 1:1y **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

NOW READY FOR THE

Fall Trade!

The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS HOUSE

In Minnesota.

CATHCART & CO.

At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,

Have just opened a fresh stock of

American, English, French and German

DRESS GOODS,

Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of

DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery,

Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing,

&c., &c.

A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in

War Times.

sept6-3m **CATHCART & CO**

LADIES' CLOAKS.

Just received, a large lot of

LADIES' CLOAKS

BOTH

SACQUES and CIRCULARS

Which we will

Sell Very Low to Close them Out!

Those wishing to purchase, had better come soon as we intend to sell them so cheap that customers cannot help but buy.

Remember the place,

The Cheap Cash Store of

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

Minnesota.

no11-tf

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Dry Goods.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

DRESS GOODS.—A large line, consisting of French Merinos, All Wool and Union Plaids, Empress Cloths, Plaid Valencias, Muslin de Laines, &c., &c., at very low figures, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

SHAWLS.—We have now on hand a selection of Long and Square Shawls, which the most fastidious can select from. As our prices are always as low as the lowest, we invite inspection on them, at

Hogan & Camp's.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS.—Our stock of these goods is very extensive. We have Seal Skin Beavers, Frosted Beavers, Esquimeaux Beavers, Castor Beavers, Doeskins and Felts, Broadcloths in all colors, at the lowest market prices, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—Having upwards of 500 assorted styles of English, French, and American manufacture for Ladies, Misses and children. We can sell them at a little under the market price, by the single Skirt, or dozen, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

ALL HOUSES HAVE THEIR SPECIALITIES. The above are our's, and we feel that we can at present offer inducements on them that no other House in Minnesota can.

dec2

Hotels.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

BRIGGS HOUSE,

Chicago, - - - Illinois.

F. W. BURNHAM, H. F. WILLARD, } Clerks.

W. F. TUCKER & CO

sept23-3m* Proprietors.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

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Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN **Winslow House,**

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

jan29-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE,

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

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100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

---

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

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Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and WARRANTED THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THE SATISFACTION OF THE CONSUMER. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

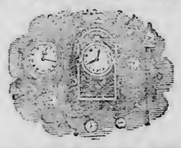
All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

apstf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,



Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

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Groceries.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Family Groceries,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

In Moffet's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourt street,

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge. no20-tf

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APPLES.

200 bbls. selected

Fall and Winter Apples

AT PUTNAM'S.

Choice White

Winter Wheat Flour,

AT PUTNAM'S.

CHEESE—ONE THOUSAND LBS.

Extra Hamburgh.

oc9-tf AT PUTNAM'S.

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——.

jan1-d1y

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND

PRODUCE DEALERS,

SIBLEY STREET,.....NEAR LEVEE

oct6-1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS.

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS,

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - Illinois.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere. mr7-d&wy

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50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, all

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.

ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

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20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates,

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

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410 GALLONS VARNISH.

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

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500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

1864. 1864. 1864.

Winter Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.

PASSENGER LINE.

The routes are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Reeds, Wabashaw, Minneiska, Winona, and La Crosse, at 6½ o'clock A. M.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 7 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Mondays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Little Canada, Columbus, Sunrise City—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

ap21-d1y J. C. BURBANK & CO. Proprietors

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.'s agents.

New York office, 14 Murray street,

Boston office, 69 Washington street,

mar25-d1y

---

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

---

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

---

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

---

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

---

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of

dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

---

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.

je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar3 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

THE CITY.

Thermometrical Record.

KEPT BY DAY & JENKS, DRUGGISTS, CORNER OF THIRD AND CEDAR STREETS.

DECEMBER.	7:30 A. M.	1 P. M.	6 P. M.
1 Tuesday	35	44	37
2 Wednesday	28	42	35

THE WEEKLY PRESS for this week is issued this morning, and is one of the choicest and most valuable numbers ever issued, as will be seen by the following table of contents:

EDITORIALS—His Honor the Mayor Challenged: Mr. Cobden on the destruction of Kagosima: How the English Treat Rebels: The Mayor's Veto Overslaughed: Fernando Wood Advocates the Right of Secession: Grant and his Generals: The Next Minnesota Legislature: Grant's Glorious Victory—Its Strategic Results: Commencement of the Union Pacific Railway: The *Pioneer* and its Conservative Friends: A European War Imminent: Mr. Beecher's Reception: The Effort to Raise our Quota: Statistics of Navigation for 1863.

CORRESPONDENCE—Correspondence from Chattanooga: Meteorological Notes for November, 1863.

MISCELLANEOUS—The Official History of Gen. Rosecran's last Campaign: Fremont's Revenge—Incidents of the War:: A Franco-Mexican Plot Foiled: Progessive Democrats: Great Speech of Henry Ward Beecher at His Reception in New York: Address of Edward Everett at the Dedication of the Soldier's Cemetery at Gettysburg; A Tale; Old and young; Letter of John Minor Botts to the Richmond *Examiner*; Another Speech by Beecher; Senator Wilkinson's speech in New York; Napoleon's letter to the Sovereigns; Telegraghic News Summary with a host of late news items.

The War Democratic Convention at Chicago; The direct route to Superior; Voice of the Minnesota Valley; Reception by Senator and Mrs. Sprague; Our Richmond prisoners; Clippings from the rebel press; The O'Kane Palmerston divorce case.

For sale in wrappers at the counting room. Price five cents.

HOME AFTER BUSINESS HOURS.—An exchange says: "The road along which the man of business travels in pursuit of competence or wealth is not a macadamized one, nor does it ordinarily lead through scenes and by well springs of delight. On the contrary, it is a rough and rugged path, beset with 'wait abit' thorns, and full of pitfalls, which can only be avoided by a watchful circumspection. After every day's journey over this worse than rough turnpike road, the wayfarer needs something more than the rest; he requires solace, and he deserves it. He is weary of the dull prose of life, and athirst for the poetry. Happy is the business man who can find that solace and that poetry at home. Warm greetings from loving hearts, fond glances from bright eyes, the welcome shouts of children, the thousand little arrangements for our comfort and enjoyment that silently tell of thoughtful and expectant love, the gentle ministrations that disencumber us into an old and easy seat before we are aware of it; these and like tokens of affections and sympathy constitute the poetry which reconciles to the prose of life. Think of this, ye wives and daughters of business men! Think of the anxieties, the mortifications, and worse, that fathers undergo to secure for you comfortable homes, and compensate them for the trials by making them happy by their own firesides."

THE MAYOR IN A NEW ROLE.—While the Mayor was taking his usual "nip," with a policeman, at a Third Street Saloon, on Tuesday, a disabled soldier named Woodward, who is awaiting his discharge entered, and the Mayor anxious to know how his momentous veto of the Superior Railroad bill was about to affect the community, broached the topic. A discussion ensued, during which Woodward called the Mayor a Copperhead. This was too much for the dignity of the Mayoralty and he immediately retorted with flashes, "your're a loafer," but recalling the old saying about fighting and running started for the door simultaneously with this outburst. The disabled soldier, anxious to accelerate his movements as much as possible, endeavored to donate an application of calf skin to Easias, but the policeman, inspired with three pints of devotion for His Honor, interposed, and by dint of energetic use of his heels, the Mayor reached a back alley and made his escape.

With veto messages, saloon brawls and abuse of invalid soldiers, the Mayor finds ample opportunity for relieving his fertile brain, which would otherwise become injured, by "many weary hours of anxious thought."

OBITUARY NOTICE.—The sad casualty resulting in the death of little Fannie Fairchild has been duly chronicled, but it is fitting that a brief obituary tribute be paid to those childish virtues and traits of character which endeared her to all and have embalmed her memory with a perennial fragrance. For one of her age Fannie was no ordinary child. From a [illegible] delicately attuned to the slighest impression, she possessed sensibilities peculiarly acute and refined. Her intelligence and happy flow of spirits, joined to exceeding amiability and a perfectly obedient temper; her heart full to overflowing with love to every one; her disposition sweetly innocent and ever free from the ruflings of passion, made her the joy of her companions and the light of the household. But Fannie is gone. That light is extinguished. The idol of those doting parents, around which clustered so many joys and hopes, has been removed from its earthly temple; but their sorrows can find some assuagement in the consoling faith that she "liveth evermore;" that she is but translated to a more genial clime where her virtues will expand to a fuller growth and bloom in a fadeless beauty. VECDEH.

ANNEALED LAMP CHIMNEYS.—A source of great trouble and expense to those who burn petroleum is the glass chimneys of the lamps. The term "brittle as glass" may be truly applied to them. They really appear to be manufactured for the purpose of being easily broken, so as to increase the demand for them upon their makers. It would be for the interest of dealers in petroleum to attend to this subject as the great brittleness of these chimneys is owing to their not being annealed. It would add but little to their original cost to anneal them properly, but would add much to the economical side of the question on the part of those who use them. As there is no hope of getting dealers to do this, we will give a plan by which any housekeeper can "anneal" them without expense. Put the chimneys in a pot of cold water and set it on the stove until it boils, when it should be taken off and allowed to cool. This completely takes the brittleness out of them and increases their durability two or three hundred per cent.

THE FUROR ABOUT SEWING MACHINES.—We are heartily glad that at last the Sewing Machine—the most beneficent invention of modern times—is swaying the attention it deserves. Almost every one we meet has a word to say upon the subject, and the presumption, from present indication, is that, in the way of elegant and useful presents during the approaching holidays, the various first-class Sewing Machines will monopolize the entire field. The celebrated *Wheeler & Wilson* Machine is steadily gaining public favor. The fact is, it is incomparable in every respect. Mr. Johnson, the agent here, says his sales have doubled recently. We need not say a word to induce any one to use a Sewing Machine, for they are indispensible in every family. The only question is, what kind of a one shall you buy? We say, the *Wheeler & Wilson* Machine is the one for family use.

THE AMATEUR CONCERT TO-NIGHT.—We trust our readers will not forget the Amateur Concert to-night at Ingersolls Hall, by Amateurs, for the benefit of Saint Paul's Church. The Managers have been very successful in the sale of reserved Seat tickets, the sales amounting to something over two hundred and twenty-five. The sales will be continued to-day, by Messrs. Day & Jenks, and Munger Bros., until four o'clock P. M., or until the sales amount to two hundred and fifty. The Hall will comfortably seat nearly *six hundred* persons, so that nearly two-thirds of the house will be open for the selection of those who come early. It will be remembered that the Concert is given by the Amateur Musical talent of our city, who volunteer their services on behalf of Saint Paul's Church. These considerations, united with the fact that the Managers have gone to considerable expense to ensure the comfort of the Concert Room, should commend the entertainment to the favorable notice of our citizens. Doors open at 7 1-4 P. M. Concert to commence at 1-4 before eight. Tickets fifty cents, to be had at the door.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Business men should understand the fact that the PRESS affords the BEST MEDIUM OF ADVERTISING in the State. Its daily circulation is large and constantly augmenting. It is among the purchasing classes who seek to buy to best advantage, and who consult business announcements of all kinds. THE EXPERIENCE OF ADVERTISERS is that the PRESS affords them the quickest and fullest returns for their investments. Instances proving this come to our observation every day.

THE ST. ANTHONY AND MINNEAPOLIS EXPRESS.—We take occasion to refer our friends who have packages to send to either Minneapolis or St. Paul, to the St. Anthony and Minneapolis Express. Notice to be found in another column. Mr. S. W. Rhone is the Express Messenger, and we can testify that no more trusty and capable man could desired to be entrusted with the important duties devolving upon him. Patronize Rhone.

MALICIOUS.—Some one, from motives which it is difficult to divine, circulated a report on Tuesday evening that T. M. Metcalf had died suddenly. The report spread rapidly and was, of course, generally believed. Finally it came to the ears of Mr. Metcalf himself. He of course refused to believe it, and flatly contradicted it. It was a very stupid and malicious canard.

NEW BOATS FOR THE MINNESOTA RIVER TRADE.—We learn that two boats are to be built by Saint Paul parties this Winter, expressly for the Minnesota River trade next season. A new boat is also building at Carver for that trade. At least a dozen boats will be ready to enter it as soon as navigation is open next Spring, and there will be business for all of them.

CAPT. J. H. SWAN, of the 5th Regiment, writes to the Adjutant General that he has got a recruit, one Louis Butler, who "has sworn to pledge life, fortune and sacred honor" to the cause, and cook for the Regiment to the best of his ability. Louis is a brother of "African descent."

EVERY man who has a homestead should read "My Farm at Edgewood," by the author of "Reviews of a Bachelor," full of practical suggestions, sound sense, and written in an attractive and interesting style. Every man should have it. Davenport has got it.

TAKEN TO STATE'S PRISON.—Chief of Police Cummings, and John Grace, jailor, yesterday took Kinnick, sentenced for highway robbery, and Lind, for larceny, to the Penitentiary.

THE weather was again very warm yesterday, and overcoats and furs were laid aside entirely. Two or three more such days will open the river again. The skating is almost used up.

FROM SUPERIOR.—By a private letter from Superior dated the 26th ult., we learn that the bay is still open, and a boat was expected to arrive.

PERSONAL.—Capt. Joseph Anderson, who was wounded at Birch Coolie, and afterwards commanded a company of Mounted Rangers, is confined to his residence (on Pearl Street) by illness.

WAR HAS ITS TRIUMPHS, SO HAS PEACE.—While the armies of the Union were winning brilliant victories, the *Chemical Saleratus* was enjoying a series of uninterrupted triumphs over the popular aversion to all Saleratus, because the common kinds in use were found to be destructive. Science had demonstrated that the *Chemical Saleratus* was not only pure in its nature, but wonderful in its effects, producing better bread and biscuit than any other kind of Saleratus or Soda known.

LOCAL NOTICES.

BANK NOTICE.—The Banks of this city give notice that the hours for transaction of business during the winter, will be from nine A. M. to three P. M.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
WILLIUS BROS. & DUNBAR,
PARKER PAINE,
BORUP & OAKES,
MARINE BANK,
BERRY, DAWSON & CO.,
no29-1w E. S. EDGERTON.

WE WILL DO IT.—In order to sell off and reduce our extensive stock of CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, we offer our whole stock at from 10 to 25 per cent. less than our regular price. We think it safe to say that those purchasing of us will get Goods about the wholesale price. We offer these inducements to the people rather than to Merchants. OUR LOWEST PRICE WILL BE STATED AT ONCE. A call from those in want of any article in our line is respectfully solicited.

no21-tf W. H. TEMPLE, Third-st.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN, is the best Company for Western men to insure in.

It is made up of and managed by Western men, and is thus having its risks all reside in this the healthiest part of the Union. It is believed that its rate of mortality will be lower than that of the Eastern Companies, in the future as it has been in the past.

The Company is now in its fifth year of business, and has proven an entire success, having issued over four thousand policies, and accumulated in reserve premiums two hundred thousand dollars. It started without guarantee capital, and experience has proven that none was necessary.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the same general basis as that of the most successful Eastern Companies, with the advantage of having the experience of the older ones as its guide.

There are now a large number of members of the Company in St. Paul and vicinity, among whom are some of our best business men.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY,
Thompson's Block, Third street, St. Paul.
O. CURTIS, Manager.
S. P. SNYDER, Agent, Minneapolis.

Either of the above named gentlemen will be happy to give information to members or others desiring, in regard to the Company, and assist in making applications for Policies. no8-3m

Religion a Bad Thing for Slaves.

The Richmond *Whig* remarks upon the pernicious influence which religious instruction has upon the slaves in Virginia, and, by way of example, relates that:

Upon the last appearance of the Yankees at Fredericksburg the only negroes who went off with them when they retired were those who belonged to, or were frequenters of, the African church there.

The negro Holland, noticed elsewhere as under arrest for writing passes for slaves to escape to the Yankees, was a "pillar" in an African church in this city, and a leader in the choir. At his room was found a music tuning fork, and a variety of music and prayer books.

This is bad for the Christian religion. These negroes don't seem to understand Paul and Onesimus as the Rev. Dr. Palmer does. They ought to establish a Bible Revision Society in Richmond, to eliminate from the Scriptures the anti-slavery element, which, no doubt, perverted the minds and hearts of these boudsmen.

—The reason the War Department's estimate of expenses for the ensuing year are two hundred and three millions less than last year, is the belief that it will be possible to reduce our force greatly by July.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2—1 P. M.

Gold 48¾.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 2—6 P. M.

Gold firmer—opening at 19¼, declining to 48, and closing firm at 48⅛.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2—1 P. M.

Flour quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat a shade firmer—$1 41@1 44 for Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club. Oats dull and lower. Corn firm and steady.

WINES AND LIQUORS,

FOR

Medicinal and Private Use.

PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,
PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY,
FINE OLD FRENCH BRANDY,
FINE SCOTCH WHISKY,
PALE SHERRY WINE.
PURE JUICE PORT WINE,
OLD BURGUNDY PORT WINE,
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
OLD JAMAICA RUM,
MUMMS' CABINET CHAMPAGNE,
CURACOA.

FOR SALE BY
no29-d&w8w **J. I. BEAUMONT.**

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,
DEALER IN
TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,
Sugars, Syrups,
AND ALL GOODS PERTAINING TO THE GROCERY BUSINESS, INCLUDING
TOBACCOS, CIGARS,
Wines, Liquors, and
Pure Old Rye and Bourbon
WHISKIES.
Corner 3d & Jackson St's. no29-d&w8w

SARDINES.
Quarter and half boxes. For sale by
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

CITRON.
For sale by,
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

YEAST POWDERS.
Preston & Merrill's Infallible—Babbitt's Chemical. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.
Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Orange, Nutmeg, Strawberry, and Cinnamon. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

TOBACCO.
All varieties of Plug and Fine Cut. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

CODFISH & MACKEREL.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

MALAGA WINE.
For culinary purposes. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

ALMONDS.
Brazil Nuts, Filberts, and Pea Nuts. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FRESH FRUITS.
Peaches, Strawberries, and Blackberries, in cans. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

OLIVE OIL.
Fine Bordeaux, for table use. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

PURE GROUND SPICES.
Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon, Allspice, Cloves, and Mace—warranted pure. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

SAUCES,
Worcestershire, Walnut, and Mushroom Sauces. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

PRESERVED FRUITS.
Green Gages, Pine Apples, and Pears, in Glass. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

SMOKED HALIBUT.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

ENGLISH PICKLES.
Imported—very fine. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

CIGARS.
All grades from Common to Choice. For sale by, no29-d4w J. I. BEAUMONT.

400 BARRELS GOOD WINTER APPLES. For sale by
no29-1w GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
Cor. Jackson and 4th sts.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
Saint Paul, Minnesota, Dec. 1st, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate, will be received at this office until

DECEMBER 15th, 1863,

At 12 O'Clock, Noon,

For furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named posts:

ST. PAUL,
FORT SNELLING,
MANKATO,
FORT RIPLEY,
ST. CLOUD,
SAUK CENTRE,
ALEXANDRIA,
POMME DE TERRE,
GLENCOE,

And those drawing supplies therefrom.

Separate bids will be received for each of the above Posts, or one bid may include all of them.

The contract to commence January 1st, 1864, and to be in force six months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid, or *where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid*, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors, (unless known to the undersigned,) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney. The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to Capt. S. C. Benham, C. S., and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

S. C. BENHAM,
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.
dec2-td

PATENT AMALGAM BELL,
SUITABLE FOR A SCHOOL HOUSE OR SMALL CHURCH.
For sale low by
dec2-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

CORDAGE, SLEIGH SHOES AND FANNING MILLS.
For sale by
je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

CARBON OIL.
Carbon Oil by the Barrel.
For sale low.
je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

SHEET IRON, TIN PLATE, COPPER BOTTOMS,
ZINC AND TINNERS' STOCK,
For sale by
ap24 1y NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

L. BEACH & CO.,
Manufacturers of superior
SOAP AND CANDLES,
Eagle-St., near Upper Levee.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
Lard, Tallow and Grease
L. BEACH. [se26-1yd&w] A. W. PEARSON

DESIRABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

Lands in the valley of the Upper Mississippi, and adjacent to the line of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad.

The St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company now offer in tracts of 40, 80, 120 and 160 acres and upwards—120 sections, or 76,800 acres of land, in the following townships, viz:

Town.	32,	Range	22.
"	33,	"	22.
"	32,	"	23.
"	33,	"	23.
"	32,	"	24.
"	33,	"	24.
"	24,	"	24.
"	35,	"	24.
"	33,	"	25.
"	34,	"	25.
"	35,	"	25.
"	34,	"	26.
"	35,	"	26.

These lands are situated in the counties of Anoka, Isanti and Sherburne, and comprise some of the most valuable lands in the townships named.

They will be sold for cash, the bonds of Company at par, or on long credit.

For prices and terms of payment apply to
LAND COMMISSIONER,
St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company,
oc27-d&w6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

OLD RYE AND BOURBON
WHISKEYS,
VERY OLD AND PURE.
Old Queens Port Wine,
AND
OLD BLACKBURN MADEIRA WINE,
FOR
Medicinal Purposes,
ALSO
Hungarian and Rhine Wines,
AND CALIFORNIA WINES,
Together with a general assortment of
Foreign & Domestic Liquors
J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,
Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,
my19 Sibley Block.

J. McCLOUD, JR.
Commercial Broker,
No. 163 Third Street, (Catholic Block.)
Will buy and sell
REAL ESTATE, AND MERCHANDISE
Of all kinds on Commission,
LOAN MONEY, MAKE COLLECTIONS, PAY TAXES, &C., &C.
Commissions solicited and promptly attended to. no 29-3m

BOB SLED SHOES, $3.00 PER SETT.
Don't pay $4.00 a sett for them, when you can get them for $3.00 a sett at the Pioneer Foundry.
no29-d&w1mo GILMAN & CO.

1863. 1864.
FALL AND WINTER SALES.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Invite the attention of Country Merchants and Inland Jobbers to the large and complete stock which they now offer to their inspection, and invite a comparison with other stocks here, for
EXTENT, VARIETY & CHEAPNESS.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
are prepared to offer DECIDED INDUCEMENTS to cash buyers. Call and see.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have now in store the largest and most attractive stock of GROCERIES west of Chicago. An inspection and comparison of stocks will satisfy you that "these things are so." For sale to the trade only.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Offer to the trade a stock of LIQUORS, complete in all its appointments, and the
LARGEST IN THE STATE.
We mean it.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Are sole proprietors of the unrivalled "Clover Leaf," Bourbon, and "Connoisseurs' Favorite" Rye Whiskeys. These goods
Cannot be Excelled.
Try them.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have just received an Invoice, including—
SCOTCH WHISKEY, (Ramsay's genuine.)
IRISH WHISKEY, (Mehan's genuine.)
ST. CROIX RUM, (very choice.)
TULIP GIN, (the finest imp'ted.)
BRANDIES, "United Proprietors."
BRANDIES, "Otard, Du Pay & Co."
SHERRY WINES, (Harmony Brand.)
These Goods are direct from CUSTOM HOUSE and we GUARANTY THEIR PURITY. Try them

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
HAVE PEACH BRANDY,
APPLE DO.,
CHERRY DO.,
GINGER DO.,
BLACKBERRY DO.,
RASPBERRY DO..
These Brandies are *DISTILLED FROM THE FRUIT*, and are very fine.
MEDFORD RUM, (it is very fine.)

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have **500** cases FRESH FRUITS, including—
PEACHES,
STRAWBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
PINE APPLE, &c., &c.,
All of established brand, and warranted the best.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have
200,000 Segars,
ASSORTED AND FAVORITE BRANDS.
We Cannot be Undersold.
no24

ESTABLISHED 1760.
Peter Lorillard,
Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,
16 and 18 Chambers-St.,
(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)
Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:
BROWN SNUFF.
Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen
YELLOW SNUFF.
Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.
Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, which will be found of a superior quality.
TOBACCO.
FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.
SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 Mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.
N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

OYSTERS—OYSTERS.
The undersigned are now and have been for the past TEN YEARS, the only Agents in Minnesota for
MALTBY'S CELEBRATED BALTIMORE
OYSTERS.
We GUARANTEE to the public that these Oysters are superior to any others brought to this market. The cans are larger, and are filled with Oysters.
A large supply constantly on hand.
Orders from any part of the State promptly attended to.
Depot 216 Third Street, St. Paul.
no26-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.
F. O. WILDER, & CO.,
Dealers in Piano-Fortes, Melodeons, Harmoniums, Cabinet Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c., &c., No. 240 Third-st., corner of St. Peter-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.
Agents for the celebrated
A. M. McPhail & Co's
STAR AND GRAND SCALE PIANOS.
Also, the Parlor Gem.
Mr. Wilder is a Piano-Maker, and has been in the business over 20 years, and will sell nothing but first-class instruments. Every instrument will be warranted, and all Pianos sold by the firm will be kept in tune one year free of charge, if within a reasonable distance.
Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired. Lesson given on the Piano and Melodeon.
no29-d&w1y

Miscellaneous.

GO TO
PUTNAM'S
FOR
FRESH CANNED
RASPBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, PEACHES, PINE APPLES, TOMATOES, CHERRIES
NEW DRIED
BLACKBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, CHERRIES, PEACHES, APPLES, RAISINS, CITRON, CURRANTS, SAGO, FARINA, TAPIOCA AND HOMONY.
Stuart's White Drip, Extra Honey, Golden, Amber and Sugar House Syrups.
New Sugar Cured Dried Beef, and Pine Apple Cheese, and a complete and desirable stock of Fresh
Groceries & Provisions.
S. K. PUTNAM,
near the Post Office.

CIDER.
100 bbls. pure Juice of the Apple, at PUTNAM'S.

GRAPES.
25 boxes Isabellas and Catawbas, at PUTNAM'S

APPLES.
400 barrels Winter, at PUTNAM'S. no4

ONE MORE CHANCE.
JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,
ANOTHER LOT OF
CLOAKS,
200 SACQUES and CIRCULARS,
HANDSOME & BEAUTIFUL,
The Cheapest in the State.
1000 Pairs Blankets,
AND AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
DRY GOODS!
Of Every Kind, Quality and Description,
AT
ELFELT'S.
no12

146.
THIRD STREET.
HOODS, SONTAGS & NUBIAS,
BALMORAL
AND
HOOP SKIRTS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
L. C. BURT,
146
THIRD STREET.
oc20-1y

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
Third St., between Cedar and Wabashaw,
M. C. TUTTLE.
Has just opened a New Gallery on the ground floor, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. His stock and apparatus are new, and have all the latest improvements.
ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TAKING CHILDREN'S PICTURES.
Pictures from Locket Size to Life Size, in the
Finest Style.
Photograph Albums furnished as cheap as any other House, and a Carte de Visite taken gratis! no24-tf

CARPETS.
STRONG'S CARPET HALL,
225 Third-St., Rogers' Block,
where will be found a large assortment of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,
CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C.
New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
mar 12-1y **R. O. STRONG.**

SKATES.
WILLIAMS, MORSE & CO.'S CELEBRATED CAST STEEL
NEW YORK CLUB SKATE,
CENTRAL PARK SKATE,
LADIES' SKATES, BOY'S SKATES,
And the Patent Buckle for Skate Straps at
no22-tf CHERITREE & FARWELL'S.

TO RENT.
Rooms on the Second Floor, over our Auction Store. We will pay the highest prices in cash for all kinds of second-hand goods. Auction Sales every evening; special sales at 10 A. M. Outside sales promptly attended to—on Third street, second door from the Merchants Hotel.
H. E. BAKER & CO.,
no20 Auctioneers.

WANTED,
Spikers and Laborers on the construction work of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. Liberal wages will be paid. Payments made weekly. Apply to F. R. Delano, Assistant Superintendent, at Freight Depot, St. Paul, or John Murphy, Foreman, Manomin.
oc30-tf W. B. LITCHFIELD & CO.

100 BARRELS CIDER,
Just received on consignment, and for sale low.
oc26-tf J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

40 BUSHELS CHOICE RIPE ONIONS.
Just received by A. H. WIMBISH,
no25 Jackson Street.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS
CLOTHING! CLOTHING
IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF
Ready-Made Clothing
AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods
BLOOMINGDALE & RHINE,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
Are now opening a BRANCH of their large establishment, where will be found the
LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING,
Hats, Woollen Shirts,
Drawers, &c., in Minnesota,
All of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at
NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA PRICES.
Buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
NO. 213 THIRD-ST., OPPOSITE THE NORTHWESTERN EXPRESS OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.
sept4-3md&w

BENJAMIN S. BULL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Harrison's Stone Block, Minneapolis, Min.,
Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the above named goods, either at
Wholesale or Retail.
Orders solicited. no11-6md&w

HORSE BLANKETS,
SKATES
AND
SLEIGH BELLS.
Large assortment just received and for sale low at the Saddlery Warehouse of
C. PROAL,
oc29 Corner of Third and Robert-sts.

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS,
161 Third Street,
St. Paul, Minnesota.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER
$6,500,000.
Fire, Life and Marine Policies,
Issued in the following
First-Class Companies:
LORILLARD FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $675,000.
METROPOLITAN INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $515,000.
NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $314,000.
HOME INSURANCE CO., New Haven, Ct., Cash Capital and Surplus $250,000.
PHENIX (Marine) INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $376,000.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Newark, Total Accumulation $4,450,000.
All losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid at this office. No charge for stamps.
M. P. NICHOLS,
no10-1y Agent.

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
100 Barrels
CARBON OIL.
CHAS. A. UPHAM & CO.,
No. 4, Prince's Block, Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.
no10-1y

BEAUPRE & KELLY,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
AND
Wholesale Grocers,
Prince's Block, Jackson-st., St. Paul.
FREIGHT AGENTS FOR
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien R.R;
LAFLIN, SMITH & CO.'S
GUNPOWDER.
St Paul, October 13, 1863. oc13-6m

FURNITURE.
S. L. BAILEY & CO.,
Are now prepared to offer an entire new stock of
Furniture,
Consisting of
Wardrobes, Sideboards, Bureaus, Bedsteads Wash Stands, Breakfast, Desert, Dining and Extension Tables, Lounges, Cribs, Walnut cane-seat Chairs, flag and wood-seat Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Easy and Parlor Chairs, Marble-Top Tables, Hall Stands, What-Nots, Card Tables, Gilt and Rose Wood Mouldings, Varnish and innumerable other goods belonging to the
FURNITURE BUSINESS.
To those wishing to buy for cash, we would solicit an examination of our stock and prices.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
WARE-ROOMS THIRD-ST., NEAR THE CHURCH.
Respectfully,
no19-1m S. L. BAILEY & CO.

UNITED STATES NAVY.

MEN WANTED

FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY, TO SERVE IN THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.

Good pay and prize money given.

Recruits will be shipped for one, two, or three years, or during the war.

The following are the rates of pay per month:

Yeoman, from $15 to	$30	Mates,	$40
Armorer,	25	Boatswain's Mate,	25
Gunner's Mate,	25	Carpenters,	25
Sail Makers,	20	Armorer Mate,	20
Master-at-Arms,	25	Quartermaster,	25
Fireman, (1st class).	30	Coal Heavers,	20
Seaman,	18	Ordinary Seaman,	18
Ship's Corporal,	24	Coxswain,	24

The fact that men may enlist for one year with good quarters on ship board, good pay and prize money, which has thus far amounted to more than the bounty paid for the army recruits.

Each recruit for one year will receive the following articles of clothing.

One pea jacket.
One pair blue cloth trousers.
One blue flannel overshirt.
Two under flannel shirts.
Two pairs of flannel drawers.
One mattrass.
Two blankets.
One seamless cap.
One black silk handkerchief.
All of navy pattern.

Apply at the United States Naval Rendezvous, over LANGLEY & TEMPLE'S AUCTION STORE, Third street, St. Paul.

A. WILLARD CREED,
no25-2m Recruiting Agent U. S. Navy.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1863. NUMBER 303.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, DEC. 4.

THE NEWS.

It is finished! We do not allude to the rebellion, but to the campaign in Virginia. A "masterly retreat" was inaugurated on Tuesdy morning, the Rapidan was recrossed and on Wednesday night the Army of the Potomac encamped upon the ground that had been vacated the previous Thursday, when the last forward movement commenced. Correspondents tell us that a council of war was held Monday night, at which it was decided, (1) that the rebel earthworks were very strong; (2) a large number would be wounded if a battle ensued and would suffer for want of care; (3) rations and forage were nearly exhausted and the base of supplies was a considerable distance from the army; all of which conclusions were undoubtedly correct. To retreat under such circumstances, was unquestionably the *easiest* method of extrication, and we suppose in a military point of view was the *wisest*. It is true an *un*-military individual might contend that successful attacks had been made, even upon earthwoks; that terrible as the losses of a battle are it is not always the most economical of life to avoid a decisive engagement, and that supplies are sometimes drawn from their base by moving the base along with the army. This however would not be strategy, as seen in the light of the celebrated campaign of a King of France. Rumor has it that Meade is to be removed for his failure—and such is strategy.

Longstreet is retreating towards Bristol, Tennessee where he expects to secure railroad communication with Richmond. Gen. Sherman was expected at Knoxville with a force yesterday. Burnside's safety seems to be settled beyond question.

The movements in front of Chattanooga are said to be contraband. We give elsewhere an interesting account from the Cincinnati *Gazette* of the battles which took place near Chattanooga last week and which we believe are *not* contraband.

Gold, under the influence of Meade's retreat went up four cents and a half yesterday, opening at 51 1-4 and closing firm at 53.

The Amateur Concert which was given last evening at Ingersoll's Hall, for the benefit of Saint Paul's Episcopal Church, was in every respect a splendid success, whether regard be had to the performance or to its specific object as represented in the crowded seats and galleries of the Hall, and the overflowing till of the Treasurer. As a musical exhibition, especially as the performance almost exclusively of amateurs, it is scarcely possible to praise it too highly.

The following was the Programme:

PART I.

Overture—LaGazza Ladra, - - - Rossini.

This was magnificently executed by six lady Pianists and three or four Violinists, the instrumental machinery of the orchestra consisting of three pianos and as many violins.

Ballad—"In the eye abides the heart," - - - - - Franz Abt.

This was finely though somewhat too coldly sung by Mr. Perkins.

Piano Solo—"The Spinning Wheel." - - - - - Juggerman.

This was very prettily played by a little Miss Wood, who appeared to be perfectly at home on the instrument, and played with as much ease of manner as in a private parlor.

Soprano Solo—"Come e bello," from Lucrezia Borgia. - - Donizetti.

This difficult and showy but beautiful gem the execution of which requires a voice of considerable flexibility, compass, and training, was very charmingly, and for an amateur even brilliantly sung by Mrs. Van Etten, who was enthusiastically encored. She responded with an operatic ario which we have now forgotten.

Chorus—"Night shades no longer," from Moses in Egypt. - - - Rossini.

This was really a magnificent burst of music. Sixteen finer voices were never blended in an amatuer chorus, at least in this town. The solo by Mrs. Knox was inexpressibly sweet. This, too, was loudly en cored.

PART II.

Overture—"Zampa," - - - - Herold.

This was even better done, or was at least more effective than the initial overture. The Pianists were Mrs. Knox, Miss Borup, Miss Wells, Miss Pattrson. The Violinists, Mr. Scheffer, Mr. Wagner, and one or two others.

Soprano Solo—Barcarolle, - - - Schubert.

This was the gem, as the lady who sang it, Mrs. Knox, was the bright particular star of the evening.

A voice of such exquisite sweetness, so thoroughly melodious, is seldom heard outside the opera, and rarely there. And superadded to this natural charm is the nameless grace and delicacy of execution which comes from thorough taste—and perfect culture; and behind those superficial beauties of her singing which enchant the senses only, are the deeper beauties of expression which touch the heart with the passion that throbs and trembles through her notes like a soul. It is needless to say that she was rapturously encored, and that she replied in a song of exquisite beauty.

Pilgrim Chorus—from I. Lombardi, Verdi.

This deserves the same praise as was bestowed upon the other chorus. It was really splendid.

Violin Solo,—7 me, air and variations, - - - - - DeBeriot.

Finely done by Mr. Wagner.

Duett—"I would that my love,"- Mendelsohn.

This was ravishingly sung by Mrs. Van Etten and Mrs. Knox. We shall get into raptures if we say more, so we shall stop here.

Solo—LaBamboula, (Negro dance) - - - - Gottschalk.

Brilliantly executed by Professor Wood, who had played all the accompainments to the solos and duetts.

The Concert closed with the Star Spangled Banner—Song in full Chorus—the audience rising.

The communication signed "Merchant," on our second page, is a graphic delineation of the effect upon this city of two conflicting Railroad policies, one of which is contended for by the people of this city, of the Minnesota Valley, and two-thirds of the population of the State, and the other by John Easias Warren and George L. Becker.

S. W. Miller, of the Second Minnesota, was wounded during the late battles near Chattanooga. No other Minnesota names are given in the lists published thus far.

BATTLES OF CHATTANOOGA.

Splendid Fighting and Great Victories.

Interesting Particulars of the Engagements.

From the Cincinnati Gazette of Monday Nov. 30.

THE SITUATION BEFORE THE BATTLE.

This has been so often and fully described of late, that any lengthy description would be thrown away upon the public at this time. The enemy's line, it is understood pretty generally was on the summit of Mission Ridge, with a *crotchet*, detached upon Lookout Mountain. Mission Ridge is a low range of mountains, not unlike the hills on the Kentucky side of the river, from our beautiful "Queen City," save the furrows of the field and the vineyard here assume the horrible dimensions of the rifle-pit there. This range commences on the north, at the mouth of Chickamauga Creek, in a cluster of peaks, rather isolated from each other, but as they run south gradually become a connected ridge with but slight undulations. The first gap of any importance is at Rossville. The right of the enemy's line proper rested at the north end of the connected ridge at the mouth of the creek, the issolated peaks mentioned not being occupied. The enemy had such a long line to hold that he did not think it advisable to attempt to contest the occupation of the isolated peaks. On the North end of the ridge, and the right of his line, he had built a strong bastion fort. At a point nearly due east of Chattanooga and nearly two miles south of the fort mentioned, was another. These were connected by strong rifle-pits, the outlines of which were plainly visible from Chattanooga; but the naked eye could hardly distinguish whether they were men in the line of battle or works. The field-glass, however, would bring into bold relief the logs, brush and earth which composed these rude but strong works. From the Fort in the center, south a mile, ran rifle-pits to another fort, which was the left of the rebel line on the ridge. At the foot of the ridge beginning near the second or center fort, Bragg had constructed a series of strong rifle-pits, which ran southward, hugging the Mountains, bore to a point about due east from the base of Lookout Mountain to a strong lunette fort called Fort Bragg. Here the line changed direction and ran across the valley between Lookout and Mission Ridge to a small but a deep stream called Chattanooga creek. It then followed the stream to the foot of Lookout, but no defenses appear to have been erected west of the creek save upon the slope and summit of Lookout Mountain.

Gen. Grant's line was shorter—being the interior line—very strongly defended in the centre, and hence with reinforcements arrived under Hooker and Sherman, he was enabled, by the time his plans matured, to detach two large forces to attack the enemy's right and left flank, in order to keep his line extended and consequently weakened, while at the same time he succeeded in strengthening the centre, the old Army of the Cumberland, by Howard's corps. Subsequently, however, this corps joined in the operations on the right, while two brigades of Stanley's division, 4th corps, and one brigade of Johnson's division, 14th corps, were sent to aid Hooker who was assaulting Lookout with Geary's and Osterhaus' divisions.

GEN. WOOD'S RECONNOISSANCE.

A few minutes after one A. M., on Monday, the troops all being in line of battle, and the enemy lining the crest of the hill looking upon the magnificent array below, the heavy siege guns of Fort Wood, under charge of Lieut. Dunwoddy of the 12th Wisconsin battery, opened fire, and as if it had been chosen as the signal for advance, Gen. Wood's division moved forward. At the same time, the pickets in his front began skirmishing, and in being reinforced drove those of the enemy into their rifle pits, along a creek, and at the base of an isolated knob, half way between Chattanooga and Mission Ridge. At the same time the enemy opened with artillery from the Ridge, revealing three batteries in the centre of their line, but none of the guns of sufficient calibre to reach Fort Wood. As Gen. Wood advanced, however, he soon got under the fire of these guns, and suffered considerably from them.

Wood moved with a part of Hazen's brigade on the right, and Willich's on the left; General Sam. Beatty being in reserve. The 8th Kansas did the skirmishing for the entire line, and did it in the usual admirable style of that fine regiment. The enemy was of course, encountered before the first hundred rods had been traversed, and the whole of Woods' front became immediately engaged. He pushed forward rapidly, driving the enemy before them into their rifle pits, and began in the forest which enveloped them from view from Fort Wood, a very brisk and rapid fire. The effect of this soon became apparent by the appearance of numerous wounded from the woods. These made their way to the ambulance train just in the rear of the division, and under cover of the railroad, and in twenty minutes after being wounded, were in the hospital at Chattanooga, having their wounds dressed. The fight in the woods was of but short duration, for General Wood finding the enemy safely uncovered behind the huge rifle pits, ordered a charge of the whole front, and the two brigades of Willich and Hazen, charging, with a yell, went into the rebel works without faltering, and as Wood says, without a straggler. The enemy broke and went into his second line of works at the foot of the mountains, losing in his disorder about 200 prisoners, representing mainly Hindman's division, and a large portion belonging to the 28, Alabama infantry. The enemy, finding his line breaking in disorder, opened a fire of artillery from the ridge, to cover their retreat, and, for a few moments, this was very vigorously maintained. Little or no damage was done, as our troops were now safely behind and on a couple of hills, known on the map as Bald Knobs. These were taken possession of by Hazen's brigade, and the right of General Willich, the 13th Ohio being the regiment which occupied the most important hill of the two.

THE POSITION HELD.

When Gen. Wood reported his success it was decided that the advantage was so important the position must be held. Gen. Sheridan was accordingly ordered forward on the right and Gen. Howard on the left to support him. While on the way to his position Gen. Howard came upon the enemy in considerable force, seeing which Gen. Granger ordered Gen. Beatty forward to flank the enemy. The direct attack and flank movement were successful, the enemy fell back, and we found ourselves in entire posession of their first line of rifle-pits and the important position of Bald Knob.

THE SECOND DAY'S OPERATIONS.

During the night of Monday, General Sherman succeeded in reaching his position on the north side of the river, opposite the mouth of Chickamauga Creek, preparatory to crossing at daylight in the morning. Col. Stanley, 18th Ohio, had the boats in order for crossing, the steamer Dunbar being moved during the night to the same point. At daylight Sherman began crossing his three divisions under Ewing, M. L., and J. C. Smith, and that of Gen. Davis. The latter division, holding itself in readiness to act as a reserve to the 15th corps, finished crossing at one A. M., and had no sooner done so, and taken position on the *tetes pu point* built by Sherman, than the latter moved to the attack of the enemy's supposed position on the north end of Mission Ridge. This movement was made slowly and without opposition. The hill was taken possession of by three o'clock in the afternoon. As the enemy contented himself with firing a few shells at us from Tunnel Hill, but made no serious opposition to the occupation of the position, Sherman intrenched his position and prepared for an attack at an early hour the following morning. The enemy, on observing this heavy force on his right flank, went vigoronsly to work to strengthen his position.

GEN. HOOKER'S ASSAULT ON LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.

While Gen. Sherman proceeded to demonstrate upon the rebel right, Gen. Hooker made an attack on the rebel left, moving up the valley west of Lookout Mountain toward Trenton. The enemy supposed him to be moving to a gap some miles south of the point of Lookout but having this guarded apparently did not fear his attack. But after going to the rear of the rebel force, posted on the point about three miles, General Hooker began to ascend the mountain and formed line of battle, facing northward, with General Geary on the front line, his right resting against the palisades which form the cap of Lookout Mountain. These palisades formed an insurmountable obstacle to the ascent of the force to the summit. His right resting against these, his left extended about half way down the mountain. Whittaker and Grove formed the second line, while Osterhaus formed the third. Heavy lines of skirmishers were thrown out, the order given to advance, and in a short time there began the oddest battle of the war.

On the summit of the mountain, above the palisades, the rebels had two 64-pounders. On the west slope of the mountain they had no works. On the east, near the point of the mountain, they had a strong line of rifle-pits with two pieces of artillery. Hooker came down on the western slope, his heavy skirmishing line driving everything before it. The enemy was taken by surprise at being attacked in the rear, and hastily retreated to the rifle-pits on the eastern slope of the mountain. But it was not until they had suffered very severely in prisoners. Gen. Hooker met with unexpected success, and as he swept around the mountain cut off and secured several hundred prisoners. These fellows hid in the rocks and bushes and surrendered at discretion. Many of them were unexchanged men taken at Vicksburg, and the question has arisen what is to be done with them. It is evident from their conduct that they have been forced to take up arms against us, and all appear to be conscientious in saying that they supposed they had been exchanged, as they were told.

Halting only to secure these men, Hooker continued to push around the mountain, and had obtained a strong foothold on the spur of the point, when he found the enemy in his rifle-pits on the east slope, prepared to make a more systematic and stronger defense. He pushed forward, however, continuing his skirmishing fighting on a heavy scale. This engagement was kept up very seriously until late in the afternoon, when a charge was made and the enemy driven from his rifle-pits. They were immediately occupied by Geary. But the enemy rallied and made a charge for the possession of the works they had just relinquished. They made one desperate effort. Geary, out of ammunition, was about being overpowered, when reinforcements arrived under Gen. Carlin, and the 38th Indiana, 2d and 33d Ohio, and other regiments of that fine brigade going in at double-quick, the enemy gave up and fell back, under a murderous fire, to hastily constructed works in the rear, and covering the Summertown road. Carlin had come up about dusk, and his repulse of the enemy left us in possession of their works and the entire field. We had only to push on about five hundred yards to get possession of the Summertown road to the summit of the mountain.

Gen. Hooker sent word to Gen. Thomas at nightfall that he had taken these works, and could hold his position. But not content with what he had already gained, Hooker determined to push on and endeavor to get possession of the summit or cap of the mountain that night. Re-forming his line, with Grove on the left, then Wood's brigade, Carlin on the centre, then Whittaker, with two regiments of Ostrahaus' on the right, which still rested against the palisades, he began to advance, and succeeded in an hour's fight in entrenching himself two hundred yards nearer the Summertown read.

This position Gen Hooker held during the night. In the morning it was found that the enemy had evacuated the position, and Hooker took possession.

THE THIRD DAY'S OPERATIONS.

During the next day Hooker moved forward and made the ascent of Mission Ridge, gradually driving in the rebel left.

GEN. SHERMAN'S ENGAGEMENT.

In the meantime Gen. Sherman's 15th corps was heavily engaged in an attack upon the rebel right, under the Kentucky renegades, Buckner and Breckinridge. The hill which was being attacked by Sherman, is the highest peak of Mission Ridge, and though not as rough and rugged as Lookout Mountain, is nevertheless very difficult of ascent.

Gen. Sherman approached the rebel position on different sides of the hill. So far separated were the two columns that the hill prevented them from seeing each others movements. They were hence unable to act in concert—a fact which may have had something to do with the results of the attacks.

The first attack was made by the brigades of General John W. Corse and Col. Jones, 4th Virginia, from the left of the line. The movement began at 11 o'clock in the morning and the assault lasted only ten minutes. No sooner had our men appeared on the top of the hill than they were received with a tremendous volley of musketry. But nevertheless they advanced rapidly, charging a rifle-pit of the enemy, and after a hand to hand conflict retired in some disorder, leaving their dead inside the enemy's outer work. But it must not be supposed that our men fled to the foot of the hill. No sooner had they reached the protecting slope of the hill which hid the view of the enemy, than they reformed in good style and laid down under the brow of the hill to await an attack in return. But the enemy did not dare to attack, but contented himself with the repulse he had succeeded in at quite heavy cost to both parties.

A SECOND ATTACK.

At half past eleven a second attack was made, which did not differ from the first, only that it was more desperate. The rebel fire was very heavy. They brought several pieces of light artillery to bear on our men, and poured into them incessantly a stream of grape and canister that did great execution. Generals Corse and Giles Smith were severely wounded in this charge, and Col. Walcot, of the 46th Ohio, took command of the troops. In this assault the 37th Ohio and 6th Iowa suffered very severely, losing many valuable men and officers.

While this was going on on the left, a force of one brigade from the right of General Sherman's line advanced to the attack on the western side of the hill. They met with some decided opposition at the foot of the hill, from a force posted behind the bank, but dislodged them by an admirably executed movement. They then began to ascend the hill, and marched up, under heavy fire, to a point over half way to the summit where an abrupt ledge of rocks protected them. Here they halted to rest, but they were not allowed much of this, as the rebels began, not only to fire upon them, but finding the ledge of rocks too great a protection, they threw huge stones down the hill, and thus upon the men.

About ten minutes past one a second brigade (Mathias') moved up the hill, and formed under a heavy fire, in the rear and on the left of the first brigade. Here this also halted, but, like the first, was not permitted to rest. Indeed, about this time the first brigade, Col. Loomis, unable to bear the attack of stones heaped upon them, rose from its position and advanced, but to receive such a heavy fire that after a moment the line wavered and broke, falling back rapidly and in considerable disorder. But no sooner had it met, in descending the hill, the ascending brigade, than the men rallied as if by magic, and moved up the hill again in admirable good order, and upon a line with the other troops. These also advanced to the protecting ledge of rocks before mentioned, and here the whole force laid down as before.

It was nearly two o'clock when it was discovered that a third brigade—Ranne's—was moving up the hill to the assistance of the other troops. This brigade formed on the left and rear of the two others. It was evidently intended, at first, to form line of battle, *echelon* on the right, but the circumstance of the falling back of the first brigade, preventented the carrying out of this intention. The whole force was soon in readiness and moved to attack.

But the enemy had not been idle. Seeing the heavy preparations making for the assault, he was forced to mass his troops upon his right. It now appears that he marched them down the west slope of the ridge, and formed a line of battle at right angles to that of our forces. It was at the very moment our troops, elated with the chances of success now presented to them, were moving forward to the attack, and had reached to within twenty-five yards of the enemy's fort, that this flanking force appeared around the spur of the hill, and began to pour in upon our right flank a most tremendous fire. Our forces attempted to change front, but it was too late. After a short and desperate, but ineffectual effort, the line wavered, broke, and retreated in disorder. The enemy pursuing some portions of our troops who fled in the direction in which lay the brigade which had made the first assault, came upon that brigade, and after a few minutes fighting were repulsed and pushed into their works. Gen. Sherman sent Col. Walcot word to intrench himself, and thus ended the assaults by Gen. Sherman.

THE ATTACK BY THE CENTRE.

In massing on the right to oppose Sherman, the enemy had been compelled to make the error of the day, and which ruined them. Gen. Grant, standing on Bald Knob, plainly saw their movements to the right, and felt that the moment to strike had come, anticipating as a result of Sherman's persistent efforts, this massing of Bragg's forces on the right. Grant had formed in the valley on either side of Bald Knob, two strong storming parties. The right one was under the immediate command of Gen. Palmer, and consisted of the division of Gen. Sheridan, and the two brigades of Gen. Johnson, not hitherto engaged.

On the left the storming party consisted of Gen. Baird and Wood's divisions, under the immediate command of Maj. Gen. Gordon Granger. These had been lying some hours awaiting the word of attack. It was three o'clock when Grant pronounced the word, and in five minutes after the two grand colums moved gradually to attack. They were ordered to strike the mountain at points about a mile apart, and to make the ascent as rapidly as was consistent with good order. Immediately on reaching the summit, the two forts were taken posession of and held.

The enemy was encountered in considerable force in his rifle-pits at the foot of the mountain, but after a weak resistance, the rebels turned and fled, endeavoring to reach the summit of the hill. In this few were successful. Many laid down in the trenches and surrendered, while many others were shot down as they ran up the hill. Our men pushed on without halting, through the deserted rebel camps, and began the steep and difficult ascent of the ridge

It was now that the weakness of the rebels in the centre displayed itself. The line of musketry fire was not heavy; and it was soon seen that they had but few supports for their artillery. General Grant soon saw that this was composed of numerous pieces, for from every point along the ridge they belched forth grape and canister at the heavy columns, now so rapidly advancing. Butt this did not serve to stay the fresh, eager men, who had Chickamauga to revenge. Upon the hill there stood the fifty guns they had lost at Chickamauga, and interest on them of twelve pieces more. As if inspired with new strength and vigor the men pushed forward, each striving with the other as to who should reach the summit first.

This rivalry extended to regiments, brigades, divisions. It has became a quesion which never will be settled. It is enough that they reached the summit, and there secured sixty-two iron and brass and steel proofs of that fact.

Gen. Turchin's brigade of Biard's division, on reaching the summit immediately proceeded to occupy the counter fort, while one of Gen. Palmer's divisions secured the one off the rebel left. Gen. Turchin had not yet gotten his entire brigade into the work, before he was attacked most furiously by the enemy.

He hastily pushed forward the rest of his regiments, to the support of those engaged with an overwhelming force, for the enemy, finding us in possession of the ridge, made a desperate effort to recover from the disaster, and charged Turchin with all the force he had to spare from Sherman's front. But no sooner had the reinforcements of Turchin gotten into position, than the rebels, recognizing that all was lost, turned and fled down the mountain, seeking safety in disordered flight. The battle was over at 5 p. m., on Wednesday night, and thus was ended in a magnificent feat of arms, a series of as brilliant operations as this war has yet witnessed. The result to us can hardly be calculated.

"Authoritatively Pronounced False."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

The statement telegraphed from Washington and Cincinnati that Gen. Thomas had telegraphed the President that in his late operations he acted in accordance with the plans matured by Rosecrans before his removal, is authoritatively pronounced false.

MARRIED.

In this city, by Rev. E. Shogreen Mr. N. P. FALK, of St. Paul, and Miss MARY ANDERSON, of Carver.

New Advertisements.

ESTRAY TAKEN UP.—One red and white Cow, no other marks, about seven years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.
St. Paul, Nov. 25th, 1863.
dec4 2t L. C. COLLINS.

AUCTION, AUCTION.
Dry Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Prints, Cloaks, Coats, and a great variety of Notions, this morning, Friday, at 10 o'clock, at Rogers' Block, Third-st., one square above the Bridge.
dec4-1t FAIRCHILD & CO.

MADAME ANDREWS
IS COMING.
MADAME ANDREWS
de3 3t IS COMING.

CARBON OIL.
92 barrels best White Carbon Oil, for sale by
de3-1w E. J. WAY, Robert-st.

EXPRESS NOTICE.
We are now running a Messenger to
ST. ANTHONY AND MINNEAPOLIS,
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Charges for transportation moderate. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.50 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
dec3-t dec 16 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

HOUSE TO LET,
Near the Franklin House—good well and cellar. Inquire at
E, & H. Y. BELL.
St. Paul, Dec. 1st, 1863. dec2-1w

TO BUILDERS.
LOCKS, LOCKS, LOCKS.
RIM LOCKS, DEAD LOCKS,
MORTICE LOCKS,
RABITED LOCKS, SLIDING DOOR LOCKS,
Which I am selling at Manufacturer's prices.
no22-3m JOHN McCLOUD.

STRAYED,
Into the premises of the subscriber, on the 22d of November, two Cows, of red and white color, five and seven years old respectively. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away. J. D. WILLIAMS,
de2-3t* Reserve Town, near Williams Ferry.

HEARD'S HISTORY OF THE SIOUX WAR,
With 33 engravings. Price $1.50 per copy. The most perfect history of the Indian Massacre published. A new supply received,
At Combs' Book Store.
Orders from the country promptly filled. dat

CARBON OIL.
200 BARRELS BEST WHITE AND STRAW COLORED. For sale cheap by
WATSON & DENSMORE,
at the vinegar factory of C. C. Lewis & Co., No. 4 Sibley Street, Lower Levee, rear of Burbank's.
deo1-1mo

CHEESE.
4,000 pounds Hamburg, Western Reserve and English Dairy Cheese. For sale by
J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.
no20 Sibley-st, between Third and Levee.

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC HAS FALLEN BACK TO BRANDY STATION.

THE CAMPAIGN IN VIRGINIA ENDED.

A Rumor That Meade Will be Removed.

GEN. LONGSTREET RETREATING TOWARD BRISTOL, TENN.

GEN. SHERMAN MARCHING TO KNOXVILLE.

The Movements of Grant's Army Contraband.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

Meade Falls Back—The Army Encamped where it was Thanksgiving Day—Reasons for the Change—Probability of Meade's Removal—Hooker or Sedgwick to Succeed Him—The Position at Mile Run—General Warren's Plan—He is Rebuked by Meade.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

[Special to the *Tribune*.]—The army of the Potomac encamped to-night on the ground it left on the morning of Thanksgiving.

The reasons for this sudden change of programme, without forcing Lee to a general battle are these:

At a council of war held Monday night facts demonstrated that the enemy were entrenched behind very formidable earthworks which they were every moment strengthening.

The fearful loss it would entail upon us and the impossibility of succoring our wounded before they would perish with the cold in case we carried the works by assault were some of the considerations which induced the subsequent action.

Our rations and forage had nearly run out, and the roads were too bad to allow further transportation from our distant base of supplies. These considerations it is claimed induced the commanders to issue an order to fall back.

To-night the army rests on its old base on the line of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad.

As late as 10 o'clock yesterday we rode a circuit in front of our most advanced artillery position. We could look over into the rebel works and see the gray-backs digging away with wonderful activity, their guns all mounted and frowning at us.

Rumors are rife in camp that Longstreet had reinforced Lee, and we were falling back on Fredericksburg, but I could trace them to no trustworthy source. We maintained our entire battle line in the enemy's front till about 9 P. M., when all fell back, crossing the Rapidan by Germania and Culpepper Fords.

Our total losses in missing and wounded are 510 and 60 killed.

Our wounded suffered extremely in their ambulances on the rough roads and by severe cold while going in wagons.

A special train has already been dispatched up the road to bring down disabled men. The railroad track and telegraph wires remained as we left them uninjured.

Our main army left the front about midnight on Tuesday night, and its advance could be seen approaching Brandy Station at 4 A. M. A part of the 5th rebel cavalrymen came scouting up to the west bank of the Rapidan after our bridges were up. They were greeted with shells, and rapidly vanished.

But one train per day now runs upon the railroad, and that at night. Guerrillas charged with shooting one of our men came in on to-night's train from Cattlett's Station.

Sunday night guerrillas fired into the tents of the 100th Pennsylvania, on picket near Licking Run, wounding five of them. Yesterday morning three guerrillas caught a private of the 142 Pennsylvania while guarding the railroad near Cattlett's Station, stripped him of every vestige of clothing, and shot him dead with his own gun. The guerrillas brought down to-night are suspected of having some connection with this brutal murder.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.

The *World's* Washington special says: The campaign in Virginia is ended. All of the forward movements on the part of the army of the Potomac have ceased, and our forces have already nearly completed their return to the old base along the Orange and Alexandria railroad at Culpepper, Brandy Station and Rappahannock Ridge. The retrograde movement commenced Tuesday.

It is said in Washington the failure to carry out the plans of the War Department involves the loss of Gen. Meade's position as commander of the army of the Potomac.

The reasons given for the abandonment of the campaign are that Lee is so strong and and intrenched himself daily so as to delay any rapid advance on our part and at the same prevent an attack. Our army fell back in safe and orderly manner—the enemy being ignorant of our intentions.

Generals Sedgwick and Hooker are prominently named as Meade's successor if any change is made.

The *Herald's* special's also states the condition of the roads and want of supplies induced Meade to fall back to Brandy Station which is now made a base of supplies. Trains laden with provisions, are rapidly reaching that point from Alexandria.

Our army after the check administered to General Warren at Mile Run on Monday fell back to the Rapidan and crossed the river in safety at night.

The *Herald* has the following:

Mile river is a stream ten feet in width, but very shallow if we judge by the depth of the clear water, but very deep when we count mud at its botton. Its sides extending several rods back are now marshy, and reeds have grown from the edges. The marsh land rises gradually to the height of perhaps of a hundred feet, half a mile back from the right shore. These slopes are open and in many places cultivated flats. Young pines dot the slopes and extend back to a dense woods which crown the summits of the hills.

The enemy fortified the western slope by strong earthworks at its summit, in front of which felled trees and brush formed impregnable abatis. They had also dug a succession of pits half way up the slope within easy range of the creek, and another series of the same skillful defenses at the commencement of the abatis. His line of defenses extended from Clark's Mountain, south of the Plank Road, to the north stream, and fully supported by artillery, and was in fact said by military men to be a stronger position than Lee held at Fredericksburg.

The *Tribune's* special says:

Sunday morning General Warren, of the 2nd Corps with the 3rd Division of the 6th Corps moved down on the Fredericksburg Plank Road which runs parallel with the Orange Pike and about three miles from it and proceeded for a mile, when he encountered the enemy's skirmishers who were driven forward a mile and a half to the West. The enemy then opened with artillery on the 2nd Division of the 2nd Corps from some temporary works on the hill half a mile south of the unfinished railroad but were soon driven out and the Corps rested for the night with the intention of charging and flanking the enemy in the morning. Early next morning Gen. Warren requested his commanders to inform their men of the nature of the task before them, and expect them to make a gallant assault upon the enemy's works in their front which had been thrown up during the night. He then made a personal inspection of the works and for an hour and a half he hesitated to act. After an hour's cannonading he was to make a grand charge and the men were instructed to reserve their fire till they entered the rebel works. No change was made on the left.

At 10.30 A. M. General Meade came down to the left and was for a long time engaged in earnest conversation with General Warren. General Meade seemed to be administering a rebuke to Warren.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

[*Special to the Tribune.*]—The rumor that the Government is considering the propriety of relieving Meade, gains strength and currency.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

[*Special to Post.*]—It is rumored Meade will be removed from the command of the Army of the Potomac, and that a new commander will lead the Army in a campaign. The army is in good spirits.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Contraband Movements—Reported Reinforcement of Bragg—Nothing from Knoxville—Reported Rebel Raid Across the Chickamauga—Rebel Conscripts.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.

The *Bulletin* has the following:

CHATTANOOGA, Dec. 2.

The movements of the army now going on cannot be reported.

There are questionably reports of a rebel raid across the Chicamauga river at Red house fork and that the families took refuge in the town. Rumors continue to thicken of rebel doings in the border counties of Tennessee.

Reports say that Faulkner and his men are not only conscripting all the men they can lay their hands on, but they are taking all the horses, mules, cattle and hogs, without regard to the political sentiments of the owners, that they can find.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 3.

A Chattanooga dispatch of the 2d, says the movements of the army are contraband. The hospitals are full of the wounded of both armies.

Refugees and deserters report Bragg reinforced near Dalton by Joe. Johnston.

Nothing later from Knoxville.

FROM BURNSIDE'S COMMAND.

Longstreet Retreating—The Siege of Knoxville Raised—Dispatch from Gen. Foster—Gen. Sherman Near Knoxville.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.

The *World's* special Washington correspondent says: It is understood the Government has advices of Longstreet's retreat towards Bristol, Tennessee, from which place there is railroad communication to Richmond.

It is certain the siege of Knoxville is raised, and the rebel line of retreat is the only one open to them.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

The military authorities received a telegraph dispatch this morning from Gen. Foster who was joined at Cumberland Grap by the forces previously sent thither from Burnside to guard that important point. The few troops under the former might perhaps be able to inflict some damage on the rear of Longstreet, who is retreating into Virginia.

Gen. Sherman would reach the neighborhood of Knoxville to-day.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Counterfeiters Arrested—Cotton for Sale—Dispatch from Gen. Foster—Steamer Fired Into.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.

Eight persons have been arrested here for passing counterfeit twenty-dollar Treasury notes.

Fifteen hundred bales of government cotton arrived here yesterday to be sold at auction on the 11th.

A dispatch received from Gen. Foster's chief of staff, dated Cumberland Gap, the 1st, says nothing of the capture of 500 prisoners at Knoxville.

Memphis advices of the thirtieth says the steamer Black Hawk was fired into by guerrillas near the mouth of Red River, and several on board wounded. The boat put back to New Orleans.

FROM FORT SMITH.

The Rebels along the Little Missouri,—Little Rock or Fort Smith to be attacked.

FORT SMITH, Nov. 30.

Gen. McNeil has reliable information that the enemy are stretched along the Little Missouri River. The right, under Price, near Washington; the centre, under Marmaduke, in the vicinity of Murfressboro; and the left, under Cabell, at Ludd's Gap. They are preparing to attack Fort Smith or Little Rock.

Cooper is in the Red River Valley. Stone is with the Creek nation.

Their total force is estimated at 22,000, but this is doubtless exaggerated.

Blunt is here.

Effect of Meade's Retreat on Railroad Stocks.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.

The falling back of Meade's army had a marked influence upon stocks to-day, and there was a decided improvement throughout the whole railroad share list.

This new move of the Potomac army puts on an entirely new aspect upon the military situation. It is interpreted at the Stock Exchange, as a prolongation of the war.

The New York roads were not so favorable as the Western shares. The greatest rise being on the Erie, which was equal to 1 1-4 per cent. over the closing rates of last evening. The Western roads were very buoyant, and the advance was generally equal to 2 to 3 per cent. The Illinois Central was one of the strongest shares on the list.

The earnings of the Erie roads for November were over $1,000,000 being without a precedent in the history of the road.

FROM MEXICO.

A Report and its Contradiction.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.

A steamer arrived to-day from New Orleans. The *Era* has a report via Vera Cruz that the Mexicans had recaptured Puebla.

The *Tribune* has Vera Cruz advises to November 2d, a week later than via New Orleans, which contains nothing of the report of the capture of Puebla. It was even stated that Juarez was about to retreat to San Luise Potosi.

A Statement Denied.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

The statement that General Forey or the French Minister were furnished by the State Department with General Scott's military maps of Mexico or other information preparatory to the French invasion of Mexico is erroneous Neither General Forey nor the French Minister nor any other person asked for, or received, any such information.

Secretary Chase Will Not Apply for a New Loan.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

There is no truth in the rumors that Secretary Chase will apply to the Banks for a new loan.

The new National Banks will have an opportunity to take some 5 per cent. treasury notes if the Directors desire.

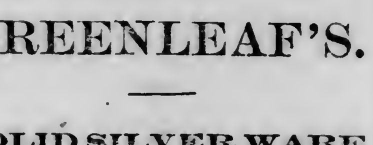
An Arrest.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.

An arrest was made to-day for passing $20 Treasury Notes altered to fifties.

Greenleaf's Column.

HOLIDAY GOODS
AT



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SOUP LADLES,
SUGAR SPOONS,
SUGAR SIFTERS,
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JELLY SPOONS,
BERRY SPOONS,
OYSTER LADLES,
MUSTARD SPOONS,
SALT SPOONS,
ICE CREAM SPOONS,
EGG SPOONS, GOLD LINED,
PRESERVE SPOONS,
SILVER CUP AND GOBLETS,
TEA STRAINERS,
TOBACCO BOXES,
CARD CASES,
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Mayor Warren and the St. Paul and Superior Railroad.

ED. PRESS: There are two railroad programmes for St. Paul and the State of Minnesota, on which shall win depends in part the welfare and prosperity of the State, and almost entirely the fate of our city. In this game St. Paul yet holds the trumps, and if she will but play them rightly is sure to win.

Let us see how stands the question. The Transit road from St. Peter to Winona is being built and will of course carry all the trade within its reach to the Mississippi river at its terminus. The Cedar Valley road, running from Minneapolis to the Iowa line, is now in the hands of some of the best railroad men in the United States, and in less than two years will be completed, and gather and garner at Mendota or Minneapolis the vast products of the Minnesota Valley.

The Northern Pacific road is now under the patronage of the Hudson Bay Company, and is dragging its slow length along to Pembina. These three roads are sure to be built. Now add to these the other two to Lake Superior contemplated as a part of the plan and St. Paul is ruined. One of these is to be built from Hudson and Bayfield; the other from St. Cloud or Crow Wing to the Lake. When they are done where does our city stand, surely none but the dishonest and fools will argue that because we are at the head of a river,—frozen up half the year, and dwindling into a mere creek half the other half—that we can draw the trade from the lines above named to our city. Now let us see, and will not the reader think a moment, for surely these are the times for thinking. Why should the products of the Minnesota Valley come to Saint Paul for shipment to the Eastern markets when they can cross the Mississippi river at Minneapolis, move up the Northern Pacific Road to Saint Cloud or some other point on that line, and thence to Lake Superior.

Why should this trade and travel come to Saint Paul *fifteen miles out of its way?* Again, why should the products of the southern portion of the State, with a road from Hudson and Lake Superior, crossing the river at Hastings, come way up to Saint Paul to be sent back to Hudson for shipment to the Lakes? Will not Mayor Warren or some other wise men of Bayfield answer these plain and honest questions?

Build these five roads: The Transit from Saint Peter to Winona; the Cedar Valley from Minneapolis to the Iowa line; the Northern Pacific from Stillwater—for Stillwater, be it remember is the terminus of this end of that road—to Pembina; then the road from Hudson to Bayfield, and the other Lake road from St. Cloud or Crow Wing, to Superior. Thus at all points, and on all sides, run round our city, and its progress must of coarse be stopped and its *doom sealed forever.*

It may in time—in a long time—come to be a place of twenty or thirty thousand people; more than this, it cannot be with all these bars thus closed against it.

This is the game, but now change the picture and see how at once—*if we will but be warned in time, and wake up to* intelligent and earnest action—how easily we can avoid all these fatal results—how easily we can lay down new and more natural tracks for trade, and make our city the centre of a great commercial and railroad system.

I beg of Mayor Warren—for this gentleman has my sympathies in these his hours of trouble—to come along with me, examine all the cards and see if St. Paul does not yet hold the trumps. Have I your attention Mr. Mayor? Build the first road to the Lake—*direct from St. Paul*—and then the road up the Minnesota River, now graded to Belle Plaine, and having a splendid Land Grant to the Iowa line, near Sioux City, *is sure to be built.* The Union Pacific Road now building, is required by Act of Congress to connect with the Minnesota Road at Sioux City; and then how stands the case? St. Paul is within five days of San Francisco, the people and products of our State much nearer the Eastern cities, by the St. Paul route and two lakes, than by Milwaukee, or any other route of travel.

Now see the change and calculate the results. The heavy freights from California will come to St. Paul on their way to the Eastern cities, finding this the cheapest and the nearest line of travel. Our honest Mayor may then eat grapes—not sour—but delicious ones first from ... ... C... ...nia before they have wilted.

Are you listening, Mr. Mayor? The Transit and the Cedar Valley roads must reverse their engines and bring their trade to us, for Saint Paul will outbid Milwaukee for the produce of the State. The long road running from Stillwater to the British line, above Pembina, will bring the nameless products of that fertile country to St. Paul, to be shipped to the Lakes and the Eastern markets—and the descendants of our worthy Mayor will not live to see a rival to St. Paul in this part of God's creation. "I admit all this is true," says the Mayor of the city of St. Paul, "but it is worth $250,000."

MERCHANT.

Bishop Whipple's Winter Visitation.

FARIBAULT, Minn., Dec. 1, '63.

DEAR BRETHREN:—I purpose, God willing, to make the following appointments for my winter visitation:

Winona, Sunday, Dec. 13—10 1-2 a. m.; Minnesota City, 13th, 3 p. m.; Stockton, 13th—7 p. m.; St. Charles, Monday, 14th, 1 p. m.; Saratoga, 14th, 7 p. m.; Chatfield, Tuesday, 15th, 7 p. m.; Chatfield, Wednesday, 16th, 10 a. m.; Preston, Wednesday, 16th, 7 p. m.; Spring Valley, Thursday, 17th, 2 p. m.; Frankfort, Thursday, 17th, 7 p. m.; Hamilton, Friday, 18th, 10 a. m.; Pleasant Grove, Friday, 18th, 7 p. m; High Forest, Saturday, 19th, 10 a. m.; Lansing, Saturday, 19th, 7 p. m.; Austin, Sunday 20th, 10 a. m.; Austin, Sunday, 20th, 7 p. m.; Albert Lea, Monday, 21st, 7 p. m.; Freeborn, Tuesday, 22d, 7 p m.; Wilton, Wednesday, 23d, 7 p. m.; Farribault, Christmas Day, 25th, 6 a. m.; do do, 25th, 10 1-2 a. m.; Northfield, Sunday, 27th, 10 1-2 a. m.; Dundas, Sunday, 27th, 3 p. m.; Cannon City, 27th, 7 p. m.; Morristown, Wednesday, 30th, 7 p. m.; Waterville, Thursday, 31st, 10 1-2 a. m.; Okaman, Thursday, 31st, 7 p. m.; Cleveland, Friday, January 1st, 7 p. m.; Kasota, Saturday, 2, 2 p. m; Saint Peter, Sunday, 3, 10 1-2 a. m; ditto, 7 p. m; Ottawa, Monday, 4, 11 a. m; Le Sueur, do, 4, 3 p. m; Mankato, Tuesday, 5, 7 p. m; New Ulm, Wednesday, 6, 7 p. m; Fort Ridgely, Thursday, 7, 7 p. m; Henderson, Sunday, 10, 10 1-2 a. m; Belle Plaine Sunday, 10, 7 p. m; Carver, Monday, 11, 2 p. m; Chaska, Monday, 11, 2 p. m; Shakopee, Tuesday 12, 10 1-2 a. m; do, * do, 12, 7 p. m; Spring Lake, Wednesday, 13, 10 a. m; Lakeville, Wednesday, 13, 7 p. m; Millersburgh, Thursday, 14, 1 p. m; Faribault, Sunday, 17, 10 1-2 a. m; Owatonna, Thursday, 21, 7 p. m; Claremont, Friday, 22, 1 p. m; Wasioja, Friday, 22, 7 p. m; Mantorville, Saturday, 23, 7 p. m; do, Sunday, 24; 10 1-2 a. m; Pine Island, Sunday 24, 7 p. m: Mazeppa, Monday, 25, 1 p. m; Zumbrota, Monday, 25, 7 p. m. Oronoco, Tuesday, 26, 1 p. m.; Rochester, Tuesday, 26, 7 p. m.; do, Wednesday, 27, 7 p. m. Elgin, Thursday, 28, 1 p. m.; Plainview, Thursday, 28, 7 p. m.; Minneska, Friday, 29, 7 p. m.; *Wabashaw, Saturday, 30, 7 p. m.; do, Sunday, 31, 10 1-2 a. m.; Reed's Landing, Sunday, 31, 3 p. m.; Wabashaw, Sunday, 31, 7 p. m.; Lake City, Monday, Feb. 1, 7 p. m.; do, Tuesday, 2, 10 1-2 a. m.; Florence, Tuesday, 2, 1 p. m.; Frontenac, Tuesday, 2, 7 p. m.; Wells' Creek, Wednesday, 3, 1 p. m.; Red Wing, Wednesday, 3, 7 p. m.; St. John on the Cannon, Thursday, 4 1 p. m.; *Red Wing, Thursday, 4, 7 p. m.; Cannon Falls, Friday, 5, 1 p. m.; Point Douglas, Saturday, 6, 2 p. m.; Hastings, Sunday, 7, 10 1-2 a. m.; *do, Sunday 7, 7 p. m.; *Bass Wood Grove, Monday, 8, 7 p. m.; do, Tuesday, 9, 10 a. m.; *Stillwater, Tuesday, 9, 7 p. m.; do, Wedn..., 10, 10 a. m.; Taylor's Falls, Thursday, .., 7 p. m.; Mendota, Tuesday, 16, 7 p. m.; ... Prairie, Wednesday 17, 7 p. m.; Excelsior, Thursday, 18, 10 a. m.; Chanhassan, 18, 7 p. m.; Waterville Mills, Friday, 19, 1 p. m.; Crow Woods, Saturday, 20, 1 p. m.; Minneapolis, Sunday, 21, 11 a. m.; St. Anthony, 21, 3 p. m.; *Minneapolis, 21, 7 p. m.; Anoka, Monday, 22, 7 p. m.; do. Tuesday, 23, 10 1-2 a. m.; Orono, Wednesday, 24, 7 p. m.; Monticello, Thursday, 25, 1 p. m.; Clear Water, 25, 7 p. m.; St. Cloud, Friday, 26, 7 p. m.; Little Falls, Saturday, 27, 7 p. m.; do. Sunday, 28, 10 1-2 a. m.; Fort Ripley, 28, 7 p. m.; Crow Wing, Monday, 29, 1 p. m.; *St. Cloud, Tuesday, March 1, 7 p. m.; Forest City, Wednesday, 2, 7 p. m.; Hutchinson, Thursday, 3, 1 p. m.; Glencoe, Thursday, 3, 7 p. m.; Christ's Church, St. Paul, Sunday, 6, 10 1-2 a. m.; do. Sunday, 6, 7 p. m.; St. John in the Wilderness, Monday, 7.

The appointments marked with an asterisk (*) are missionary services. The hour of service may be changed at any place when it will not interfere with other appointments. Those of the Clergy who wish Prayer Books, Bibles, or Catechisms, for Missionary work are requested to inform me. The Holy Communion will be celebrated on every Lord's Day morning, and upon all Festivals. I earnestly ask the prayers of the Clergy and Laity that this visitation may be for the glory of God and the salvation of men. Commending you to God, I am your Brother in Christ.

H. B. WHIPPLE,
Bishop of Minnesota.

CLIPPINGS FROM THE REBEL PRESS.

—Lieut. Grogan, of Gen. Trimble's staff, has just arrived in Richmond, having succeeded in effecting his escape from Fort Johnson, in Lake Erie. The mode of his escape was very adventurous and perilous, but is not proper to be made known. The Lieutenant passed through Maryland, and expresses himself very grateful for the aid and comfort so freely offered him, as usual, by the good Southerners of that State.

—We learn that sixty-three of the Yankee prisoners recently sent to Danville effected their escape from prison at that place a few nights ago. Measures were immediately taken for their arrest, and ere this the most of them are doubtless safely fixed in their old quarters.—*Examiner, 24th.*

—A Texas paper publishes, and the Richmond *Enquirer* copies, as "important if true," a letter giving a detailed account of the killing of Gen. Blunt and most of his staff by Quantrell, while on their way from Fort Smith toward Kansas. The *Enquirer* ought to have known that since the attack on Gen. B. and his staff, that General has given unmistakable evidence that he was still alive and kicking.

—The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 24th says: The exchange will probably be renewed. It turns out that Meredith, supposed to be Yankee Commissioner for Exchange, was not the Commissioner, but an agent. The real Commissioner is Gen. Hitchcock. The correspondence of Judge Ould and Meredith has terminated by an offensive and scurrilous letter written by the latter, which Judge Ould very properly returned. A new correspondence has commenced with Hitchcock.

—The message of Governor Shorter, the outgoing Governor of Alabama, was communicated to the Legislature of that State on the 9th inst. The balance in the Treasury was $311,155,86. A further provision for the support of the families of indigent soldiers is recommended. Some irregularities in the execution of the impressment law, by both State and Confederate officers are pointed out, as well as defects in the acts themselves. An improvement in the militia system is suggested, rendering its organization more uniform, and its service more efficient.

—The Confederate captive Surgeons, long expected from the North, arrived yesterday afternoon at City Point—127 in number. The steamer brought, besides, nine tons of freight, consisting of clothing and other things for Federal prisoners.

—From fifteen hundred to two thousand bushels of salt are manufactured per day, at St. Mark's, Florida, and its vicinity. It is selling at ten to fifteen dollars per bushel, according to convenience for transportation.

—Gen. Hood is now in Richmond, at the residence of Gen. Gustavus W. Smith.

—Seven hundred more prisoners were sent from Richmond to Danville yesterday, making twenty-eight hundred in all quartered at that inland town. The lately discovered plot to release the prisoners here has reminded the government that it is best to distribute an evil, and thus destroy its latent force, like gunpowder, in case of an explosion.—*Examiner 23d.*

—All the news we have from Tennessee is contained in the telegrams to be found in another column; but there is a rumor that Longstreet has been stopped short in his high career by the failure of expected co-operation from our forces in East Tennessee,—*Ibid*

—The Marietta *Confederate* says Longstreet certainly holds Knoxville.

—An Abingdon, Va., dispatch, dated November 23d, says:

"Various rumors of the occupation of Knoxville by our forces are coming in, but nothing official. Two thousand Yankees are reported to hape passed Rogerville, and five regiments through Jacksboro', en route for Kentucky. Our forces are very active in front."

—The Lynchburg *Virginian* acknowledges the capture of Bragg's forage train several days since, as follows:

"We learn through an officer just returned from the West, that the capture of Bragg's train, reported by Thomas, in the Northern news published to-day, is correct. He says that the Yankees captured from 500 to 700 wagons, and burned them within sight of our army. Who was the 'officer from the West.'"

Important to Veterans.

The following is an important order relating to re-enlisting troops, just issued from the War Department:

First—It is ordered that volunteers now in service re-enlisting as veteran volunteers, under General Order 1,911, shall have a furlough of at least thirty days previous to the expiration of the original enlistment. This privilege will be secured to volunteers either by ordering all so re-enlisting, with their officers, to report in their respective States, through the Governors, to the Superintendent of the recruiting service, for furlough and reorganization; or by granting furloughs to men individually.

Second—Mustering officers shall make the following stipulation on the muster-in-rolls of veteran volunteers now in service re-enlisting as above: To have a furlough of at least thirty days in their States before the expiration of their original term.

Third—Commanding Generals of departments and armies are authorized to grant the aforesaid furloughs within the limit of time fixed, in compliance as the demands of the service will best permit, reporting this action to the Adjutant General of the army.

Fourth—In going to and from their respective States and homes, veteran soldiers furloughed will be furnished with transportation by the Quartermaster of the department.

Fifth—When three-fourths of a regiment or company re-enlist, the volunteers as enlisted may be furloughed in a body at least thirty days as aforesaid, to go home, with their officers, to their respective States and districts, to re-organize and recruit; and individuals of companies or regiments who do not re-enlist shall be assigned to duty in companies until the expiration of their term of service.

An Alleged Plot to Burn the City of Richmond Disclosed by a Union Prisoner.

From the Richmond Examiner, Nov. 24.

War is always fruitful of plots. The Yankees have discovered one in Canada, and our vigilant authorities think they have discovered one here in Richmond, which will prove an offset to the "mare's nest" among the lakes. In both instances the plotters had the same object in view—the release of prisoners—and both were unsuccessful—nipped in the budding.

The Yankee counter-plot to release the prisoners held in Richmond, and facilitate their escape in the indiscriminate slaughter of guards and populace, was brought prematurely to light through intercepted correspondence, and its machinations involved the prisoners at all the prisons, at the Libby and its tributaries on Belle Isle, and at Castle Thunder. On a night pre-arranged they were to rise *en masse* at the tolling of the midnight hour, overpower the comparatively few sentinels, and possessing all the arms within their reach, move at a "double-quick" in the direction of Williamsburg and Yorktown, before which they were to be met and succored by a large cavalry force of the enemy, also in the secrets of the plot, and who, on the same eventful night, were to make a raid in the direction of Richmond and meet their friends half way. The besom of destruction was to mark the track of the triumphal march back from bondage. Richmond and the prisons were to blaze at their backs, and the flaming homesteads that dot the Williamsburg road were to form their guide—"a pillar of fire by night, and of cloud by day."

Thus journeying, like the fleeing Israelites led by Moses out from Egypt and the bondage of Pharaoh, the Yankees were to reach the promised land before, and spoil their enemies behind. Neal Dow, it is said, was the chosen Moses of the excursion, and that he was to hasten the distribution of Yankee clothing and rations to the prisoners, in order that they might start out well clothed and shod, and with full bellies, and have sacks for their journey.

What a great pity that such a lively programme should come to naught, and all through an intercepted letter!

We are informed that, as soon as the existence of such a plot was made apparent to the authorities, they were fully alive to the exigencies of the hour, and fully equal to its emergencies. The guards around the prison and on Belle Isle were immediately doubled, and the citizen militia, by order of the Governor, nightly paraded, and made a show of exceeding strength in the vicinity of the prisons. Additional cannon were planted on the heights overlooking Belle Isle, and the fullest preparations made to blow the Yankees out of existence upon the first symptom of revolt. The plot withered under these extraneous influences; the Yankees looked contented in their prison quarters, and Spear's cavalry did not dash out of Williamsburgh. The "tempest was "in a teapot," and all's well that ends well.

The plot to liberate the prisoners, overpower or murder the guards, and burn as much as possible of Richmond, which plot was ventilated in these columns yesterday, it seems was first disclosed to the authorities through one of the Yankee prisoners; and an investigation immediately instituted, disclosed the startling fact that such a plan was really on foot, and that its timely discovery alone prevented the attempt being made.

The first revelations were made about the 27th of October, and again about the 31st, and additional and more positive evidence was brought to light through various combinations in November. Soon after the plot was deemed serious enough to squash before it came to a heading, and it was accomplished in such a manner as to indicate to the ten or twelve thousand conspirators that their game was in our hands and that the authorities were "masters of the situation."

It is very positively asserted that the Yankee commander at Fortress Monroe was in the secrets of the conspirators, who were to receive very material aid from men who are seen (but not known) upon the streets of Richmond every day. Fortunately for the Confederacy, the disclosures that have followed the *denouement* have fixed the argus even of the Government upon such, and true as daylight follows darkness, they will one day be brought to stand in an ignominous light before the public, if not to hang in a state of suspension between heaven and earth at Camp Lee.

Gen. Foster commanding the Department of North Carolina and East Virginia, was, undoubtedly, aware of the existence of such a plot, and gave it aid and countenance, promising to have a force of cavalry ready to protect the rear of the released prisoners, and to supply them with armies to enable them to cut their way to Fortress Monroe,

The plot, it has been further learned, included the destruction of the arsenals, Government works, the important bridges across the James, and the gunboats at the Navy-yard at Rocketts. We will not intimate that the destructive programme could have been carried out; but would rather congratulate the citizens of Richmond on their delivery from the barest possibility of such frightful scenes as must have ensued had the plot ripened into open revolt.

Few, who slept soundly in their homes at night, were aware, or even dreamed of of the volcanic demon that feigned slumber in their midst, only waiting for the signal to burst the cords of military restraint and riot in flame and blood.

Thanks to a providential interposition, the authorities forewarned are forearmed, and the day or night when such a revolt could have been successful is past.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

Mr. Conway writes from England:

Robert Browning has returned from the French sea shore, hearty and well, with his noble son, Robert, (called Pinney, an old family nickname.) He is at work on his new poems which will be published here in the spring, in two volumes.

I am glad to learn also that Mr. Tennyson has completed a poem of about nine hunnred lines, which is to appear soon. It is a great work, and will add to his fame.

I regret to say that Mrs. Carlyle sustained a severe injury by a recent fall in the street; she is recovering slowly, however.

An educated German here, a Mr. Newberg, is engaged in translating Carlyle's life of Frederick into German. Mr. N. a few years ago attended Carlyle on a visit through Germany where Mr. C. went to visit all the battle-fields of Frederick. He finds the work of translation about as hard and long a labor as the author did the original work. Carlyle begins to fear that he can scarcely complete his work in one more volume: an "appendix will probably terminate it." By the way, there is a rumor that the "Iliad" was not written down by Mr. C. nor sent by him to Macmillan, but reported from hasty conversation by an officious friend and sent to the magazine. Mr. C. when asked whether he is willing to have his sentiments published is apt to say—"I am willing to have them given to the four winds." I cannot vouch for the truth of the rumor; but give it as one which I hope one day will prove true.

NEWS ITEMS.

—It is said there will soon be enough colored troops on the Mississippi to the guard the whole river and garrison the towns.

Consul Joshua R. Giddings is to be tried for kidnapping the man Redpath, before the Superior Court of Canada, on Saturday of this week.

—After the dedication services at Gettysburg, President Lincoln proceeded to the church, arm in arm with the renowned Tom Burns, the brave old man of Gettysburg, who shouldered his musket and joined our forces at the time of the battle there.

—The Indianapolis *Journal* publishes two columns of extracts from the Indiana county papers, all of which show that the enthusiasm for volunteering in that State has reached a very high pitch. The counties are generally paying a bounty of one hundred dollars in addition to that offered by the government, and in some cases increasing the pay of the volunteer ten dollars a month. There will be no draft in that State. Now, why should not every county in Minnesota take timely counsel, and set about meeting the President's call in so practical, effective, and honorable a way, as these Indianians have shown us?

—The mother of Mrs. President Lincoln, who was lately mentioned as going South on a visit, is a step-mother to Mrs. Lincoln, and the mother of the rebel Todds who have figured in the rebel army.

—The aggregate number of members of the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1863 was 923,324 against 942,906 in 1862. The diminution, 19,512, partly arises from the fact that a large portion of the Baltimore Conference is within the rebel lines, and consequently sent no returns There is also a large falling off in the Southern Illinois, West Virginia and Cincinnati Conferences. The last of these reported 30,297 members this year, and 33,173 last year—a decrease of 3,001.

—Sixteen Parrott guns have been mounted on Johnson's Island, Lake Erie, in position where each battery separately could sink any wooden fleet that should attempt an entrance.

—The Philadelphia *Daily News* nominates "For President in 1864, Abraham Lincoln; for Vice President, Andrew G. Curtin."

—Four Union deserters confined in Castle Thunder escaped from that prison on Friday night last, but were in a day or two picked up and returned to their quarters.

Rosecrans to Burnside.

The Atlanta *Confederacy* publishes the following dispatch from Rosecrans to Burnside, taken on the person of a courier. It is dated just a week before Gen. Rosecrans received the order which relieved him from command. Let the reader decipher it:

Jaques, Knoxville, Tennessee:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT CUMBERLAND CHATTANOOGA, October 16, 1863.—Enemy increasing they go period as fortified some be it and Kingston direction you up cross numbers Wiley boy Burton and if will to in far strongly go out surely free without you which at aught and between on are greatly for pontoons front on we move as be stores you not to delay spare should least to probably us our preparing Stanton from you combinedly between to oppose fortune Roanoke rapid we let possible speed if him that and you time a communications can me at this news on so compel with the crossing keep move near once more no from us open and McDowell Julia five thousand ferry the yon must driver at them at their prisoners artillery men pieces wounded to Godwin rela horses in Lambs of and yours truly. Quick killed less the our minds ten snow deserters Bennett Gordon answers also across day.

R. H. THOMS,
Captain and Aid-de-camp.

CORDAGE, SLEIGH SHOES AND FANNING MILLS.

For sale by
je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

CARBON OIL.
Carbon Oil by the Barrel.

For sale low.
je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

SHEET IRON, TIN PLATE, COPPER BOTTOMS,
ZINC AND TINNERS' STOCK,

For sale by
ap24 1y NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

Legal Notices.

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss.

Augustus O. Heister vs. Lyman Dayton and Maria B. Dayton, his wife, Morris Lamprey, Walter W. Webb, John C. Quimby, Ira Bidwell, John R. Madison, Clarence De Montreville, John B. Cronin, Benjamin Hurxthall and I. Newton Sears.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$3,895.98, with interest, costs and expenses of sale.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, a Special Master in Chancery of said Court, duly appointed for such purpose, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

MONDAY, THE TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1863,

At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises:

All and singular the following described lands and real estate, with their hereditaments and appurtenances, situate in the county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, to wit: Block number thirty-two (32), block number forty-four (44), block number forty-five (45), and block number sixty-five (65), all in Lyman Dayton's Addition to the city of Saint Paul.

WM. A. SPENCER,
Special Master in Chancery.
O. DALRYMPLE, Plaintiff's Solicitor.
Dated St. Paul, Nov. 6th, 1863. f no6-7w

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss.

Augustus O. Heister vs. John R. Irvine and Nancy Irvine, his wife.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$2,487.22, with interest, costs and expenses of sale.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, a Special Master in Chancery of said Court, duly appointed for such purpose, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

MONDAY, THE TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1863,

At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises:

All and singular the following described pieces, parcels or tracts of land and real estate with their appurtenances, situate, lying and being in the county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, to wit: Lot numbered seven (7), in block five (5), in Rice & Irvine's Addition to the Town of St. Paul: Also, lots numbered twelve (12), and thirteen (13), in block numbered seventy (70), in Dayton & Irvine's Addition to St. Paul, as designated on the plans or plats of said Additions, on record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county.

WM. A. SPENCER,
Special Master in Chancery.
O. DALRYMPLE, Plaintiff's Solicitor.
Dated St. Paul, Nov. 6th, 1863. f no6-7w

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

The undersigned having been duly appointed by the Probate Court of Ramsey County, Minnesota, Commissioners to receive, examine and audit all claims, against the estate of Phillip W. Nichols, deceased, hereby give notice that all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are require to pre-ent them to said Commissioners for allowance within six months from the fourth day of November, 1863, or be forever barred. The Commissioners will meet for such purpose on the last Saturday of each month during such period, at ten o'clock A. M., at the office of Morris Lamprey, on Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

MORRIS LAMPREY,
P. P. FURBER,
Commissioners of estate of Phillip W. Nichols, deceased.
Dated Nov. 4th, 1863. f no6-1w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.
REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON,
STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA,
th no19-t sept 2 '61 St. Paul.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.
Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
E. F. WARNER, Agent.

O. CURTIS, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.—Persons wishing either Fire or Life Insurance, will receive prompt attention by calling on him at his office in Thompson's Block, on Third street, or at the Prairie du Chien Railroad Office on the Levee. He has secured the services of A. L. WHITNEY, of St. Anthony, in both branches of the above business,—a very reliable, efficient business man.
sept17 O. CURTIS.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, FREE FROM TAN, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers. For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey, and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish Price 50 cents. For sale by
DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, and
sept19-eow1y N. H. HEMIUP, St. Anthony.

S—T—1860—X.
DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.
They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache
They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co, 202 Broadway, N. Y. au8-eow1y

HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
IT IS NOT A DYE,
But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a
Luxuriant Beauty,
promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.
au8-eow d tw&w 1y.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM
This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.
DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,
au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

[Communicated.]
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!!—A CARD.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings County,
oc8-3md&w New York.

CLOTHING AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AT THE STORE OF
W. H. TEMPLE,
THIRD ABOVE MINNESOTA ST.
Overcoats.
FINE BEAVER....................$14, $18 and $25.
BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERE AND CLOTH....................$14 to $20.
PETERSHAM, PILOT & SATINET..$8 to $18.
Business Coats, Frocks & Sacks
A large assortment, $6 to $20.
Pantaloons for the Million.
From a coarse Satinet to a fine Doeskin, all new goods, and made up in style.
VESTS.
Black Doeskin, Cloth, Figured Cassimere, Silk and Silk Velvet, of different grades.
Shirts and Drawers,
Winter Caps, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties,
FINE WHITE AND FANCY WOOL SHIRTS.
We have now in store one of the largest stocks of Clothing in the State Our goods have been bought so that we can give bargains. Those in want of any article in our line would do well to give us a call.
my30-tf W. H. TEMPLE.

500 VOLUNTEERS WANTED
For the 5th Regiment Minnesota Infantry Volunteers.
$402 Bounty will be paid to veterans.
$302 " to new recruits, rations, clothing, and $13 per month.
Apply to Lieut. Col. WILLIAM B. GERE, at recruiting rendezvous, McKubin's block, Third street, St. Paul; Capt. E. A. RICE, Faribault, or Capt. T. J. SHEEHAN, Albert Lea, Recruiting Officers. no28-jan5

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE,
Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.
TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,

SAINT PAUL, December 1, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds..................	½ per ct. prem	
American Gold..................	46½ per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, Sist Warrants, &c., promptly executed.
State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.
Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Proclamation of the Governor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SAINT PAUL, Nov. 21, 1863.

To aid our soldiers in the field, and to hasten the termination of civil war, the President of the United States has by Proclamation of the 17th October ult., called for 300,000 volunteers to serve for a term not exceeding three years.

Under this call Minnesota will be required to furnish for its quota at least three thousand men.

The Proclamation of the President assures us, that, if this quota is not raised before the 5th day of January next, "the draft shall commence" on that day.

In addition to this, we owe under the late call for 20 per cent. of the first class of enrolled national forces 1,207 men.

The Secretary of War has authorized us to cancel this debt by raising a Regiment of Cavalry, which it is understood shall be employed in the frontier service so long as it shall be necessary to protect us against the incursions of hostile savages.

The slow progress which has been already made in filling this regiment, imperatively necessary for the protection of lives and property on our border, gives faint hope of success in raising the number requisite to avoid a draft.

If in addition to the fact that this regiment is to be used in our own service and to provide for the security of our own families, it is necessary to offer further inducements to enlist, I recommend that the several counties and townships of the State pay such bounties as may be required to secure speedy enlistments in the Second Cavalry Regiment.

It should be a matter of State pride to fill this regiment at an early day.

The bounty offered by Government is $102 for each recruit, and the State authorities will endeavor to have it increased to $302, the amount offered to those enlisting in the old regiments.

Whether this application is successful or not, there should be no delay in supplying a force necessary for the safety and prosperity of our State, to be paid and supported by the National Government.

The present call for 300,000 men is intended especially to fill the ranks of decimated regiments now in the field.

We have in this State about 30,000 men enrolled as State Militia. If the energy and enthusiasm heretofore manifested by the people of this State still live, we can easily furnish the number required from us to end this terrible war, amounting only to one in ten of our State troops.

The bounty offered by the Government is munificent, and sufficient to enable men in any condition of life to devote themselves to the work.

It is not probable that the war will last for two years, and $402 bounty to veterans and $302 to new recruits, besides the regular pay and rations is as much as laboring men can expect to realize in the pursuit of any ordinary branch of industry.

But there are higher motives to induce our people to respond heartily and promptly to the demands of the Government.

Peace can only come as the result of victory over the rebels in arms. We have the power, the men and munitions, to win the victory. The more readily we furnish them, the earlier will be the end of the struggle.

Our regiments now in the field have shed an immortal lustre upon our State. History furnishes no parallel to their heroic achievments, and in whatever portion of the Union a citizen of Minnesota may go, he feels himself surrounded with the glory they have won.

Now, on the very eve of final victory, the patriotic people of this State will not leave them with their thinned ranks, to fight this battle alone.

Such a war "costs treasure and blood," but its speedy and triumphant conclusion "will richly compensate for both."

An effort is being made to have each township in the State credited with the number of men it has heretofore furnished, or may furnish, for the service.

The result will be made public as soon as it is known, by this Department.

The time for action in this matter is very short, and I ask the people of Minnesota to use every influence that patriotism or money can exert, to sustain her proud position, and save her from the impending draft.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State to be affixed, at St. Paul, this 21st day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

L. S.

HENRY A. SWIFT.

WHOLESALE LAMP STORE,
next door to
Marvin's Crockery Importing House.
LAMPS, SHADES. CHIMNEYS, OIL,
AND ALL THE ARTICLES BELONGING TO THE TRADE,
Can be found at the Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery Importing House.
An exclusive Lamp and Oil Store to meet the demands of the Wholesale and Retail trade, has long been desirable in St. Paul. Country Merchants can now be supplied at Eastern prices (transportation added.) Call at the Carbon Oil and Lamp Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery House.
☞ Country Merchants are especially invited. Call and see. sept29

TO MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE!
WE ARE OFFERING AT WHOLESALE
3,000 PAIRS MOCCASINS,
1,000 PAIRS
Men's Buffalo Shoes,
1,000 PAIRS
WOMEN'S BUFFALO SHOES,
100 Cases Men's Boots,
Buck Mitts and Gloves,
AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
BOOTS & SHOES.
ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags. Robert-st., first store from Third-st.
mar14-tf WEST & CO.

Hardware.

J. B. BRADEN,
Has now received from the Eastern Manufacturers a full and complete assortment of
IRON,
Hardware, Nails,
Steel of all kinds, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nuts, Axes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Sleigh Shoes, Thimble Skeins, Carriage Trimmings,
Wagon and Buggy Wood,
Iron Kettles, Coal, Window Glass and Sash, and all other Goods in our line, sold Wholesale and Retail.
Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.
ap17-1y

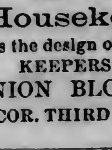
PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,
Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.
au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,
1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

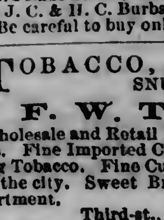
STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,
New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.
au11 GILMAN & CO.

IRON and STEEL.
HEAVY HARDWARE
ORDER
SHEET IRON,
NORWAY NAIL RODS,
BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,
Nails and Spikes,
SLEIGH SHOES,
CUTTER SHOES,
Sleigh and Cutter
RUNNERS,
Bent Cutter Stuff,
OF
HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
CHICAGO.
au29-d&wt feb 29

PRINCE & CO'S.
IMPROVED
MELODEONS!
WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.
MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
WHOLESALE DEPOTS.
47 Fulton street........................New York
83 Lake street........................Chicago
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
Henry Tollman & Co........................Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn........................Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber........................St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak........................Philadelphia
A. Couse........................Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein........................New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer........................Toronto C. W
Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.
AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.
We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail, (at our own expense), our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.
All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.
Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.
Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO, 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.
Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.
☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29-d&w1y'64



POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
China, Glass & Earthen Ware,
WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF
Housekeeping Articles.
It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.
UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st.,
COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.
je5-d&w



FAIRBANK'S
STANDARD
SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.
FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.
Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dw1y

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.
F. W. TUCHELT,
my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS
FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of
LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

BRADFORD BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

Nos. 157 and 159 East Water Street,

M I L W A U K E E ,

Are now opening an immense Stock of Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to which they call the attention of the Merchants of the North west—among which we offer the following:

25 Cases M. De Laines,
25 Bales Twilled Flannels,
20 " Plain colored do.,
100 Cases Denims,
75 " Stripes,
30 " Ticking,
50 " Cotton Flannels,
20 " Linseys,
3000 lbs. Wool Yarn,
1000 doz. Wool Socks,
200 Bales assorted Batting,
250 Cases Prints,
200 Bales Shirtings,
50 Bales Fine Shirting,
24 Bales Satinets, all grades,
10 " Grey Cassimeres,
10 Cases Fancy Cassimeres,
100 Pieces Alpaccas,
2000 " Cobergs,
Twine, Wicking,
Wadding, Cotton Yarn,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

A FULL LINE OF YANKEE NOTIONS,

WHITE GOODS, RIBBONS, HOODS, SHIRTS and DRAWERS, RIBBED JACKETS, BLANKETS, SAXONY PLAIDS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES and MITTS;

AND

Innumerable other goods pertaining to the Jobbing Dry Goods Business, making an Immense Stock which for EXTENT, ASSORTMENT and CHEAP NESS is unrivalled in the West.

To those wishing to buy at New-York Prices and less, we would solicit an examination of our Stock and Prices. Respectfully,

BRADFORD BROTHERS.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28, 1863. oc6-4m

MILWAUKEE.

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS

ARE OFFERED THE

MOST MANIFEST INDUCEMENTS,

BY THE NEW HOUSE,

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

172 and 174 East Water Street.

au20-d tw&w

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

In this city, in connection with their

PAPER MILL, IN ST. ANTHONY,

And desire to call the attention of buyers to their

Immense Stock of

LETTER, NOTE AND CAP PAPER, ENVELOPES, BOOK AND NEWS PRINT, FLAT AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPERS, PRINTERS' AND WRITING INKS AND FLUIDS, PENS, PENCILS, &c., &c.

Agents for

GREENLEAF & TAYLOR'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY

We will sell as low as Eastern Jobbers with Freight added.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR

PAPER RAGS, ROPE, GUNNIES & OLD NEWSPAPERS.

oc22-tf Office No. 220 Third-St., St. Paul, Min.

ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, until further notice, the Trains of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

MORNING.		EVENING.	
Leaves St. Paul	7:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Paul	3:30 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	7:45 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	4:15 P. M.
Arrive at Manomin	8:15 A. M.	Arrive at Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves Manomin	8:25 A. M.	Leaves Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	9:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	5:30 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul	9:40 A. M.	Arrive at St. Paul	6:10 P. M.

Wm. B. LITCHFIELD,
General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs, &c., &c.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT, 30th edition, containing 80 large pages, and 60 fine plates and engravings, price only 15 cents, on the Improved Treatment of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Sexual Debility, and the effects of Masturbation or Self-Abuse on the Body and Mind, including a Treatise on

VENEREAL DISEASES,

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphillis, and affections of the Testicles, Bladder, and Kidneys, with observations on the DISEASES OF FEMALES, Marriage, Reproduction, and the prevention of Conception, &c. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on receipt of 15 cents or stamps.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohioensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a specialty during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, should let no false delicacy deter them, but apply at once and be cured.

FEMALE DISEASES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases, such as suppressed, or unhealthy Menstruation, Leucorrhea, Chlorosis, Diseases of the Womb and Os Uteri, &c. Also, Agent for *Deuce's Female Pills*, for obstructed Menstruation, price $1 per box.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations private and confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. afternoons, from 3 to 5. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.
(Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

jy3

Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of **them** in use in **this country** and **Europe.**

These are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available a life time.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Class Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,
jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS.

SEWING MACHINES,

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order.
[je19-t jan 1]

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago,

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent **Hoist Wheels,** for building, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH
USE THE
DANDELION
AND
Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75; These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE,
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION,
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS,
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN,
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS,
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE,
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE,

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Minn.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Butcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,
my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Witfield's Vegetable Pills

Are warranted a certain cure for

Fistula, Blind or Bleeding Piles.

We would caution all who are victims to this distressing complaint to avoid the use of external applications, as they result only in aggravating the difficulty.

DR. WITFIELD'S remedy removes the cause of the disease, and effects a permanent cure.

THIS IS NO QUACK MEDICINE.

These Pills have been tried for the last seven years, and in no instance have they failed to cure.

☞ Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail any address.

J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor,
No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.
sept8-3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?—THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The proprietors of the New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine have issued free FOUR of their most interesting Lectures on Marriage and its qualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Loss of Energy and Vital Power.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. sept15 3m

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MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED IN FOUR WEEKS, BY DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE!—Dr. Ricord (of Paris) at the solicitation of the American public, has appointed an Agent in New York for the sale of his valued and highly prized Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore Manhood to the most shattered constitutions, in four weeks; and, if used according to printed instructions, failure is impossible. This life restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Success, in every case, is certain. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases with full instructions for use, at $3, or four quantities in one for $9 and will be sent to any part, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance to his accredited agent.

PHILIP ROLAND, 447 Rrome-st.,
sept15-3m One door west of Broadway, N. Y.

A. F. TRYON & CO.,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
25 HOWARD-ST., N. Y.,

Have on hand for sale, and are constantly manufacturing, an assortment of Pianos of the best materials and workmanship, equal in every respect to any made in this country, which they offer at very moderate prices. Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine. oc13-3m

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Dry Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO

Are now receiving an extensive stock of

Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS,

from

Late Cash Sales in New York

Consisting in part of

MUSLIN DE LAINES,

WOOL PLAIDS,

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,
EMPRESS CLOTHS,
FRENCH REPS,
PARIS SILK STRIPES,
PARAMATTAS,

Alpaccas, Mohairs, &c., &c

Mourning Goods.

LADIES' LONG AND SQUARE

SHAWLS,

In every variety.

Cloakings, Balmoral Skirts,

Kid Padded Hoop Skirts,

Hoods, Scarfs, Sontags.

HOSIERY,

Consisting of English and German Cotton, Woollen and Worsted Hose.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S BALMORAL HOSE.

White and mixed

WRAPPERS & DRAWERS.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

White, red and mixed

FLANNELS.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings,

Denims, Blankets.

ALL COUNTRY MERCHANTS who purchase

FOR CASH,

Should examine our stock before purchasing.

We will not be undersold in this market.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,
ST. PAUL, MIN.
Sept. 1:1y

NOW READY FOR THE

Fall Trade!

The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS HOUSE

In Minnesota.

CATHCART & CO.

At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,

Have just opened a fresh stock of

American, English, French and German

DRESS GOODS,

Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of

DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing, &c., &c.

A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in

War Times.

sept6-3m **CATHCART & CO**

LADIES' CLOAKS.

Just received, a large lot of

LADIES' CLOAKS

[BOTH

SACQUES and CIRCULARS

Which we will

Sell Very Low to Close them Out!

Those wishing to purchase, had better come soon as we intend to sell them so cheap that customers cannot help but buy.

Remember the place,

The Cheap Cash Store of

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

Minnesota.

no11-tf

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Dry Goods.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

DRESS GOODS.—A large line, consisting of French Merinos, All Wool and Union Plaids, Empress Cloths, Plaid Valencias, Muslin de Laines, &c., &c., at very low figures, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

SHAWLS.—We have now on hand a selection of Long and Square Shawls, which the most fastidious can select from. As our prices are always as low as the lowest, we invite inspection on them, at

Hogan & Camp's.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS.—Our stock of these goods is very extensive. We have Seal Skin Beavers, Frosted Beavers, Esquimeaux Beavers, Castor Beavers, Doeskins and Felts, Broadcloths in all colors, at the lowest market prices, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—Having upwards of 500 assorted styles of English, French, and American manufacture for Ladies, Misses and children. We can sell them at a little under the market price, by the single Skirt, or dozen, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

ALL HOUSES HAVE THEIR SPECIALITIES. The above are our's, and we feel that we can at present offer inducements on them that no other House in Minnesota can.

dec2

Hotels.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

BRIGGS HOUSE,

Chicago, - - - Illinois.

F. W. BURNHAM, } Clerks.
H. F. WILLARD, }

W. F. TUCKER & CO

sept23-3m* Proprietors.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

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Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN **Winslow House,**

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

jan29-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE,

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

---

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

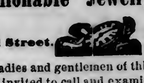
---

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street,  **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

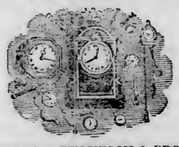
All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,



Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

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Groceries.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

GENERAL DEALER IN

Family Groceries,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

In Moffet's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourt street,

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge. n020-tf

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APPLES.

200 bbls. selected

Fall and Winter Apples

AT PUTNAM'S.

Choice White

Winter Wheat Flour,

AT PUTNAM'S.

CHEESE—ONE THOUSAND LBS.

Extra Hamburgh,

AT PUTNAM'S.

oc9-tf

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——.

jan1-d1y

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND

PRODUCE DEALERS,

SIBLEY STREET,.....NEAR LEVEE

oc16-1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS.

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS,

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - - Illinois.

F. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agen wanted everywhere. mr7-d&wy

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50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods,

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of th dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.
ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures,

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

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20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

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410 GALLONS VARNISH,

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

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500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

1864. 1864. 1864.

Winter Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.

PASSENGER LINE.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Reed's, Wabasha, Minneiska, Winona, and La Crosse, at 6½ o'clock A. M.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 7 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Mondays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Little Canada, Columbus, Sunrise City—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

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20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

---

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

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125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of
dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

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420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.
je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar3 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

THE CITY.

Thermometrical Record.

KEPT BY DAY & JENNS, DRUGGISTS, CORNER OF THIRD AND CEDAR STREETS.

DECEMBER.	7:30 A. M.	1 P. M.	6 P. M.
1 Tuesday	25	41	37
2 Wednesday	28	42	35
3 Thursday	29	46	42

RETURNING FROM FUNERALS.—One would naturally suppose that persons who attend funerals of deceased friends, would do so with a feeling of solemnity and decency which would over-awe the barbarism of other occasions, but it does not seem to be so always.

For some time residents on upper Wabashaw Street, which street is mostly used for going to the various cemeteries, have complained of the manner in which some young fellows return from funerals. A funeral is as good as a spree to them. They get Biddy in a buggy, and duly attend the ceremonies. Coming back from the cemetery, however, they get the worth of their money out of the poor horse in a regular race, which is conducted regardless of life or limb, or of the solemn errand they are engaged in. Everybody on the road must give them wide berth, or get run into. On Wabashaw Street, which makes a fine race track, they are especially apt to let out on a gallop, oftentimes three or four trying to pass one another at full speed, shouting and cursing. Yesterday there were two or three races of this kind, in one instance three abreast on the full gallop, resulting in a collision near the capitol that came near upsetting them all. Some children returning from school were nearly run over. In fact, residents along there say that the street is actually dangerous to foot passengers from this cause, every afternoon.

All of that class of persons do not act thus at funerals. It is a clan of reckless and ignorant ones, but as the discredit falls on the whole class, and on their church, too, the evil should be suppressed by the more sober and responsible ones.

THE SOCIAL EVIL.—We observe by the papers in Chicago, New York, Cincinnati, &c, that "the social evil," as it is termed, has grown to fearful proportions since the war, and has become more open and bold than ever. Perhaps the votaries of vice have increased in our city, but it is so kept within bounds of decency, and veiled from public observation, that no one except the frequenters of these haunts would suspect it. They are kept under strict surveillance of the police, who invariably "pull" any establishment when any row takes place, or any complaint is made against them. The fines collected from this class of houses amount to two or three hundred dollars annually. Once, for a year or two, a persistent effort was made to squelch them out by frequent arrests and heavy fines, but the result shows that the old saying that it "was an evil inseparable from the present state of society," was pretty nearly true. It is bound to exist in every city in some shape or other, and so latterly the guardians of law and order are endeavoring by an occasional arrest to keep the evil in wholesome bounds and checks, winking at its existence.

The last descent was made on the establishment of Mrs. Empy, on Exchange Street, near Pine. The proprietress of the establishment was fined $10, and three inmates $5 each. The hearts tried their most bewitching smiles on Esq. Gibbs, but it was impossible to soften his obdurate heart, and the fines were paid. There was no charge of any disorder or special improprieties, but merely of violation of the ordinance forbidding such places.

THE WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE IN A HYGIENIC ASPECT.—Dr. A. K. Gardner, a professor in the New York Medical College, recently read a paper before the Academy of Medicine, on "The Hygene of the Sewing Machine," in which he claimed that the latter was the great boon of the nineteenth century to the women of Christendom and of the world; that it had emphatically *manumitted the white slave*, and, in the course of his able essay, he showed that, for the preservation and promotion of health, the Wheeler & Wilson, *on account of the manner in which it is operated*, is vastly preferable to any other. Gentlemen selecting handsome presents for their wives, daughters, sisters, mothers, sweethearts, or any one in whose health they feel an interest, should bear this in mind. F. M. Johnson, 234 Third street, is agent for Minnesota, and keeps every style of machine.

PROBABLE FATAL TERMINATION OF AN AFFRAY.—A few weeks since a man named Desmond was arrested on charge of shooting a man with whom he had a quarrel, and was bound over for his appearance at the District Court. During the affray Desmond was badly beaten. It was not supposed at the time that he was in any way seriously hurt, but since then he has had the pleurisy, resulting from wounds in the [illegible] now disparied of. His death might change the aspect of the case, and bring the prosecuting witness of the previous case into court.

POLICE COURT.—A young Arab who gave his name as Michael McGrath, but whose real name is Cunningham, was arrested by Chief Cummings, on a charge of disorderly conduct. He had been caught stoning the Norwegian school, kept in the Lutheran Church corner of Wabashaw and Tenth streets, and when the teacher and another person attempted to arrest him, he cut them on the hand with a pocket knife. Esquire Gibbs fined this son of Belial $5 and costs, which was paid by a member of the School Board.

"WHAT WOULD I NOT GIVE FOR A LIKENESS OF IT?"—How often is this said by these who have lost a child! Secure it at once, we say to everybody, by going to Tuttle's Photograph rooms, 181 Third Street. His new Gallery is so convenient, being on the street floor. Children are taken *instantaneously*, thus securing a true likeness.

NEW OYSTER SALOON.—Sewall S. Patton wishes to announce to his friends that he has opened a neat and nicely furnished oyster saloon on Jackson street, just below Seventh. Mr. Patton has had a number of years experience as an oyster vender, and gets them up in the nicest style. He deserves a good patronage, as he is bound to keep a pleasant and respectable place.

TUNE—"*Over the Hills and far away.*"*

Come, all ye good people, the wonders to view
Of things that are garnered in store for you;
Of Albums in Calf, and costly Morrocco,
To look at which people in crowds do flock, O;
Of Juvenile Books, a great variety,
In which the young can read to satiety;
So if for these your children teaze you,
Here you'll find things to please you.

* These words when set to music, will be found at Munger Bros.

GOOD COOKS.—Ladies, if you would be known as good cooks, and would avoid the mortification of having poor biscuit for tea when you have company, use D. B. De Land & Co.'s *Chemical Saleratus*, and that only, and be careful when you buy to get the article in red papers, for there is a counterfeit put up in green.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3—1 P. M.

Gold 51⅝.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 3—6 P. M.

Gold excited, and decidedly higher; opening at 51¾; closing firm at 53.

Government stocks firm—6's 81; coupons 1,09.

The second board gold advanced to 1,53.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3—1 P. M.

Flour 5 @ 10c better.

Wheat 1c better.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,

SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA, ST. PAUL, Dec. 3d, 1863.

In pursuance of orders received from the Provost Marshal General, the names of those persons enrolled in the various Sub-Districts, under the provisions of the "Act for enrolling and calling out the National Forces," &c., approved March 3d, 1863, are published and posted for the following purposes, viz:

I. That any person enrolled may appear before the Board and claim to have his name stricken off the list, if he can show to the satisfaction of the Board that he is not and will not be at the time fixed for the next draft, liable to military duty on account of—1st. Alienage; 2d. Non-Residence; 3d. Unsuitableness of age; 4th. Manifest permanent physical disability.

II. Persons who may be cognizant of any other persons liable to military duty, whose names do not appear on the enrollment lists, are requested to notify the Board of Enrollment, writing plainly the name, residence (town and county), age, occupation, and nativity, so far as they may know, of those they desire to be enrolled.

III. The Board of Enrollment will hear cases as provided in paragraph I, until the 20th December, 1863, after which no cases will be heard.

GEORGE H. KEITH,
Capt. and Provost Marshal,
dec4 10td&1tw — 2d Dist., Min.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, SAINT PAUL, MIN., December 3d, 1863.

The sale of Government Stock at Fort Snelling, which was postponed yesterday, will begin tomorrow, at 10 o'clock, A. M., without fail, and continue until the whole is sold.

E. B. CARLING,
Captain and Acting Quartermaster,
dec4-3t — Chief Quartermaster, Min. Dist.

LOCAL NOTICES.

BANK NOTICE.—The Banks of this city give notice that the hours for transaction of business during the winter, will be from nine A. M. to three P. M.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
WILLIUS BROS. & DUNBAR,
PARKER PAINE,
BORUP & OAKES,
MARINE BANK,
BERRY, DAWSON & CO.,
no29-1w — E. S. EDGERTON.

WE WILL DO IT.—In order to sell off and reduce our extensive stock of CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, we offer our whole stock at from 10 to 25 per cent. less than our regular price. We think it safe to say that those purchasing of us will get Goods about the wholesale price. We offer these inducements to the people rather than to Merchants. OUR LOWEST PRICE WILL BE STATED AT ONCE. A call from those in want of any article in our line is respectfully solicited.

no21-tf — W. H. TEMPLE, Third-st.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN, is the best Company for Western men to insure in.

It is made up of and managed by Western men, and is thus having its risks all reside in this the healthiest part of the Union. It is believed that its rate of mortality will be lower than that of the Eastern Companies, in the future as it has been in the past.

The Company is now in its fifth year of business, and has proven an entire success, having issued over four thousand policies, and accumulated in reserve premiums two hundred thousand dollars. It started without guarantee capital, and experience has proven that none was necessary.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the same general basis as that of the most successful Eastern Companies, with the advantage of having the experience of the older ones as its guide.

There are now a large number of members of the Company in St. Paul and vicinity, among whom are some of our best business men.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY,
Thompson's Block, Third street, St. Paul.
O. CURTIS, Manager.
S. P. SNYDER, Agent, Minneapolis.

Either of the above named gentlemen will be happy to give information to members or others desiring, in regard to the Company, and assist in making applications for Policies. no8-3m

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. dec2-d&w3m

G. B SALMON, Agent, Madison Mutual Insurance Company, for the counties of Ramsey, Washington, Dakota, and Scott. Office in Parker Paine's Bank, St. Paul. no25 Jan5d&w

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK

AND

Cream Pale Ale,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

FOR SALE BY

WM. CONSTANS,

oc21-3m — AGENT, ST. PAUL.

ST. PAUL LAMP STORE,

(Branch of the great Aladdin,)

Opposite Pioneer Office.

OILS, LAMPS, SHADES, GLOBES, LANTERNS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS, CANS, &c., &c.

The Largest Stock, and the Greatest Variety, and the

Cheapest Goods

EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY.

☞ Wholesale Buyers supplied at Eastern cash prices. dec3-tf

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

AT COMBS' BOOK STORE,

CAN BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF

Childrens' Books,
Gift Books,
Photograph Albums,
Bibles, Prayer Books,

&c., suitable for presents. Call in and examine.

DIARIES for 1864, all Styles,
dec1-tf — AT COMBS' BOOK STORE.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,

A SMALL QUANTITY JUST RECEIVED.

LEMONS.

Dried Raspberries,
Dried Cherries, pitted,
Dried Blackberries,
Dried Pared Peaches,
all new Fruit.
Fresh Citron, Raisins and Currants, at

E. & H. Y. BELL'S,
no15-3m — Third-st.

THE "NEW ULM POST,"

A WEEKLY GERMAN NEWSPAPER, INDEPENDENT OF PARTY, advocating

Truth, Right and Progress,

Under the flag of our country will be published by the undersigned, at

NEW ULM,

Brown Co., Minnesota,

On and after the 1st day of JANUARY, 1864.

The attention of the business men of our State is hereby respectfully invited to the following—

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

The insertion of one square	$0 75
Two " " "	1 25
Three " " "	1 75
One month " "	3 00
Three months " "	3 50
Six months " "	5 00
Twelve months " "	8 00

Editorial business notices given to merit only.

☞ In recommending the "New Ulm Post" to the public, the undersigned beg leave to say that it is their design to start and keep alive a newspaper which, aside from other use, will prove a powerful assistant to every solid and enterprising business man for securing and enhancing success.

dec2.1w* — A. WOLFF & J. HOFER.

WINES AND LIQUORS,

FOR

Medicinal and Private Use.

PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,
PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY,
FINE OLD FRENCH BRANDY,
FINE SCOTCH WHISKY,
PALE SHERRY WINE.
PURE JUICE PORT WINE,
OLD BURGUNDY PORT WINE,
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
OLD JAMAICA RUM,
MUMMS' CABINET CHAMPAGNE,
CURACOA.

FOR SALE BY

no29 d&w8w — **J. I. BEAUMONT.**

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,

DEALER IN

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,

Sugars, Syrups,

AND ALL GOODS PERTAINING TO THE GROCERY BUSINESS, INCLUDING

TOBACCOS, CIGARS,

Wines, Liquors, and

Pure Old Rye and Bourbon

WHISKIES.

Corner 3d & Jackson St's. no29-d&w8w

SARDINES.

Quarter and half boxes. For sale by
no29 — J. I. BEAUMONT.

CITRON.

For sale by,
no29 — J. I. BEAUMONT.

YEAST POWDERS.

Preston & Merrill's Infallible—Babbitt's Chemical. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Orange, Nutmeg, Strawberry, and Cinnamon. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

TOBACCO.

All varieties of Plug and Fine Cut. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

CODFISH & MACKEREL.

For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

MALAGA WINE.

For culinary purposes. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

ALMONDS.

Brazil Nuts, Filberts, and Pea Nuts. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FRESH FRUITS.

Peaches, Strawberries, and Blackberries, in cans. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

OLIVE OIL.

Fine Bordeaux, for table use. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

PURE GROUND SPICES.

Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon, Allspice, Cloves, and Mace—warranted pure. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

SAUCES,

Worcestershire, Walnut, and Mushroom Sauces. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Green Gages, Pine Apples, and Pears, in Glass. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

SMOKED HALIBUT.

For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

ENGLISH PICKLES.

Imported—very fine. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

CIGARS.

All grades from Common to Choice. For sale by,
no29-d&w — J. I. BEAUMONT.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, Saint Paul, Minnesota, Dec. 1st, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate, will be received at this office until

DECEMBER 15th, 1863,

At 12 O'Clock, Noon,

For furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named posts:

ST. PAUL,
FORT SNELLING,
MANKATO,
FORT RIPLEY,
ST. CLOUD,
SAUK CENTRE,
ALEXANDRIA,
POMME DE TERRE,
GLENCOE,

And those drawing supplies therefrom.

Separate bids will be received for each of the above Posts, or one bid may include all of them.

The contract to commence January 1st, 1864, and to be in force six months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid, or *where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid*, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors, (unless known to the undersigned,) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney. The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to Capt. S. C. Benham, C. S., and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids,

S. C. BENHAM,
dec2-td — Captain and Com. of Subsistence.

PATENT AMALGAM BELL,

SUITABLE FOR A SCHOOL HOUSE OR SMALL CHURCH.

For sale low by
dec2-tf — NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

UNITED STATES

PENSION AGENCY

AT

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

Office in Rogers' Block, 3d-st., near the Bridge. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M.

All letters to the office must inclose stamps to pay return postage. ROBERT F. LEWIS,
no1-d tw&wly — Pension Agent.

NO. 1 CARBON OIL,

For sale low, wholesale and retail to close consignment, at

The St. Paul Lamp Store,

dec3-tf — Opposite Pioneer Office.

L. BEACH & CO.,
Manufacturers of superior
SOAP AND CANDLES,
Eagle-St., near Upper Levee.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
Lard, Tallow and Grease
L. BEACH. [set26-1yd&w] A. W. PEARSON

DESIRABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

Lands in the valley of the Upper Mississippi, and adjacent to the line of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad.

The St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company now offer in tracts of 40, 80, 120 and 160 acres and upwards—120 sections, or 76,800 acres of land, in the following townships, viz:

Town. 32,	Range	22.
" 33,	"	22.
" 32,	"	23.
" 33,	"	23.
" 32,	"	24.
" 33,	"	24.
" 24,	"	24.
" 35,	"	24.
" 33,	"	25.
" 34,	"	25.
" 35,	"	25.
" 34,	"	26.
" 35,	"	26.

These lands are situated in the counties of Anoka, Isanti and Sherburne, and comprise some of the most valuable lands in the townships named.

They will be sold for cash, the bonds of Company at par, or on long credit.

For prices and terms of payment apply to
LAND COMMISSIONER,
St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company,
oc27-d&w6m — St. Paul, Minnesota.

OLD RYE AND BOURBON

WHISKEYS,

VERY OLD AND PURE.

Old Queens Port Wine,

AND

OLD BLACKBURN MADEIRA WINE,

FOR

Medicinal Purposes,

ALSO

Hungarian and Rhine Wines,

AND CALIFORNIA WINES,

Together with a general assortment of

Foreign & Domestic Liquors

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,
my19 — Sibley Block.

J. McCLOUD, JR.

Commercial Broker,

No. 103 Third Street, (Catholic Block.)

Will buy and sell

REAL ESTATE, AND MERCHANDISE Of all kinds on Commission,

LOAN MONEY, MAKE COLLECTIONS, PAY TAXES, &C., &C.

☞ Commissions solicited and promptly attended to. no 29-3m

BOB SLED SHOES, $3.00 PER SETT.

Don't pay $4.00 a sett for them, when you can get them for $3.00 a sett at the Pioneer Foundry.
no29-d&w1mo — GILMAN & CO.

400 BARRELS GOOD WINTER APPLES. For sale by
GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
no29-tf — Cor. Jackson and 4th sts.

1863. 1864.

FALL AND WINTER SALES.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

Invite the attention of Country Merchants and Inland Jobbers to the large and complete stock which they now offer to their inspection, and invite a comparison with other stocks here, for

EXTENT, VARIETY & CHEAPNESS.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

are prepared to offer DECIDED INDUCEMENTS to cash buyers. Call and see.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Have now in store the largest and most attractive stock of GROCERIES west of Chicago. An inspection and comparison of stocks will satisfy you that "these things are so." For sale to the trade only.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Offer to the trade a stock of LIQUORS, complete in all its appointments, and the

LARGEST IN THE STATE.

We mean it.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Are sole proprietors of the unrivalled "Clover Leaf," "Bourbon, and "Connoisseures' Favorite" Rye Whiskeys. These goods

Cannot be Excelled.

Try them.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Have just received an Invoice, including—
SCOTCH WHISKEY, (Ramsay's genuine.)
IRISH WHISKEY, (Mehan's genuine.)
ST. CROIX RUM, (very choice.)
TULIP GIN, (the finest imp'ted.)
BRANDIES, "United Proprietors."
BRANDIES, "Otard, Du Pay & Co."
SHERRY WINES, (Harmony Brand.)

These Goods are direct from CUSTOM HOUSE and we GUARANTY THEIR PURITY. Try them

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

HAVE PEACH BRANDY,
APPLE DO.,
CHERRY DO.,
GINGER DO.,
BLACKBERRY DO.,
RASPBERRY DO..

These Brandies are *DISTILLED FROM THE FRUIT*, and are very fine.

MEDFORD RUM, (it is very fine.)

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

Have **500** cases FRESH FRUITS, including—
PEACHES,
STRAWBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
PINE APPLE, &c., &c.,

All of established brand, and warranted the best.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

Have

200,000 Segars,

ASSORTED AND FAVORITE BRANDS.

We Cannot be Undersold.
no24

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Jacaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 Mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

OYSTERS—OYSTERS.

The undersigned are now and have been for the past TEN YEARS, the only Agents in Minnesota for

MALTBY'S CELEBRATED BALTIMORE

OYSTERS.

We GUARANTEE, to the public that these Oysters are superior to any others brought to this market. The cans are larger, and are filled with Oysters.

☞ A large supply constantly on hand.

Orders from any part of the State promptly attended to.

Depot 216 Third Street, St. Paul.

no26-tf — J. C. BURBANK & CO.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.

F. O. WILDER, & CO.,

Dealers in Piano-Fortes, Melodeons, Harmoniums, Cabinet Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c., &c., No. 230 Third-st., corner of St. Peter-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

Agents for the celebrated

A. M. McPhail & Co's

STAR AND GRAND SCALE PIANOS.

Also, the Parlor Gem.

Mr. Wilder is a Piano-Maker, and has been in the business over 20 years, and will sell nothing but first-class instruments. Every instrument will be warranted, and all Pianos sold by the firm will be kept in tune one year free of charge, if within a reasonable distance.

☞ Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired. Lesson given on the Piano and Melodeon.
no26-d&w1y

Miscellaneous.

GO TO

PUTNAM'S

FOR

FRESH CANNED

RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
STRAWBERRIES,
PEACHES,
PINE APPLES,
TOMATOES,
CHERRIES

NEW DRIED

BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
CHERRIES,
PEACHES,
APPLES,
RAISINS,
CITRON,
CURRANTS, SAGO, FARINA,
TAPIOCA AND HOMONY.

Stuart's White Drip, Extra Honey, Golden, Amber and Sugar House Syrups.

New Sugar Cured Dried Beef, and Pine Apple Cheese, and a complete and desirable stock of Fresh

Groceries & Provisions.

S. K. PUTNAM,
near the Post Office.

CIDER.

100 bbls. pure Juice of the Apple, at PUTNAM'S.

GRAPES.

25 boxes Isabellas and Catawbas, at PUTNAM'S

APPLES.

400 barrels Winter, at PUTNAM'S. no4

ONE MORE CHANCE.

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

ANOTHER LOT OF

CLOAKS,

200 SACQUES and CIRCULARS,

HANDSOME & BEAUTIFUL,

The Cheapest in the State.

1000 Pairs Blankets,

AND AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS!

Of Every Kind, Quality and Description,

AT

ELFELT'S.

no12

146.

THIRD STREET.

HOODS, SONTAGS & NUBIAS,

BALMORAL

AND

HOOP SKIRTS,

JUST RECEIVED BY

L. C. BURT,

1 4 6

THIRD STREET.

oc20-1y

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

Third St., between Cedar and Wabashaw,

M. C. TUTTLE.

Has just opened a New Gallery on the ground floor, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. His stock and apparatus are new, and have all the latest improvements.

☞ ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TAKING CHILDREN'S PICTURES.

Pictures from Locket Size to Life Size, in the

Finest Style.

☞ *Photograph Albums furnished as cheap as any other House, and a Carte de Visite taken gratis.* no24-tf

CARPETS.

STRONG'S CARPET HALL,

225 Third-St., Rogers' Block,

where will be found a large assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C.

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

mar12-1y — **R. O. STRONG.**

SKATES.

WILLIAMS, MORSE & CO.'S CELEBRATED CAST STEEL

NEW YORK CLUB SKATE,

CENTRAL PARK SKATE,

LADIES' SKATES, BOY'S SKATES,

And the Patent Buckle for Skate Straps at

no22-tf — CHERITREE & FARWELL'S.

TO RENT.

Rooms on the Second Floor, over our Auction Store. We will pay the highest prices in cash for all kinds of second-hand goods. Auction Sales every evening; special sales at 10 A. M. Outside sales promptly attended to—on Third street, second door from the Merchants Hotel.

H. E. BAKER & CO.,
no20 — Auctioneers.

WANTED,

Spikers and Laborers on the construction work of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. Liberal wages will be paid. Payments made weekly. Apply to F. R. Delano, Assistant Superintendent, at Freight Depot, St. Paul, or John Murphy, Foreman, Manomin.

oc30-tf — W. B. LITCHFIELD & CO.

100 BARRELS CIDER,

Just received on consignment and for sale low,
oct5-tf — J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

40 BUSHELS CHOICE RIPE **ONIONS.**

Just received by — A. H. WIMBISH,
no25 — Jackson Street.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS

CLOTHING! CLOTHING

IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF

Ready-Made Clothing

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods

BLOOMINGDALE & RHINE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

Are now opening a BRANCH of their large establishment, where will be found the

LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING,

Hats, Woollen Shirts,

Drawers, &c., in Minnesota,

All of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at

NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

☞ Buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.

NO. 213 THIRD-ST., OPPOSITE THE NORTH-WESTERN EXPRESS OFFICE,

ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.
sept4-3md&w

BENJAMIN S. BULL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

Harrison's Stone Block, Minneapolis, Min.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the above named goods, either at

Wholesale or Retail.

Orders solicited. no11-6md&w

HORSE BLANKETS,

SKATES

AND

SLEIGH BELLS.

Large assortment just received and for sale low at the Saddlery Warehouse of

C. PROAL,
oc29 — Corner of Third and Robert-sts.

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS,

161 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minnesota.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER

$6,500,000.

Fire, Life and Marine Policies,

Issued in the following

First-Class Companies:

LORILLARD FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $675,000.
METROPOLITAN INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $515,000.
NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $314,000.
HOME INSURANCE CO., New Haven, Ct., Cash Capital and Surplus $250,000.
PHENIX (Marine) INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $376,000.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Newark, Total Accumulation $4,450,000.

☞ All losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid at this office. No charge for stamps.

M. P. NICHOLS,
no10-1y — Agent.

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE,

100 Barrels

CARBON OIL.

CHAS. A. UPHAM & CO.,

No. 4, Prince's Block, Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.
no10-1y

BEAUPRE & KELLY,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

AND

Wholesale Grocers,

Prince's Block, Jackson-st., St. Paul.

FREIGHT AGENTS FOR

Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien R.R.

LAFLIN, SMITH & CO.'S

GUNPOWDER.

St Paul, October 13, 1863. oct13-6m

FURNITURE.

S. L. BAILEY & CO.,

Are now prepared to offer an entire new stock of

Furniture,

Consisting of

Wardrobes, Sideboards, Bureaus, Bedsteads Wash Stands, Breakfast, Desert, Dining and Extension Tables, Lounges, Cribs, Walnut cane-seat Chairs, flag and wood-seat Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Easy and Parlor Chairs, Marble-Top Tables, Hall Stands, What-Nots, Card Tables, Gilt and Rose Wood Mouldings, Varnish and innumerable other goods belonging to the

FURNITURE BUSINESS.

To those wishing to buy for cash, we would solicit an examination of our stock and prices.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

WARE-ROOMS THIRD-ST., NEAR THE CHURCH.

Respectfully,
no19-1m — S. L. BAILEY & CO.

UNITED STATES NAVY.

MEN WANTED

FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY, TO SERVE IN THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.

Good pay and prize money given.

Recruits will be shipped for one, two, or three years, or during the war.

The following are the rates of pay per month:

Yeoman, from $15 to $30		Mates,	$40
Armorer,	25	Boatswain's Mate,	25
Gunner's Mate,	25	Carpenters,	25
Sail Makers,	20	Armorer Mate,	20
Master-at-Arms,	25	Quartermaster,	25
Fireman, (1st class).	30	Coal Heavers,	25
Seaman,	18	Ordinary Seaman,	18
Ship's Corporal,	24	Coxswain,	24

The fact that men may enlist for one year with good quarters on ship board, good pay and prize money, which has thus far amounted to more than the bounty paid for the army recruits.

Each recruit for one year will receive the following articles of clothing.

One pea jacket.
One pair blue cloth trousers.
One blue flannel overshirt.
Two under flannel shirts.
Two pairs of flannel drawers.
One mattrass.
Two blankets.
One seamless cap.
One black silk handkerchief.
All of navy pattern.

Apply at the United States Naval Rendezvous, over LANGLEY & TEMPLE'S AUCTION STORE, Third street, St. Paul.

A. WILLARD CREED,
no25-9m — Recruiting Agent U. S. Navy.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1863. NUMBER 304.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, DEC. 5.

THE NEWS.

LONGSTREET essayed an assault on Knoxville last Sunday, but was repulsed with a loss of over one thousand in killed, wounded, and prisoners. Burnside telegraphs under date of Monday that "everything is going on well." On Thursday Foster had an engagement with Longstreet's cavalry, twenty miles from Cumberland Gap. Our forces attempted to cross the Clinch river, but were repulsed with a loss of fifty, though we captured four guns. Our dispatches state that it was Longstreet's cavaly that was engaged, but it was probably Wheeler's, as Longstreet has no force north of Knoxville.

WE have some interesting details from Bank's Expedition of the capture of Corpus Christi. A few shells from a gunboat created a panic among the rebels, and when the Federal troops marched forward, they raised a sheet upon the point of a bayonet, and unconditionally surrendered.

THE Democratic caucus for Speaker will very appropriately assemble next Sunday evening. Cox and Pendleton of Ohio are the candidates for Speaker, with the chances in favor of Pendleton. The Union caucus met last evening.

THE rumors concerning the probable removal of General Meade thickens and, in the meantime, talk of winter quarters at Centreville has commenced.

IT is rumored that Earl Russell will retire from the British Cabinet and be succeeded by Earl Clarendon.

THE reward offered for the capture of John Morgan has been increased to $5,000.

GOLD opened at 52¾ yesterday.

GRANT'S GREAT VICTORY—ITS MILITARY AND POLITICAL RESULTS.

Our Eastern exchanges agree with us in our estimate of the transcendent importance of the recent victory won by Grant near Chattanooga. The New York *Tribune* says for example:

There can be no doubt whatever that Gen. Grant has won the greatest victory of the war. The laurels of Vicksburg fade in the splendor of this achievement.

But apart from the first immediate consequence of this victory, the relief of Burnside and the rescue of East Tennessee from the last convulsive clutchesof the rebellion, it must be observed that what is chiefly gained is—*position*. The trophies of the battle field, glorious as they are, are of but little importance in comparison to the immense consequences which necessarily result from the possession of this grand centre and key of the whole Southern system of communication and defenses.

The first of these consequences, already mentioned, is being already realized. Longstreet, detached from Bragg's command to drive Burnside out of East Tennessee, is himself fleeing by the back door towards Virginia from the reinforcements which Grant, as soon as he had secured the adit to this region, promptly sent forward to the relief of Burnside.

We are thus secured in the final and permanent possession of East Tennessee. The suffering patriots of that mountain-walled country are released forever from the brutal tyranny of their rebel oppressors—and "by the same token" the Richmond Government is deprived of its chief source of supplies and its only formidable base of military operations.

But this is not all. Though our victorious legions may be compelled to pause, as now seems probable, in their pursuit of the shattered and demoralized forces of Bragg, from want of supplies, his temporary escape from annihilation only postpones his inevitable fate.

When Grant gets ready to resume the pursuit, the rebel army at once numerically inferior and disheartened by defeat, will yield but slight resistance to the triumphant progress of the Union army to Atlanta, which will prol ably be the scene of the last serious conflict, and thence to Montgomery, where the rebellion was christened, to Charleston, where it was born, to Richmond, where it has lived its eventful life and is bound to perish, buried under the execrations of the millions it has sacrificed on the altar of an unholy ambition.

But there is another consequence of Grant's victory equally important, and which it is not at all unlikely may anticipate its military results and supersede them. By destroying the rebel power and extinguishing all hope of the success of the Revolution, it emancipates the latent Union sentimentof the South.

East Tennessee can now strike hands with Northern Georgia and North Carolina across the mountain boundary which rises between them like an eternal altar of freedom. Evidences are daily accumulating as the brazen shield of the rebellion is broken, that the extent and depth of this Union sentiment at the South has been greatly underrated. Among these we may give the following extract from a private letter from one loyal Alabamian to another in Chicago, published sometime ago by the *Journal* of that city:

I have good news from Alabama. Yancey being dead, Jim. Jameson, a strong Union man, is elected Senator in his place. C. C. Clay must soon resign, and the Union party will elect Siebles in his place. The Legislature of Alabama is largely Union. What do you think of that? The people are tired of the war. I could give you the names of many influential men about Montgomery who, when we left, were bitter dismionists, but who are now earnestly praying for the Old Flag. [Here several names of leading citizens are given, which we are requested to omit for prudential reasons.] These and many others are working with all their might to bring the State back into the Union. The Legislature meets this month, (November,) and unless great reverses attend our arms at Chattanooga, a resolution will pass, submitting the question of a return to the Union directly to a vote of the people, and if the people can get a chance to vote, as they will if it is submitted to them, they will vote Union overwhelmingly.

The same political condition (the writer continues,) obtains in Georgia. There is an understanding between the Union movers in both States. Should General Grant come out right in the next great battle, look out for stirring news. I think we may look into old Montgomery any time after next May.

Another Union refugee from Alabama, quoted by the *Journal* at the time, said that Union Leagues had been extensively organized in all the towns—waiting for a chance to rise against the rebel tyranny.

The defeat of Bragg will now furnish the desired opportunity to test the reality of this asserted Union sentiment.

THE OBJECT OF MEADE'S RECENT MOVEMENT.

Whatever may be said of newspaper generals, it is very probable that a good deal of effective military strategy is sometimes carried on through the unconscious medium of the newspapers.

The positive prognostics and sensational campaigning of the newspaper general often serve to *amuse* the enemy, to divert his attention from the real plan of operations.

Thus the newspapers have all been telling us for a week or two past that Meade was under orders to find the rebel army and beat it or get beaten, and now that Meade has not beaten the enemy nor got beaten, but, after advancing within striking distance, fallen back to his recent base—the newspapers are full of rumors that Meade is to be removed for incompetency and all that.

Now we take the liberty to guess that the newspapers in both instances, both in their prognostications of what Meade was going to do, and in their interpretation of his not doing it, have said, and are saying, precisely what the military authorities, Meade included, have wanted them to say.

We are inclined to guess that Meade's recent advance was intended mainly as a diversion in favor of Burnside, and by menacing Lee with a serious attack, prevent him sending any reinforcements to Longstreet.

Among the circumstances which sustain this view, is the fact that Meade did not push decisively forward till the 26th, when the Government had already received news of Grant's success at Chattanooga, which placed Longstreet in imminent danger of capture if the requisite dispositions were not promptly made to favor his escape into Virginia, or to enable him to maintain his ground in East Tennessee.

That Lee, relying on Meade's inactivity, would have made some such dispositions to extricate Longstreet is probable, and in order to ensure the capture or crushing of the latter it was necessary for Meade to menace him. That any more serious campaign was intended to be made upon a ten days' supply of rations does not seem probable.

MR. NORTON'S TRIUMPHANT VINDICATION.

Laplace thought that the true *volupte*—the height of happiness—was in the pleasurable emotions he experienced as a pupil in mathematics upon the successful demonstration of the problems of Euclid.

We experience something of this sort of intellectual gratification in presenting to our readers the following clear and able, not to say conclusive, argument by Mr. D. S. Norton of Winona in refutation of certain grave charges which have been prefered against him by the PRESS touching his orthodoxy as a professed Republican. We beg the special attention of our readers to the terse, keen, resistless, dumfounding *logic* of the following epistle:

Editors of the St. Paul Press.

In assigning reasons for the classification of the members elect of the Senate, made in your issue of the 26th inst., you say of myself—"he is in the habit of denouncing the leading measures of the Administration, and calls the war an 'abolition war.'"

With all its well-known disregard of truth, and persistent misrepresentations concerning myself, indulged in for a few months past, this is the first time that the PRESS has mustered up sufficient of impudent recklessness to make a direct and explicit charge.

It is of very little moment to me, and, doubtless, of still less to the people, in what "class" the PRESS sees fit to put me. But there is a propriety, perhaps, in noticing a statement as direct as this, although the cause which produced, and the object sought to be attained by it, is so palpable and so well understood, that any notice of it would seem almost an insult to the people, to whom we are both so well known.

That I have ever, habitually, or otherwise denounced the, or any of the leading measures of the administration, or that I call, or have ever called the war an "Abolition War," or that I have ever done either *even in thought*, is simply a lie, and the Editor of the *Press* who penned the charge is a willful, deliberate and malicious liar.

Do not understand from this that I wish any change in the conduct of the *Press* in relation to myself. On the contrary, I much prefer that it should continue the course it has entered upon, in that direction, and I should regret very much if this notice of it should cause a cessation or even a diminition of its drivelling.

Very respectfully, &c.,
D. S. NORTON.

WINONA, Nov. 30, 1863.

Emanuel Kant, in some of his metaphysical disputations says "It is one thing to say that you have common sense, and another thing to prove that you have it by the sensible things which you say."

We might in like manner reply to Mr. Norton that it is one thing to say that the PRESS lies, and quite another thing to prove that it does so.

We should prefer to let the question of Mr. Norton's proper political classification rest, where we have already placed it, upon such proofs as he has, unhappily, too abundantly furnished in his recent public conduct, and which as they are universally known, Mr. Norton does not attempt to deny.

He does not deny, for example, the "direct and explicit charge" that he voluntarily stepped out of the Republican Union organization in Winona county to form a coalition of his personal friends with the Copperheads against the regular Union nominees, and that he owes his election to that coalition with the Copperheads;—and as that fact conclusively determines his political *status*—as nothing before it or behind can add too or subtract from its conclusive and damning force—we don't feel especially called upon to vindicate Mr. Norton's personal consistency, or to show that his private utterances are in harmony with his public acts. But since Mr. Norton seems to attach a good deal of public importance to his individual expressions, we will go so far out of our way to gratify him as to say that the editor of the PRESS who penned the words which he quotes with such evident relish, has himself, if he recollects rightly, heard Mr. Norton "denounce (what has since become) the leading measures of the Administration"—as for example, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Arming of Negroes—the adoption of which he characterized as making the war an abolition war; and moreover statements to the same effect have repeatedly been made to us by other parties, some of them warm personal friends of Mr. Norton.

A CORRESPONDENT requests us to publish the order of the Provost Marshal General requiring the Provost Marshals to print and post up lists of the names of persons enrolled. This order has been several times noticed in these columns, but as it may have escaped the eye of some, we give below the pertinent sections:

1. The Board of Enrollment of each district shall have printed lists of the names and residences of all persons enrolled in each district prepared and exposed to views, in at least five places in each sub-district, and as many more as the Board may deem necessary. Names will be placed on these lists in alphabetical order.

2. Public notice will be given by advertisement upon the list of names and in the newspapers, that any person enrolled may appear before the Board and claim to have his name stricken off the list, if he can show, to the satisfaction of the Board that he is not, and will not be at the time fixed for the next draft, liable to military duty on account of—first, alienage; second, non-residence; third, unsuitableness of age; fourth, manifest permanent physical disability.

3. Persons who may be cognizant of any other persons liable to military duty, whose names do not appear on the enrollment list, are requested to notify the Board of Enrollment, who shall thereupon direct the enrolling officers of the sub-district in which the parties reside, to ascertain the facts and enroll the persons so reported if they are found to be subject to enrollment. These may avail themselves of the privilege of appearing, as specified in paragraph one, as if they had been originally enrolled.

6. Boards of Enrollment will hear cases as provided in paragraph 2, until the 20th of December, 1863, after which no cases will be heard.

In accordance with the above, Captain Keith is having the lists printed, as will be seen by the announcement which he makes in our advertising columns, and to which we would direct the attention of our readers.

THE NEW YORK CITY ELECTION.

The charter election in New York on Tuesday resulted in the success of Gunther. The following is the vote: Boole, (regular Democratic,) 22,581; Blunt, (regular Union,) 19,460; Gunther, (Independent Democrat,) 29,035. Gunther's plurality, 6,454.

OUR dispatches have contained no allusion to the following statement, and we are inclined to believe that the *fact*, as well as the dispatch, is "Special to the Chicago *Times*," from which paper we clipit:

CUMBERLAND GAP, Dec. 1.—All available forces left the Gap to-day, under direction of Major General Foster, with a view to intercept Longstreet's retreat into Virginia. Burnside is said to be closely pushing the enemy's rear. Decisive results are anticipated.

LATER.—8 o'clock P. M.—An official conrier has just reached here from Knoxville. The rebels succeeded in throwing a pontoon across the river on Sunday, but were prevented from crossing by our batteries commanding the point. This brought on a general engagement, resulting in the rout of the enemy, and the capture of Wheeler's entire division of 5,000 troops.

Southern Accounts of the Chattanooga Battles.

FORT MONROE, Dec. 1.—The Richmond *Whig* has the following:

ATLANTA, Nov. 27.—The city is full of conflicting rumors of the battle of Chattanooga. We have lost many prisoners, estimated at 5,000 and upwards. All our dead and seriously wounded are in the hands of the enemy.

In the attack on Lookout Mountain the enemy's loss was greater than ours. They drove us back by force of numbers.

"Skirmishing commenced on Saturday, and there was intense firing on Sunday and Monday. The enemy charged on Lookout Mountain 40,000 strong, at the same time occupying the attention of our right wing at the foot of Missionary Ridge. The corps of Gen. Breckenridge met the shock with unflinching courage and determination. In the P. M. the enemy increased in number, and, by repeated attacks, succeeded in making an impression on our lines.

At 4 p. m. the left of the centre gave way, the enemy pouring through the valley like a flood. Our troops, seeing themselves cut off, got confused and retreated in disorder.

After repeated charges we evacuated Missionary Ridge on Wednesday. Our army is now at Chickamauga. We have 600 prisoners. Washington and Cobb's batteries lost all their guns. Gen. Waltham was wounded. Our wounded are arriving here, and being cared for. Gen. Bragg's headquarters are now at Ringgold.

—Hooker and Palmer evacuated Ringgold Tuesday morning, after burning the mills, depots, public buildings and railroad bridges.

—The Noble county, Ohio, conspirators have been convicted. Their sentence has been postponed.

—The official returns of the recent election in Illinois foot up as follows: for County Treasurer, *Union* 124,801; *Copperhead* 96,102; Union majority, 28,699. The Copperhead majority last year was 16,546. Union gain, 45,245.

STATE NEWS.

DAKOTA COUNTY.

COMMISSIONED.—Thomas Smith, who has been recruiting a company for the Second Minnesota Cavalry in this county, has received a commission as Second Lieutenant, and he is now prepared to receive recruits. Mr. Parliman and others are also recruiting for the same company, and it is expected that it will fill up fast.—*Hastings Independent.*

QUITE a number of persons have left this city for the pineries this fall. The amount of lumber cut this year, from all accounts, will far exceed that of any former year.—*Ibid.*

RICE COUNTY.

The sale of School Lands in this county on the 19th of November, was, we believe, the largest—or the cash receipts the largest—of any county in the Southern part of the State. The total number of acres sold was 3,550. The total cash receipts were $1,451; and the total amount of sales about $22,000. The land sold for from $5 to $11 per acre.—*Central Republican.*

The Northern *Statesman*, after suffering from a long and painful attack of copper on the brain, has expired.

DODGE COUNTY.

PROMOTED.—We learn by a letter from St. Louis, that L. F. Thompson, of Claremont township, in this county, belonging to Company B, 10th Regiment Minnesota Volunteers, has been promoted to Hospital Steward in the regular army.—*Mantorville Express.*

LAND SALES.—Strangers continue to drop in among us with supplies of greenbacks to exchange for farms. A number of farms have been purchased within the past week.—*Ibid.*

WINONA COUNTY.

ANOTHER COMPANY.—About seventy men who had enlisted in the Second Minnesota Cavalry under Mr. I. J. Bonham started for Fort Snelling this morning in wagons. The men are a hardy looking crowd and will prove a valuable acquisition to Uncle Sam's forces. Mr. Bonham is entitled to much credit for the active part taken and the perseverance he has manifested in recruiting this company, and we are pleased to see that he has been so successful, and hope he will receive a liberal reward for his energy.—*Winona Republican*, 1st.

A FARMER residing near Lansing, Mower county, while coming to Winona with a load of grain one day last week, came to his death by some means unknown. His body was found on the road near Beaulieu's Grove, Mower county, at a short distance from town. The cause of his death was unknown.—*Ibid.*

NEWS ITEMS.

—Four or five of the rebels who escaped with Morgan arrived, at Toronto Tuesday.

—As the day for the assembling of Congress approaches, speculation concerning candidates for the different offices increases. A late Washington letter makes the following announcements:

"Washburne of Illinois arrived here this morning, and at once began canvassing for the Speakership, with his characteristic energy. To statements of Colfax's strength, he happily responds that he believes in Gothe's maxim, "make haste slowly," and he sees no reason for discouragement. Ex-Congressman Mason W. Tappan, of New Hampshire, and Kelsey, of New York, and Kellogg, of Illinois, are among the latest aspirants for the Clerkship of the House. Ball, of Ohio, J. W. Clayton, of Maryland, and Judge Irvine, of New York, are candidates for Sergeant-at-arms."

—The Washington correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* writes: "I don't think there is the best feeling in the world existing between the President and General Meade. The President has been constantly urging Meade to fight, and Meade has hung back as if he feared some trap, some villainous plot by which the army could be suddenly destroyed. Lincoln has said to him. 'Go ahead, and I will be responsible for the disaster.' I dare say that Mr. Stanton has said some very sharp things about him, but that is his way with nearly all his Generals. He scolds them when they do something he doesn't like, and praises them when they win battles. No man that I know of would feel very bad because Mr. Stanton had spoken harshly of him. It is his way, and besides he is not such a great man that one need fear his criticism."

—The N, Y. *Tribune* contains a significant editorial on reconstruction, which is supposed in some quarters to foreshadow the President's message. It says:

"Those who have evinced so reckless an anxiety that Unionists should quarrel about basis and means of National reconstruction, are doomed to be disappointed. Whoever has read carefully the admirable off-hand addresses made by Governor Chase, at various points during his hasty trip in Ohio and Indiana, last October, will perceive the current proslavery assumption of conflict of views on this subject between him and the President, or any considerable portion of his supporters is utterly baseless. Gov. Chase looks to a reconstruction of the Union through the overthrow of the military power of the rebellion, the desposition and downfall of the traitors, and the succession to power of loyal Union citizens of the now rebel States."

As the President is not known to have committed himself to these views of Gov. Chase, the inference from the *Tribune's* statement is that he means to do so speedily.

—The scandel upon Lord Palmerston may cause his removal from office. His removal may necessitate the retirement of Lord Russell, and a breaking down of the Ministry generally. This may be followed by the triumph of the Tory party, and the next event may be a recognition of the Southern Confederacy. No telling what may follow from the piccadillos of a prime minister.

—Henry Ward Beecher was in Washington Tuesday, a guest of Secretary Chase. He had a lengthy interview with the President during his stay.

—The last portion of the great bronze statue crowning the Capitol dome, was elevated last Wednesday. This completes the dome with the exception of the outer ornamentations, which are to be postponed until ext spring.

—The President is still confined to his bed, but has so far recovered as to resume work on his message.

Estimates for the Coming Fiscal Year.

Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, November 28, 1863.—From a private, but reliable, source, I am enabled to give you an approximation of the amount of money required by Secretary Chase to carry on the Government for the ensuing fiscal year, and also to announce increased duties on certain articles. I will premise by stating the estimates of internal revenue for the fiscal year included between the 30th of June, 1862, and the 30th of June, 1863, were $150,000,000. These estimates have, however, fallen short $75,000,000. The estimates for the fiscal year ending 1864, were $200,000,000, but they have fallen short over $80,000,000. So that the estimates for the two years have fallen short from $125,000,000 to $150,000,000.

The estimates for the navy are between $100,000,000 and $140,000,000, and for the army, $750,000,000. The balance, required for the ordinary expenses of the Government, will run the total up to $1,000,000,000. So that by the end of the new fiscal year the total public debt will not fall far short of $2,000,000,000.

This will necessitate a large increase on the duties of sending articles of production, in order to remit interest on the debt, cost of the Government, &c. For instance, spirits on which there is now a duty of fifteen cents per gallon, will have an increased duty of ten to twenty cents per gallon; and ales, beer, &c., will also have increased rates of duty. The Secretary of the Treasury will require for the next fiscal year, (June 30, 1864, to June 30, 1865,) authority to raise a further loan of from five to eight hundred millions of dollars; some put it as high as one thousand millions! I have already written you that the assessors of internal revenue have had a committee meeting at Philadelphia, at which they agreed to have a convention at Cleveland on the 18th of December.

They have recommended the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to raise the duties on spirits, ales, &c., &c. It is said that Mr. Chase will ask for the new loan partly in the shape of authority to sell bonds, and partly in the shape of authority to make a further issue of legal tender treasury notes. Parties here, who have obtained an inkling of the needs of the Treasurer have sent large orders to purchase whisky to Chicago, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and other points in the West. All articles on which the duties will be increased must necessarily advance. It is also legitimate to presume that an advance in property of all descriptions, including prices of goods, wares, provisions, real estate, &c., will take place on account of the new issue and the general increase in the volume of the currency. Those who have goods of any kind or description on hand must realize great profit.

New Advertisements.

TOYS! TOYS!!

China TOYS, Glass TOYS, TOYS made of Tin; Wood TOYS, Willow TOYS, some as big agin; TOY Tops, TOY Buckets, TOY Dusters, too; TOY Sheep, TOY Dogs, TOYS red and blue.

TOY Dolls for Girls, TOY Drums for Boys; TOYS for the young, and TOYS for the old; TOYS for everybody—all sorts of TOYS; TOYS for the Holidays—all to be sold.

TOY Cradles, TOY Babies, also TOY Beds; TOY Skates, TOY Horses, as well as TOY Sleds; TOY Albums, TOY Chairs, TOYS cheap and dear; TOY Guns and TOY Swords, for the new Year.

All that want presents, for the little girls and boys, come to KELLOGG'S Store—that's the place for TOYS;—where is this TOY-SHOP—just tell me if you can,—across from the Bridge,—

KELLOGG IS THE MAN.
dec4

JEWELRY FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
AT
HENRI ROCHAT'S
JEWELRY STORE,
Under Whitney's Photograph Gallery.

In view of the Holidays I have largely increased my stock of

JEWELRY.

I also keep a good stock of

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

PLATED WARE, BAROMETERS,
MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS, COMPASSES, MICROSCOPES, GOGGLES, etc., and the best assortment of

SPECTACLES
in the city.

My goods are of the best quality and I sell as cheap as any body else. All work in my line done as it ought to be and warranted.
HENRI ROCHAT,
dec4-3wd&w Watch-Maker.

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED.

WHEREAS, goods of every kind are very high; and, whereas, it is to our interest, as well as that of our customers, to sell as cheap as possible; and whereas, five per cent saved is ten per cent. made. Therefore, you can save from 10 to 20 per cent. by buying your

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
&c., &c., &c.,
AT L. P. FOSTER'S,

Where you will find all the late and desirable styles (for winter) of the very best goods, and where you will be allowed five per cent. off on all cash purchases over five dollars.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
McCLELLAN CAPS,
McCLELLAN CAPS,
McCLELLAN CAPS,
CAVALRY BOOTS,
CAVALRY BOOTS,
CAVALRY BOOTS,
GLOVES, MITTS, GAUNTLETS,
GLOVES, MITTS, GAUNTLETS,
GLOVES, MITTS, GAUNTLETS,
SHIRTS, COLLARS, DRAWERS,
SHIRTS, COLLARS, DRAWERS,
SHIRTS, COLLARS, DRAWERS,
MOCCASINS, SOCKS, OVERSHOES,
MOCCASINS, SOCKS, OVERSHOES.
MOCCASINS, SOCKS, OVERSHOES,

From 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than anywhere else, and five per cent. off.
L. P. FOSTER.

Collars, Necktis, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Gloves, Scarfs, Mufflers, (Fur and Wool,) in large variety, at L. P. FOSTER'S.
dec1-tw Mackubin's Block, Third-st.

ESTRAY TAKEN UP.—One red and white Cow, no other marks, about seven years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.
St. Paul, Nov. 25th, 1863.
dec1-2t L. C. COLLINS.

MADAME ANDREWS
IS COMING.
MADAME ANDREWS
dec3 3t IS COMING.

CARBON OIL.

92 barrels best White Carbon Oil, for sale by
dec3-1w E. J. WAY, Robert-st.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

We are now running a Messenger to
ST. ANTHONY AND MINNEAPOLIS,
Twice Daily,

Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Charges for transportation moderate. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.

Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.50 A. M. and Thursdays and Thursdays at 5.50 P. M.
dec3-1 dec 16 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

HOUSE TO LET,

Near the Franklin House—good well and cellar. Inquire at
E. & H. Y. BELL.
St. Paul, Dec. 1st, 1863. dec2-1w

TO BUILDERS.
LOCKS, LOCKS, LOCKS.
RIM LOCKS, DEAD LOCKS,
MORTICE LOCKS,
RABITED LOCKS, SLIDING DOOR LOCKS,
Which I am selling at Manufacturer's prices.
no 2-3m JOHN McCLOUD.

HEARD'S HISTORY OF THE SIOUX WAR,

With 33 engravings. Price $1.50 per copy. The most perfect history of the Indian Massacre published. A new supply received,

At Combs' Book Store.

Orders from the country promptly filled. dc1

CARBON OIL.

200 BARRELS BEST WHITE AND STRAW COLORED. For sale cheap by
WATSON & DENSMORE,
at the vinegar factory of C. C. Lewis & Co., No. 4 Sibley Street, Lower Levee, rear of Burbank's.
dec1-1mo

LATEST NEWS,
By Telegraph.

LONGSTREET REPULSED LAST SUNDAY.

HIS LOSS OVER ONE THOUSAND.

Winter Quarters for the Army of the Potomac.

Details of Banks' Success in Texas.

Rumored Resignation of Earl Russel.

FROM BURNSIDE'S COMMAND.

Longstreet Repulsed on the 29th—His Loss One Thousand—Foster Defeated by Longstreet's Cavalry—All Well.

CUMBERLAND GAP, Dec. 4.

[*Special to Commercial.*]—There was fighting yesterday at Walkers Ford, 20 miles from the Gap, between Foster and Longstreet's cavalry. In attempting to cross Clinch river we were repulsed with a loss of 50. We captured four pieces of artillery.

Two of our surgeons were wounde! and murdered at Jonesboro.

In the assault on Knoxville on the 20th the rebels lost over one thousand killed, wounded and prisoners.

Head quarters have received the following dispatch, dated Knoxville, Nov. 30:

All well. The enemy were repulsed yesterday with heavy loss.

Everything is going on well and we feel very confident.

FROM BANKS' EXPEDITION.

The Capture of Corpus Christi—Landing on Mustang Island—A White Sheet and Surrender.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.

The capture of Corpus Christi has already been reported but the following particulars are of interest.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 3.

[*Special to the Philadelphia Bulletin.*]—The Memphis *Argus* has just received from its special correspondent, with the Brazos Santiago expedition the following news:

The fleet left Brazos Santiago pass on the evening of November 17th. The following afternoon several regiments landed on Mustang Island and marched nearly all night reaching the vicinity of the rebel works about day light.

Slight skirmishing took place between our advance, which was thrown across the Island so that no one might escape while the gun boat Monong threw a number of eleven-inch shells among the rebels, which immediately caused a panic.

Half an hour later when Gen. Ransom came up with two regiments in line of battle, the rebels threw up a white sheet on the point of a bayonet and made an unconditional surrender of their fort troops and munitions of war. This capture of a company of artillery and a squadron of cavalry was effected without the loss of a man.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

Meade Not Yet Superseded—His Successor Will Not be from the Army—Looking for Winter Quarters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

[*Special to World.*]—General Meade has not been superseded as yet, and he may not be at all, though Generals Sedgwick and Hooker are most confidently talked of as his successor. The President is not well enough to give the subject his attention, and it is probable there will be much delay in the decision.

There is nothing of interest in the army.

But few rebel pickets have again appeared on the Rapidan.

[*Special to Times.*]—The report of a cotemporary, that Meade has been superseded is premature.

No doubt a change in the command of the Army of the Potomac will soon occur.

But few persons believe the new chief will be chosen from the army.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.

The *Herald's* Army of the Potomac dispatch says, it is likely the army will retreat towards the Potomac, where water is convenient and supplies were accessible. For winter quarters, Centreville is spoken of as a proper place.

FROM CINCINNATI.

$5,000 Reward Offered for Morgan—Gen. Cox Ordered to Knoxville—Guerrillas—Sanitary Fair

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.

The reward for the capture of Morgan has been increased to $5,000.

Gen. Cox has been relieved of duty at Cincinnati and ordered to report at Knoxville.

Mississippi is full of Guerrillas, who plunder the people of cotton destroy it, and conscript the owners.

Arrangements for the great Sanitary Fair are progressing satisfactorily. The Fair promises to be a great success.

A Copperhead Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

[*Special to Times.*]—The Democratic members of the House will assemble in Caucus, Sunday night to nominate candidates for House officers. The race for Speaker will be between Cox and Pendergast, both from Ohio.

Reported Resignation of Earl Russell

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.

The latest news by the Scotia, contains the report from the London *Spectator*, that Earl Russell leaves the British Cabinet, to be succeeded by Earl Clarendon.

—At the recent election for Governor of Georgia, the contest was very spirited, a determined attempt being made to defeat Gov. Brown. The vote shows that Brown had 36,558; Hill 18,122; Farlow 10,021—total vote, 64,701. For President the total vote was 106,365; so there has been a falling off of nearly 42,000, or nearly 40 per cent.

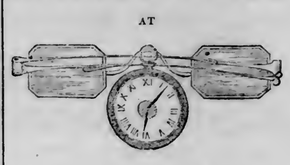
—A special to the Missouri *Democrat*, dated Fort Smith, November 25th, says:

A daring but unsuccessful attempt to assassinate Gen McNeil, was made night before last. He was returning unattended to his quarters from a social party given by a citizen; while upon the street three shots were fired at him from a revolver. He turned upon the assassin, who fled, and has not yet been discovered.

—Lieut. Frank Brownell, who was transferred to the regular army for his connection with the Ellsworth-Jackson affair, has been placed on the retired list upon the recommendation of an Examining Board which was recently in session at Wilmington, Delaware. The reason is, partial loss of voice.

Greenleaf's Column.

HOLIDAY GOODS
AT



GREENLEAF'S.

SOLID SILVER WARE
Warranted Equal to Coin.
Table Spoons,
DESERT SPOONS, TEA SPOONS,
Solid Silver Table and Tea KNIVES,
TABLE FORKS, DESERT FORKS,
PICKLE FORKS,
SARDINE FORKS,
CHEESE FORKS,
PIE KNIVES,
CAKE KNIVES,
BUTTER KNIVES,
CHEESE KNIVES,
SOUP LADLES,
SUGAR SPOONS,
SUGAR SIFTERS,
12 doz. Silver Napkin Rings,
JELLY SPOONS,
BERRY SPOONS,
OYSTER LADLES,
MUSTARD SPOONS,
SALT SPOONS,
ICE CREAM SPOONS,
EGG SPOONS, GOLD LINED,
PRESERVE SPOONS,
SILVER CUP AND GOBLETS,
TEA STRAINERS,
TOBACCO BOXES,
CARD CASES,
SPECTACLE CASES,
PORTE MONNIES,
SILVER SPECTACLES,
SALT CELLARS,
FRUIT KNIVES,
Child's Knives, Forks & Spoons,
ALL PURE SILVER,
At Greenleaf's.

A large assortment of
SILVER PLATED WARE,
At Greenleaf's.

THE AMERICAN WATCHES,
A large lot, in Gold and Silver cases, adjusted to heat and cold. Warranted good Timekeepers. Sold cheap at
GREENLEAF'S

100 Cases
Seth Thomas' Clocks
AT GREENLEAF'S.
50 kinds of other Makers' Clocks
AT GREENLEAF'S.
150 VARIETIES OF POCKET CUTLERY
AT GREENLEAF'S.
A full line of IVORY TABLE CUTLERY,
AT GREENLEAF'S.
COME AND SEE THE DIAMOND GOODS
At Greenleaf's.

The largest assortment of
Gold and Silver Watches in the State,
AT GREENLEAF'S.
DIAMOND, OPAL, PEARL, RUBY
EMERALD, RINGS & PINS,
At Greenleaf's
ONYX JEWELRY,
AT GREENLEAF'S.
SOLID GOLD BRACELETS
GOLD THIMBLES,
GOLD NECKLACES,
GOLD CHAINS, A LARGE LOT,
At Greenleaf's.

SOLID GOLD RINGS, BUCKLES, SLEEVE BUTTONS, STUDS, KEYS, SEALS, &c.,
AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,
AT GREENLEAF'S.

Any pattern of
HAIR WORK
MADE AT GREENLEAF'S.

Any pattern of Gold Jewelry manufactured or re-set, at GREENLEAF'S.

Everything to be found in a first class Jewelry Store, can be found at GREENLEAF'S.

GREENLEAF'S Goods were purchased for cash, the reason WHY, you all know.

All Goods warranted precisely as represented, AT GREENLEAF'S.

☞ Cash paid for old Gold and Silver, at GREENLEAF'S.

Watches and Jewelry repaired in the best manner, at GREENLEAF'S.

Store in Greenleaf's Block,
Opposite Concert Hall, near the Post-Office.

D. C. GREENLEAF.
dec1-1m

The Saint Paul Press.

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WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.50; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

THE TREASONABLE DESIGNS OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

A day or two since we commented upon the explicit avowal of the doctrine of secession made by Fernando Wood at a Democratic ratification festival in Bergen, New Jersey. C. Chauncy Burr was among the speakers on the same occasion. He declared that he never had and never would, vote a cent for the war, which was received with immense applause.

Among the regular toasts were the following:

Seventh Toast.—The last man, and the last dollar—may the one be an Abolitionist, and the other a shinplaster, and may they both perish in the last ditch together.

Tenth Toast.—To the first Governor who shall have the virtue and courage to keep his oath of office, and protect and defend the Constitution, laws and sovereignty of his State, and the right of its citizens.

Eleventh Toast.—The light of other days, when liberty wore a white face and America was not a negro.

Twelfth Toast.—The Democratic party as it was, before cowardice, treachery, shoddy, and greenbacks demoralized its councils.

Thirteenth Toast.—The Abolition war for Disunion—let those who think it is right go to it, those who think it is wrong stay at home.

Fourteenth Toast.—May those who say we shall never have the Union as it was, follow the example of their brother traitor, Judas Iscariot, who died and went to his own place.

Fifteenth Toast.—The War Democrat—a white man's face on the body of a negro.

To be sure this is all balderdash, but then recollect it is New Jersey where the language is held, and it is at once a fair representative of the intelligence, the taste, and the patriotism of the only State in the North which, at the recent fall elections, gave a Democratic majority. Lest anybody be in doubt what is meant by the tenth toast, it is thus explained by Fernando Wood in his speech thereupon, when he proclaimed the unqualified right of every State to secede at its pleasure:

If there had been one State Executive with brain and nerve enough to have done his duty under the Constitution, the war would have ceased long ago.

The designs of the Democratic party in the recent campaign as have been unfolded by some of its most conspicuous leaders, were, first of all, if they could have succeeded in obtaining a majority in Congress, to stop the war by refusing to provide means for carrying it on; or, if they failed in that, and succeeded in electing one or two Governors of our great Central States to oppose the assumed sovereignty of the States to the Federal Government, and thus create a diversion in favor of the rebels by bringing about a civil war at the North.

The testimony to this end—of which the Bergen county affair is but a small part—is overwhelming. We know indeed already what the Democratic candidate for Governor in Pennsylvania would have done if elected in an executive capacity—by what he did even in face of the rebuke administered to him by the people in his judicial capacity. As a judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, he decided with the copperhead majority of the court that the conscription act as unconstitutional, and proclaimed the entire dependence of the Federal Government upon the will of individual states in time of war, and the absolute control of the states over the military resources of the country. As a Governor he would, of course, have refused to permit a draft to take place in the State, and standing upon the principle of the supremacy of the State autonomy in the Federal system—would have called out the militia to resist any attempt of the Federal Government, to execute the laws in the State of Pennsylvania. And there is thus a strong probability that Woodward, if elected, would have consummated the infernal scheme for the carrying the devastating flames of civil war over the [illegible] was only villain enough to threaten, but as Wood says, without "brain or nerve enough" to execute.

THE SOLDIERS' VOTE AND THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

While all the more respectable journals in the country have avoided, as by a common instinct of mutual decency, stirring up the angry waters of a Presidential canvass, and thus diverting the public mind from the one great absorbing issue now before it, the New York *Herald*, which revels in sensational outrages upon the public sense of decency, is forever busy spinning hypothetical schemes of succession, and setting up speculative aspirants for the Presidency like ten pins, to bowl them down again with a clatter and a chuckle through the dirty columns of the *Herald*.

According to the *Herald* Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet are all rival aspirants for the Presidency. Mr. Chase is paving his way with greenbacks, and Mr. Seward with folios of diplomatic correspondence, to the Presidential chair; while Lincoln himself determines the policy of his administration, not with any view to the salvation of the Union, but chiefly with reference to a re-election to his present position. All of our Generals are also candidates for the Presidency, and the *Herald* estimates the effect of each successive victory, not as bringing us nearer the end of the rebellion, but as increasing the chances of the victorious General for election to the Presidency.

But in the midst of a vast deal of disgusting nonsense, it occasionally hits upon a sensible conclusion. In spite of all it can do to figure out the chances in favor of a conservative candidate, the soldiers' vote stands stubbornly in the way. It can discover no method of getting around it, and finally owns up that whichever party gets the soldiers' vote will win the day. This is what the *Herald* says about it:

Our armies will cast about four hundred thousand votes. It is more than likely that nearly all these votes will go for the same ticket. The soldiers are controlled not only by their officers, but by their comrades, and being accustomed to act in concert on the field, they will vote in concert at the ballot box. If this be so, then the army holds the balance of power at the coming election. Here are four hundred thousand votes which will decide the contest. These four hundred thousand votes must be secured either for the one candidate or the other.

Well, we know already how these 400,000 soldiers' votes will go. They will go for the emancipation proclamation, they will go for cutting up the social roots of the rebellion in the slave system of the South, they will go for the complete overthrow and extirpation of the aristocratic despotism from whose womb sprang all the horrors of this terrible war. They will not vote for any compromise with traitors—they will not vote for the re-establishment of the usurping slave dynasty in the Government of the republic, they will not vote their own blood and the blood of their comrades misspent in a useless and unholy quarrel—and they will not vote to surrender to the enemy they have conquered.

The Arrest of Minnesota Soldiers for Doing their Duty.

THEY ARE CONFINED IN JEFFERSON CITY JAIL.

Scanty Rations Issued to Them.

[One of the soldiers who was recently engaged in the humane work of preventing a Missouri rebel from running his slaves into Jeff. Davis' dominions sends us an account of the affair, and informs us of the inhuman manner in which they have been treated since their arrest. If his statement of the matter is correct, it is enough to make every freeman's cheek tingle with shame to think that our brave boys should be confined in a common jail on scanty fare, because forsooth, they loved freedom and justice. Do the officers in the 9th Regiment wink at this outrageous arrest and imprisonment? If they do not, why is it that they are not brought to trial instead of being herded together as criminals?

It is possible there may be some justification for this treatment under the technicalities of military discipline, or in the facts of the case which have not yet reached us. But in a State and under a military administration where editors are imprisoned for the utterance of anti-slavery sentiments, and where even the immediate appointees of the Government are summarily dismissed from the service for the same reason, we are inclined to accept the statements of our correspondent on this subject as correct, and to believe that our soldiers have been arrested and imprisoned for no violation of military regulations, but simply for preventing, as it was the plain duty of all loyal men to do, the kidnapping of black men and women from the State by their rebel masters—probably to be taken to the enemy's lines.—[ED. PRESS.]

The following is our correspondent's letter:

IN PRISON AT JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., November 28, 1863.

I have this morning seen in a copy of your paper, bearing date the 21st inst., a piece written from Camp Brown, signed R. M. W., giving us commendation for the deed for which we are now in prison at Jefferson City. We are highly pleased to see the paper of our own State so highly commend us to the citizens of our own beloved Minnesota, for doing an act we believed only our duty as soldiers in the service of our country and our God, to do.

Of this deed I will proceed to give you a brief account. On the morning of the 12th at an early hour, a negro slave came to camp and reported that his wife and six children, and other slaves, amounting to eleven in all, belonging to a man then in the rebel service, were taken on the night previous by the son of the owner, who attempted to put them on board the cars at Sedalia, a station twenty miles above us on the railroad, but the troops at that station being informed of it by our informant, would not allow them to be put on the cars at that place, and their master ascertaining this fact, escaped by going around Sedalia.

He again made the railroad at a small town six miles below Sedalia, called Residence. Finding no resistence there, he boarded them, as we were informed, to ship them out of the State.

The troops at Sedalia finding he had escaped them, sent our informant to let us know that they would be down to our camp at nine o'clock A. M. Being thus informed in presence of all the boys, 41 immediately volunteered to proceed to release them as soon as the train should arrive. The boys soon fell into line, anxious to proceed to a deed we believed to be our responsible duty as soldiers to perform.

Our band of 41, composed of Companies C and K, 9th Regiment M. V., was headed by our ever generous and brave Sergeant F. Marchant. We proceeded to Otterville, a mile above camp, where we knew the train would stop as usual to take on passengers, and to our satisfaction we had to wait but a few minutes, when the the train came up and stopped. Seeing the negroes on board, led by Sergeant Marchant, we boarded the cars and requested the negroes to step off the train. You may be sure they readily complied with our request.

At this period of our story a couple of men stepped up and asked our authority for demanding the slaves. They informed us that they were officers, but seeing nothing that we should recognize as officers, we felt in no way under their commands. Their overcoats hid their shoulder-straps, if they had any. Our reply was, that we had authority.

By this time the slaves were off the cars. We stepped off after them and the train then went on. The master did not make his appearance, which I think was safest for him. We waited a moment to listen to the conversation between our informant and his family. From his wife we learned that when boarding the slaves on the previous night her brother tried to make his escape. When his master shot him through the head three times. He was found that morning lying dead but a few paces distant.

For this act of humanity we were arrested that evening and the next morning we were brought to Jefferson City and put in prison. We have been here two weeks on part rations and many have to buy a good share of their provisions, as enough is not given us to satisfy hunger.

We cannot learn that any charges have been preferred against us, and I see nothing to cause me to believe that we are not as likely to be here for two months to come as we have been the two weeks past.

C. E. M.

—The report that Gen. Meredith has been relieved as Commissioner of Exchange, travels faster than the policy of the War Department. He will be retained as long as Ould is retained.

—Joseph J. Ennis, a 1st Lieutenant in the 71st Ohio, forged an order detailing himself to go from Louisiana to Cincinnati, where he remained 7 months. The Court Martial sentenced him to be reduced to the ranks. This is the first time this punishment has been used.

Major Hatch at Pembina.

The *Pioneer* publishes a letter from Major Hatch's Expedition from which it seems they reached Pembina on the 13th of November, having been forty days making the trip, through but twenty-five were consumed in marching. After the 18th of October the snow was from six to twelve inches in depth.

At Georgetown their hay and grain gave out, and from that point the animals suffered terribly. The mules were put on half ration of hominy but the horses were compelled to depend on *grazing* nights and mornings for subsistence. The grass being dry and frozen was of very little value, and tree-tops which were cut down for them to browse, formed the staple. The consequence was 249 horses and 25 mules died on the trip, and many are still dropping off notwithstanding the journey's end has been reached. This leaves the battalion with but 137 horses. Hay is plenty, such as it is, at Pembina, but there is no grain, and the remaining horses will be likely to perish during the winter without more nutritious food.

It is estimated that there are two thousand hostile Sioux at Turtle Mountain. They are in a starving condition, and say they are waiting for Major Hatch to get his supplies to Pembina, and then they are coming to take them. The battalion will be unable to assume the offensive this winter for the want of horses.

The soldiers receive two mails a week, and their friends cannot do better than to write them often, and forward papers, magazines, &c.

The *Nor' Wester*, of the 11th ult., has the following notice of Capt. Donaldson's Company, which forms a portion of Major Hatch's Battalion:

Capt. Donaldson got some more men enlisted last week, and now has about thirty-five. He expects to have forty or fifty ere long, who along with Major Hatch's 350 will make up 400. The Captain has a sort of fort for his own men, and says that next year will witness the erection of formal barracks for a permanent garrison of about 400 men. His own company has done duty already in escorting a lot of supplies and equipments from Fort Abercrombie, but has not had as yet the fortune or misfortune of grappling with Sioux. The paymaster is expected through next month to pay the men their dues.

The Peace Men and the Mob.

The New Gospel of Peace, according to St. Benjamin, Part 2d, contains the following notice of the proceedings of the blessed peace-makers who composed the New York mob:

And it came to pass that a man in Gotham met some of the Pahdees, and they suffered him to talk to them.

And he asked them, Why do ye fight the Pleece? And they answered and said, Because the Pleece began the riot by withstanding us when we would have driven out the officers who cast the lots against us. For if we may but do our own will, we indeed would trouble no man.

And he asked them, Why do ye slay the officers of Uncalpsalm? And they answered and said, Because they turn their swords upon the people. For have not the scribes of the Roynr-heds and the Phlunkees and the Oueenese told you that we are the people?

And again he asked them: But why do ye slay the Niggahs, which are meek and lowly, and withstand no man, but flies before you? And they said unto him.

Confess now, is not the Niggah the cause of the war? And he said: Yes, verily. And they answered him, Behold thou hast said it. We slay the Niggah because he is the cause of the war, and we are apostles of the new gospel of peace, which we do minister unto you with fire and sword this day.

And if the Niggah chooseth to submit, he hath the right to submit. For we have vowed a vow that no man shall fight against his will; and this is the right of the Niggah under the Great Covenant. And if he resisteth, then all the more will we put him to death. For we stand by the Great Covenant.

And after five days the tumult was ended. But for five days there were murderings and burnings and destruction. And the smoke of that city went up day and night like the smoke of a furnace; and the air was filled with groanings, and with the cry of women and children, to whom was administered the new gospel of peace.

Legal Notices.

SHERIFF SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued out and under the seal of the District Court of the Second Judicial District in and for the County of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered therein, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1863, in an action in said District Court, wherein Elisha W. Eddy is plaintiff, and Nichols H. Babcock is defendant, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant therein for the sum of $1,110.66, damages and costs, which said judgment was duly docketed in said District Court on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1863, and said execution thereon to me duly directed and delivered, commanding me to satisfy said judgment out of personal property of said judgment debtor, or if sufficient personal property could not be found, then out of the real property of said judgment debtor, in said County of Ramsey, I have duly levied upon those certain tracts of land described as follows, to wit: The undivided one-half (½) of lots six (6), seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), in block nine (9), in Holcombe's addition to the City of St. Paul, in said County of Ramsey, and all the title and interest said defendant had therein on or since the 9th day of July, A. D. 1862, when the same were duly attached in this action as the property of said defendant.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described real property, and all the right, title and interest which said judgment debtor had therein on the ninth day of July, A. D. 1862, or at any time thereafter, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor for cash, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Saint Paul, in said County of Ramsey, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, on Saturday, the Ninth day of January, 1864, to satisfy said judgment and costs.

D. A. ROBERTSON, Sheriff of Ramsey County.

Dated Saint Paul, November 25th, 1863.

MORRIS LAMPREY, Pltff's Attorney. s nov27-7t

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT—SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

U. S. Inter. Rev. stamp, fifty cents.

Cornelius P. V. Luil against Alfred Berthier.

The State of Minnesota.

To Alfred Berthier, the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which has been duly filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court at Saint Paul, in said County of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in said Saint Paul within twenty days after the service of this summons on you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred dollars and interest thereon from the first day of July, A. D. 1863, besides the costs of this action.

Dated St. Paul, July 27th, 1863.

BIGELOW & DALRYMPLE.

s no7-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Geo. H. Hart, one of the New York *Herald's* correspondents, who was recently captured by Mosby, writes a letter to that paper dated "in the saddle," Nov. 1st. He was en route to Richmond when it was written and had been well treated by Mosby. He thus describes his captor:

"He is about twenty-eight years of age, of prepossessing appearance, and certainly the reverse of the picture drawn of him in newspapers generally. He wears the uniform of a major in the rebel service. By profession he is a lawyer, and with a considerable share of native shrewdness combines the acquired tact of the professional attorney. In his movements he displays great energy, and, as an evidence of his powers of endurance, accompanies his men on all their expeditions.

—The Davenport (Iowa) *Gazette*, says the State canvassers have so far completed their work as to render it certain that Gov. Stone will have 31,000 majority!

—As "strikes" are the order of the day, the Government is actually holding out inducements to the soldiers to *strike*, by offering additional bounties for distinguished services.

—The receipts of internal revenue for the week ending November 14, were $2,250,000.

—In New Jersey they make boquets out of brilliant colored insects.

—Italy don't allow her army officers to get married; twelve hundred of them have transgressed, and are to be court-martialed.

—Bloodhounds are used in the South by slaveholders and rebels, to hunt slaves and conscripts; but we were unaware that our forces made use of dogs in fighting the rebels. It appears, however, that the 91st New York volunteers, in the fight at Irish Bend, was assisted by a pet dog, which did the full duty of a soldier in the hottest of the engagement, and captured a rebel. The 91st was heavily pressed by a whole brigade of rebels, when the command was given to charge the enemy. That regiment dashed forward at double-quick, driving the rebels before them pell-mell. The dog joined in the charge, leading his regiment some distance, and, as the rebels were obliged to scale a fence in their flight, was soon upon their heels. He made for one of them, whom he seized by his rags, and there held him until a member of the 91st came up. The rebel, though a private, refused to surrender his musket to anybody of lower rank than himself. He was captured by a dog, nevertheless.

—Mary Ann Clernand, better known as Mrs. Onderdonk, who was arrested a short time ago as a rebel spy, and whose husband is a Colonel in the rebel army, now serving in Texas, was arrested on Tuesday last in New York city, for stealing, at various times, about $1,000 worth of dry goods from Stewart's.

—Punch "invents" sometimes. His latest thing in this way is the anecdote he tells us of Paul Redford. It seems, according to the old hunchback, that on each occasion of the Prince's going to the Adelphi to see 'Leah,' he has been moved to tears by the charm of Miss Bateman's most excellent acting. On this being mentioned to Paul Redford, he exclaimed—"Perfectly true to nature, my boy—what can you expect from Wales but blubber?"

—The *Globe* of Toronto, C. W., gives an account of an attempt to kidnap and run across the line, one Joseph Lackey, a deserter from the American army, who made his escape after being sentenced to be shot. Some Vermonters thought to get the reward of $1,000 for his apprehension, and brought in the aid of king alcohol, in seducing him to travel in a southward direction; but some Canadians went to his rescue and faced him about, as northward was the safest course for Lackey under the circumstances.

—If the War Department will send Adjutant Thomas to Grant's army to organize negro regiments he will obtain more men in Georgia, in one month, than all that have heretofore been put under arms. Enough can be had to garrison and hold the country conquered, and thereby enable the white veterans to move on to fresh conquests, without having their numbers diminished by garrisoning towns.

—General Schenck promptorily tendered his resignation a few days since, which has been accepted to take effect on the 20th of December. He expected this week to transfer his command to Brigadier General Lockwood, who has been ordered to the temporary command of that Department. General Schenck will at once come home to attend to private affairs preparatory to taking his seat in Congress on the first Monday in January.—*Cincinnati Gazette, 28th.*

—A soldier of the 67th Ohio regiment has sent to Governor Tod a piece of the first brick taken by a Union soldier from the walls of Fort Sumter. The brick was taken by private Charles Emmons of that regiment during a voluntary reconnoissance. He is to be promoted for his gallantry.

—The Missouri *Republican* of the 26th, gives a glorious account of the great ball at the great Lindell House, of that great city, on the great occasion of the National Thanksgiving eve, and opens out with the following head lines:

"The Lindell Ball—The Assembly Brilliant and Immense—Four Thousand Guests—Magnificent Arrangements—The Lindell House Ablaze—Superb Costumes, Lavish Expenditures, Silks, Velvets, Laces, Pearls, Diamonds, —No Shoddy Garments There—A Sumptous Banquet—Terpsichorean Gaieties—Delicious Waltzing—Enchanting Music—Shoddy People Triumphant—The Lindell Forever."

—The President, we are told, invariably addresses Messrs Seward and Chase as "Governor," Mr. Blair as "Judge," the Secretary of the Navy as "Mr. Welles," and the Secretary of War, as "Stanton." With others he is more familiar, calling the Commander-in-chief "Henry," and the Governor of Pennsylvania "Andy."

—There are now at the Parole Camp at Annapolis and Camp Chase, Ohio, fourteen hundred paroled Union prisoners, enlisted men, paroled since the 1st of September last. The last declaration of exchange by our Government included only those prisoners paroled to that date. Why our Government does not declare these men exchanged is not known, as the rebels have declared all those captured by Grant to be exchanged. Official figures show that the rebels are greatly in arrear in these exchanges.

—The Secretary of War has issued an order directing the heads of the respective bureaux of that Department to make inquiry and report a just and reasonable rate of advanced wages that should be paid by the Government in view of the increased cost of living. The government seems disposed to act liberally towards all who are in its employ, and the country will not fail to applaud its action.

—Three slaves were advertised to be sold in New Orleans on the 6th, but before the time for the auction arrived it was determined that they should not be sold. The *Era* intimates that the sale was stopped on account of an unfavorable state of public opinion on the subject, native Louisianians even declaring that it would be a disgrace to the city.

—The Worcester (Massachusetts) *Spy* says that the Commissioners of Worcester county have received a notification from the United States Marshal to hold themselves in readiness to receive and keep in close custody, at the jail in Fitchburg, some ten or twelve female secession spies, now held by our Government as prisoners.

—The Judicial Election in California last month seems to have gone by default. The Union nominees were chosen, of course. At Sacramento, the total vote, on the 3rd of September, was 2,805; on the 21st of October, the vote was only 1,618. At Maysville the vote of September was 1,244; in October it was 699. At Stockton, the vote of September was 1,180; in October it was 815. The Union majority in Sacramento is 1,173; in Stockton, 601; in Maysville, 523.

—Gen. Rosecrans said in his recent Cleveland speech, that the day after the battle of Chickamauga some of the enemy commenced shelling a squad of our troops. The officer commanding took to his heels, when one of the men leveling his gun at him, called out, saying "stop! I'll be d—d if I'll be deserted by my officers.'

—Gen. Charles Clark, recently elected, was inaugurated Governor of Mississippi on the 16th inst. He urges the vigorous prosecution of measures for the defense of the State, and says that sooner than submit to the foe, should the army become exhausted, the women, children, and old men will, like the remnant of Pascagula, join hands and march into the sea. We hope the order will soon be given: "Forward, march."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON, STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA,

th no19-t sept 2'64 St. Paul.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

E. F. WARNER, Agent.

O. CURTIS, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.—Persons wishing either Fire or Life Insurance, will receive prompt attention by calling on him at his office in Thompson's Block, on Third street, or at the Prairie du Chien Railroad Office on the Levee. He has secured the services of A. L. WHITNEY, of St. Anthony, in both branches of the above business,—a very reliable, efficient business man.

sept17 O. CURTIS.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, FREE FROM TAN, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers. For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey, and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish Price 50 cents. For sale by

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, and sep19-cowly N. H. HEMIUP, St. Anthony.

S—T—1860—X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, N. Y. aus-cowly

HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.

IT IS NOT A DYE,

But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty,

promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.

au8-cow d t w & w 1y.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., General Agents, au8 d tw & w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

[Communicated.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!!—A CARD.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, oc8-3md&w New York.

CLOTHING AND Gent's Furnishing Goods, AT THE STORE OF W. H. TEMPLE, THIRD ABOVE MINNESOTA ST.

Overcoats.

FINE BEAVER.....$14, $18 and $25.
BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERE AND CLOTH.....$14 to $20.
PETERSHAM, PILOT & SATINET..$8 to $18.

Business Coats, Frocks & Sacks

A large assortment, $6 to $20.

Pantaloons for the Million.

From a coarse Satinet to a fine Doeskin, all new goods, and made up in style.

VESTS.

Black Doeskin, Cloth, Figured Cassimere, Silk and Silk Velvet, of different grades.

Shirts and Drawers,

Winter Caps, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties, FINE WHITE AND FANCY WOOL SHIRTS.

We have now in store one of the largest stocks of Clothing in the State. Our goods have been bought so that we can give bargains. Those in want of any article in our line would do well to give us a call.

my30-tf W. H. TEMPLE.

500 VOLUNTEERS WANTED

For the 5th Regiment Minnesota Infantry Volunteers.

$402 Bounty will be paid to veterans.
$302 " to new recruits, rations, clothing, and $13 per month.

Apply to Lieut. Col. WILLIAM B. GERE, at recruiting rendezvous, McKibbin's block, Third street, St. Paul; Capt. E. A. RICE, Faribault, or Capt. T. J. SHEEHAN, Albert Lea, Recruiting Officers. no28-jan5

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER, ap10tf Irvine's Block

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

SAINT PAUL, December 1, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds.....		¼ per ct. prem
American Gold.....		46½ per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Proclamation of the Governor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, SAINT PAUL, Nov. 21, 1863.

To aid our soldiers in the field, and to hasten the termination of civil war, the President of the United States has by Proclamation of the 17th October ult., called for 300,000 volunteers to serve for a term not exceeding three years.

Under this call Minnesota will be required to furnish for its quota at least three thousand men.

The Proclamation of the President assures us, that, if this quota is not raised before the 5th day of January next, "the draft shall commence" on that day.

In addition to this, we owe under the late call for 20 per cent. of the first class of enrolled national forces 1,207 men.

The Secretary of War has authorized us to cancel this debt by raising a Regiment of Cavalry, which it is understood shall be employed in the frontier service so long as it shall be necessary to protect us against the incursions of hostile savages.

The slow progress which has been already made in filling this regiment, imperatively necessary for the protection of lives and property on our border, gives faint hope of success in raising the number requisite to avoid a draft.

If in addition to the fact that this regiment is to be used in our own service and to provide for the security of our own families, it is necessary to offer further inducements to enlist, I recommend that the several counties and townships of the State pay such bounties as may be required to secure speedy enlistments in the Second Cavalry Regiment.

It should be a matter of State pride to fill this regiment at an early day.

The bounty offered by Government is $102 for each recruit, and the State authorities will endeavor to have it increased to $302, the amount offered to those enlisting in the old regiments.

Whether this application is successful or not, there should be no delay in supplying a force necessary for the safety and prosperity of our State, to be paid and supported by the National Government.

The present call for 300,000 men is intended especially to fill the ranks of decimated regiments now in the field.

We have in this State about 30,000 men enrolled as State Militia. If the energy and enthusiasm heretofore manifested by the people of this State still live, we can easily furnish the number required from us to end this terrible war, amounting only to one in ten of our State troops.

The bounty offered by the Government is munificent, and sufficient to enable men in any condition of life to devote themselves to the work.

It is not probable that the war will last for two years, and $402 bounty to veterans and $302 to new recruits, besides the regular pay and rations is as much as laboring men can expect to realize in the pursuit of any ordinary branch of industry.

But there are higher motives to induce our people to respond heartily and promptly to the demands of the Government.

Peace can only come as the result of victory over the rebels in arms. We have the power, the men and munitions, to win the victory. The more readily we furnish them, the earlier will be the end of the struggle.

Our regiments now in the field have shed an immortal lustre upon our State. History furnishes no parallel to their heroic achievements, and in whatever portion of the Union a citizen of Minnesota may go, he feels himself surrounded with the glory they have won.

Now, on the very eve of final victory, the patriotic people of this State will not leave them with their thinned ranks, to fight this battle alone.

Such a war "costs treasure and blood," but its speedy and triumphant conclusion "will richly compensate for both."

An effort is being made to have each township in the State credited with the number of men it has heretofore furnished, or may furnish, for the service.

The result will be made public as soon as it is known, by this Department.

The time for action in this matter is very short, and I ask the people of Minnesota to use every influence that patriotism or money can exert, to sustain her proud position, and save her from the impending draft.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State to be affixed, at St. Paul, this L. S. 21st day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

HENRY A. SWIFT.

WHOLESALE LAMP STORE, next door to Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

LAMPS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS, OIL, AND ALL THE ARTICLES BELONGING TO THE TRADE,

Can be found at the Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

An exclusive Lamp and Oil Store to meet the demands of the Wholesale and Retail trade, has long been desirable in St. Paul. Country Merchants can now be supplied at Eastern prices (transportation added.) Call at the Carbon Oil and Lamp Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery House.

☞ Country Merchants are especially invited. Call and see. sept29

TO MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE!

WE ARE OFFERING AT WHOLESALE

3,000 PAIRS MOCCASINS,
1,000 PAIRS Men's Buffalo Shoes,
1,000 PAIRS WOMEN'S BUFFALO SHOES,
100 Cases Men's Boots,
Buck Mitts and Gloves,

AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

BOOTS & SHOES.

ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags. Robert-st., first store from Third-st.

mar14-tf WEST & CO.

Hardware.

J. B. BRADEN,

Has now received from the Eastern Manufacturers a full and complete assortment of

IRON,

Hardware, Nails,

Steel of all kinds, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nuts, Axes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Sleigh Shoes, Thimble Skeins, Carriage Trimmings,

Wagon and Buggy Wood,

Iron Kettles, Coal, Window Glass and Sash, and all other Goods in our line, sold Wholesale and Retail.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

ap17-1y

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

IRON and STEEL,

HEAVY HARDWARE

ORDER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES,

Sleigh and Cutter RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

au29-d&wt feb 29

"GREENBACKS ARE GOOD, BUT ROBACK'S ARE BETTER."

ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.
ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.
ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.

USED BY EVERYBODY.
USED BY EVERYBODY.
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FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
FOR ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.

THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.
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ROBACK'S CATAWBA BRANDY.
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MADE FROM THE CATAWBA GRAPE.
MADE FROM THE CATAWBA GRAPE.
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USED IN ALL HOSPITALS.
USED IN ALL HOSPITALS.
USED IN ALL HOSPITALS.
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ADOPTED BY THE U. S. GOVERNMENT.
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COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,
No. 12 JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN
Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of
LIQUORS AND SEGARS
Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

BRADFORD BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
Nos. 157 and 159 East Water Street,
MILWAUKEE,

Are now opening an immense Stock of Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to which they call the attention of the Merchants of the Northwest—among which we offer the following:

25 Cases M. De Laines,	250 Cases Prints,
25 Bales Twilled Flannels,	200 Bales Shirtings,
20 " Plain colored do.,	50 Bales Fine Shirting,
100 Cases Denims,	24 Bales Satinets, all grades,
75 " Stripes,	10 " Grey Cassimeres,
30 " Ticking,	10 Cases Fancy Cassimeres,
50 " Cotton Flannels,	100 Pieces Alpaccas,
20 " Linseys,	2000 " Cobergs,
3000 lbs. Wool Yarn,	Twine, Wicking,
1000 doz. Wool Socks,	Wadding, Cotton Yarn,
200 Bales assorted Batting,	&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,
A FULL LINE OF YANKEE NOTIONS,
WHITE GOODS, RIBBONS, HOODS,
SHIRTS and DRAWERS, RIBBED JACKETS,
BLANKETS, SAXONY PLAIDS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES and MITTS;
AND
Innumerable other goods pertaining to the Jobbing Dry Goods Business, making an Immense Stock which for EXTENT, ASSORTMENT and CHEAPNESS is unrivalled in the West.

To those wishing to buy at New-York Prices and less, we would solicit an examination of our Stock and Prices. Respectfully,
BRADFORD BROTHERS.
Milwaukee, Sept. 28, 1863. oc6-4m

MILWAUKEE.

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS
ARE OFFERED THE
MOST MANIFEST INDUCEMENTS,
BY THE NEW HOUSE,
SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,
172 and 174 East Water Street.
au20-d tw&w

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,
HAVE ESTABLISHED A
WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE
In this city, in connection with their
PAPER MILL, IN ST. ANTHONY,
And desire to call the attention of buyers to their
Immense Stock of
LETTER, NOTE AND CAP PAPER, ENVELOPES, BOOK AND NEWS PRINT, FLAT AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPERS, PRINTERS' AND WRITING INKS AND FLUIDS, PENS, PENCILS, &c., &c.
Agents for
GREENLEAF & TAYLOR'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY
We will sell as low as Eastern Jobbers with Freight added.
THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR
PAPER RAGS, ROPE, GUNNIES & OLD NEWSPAPERS.
oc22-tf Office No. 220 Third-St., St. Paul, Min.

ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, until further notice, the Trains of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

MORNING.		EVENING.	
Leaves St. Paul	7:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Paul	3:30 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	7:45 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	4:15 P. M.
Arrive at Manomin	8:15 A. M.	Arrive at Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves Manomin	8:25 A. M.	Leaves Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	9:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	5:30 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul	9:40 A. M.	Arrive at St. Paul	6:10 P. M.

Wm. B. LITCHFIELD,
General Superintendent.
ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.
FOR THE TREATMENT OF
VENEREAL DISEASES,
AND
All Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs, &c., &c.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT, 50th edition, containing 80 large pages, and 60 fine plates and engravings, price only 15 cents, on the Improved Treatment of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Sexual Debility, and the effects of Masturbation or Self-Abuse on the Body and Mind, including a Treatise on
VENEREAL DISEASES,
Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphillis, and affections of the Testicles, Bladder, and Kidneys, with observations on the DISEASES OF FEMALES, Marriage, Reproduction, and the prevention of Conception, &c. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on receipt of 15 cents or stamps.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohioensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, should let no false delicacy deter them, but apply at once and be cured.

FEMALE DISEASES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases, such as suppressed, or unhealthy Menstruation, Leuchorrhea, Chlorosis, Diseases of the Womb and Os Uteri, &c. Also, Agent for *Dewee's Female Pills*, for obstructed Menstruation, price $1 per box.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations private and confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. afternoons, from 3 to 5. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to
THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,
jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000
Of them in use in this country and Europe.
These are the only machines making the Lock Stitch with the Rotating Hook.
Are profitable and available a life time.
Equal to ten seamstresses.
An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by their possessor.
The Glass Cloth-Presser (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.
F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,
jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED NOISELESS ☞
SEWING MACHINES,
MAKING BOTH THE
Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch
PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.
FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.
Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of
Forty-Five Dollars
A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,
Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.
☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.
P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-t jan 1]

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,
SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,
No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago
Have constantly on hand a large assortment of
Manilla & Tarred Rope,
Ditching Ropes,
Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,
CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,
FLAGS, &c., &c.
Common and Patent Hoist Wheels, for building, constantly on hand.
GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH
USE THE
DANDELION
AND
Wild Cherry Bitters.
In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75;
These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.
In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.
For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.
S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.
For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.
Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Duzen's Worm Confections; Van Duzen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.
DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,
my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PILES! PILES!
Dr. Witfield's Vegetable Pills
Are warranted a certain cure for
Fistula, Blind or Bleeding Piles.
We would caution all who are victims to this distressing complaint to avoid the use of external applications, as they result only in aggravating the difficulty.
DR. WITFIELD'S remedy removes the cause of the disease, and effects a permanent cure.
THIS IS NO QUACK MEDICINE.
These Pills have been tried for the last seven years, and in no instance have they failed to cure.
☞ Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail any address.
J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor,
No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.
sept8-3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?—THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The proprietors of the New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine have issued free FOUR of their most interesting Lectures on Marriage and its qualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Loss of Energy and Vital Power.
These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. sept15 3m

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED IN FOUR WEEKS, BY DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE!—Dr. Ricord (of Paris) at the solicitation of the American public, has appointed an Agent in New York for the sale of his valued and highly prized Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore Manhood to the most shattered constitutions, in four weeks; and, if used according to printed instructions, failure is impossible. This life restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Success, in every case, is certain. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases with full instructions for use, at $3, or four quantities in one for $9 and will be sent to any part, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance to his accredited agent.
PHILLIP ROLAND, 447 Broome-st.,
sept15-3m One door west of Broadway, N. Y.

A. F. TRYON & CO.,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
25 HOWARD-ST., N. Y.,
Have on hand for sale, and are constantly manufacturing, an assortment of Pianos of the best materials and workmanship, equal in every respect to any made in this country, which they offer at very moderate prices. Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine. oc13-3m

Dry Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO
Are now receiving an extensive stock of
Fall and Winter
DRY GOODS,
from
Late Cash Sales in New York
Consisting in part of
MUSLIN DE LAINES,
WOOL PLAIDS,
LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,
EMPRESS CLOTHS,
FRENCH REPS,
PARIS SILK STRIPES,
PARAMATTAS,
Alpaccas, Mohairs, &c., &c
Mourning Goods.
LADIES' LONG AND SQUARE
SHAWLS,
In every variety.
Cloakings, Balmoral Skirts,
Kid Padded Hoop Skirts,
Hoods, Scarfs, Sontags.
HOSIERY,
Consisting of English and German Cotton, Woollen and Worsted Hose.
LADIES & CHILDREN'S BALMORAL HOSE.
White and mixed
WRAPPERS & DRAWERS.
CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.
White, red and mixed
FLANNELS.
Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings,
Denims, Blankets.
ALL COUNTRY MERCHANTS who purchase
FOR CASH,
Should examine our stock before purchasing.
We will not be undersold in this market.
D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,
Sept. 1:1y ST. PAUL, MIN.

NOW READY FOR THE
Fall Trade!
The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail
DRY GOODS HOUSE
In Minnesota.
CATHCART & CO.
At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,
Have just opened a fresh stock of
American, English, French and German
DRESS GOODS,
Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of
DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery,
Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing,
&c., &c.
A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of
COUNTRY MERCHANTS,
Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in
War Times.
sept6-3m CATHCART & CO

LADIES' CLOAKS.
Just received, a large lot of
LADIES' CLOAKS
BOTH
SACQUES and CIRCULARS
Which we will
Sell Very Low to Close them Out!
Those wishing to purchase, had better come soon as we intend to sell them so cheap that customers cannot help but buy.
Remember the place,
The Cheap Cash Store of
H. KNOX TAYLOR,
No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,
Minnesota.
no11-tf

PRINTERS' INKS.
All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by
dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Dry Goods.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

DRESS GOODS.—A large line, consisting of French Merinos, All Wool and Union Plaids, Empress Cloths, Plaid Valencias, Muslin de Laines, &c., &c., at very low figures, at
HOGAN & CAMP'S.

SHAWLS.—We have now on hand a selection of Long and Square Shawls, which the most fastidious can select from. As our prices are always as low as the lowest, we invite inspection on them, at
Hogan & Camp's.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS.—Our stock of these goods is very extensive. We have Seal Skin Beavers, Frosted Beavers, Esquimeaux Beavers, Castor Beavers, Doeskins and Felts, Broadcloths in all colors, at the lowest market prices, at
HOGAN & CAMP'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—Having upwards of 500 assorted styles of English, French, and American manufacture for Ladies, Misses and children. We can sell them at a little under the market price, by the single Skirt, or dozen, at
HOGAN & CAMP'S.

ALL HOUSES HAVE THEIR SPECIALITIES. The above are our's, and we feel that we can at present offer inducements on them that no other House in Minnesota can.
dec2

Hotels.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.
JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.
St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

BRIGGS HOUSE,
Chicago, - - - Illinois.
F. W. BURNHAM, H. F. WILLARD, } Clerks.
W. F. TUCKER & CO
sept23-3m* Proprietors.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,
Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR
The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,
DENTIST,
(Office in French's Block,)
Third Street, near the Post Office,
SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.
jan29-1y

UNITED STATES NAVY.
MEN WANTED
FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY, TO SERVE IN THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.
Good pay and prize money given.
Recruits will be shipped for one, two, or three years, or during the war.
The following are the rates of pay per month:

Yeoman, from $15 to $30		Mates,	$10
Armorer,	25	Boatswain's Mate,	25
Gunner's Mate,	25	Carpenters,	25
Sail Makers,	20	Armorer Mate,	20
Master-at-Arms,	25	Quartermaster,	25
Fireman, (1st class).	30	Coal Heavers,	25
Seaman,	18	Ordinary Seaman,	18
Slip's Corporal,	24	Coxswain,	24

The fact that men may enlist for one year with good quarters on ship board, good pay and prize money, which has thus far amounted to more than the bounty paid for the army recruits.
Each recruit for one year will receive the following articles of clothing.
One pea jacket.
One pair blue cloth trousers.
One blue flannel overshirt.
Two under flannel shirts.
Two pairs of flannel drawers.
One mattrass.
Two blankets.
One seamless cap.
One black silk handkerchief.
All of navy pattern.
Apply at the United States Naval Rendezvous, over LANGLEY & TEMPLE'S AUCTION STORE, Third street, St. Paul.
A. WILLARD CREED,
no25-2m Recruiting Agent U. S. Navy.

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
100 Barrels
CARBON OIL.
CHAS. A. UPHAM & CO.,
No. 4, Prince's Block, Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.
no10-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE
NEW JEWELRY STORE,

Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,
On Third Street,
Can be seen splendid
SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,
Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,
Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,
From $15 to $50.
$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.
Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of
A. BLAKEMAN.
N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Groceries.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.
GENERAL DEALER IN
Family Groceries,
GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
In Moffet's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourt street,
Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge. no20-tf

APPLES.
200 bbls. selected
Fall and Winter Apples
AT PUTNAM'S.
Choice White
Winter Wheat Flour,
AT PUTNAM'S.
CHEESE—ONE THOUSAND LBS.
Extra Hamburgh,
AT PUTNAM'S.
oc8-tf

C. W. WOOLLEY,
LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,
FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchant,
DEALER IN GROCERIES
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.
AND
AGENT FOR THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.
Contracts for transportation between St. Paul Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.
Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——.
jan1-d1y

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.,
Commission Merchants
AND
PRODUCE DEALERS,
SIBLEY STREET,.....NEAR LEVEE
oct6-1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

EAGLE WORKS
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT
STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS
PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS.
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR
Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c.; also,
SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS,
AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
CHICAGO, - - Illinois.
P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agen wanted everywhere. mar7-d&wy

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; Also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS,
161 Third Street,
St. Paul, Minnesota.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER
$6,500,000.
Fire, Life and Marine Policies,
Issued in the following
First-Class Companies:
LORILLARD FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $675,000.
METROPOLITAN INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $515,000.
NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $314,000.
HOME INSURANCE CO., New Haven, Ct., Cash Capital and Surplus $250,000.
PHENIX (Marine) INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $376,000.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Newark, Total Accumulation $4,450,000.
☞ All losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid at this office. No charge for stamps.
M. P. NICHOLS,
no10-1y Agent.

HORSE BLANKETS,
SKATES
AND
SLEIGH BELLS.
Large assortment just received and for sale low at the Saddlery Warehouse of
C. PROAL,
oc29 Corner of Third and Robert-sts.

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass
AND
GLASSWARE,
Perfumeries, Fancy Goods
&C., &C.,
No. 111 Third Street,
(UNION BLOCK.)
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.
We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to
Our Full Stock of Goods,
Which we are offering at a fraction over
Milwaukee & Chicago Figures
We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.
ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,
For sale at very low figures to close the stock.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,
Pills and Granules, at card prices.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.
Just received and for sale at close figures.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,
At lowest market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,
Of various qualities and prices, at
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,
McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

1864. 1864. 1864.
Winter Arrangement.
MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.
PASSENGER LINE.
The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.
SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:
For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Reed's, Wabasha, Rochester, Minneiska, Winona, and La Crosse, at 6½ o'clock A. M.
For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.
For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.
For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.
For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 7 A. M.
For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M.
For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Fomme de Terre, Breckenridge, Fort Abercrombie, Mondays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock A. M.
For Little Canada, Columbus, Sunrise City—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.
For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.
J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH
Fast Freight Line.
OWNED AND MANAGED BY
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO
All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.
Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the
ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.
jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of
dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.
ie8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.
Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.
We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me
mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

THE CITY.

Thermometrical Record.

KEPT BY DAY & JENKS, DRUGGISTS, CORNER OF THIRD AND CEDAR STREETS.

DECEMBER.	7:30 A. M.	1 P. M.	6 P. M
1 Tuesday	25	41	37
2 Wednesday	28	42	35
3 Thursday	29	46	42
4 Friday	23	38	27

OUR COUNTY AND CITY FINANCES.—Merchants and others who have money to invest, should examine our city and county finances, and see whether they cannot purchase bonds to advantage here at home, which are equally as good as 5-20's. Every day thousands of dollars are invested in 5-20's which are bought at par, while our city and county bonds go begging at 85 and 87 1-2c on the dollar. Even our bankers and brokers, who are at home, who pay taxes and who should feel interested in the financial fortunes of the city and county, do not seem so jealous of their credit and solvency as it would seem they should. When men with money to invest come forward, it would be a commendable plan to urge that the investment be made in bonds that will sustain our municipal credit, and retain the principal and interest money both in circulation at home instead of sending money away from the community and State, thus really impoverishing us.

We have an able and zealous city council, and an able and industrious County Board, who, if seconded in the manner we mention, will soon place our city and county finances on the most solid basis.

The objection urged by home capitalists against investing in these bonds, is, that the interest is not paid promptly. But the interest will be paid, sooner or later, and so will the principal. How will it help our municipal finances to allow the bonds to be bought by foreign capitalists at a discount of 15 per cent to be ultimately paid at par, both principal and interest to be abstracted from our wealth and the 15 per cent. in addition? This only makes our taxes heavier, and reduces the income of the city and county, increasing its expenses, and getting us deeper and deeper into the slough of bankruptcy, each year. On our 7 per cent. bonds we pay away the principal (even it sold at par) in interest, once in 14 years.

It is evident we cannot reach out our hands to foreign capitalists and get them to pull our wagon out of the mire. Our own shoulders must be put to the wheel before it will move forward. We have capital enough in our midst to take every bond ever thrown on the market.

Could they be taken at or near par, the credit of the city and county would soon come up to that standard, our taxes grow lighter, and the capitalists taking these loans would gain, in reality, by such a course, because capital from abroad would flow into other enterprises here.

It is true our brokers and financial agents will have to content themselves with something less than 10 per cent. profit on each transaction, but by a little sacrifice they will soon make as much in reduced taxes, &c., as in the present slip-shod management, while the money now sent abroad will circulate at home, giving them more business and more stability.

Let it be boldly proclaimed, then, that we offer securites full as good as the United States 5-20's, and more meritorious in many respects, and look for a home demand.

IMPORTANT INQUIRY.—The following was received by Express last night. In reply to "Anxious Inquirer," we would say that we know nothing about those popular beverages, but believe they are sold at the "Crystal Palace Saloon," kept by Alderman King, or at Mike Dowlan's, "Mechanic Hall."

COLUMBUS BUSS, OYIO, Nov. 22th, 1863.

Dear Locale of Daily Press, St. Paul, Minny:

Kin yez be afther informin me who is the principal venders of the popular biverldges call "Strother's Infloocats" and "Easias Anksyus thots?" Kin it be kept in barls or will it ait its wa troo. Daz it nade to be shwatened, or kin it be tuk raw? How motch kin a poleeshmun dhrink wid saifty to hissielf, and widout incurrin the displazure of his lordship, the mayre? How motch kin his lordship, the mayre, imbolb widout becomin a blaggard, or endangerin his veto? Will it corroad copper? How doz the *Infloocents* and *Anksyus thots* compair in vally? Is their price about aiqual or vicy varsy? Cud I be althe gittin sum in exchaing for a shtock of *Valiandighin dhrops?* that you hev heerd about, shure. Daz his honor, the mayre, the poleesh officer, and the prisoner ahl dhrink it, on parfeck aiquality?

Plaise infarm and graitly oblig,

ANKSYUS INKUIRER.

AN OLD SETTLER GONE.—S. R. Randolph, Esq., left yesterday morning for Nevada. With a beautiful [illegible] this beautiful city, and an income from other property sufficient to make the balance of his days easy, it is strange he should want to try his chances in the gold fields of the West. So it is, however, and we wish him success, and congratulate the community of which he and his family may become members.

Mr. Randolph was amongst the very first settlers of St. Paul—has been engaged in various enterprises with uniform success, and always maintained a high character for integrity. During the terrible years of 1857-7, when so many fortunes and characters went by the board, he maintained a good credit and honorable reputation, and to-day, we presume in leaving St. Paul he leaves not an enemy behind, while there are certainly hosts of friends whose good wishes go with him, and who hope yet some day to welcome him back as a citizen of St. Paul.

THE WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES.—These celebrated machines are not only sung in the poet's verse, but their praises are syllabled in thousands of happy and well-regulated homes. No home can in fact, be said to be complete without one of these elegant, labor-saving, and life-preserving instruments. In workmanship and style of finish they are fit to adorn the most exquisitely-furnished parlor, while the music of their (not noisy but) cheerful clatter is, in hundreds of instances, superseding that of the piano-forte. Let every man who has not yet done so, make the object of his affections supremely happy, during the coming holidays, by going to F. M. Johnson's Agency, Greenleaf's Block, and purchasing one of these valuable machines. No lady who has much sewing to do, should think of being without one. Any person can learn to use them by a few hours practice.

TUNE—"*Over the Hills and far away.*"

Come, all ye good people, the wonders to view
Of things that are garnered in store for you;
Of Albums in Calf, and costly Morrocco,
To look at which people in crowds do flock, O;
Of Juvenile Books, a great variety,
In which the young can read to satiety;
So if for these your children teaze you,
Here you'll find things to please you.

Go to Davenport, if you want Books and Stationery.

ST. ANTHONY BAPTIST CHURCH.—The St. Anthony Baptist Church have secured the services of Rev. R. M. S. Pease of this city, and will hereafter have public worship on Lord's day morning and evening.

Mr. Pease will, however, continue his residence here.

The children and teachers will assemble to re-organize the Sunday School next Sabbath, immediately after the morning service, and it is hoped that all who are interested in the success of the school will be present.

THE MULE TRAIN.—The Dubuque *Herald* of Sunday last says:

MULES.—A drove of 150 Government mules used in Gen. Sibley's expedition against the Indians, arrived in town yesterday from Fort Snelling, near St. Paul, under charge of Captain M. Harland and [illegible] drivers. They are destined for [illegible] were shipped over the river, arriving just in the nick of time, as the ferry boat will probably stop running today on account of the ice. Ten of the number were lost on the way down by exhaustion, disease, and otherwise. The trip was made in thirteen days. They will all be shipped by the Illinois Central Railroad to-day, a train having been secured for their transportation.

A NEW STEAMBOAT LINE.—We understand says the Winona *Republican*, that it is the intention of the Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien Railway Company to place on the river next spring, a new line of boats exclusively under their control, and not be dependent, as heretofore, upon another company for boats to do their business, and run in connection with their road. This will give us three distinct lines of steamers next season, aside from the St. Louis line and a lively competition may be expected.

PUBLIC MEETING—DIRECT RAILROAD FROM ST. PAUL TO LAKE SUPERIOR.—We are requested to state that there will be a public meeting of the friends of the resolutions passed by the city council, giving city aid on the completion of a direct rail road from St. Paul to Lake Superior, on Monday evening the 7th inst.

Let the friends of St. Paul and this important measure turn out in force as the subject will be fairly presented and discussed by a number of our citizens.

POLICE COURT.—A bevy of "frail fair ones" were up before Esq. Gibbs yesterday, charged with keeping and being inmates of a house of questionable character. They denied the charge, and Monday, the 7th inst., is fixed as the date of the trial.

OUR young folks are getting terribly impatient about the skating. A cold snap now will make splendid ice, and give every one enough of that exhilerating pasture.

ALLOTMENTS RECEIVED.—The State Treasurer has received the allotments of Companies C, H, and K, of the 8th Regiment—amounting to $376.

FINE STOCK OF CARPETS.—We obtained R. O. Strong has just opened a fine large stock of new carpets at his store in Roger's Block. He has all styles and varieties, among them some of the new patterns that are so popular at the East.

MASONIC.—A Special Communication of Ancient Land Mark this evening.

Dec 5, 1863. W. S. COMBS, Sec'y.

TURKEY RAFFLE,—At George Prindell's, under the Whitcher Hotel, to-night, at 5 o'clock. Go and see the fun boys.

CHRISTMAS is coming and Merrill is on hand with a stock of goods, worthy of notice, even from old Santa Claus himself; Photograph Albums, Toy Books, New Books, Stationery and fancy Articles, that will interest and entertain everybody for the Holidays. Merrill offers all his goods at low prices, and anybody that wants something to present to somebody, had better call soon, and save money by so doing. Merrill keeps the best of everything, and sells at the lowest prices.

COUNTRY trade supplied, at rates lower than ever, at Merrill's. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

READ the "Dacota War Whoop," for sale at Merrill's.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WE WILL DO IT.—In order to sell off and reduce our extensive stock of CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, we offer our whole stock at from 10 to 25 per cent. less than our regular price. We think it safe to say that those purchasing of us will get Goods about the wholesale price. We offer these inducements to the people rather than to Merchants. OUR LOWEST PRICE WILL BE STATED AT ONCE. A call from those in want of any article in our line is respectfully solicited.

no24-tf W. H. TEMPLE, Third-st.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN, is the best Company for Western men to insure in.

It is made up of and managed by Western men, and is thus having its risks all reside in this the healthiest part of the Union. It is believed that its rate of mortality will be lower than that of the Eastern Companies, in the future as it has been in the past.

The Company is now in its fifth year of business, and has proven an entire success, having issued over four thousand policies, and accumulated in reserve premiums two hundred thousand dollars. It started without guarantee capital, and experience has proven that none was necessary.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the same general basis as that of the most successful Eastern Companies, with the advantage of having the experience of the older ones as its guide.

There are now a large number of members of the Company in St. Paul and vicinity, among whom are some of our best business men.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY,
Thompson's Block, Third street, St. Paul.
O. CURTIS, Manager.
S. P. SNYDER, Agent, Minneapolis.

Either of the above named gentlemen will be happy to give information to members or others desiring, in regard to the Company, and assist in making applications for Policies. no8-3m

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SAILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

dec2-d&w3m

G. B SALMON, Agent, Madison Mutual Insurance Company, for the counties of Ramsey, Washington, Dakota, and Scott. Office in Parker Paine's Bank, St. Paul. no25 jan5d&w

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
SAINT PAUL, MIN., December 3d, 1863.

The sale of Government Stock at Fort Snelling, which was postponed yesterday, will begin tomorrow, at 10 o'clock, A. M., without fail, and continue until the whole is sold.

E. B. CARLING,
Captain and Acting Quartermaster,
dec4-3t Chief Quartermaster, Min. Dist.

ST. PAUL LAMP STORE,
(Branch of the great Aladdin,)
Opposite Pioneer Office.

OILS, LAMPS, SHADES, GLOBES, LANTERNS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS, CANS, &c., &c.

The Largest Stock, The Greatest Variety, and the
Cheapest Goods
EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY.
☞ Wholesale Buyers supplied at Eastern cash prices. dec3-tf

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
AT COMBS' BOOK STORE,
CAN BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF
Childrens' Books,
Gift Books,
Photograph Albums,
Bibles, Prayer Books,
&c., suitable for presents. Call in and examine.
DIARIES for 1864, all Styles,
dec1-tf AT COMBS' BOOK STORE.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
A SMALL QUANTITY JUST RECEIVED.
LEMONS.
Dried Raspberries,
Dried Cherries, pitted,
Dried Blackberries,
Dried Pared Peaches,
all new Fruit.
Fresh Citron, Raisins and Currants, at
E. & H. Y. BELL'S,
no15-3m Third-st.

THE "NEW ULM POST,"
A WEEKLY GERMAN NEWSPAPER, INDEPENDENT OF PARTY,
advocating
Truth, Right and Progress,
Under the flag of our country will be published by the undersigned, at
NEW ULM,
Brown Co., Minnesota,
On and after the 1st day of JANUARY, 1864.
The attention of the business men of our State is hereby respectfully invited to the following—
RATES OF ADVERTISING:

The insertion of one square	$0 75
Two " " "	1 25
Three " " "	1 75
One month " "	2 00
Three months " "	3 50
Six months " "	5 00
Twelve months " "	8 00

Editorial business notices given to merit only ☞ In recommending the "New Ulm Post" to the public, the undersigned beg leave to say that it is their design to start and keep alive a newspaper which, aside from other use, will prove a powerful assistant to every solid and enterprising business man for securing and enhancing success.
dec2-1w* A. WOLFF & J. HOFER.

WINES AND LIQUORS,
FOR
Medicinal and Private Use.
PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,
PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY,
FINE OLD FRENCH BRANDY,
FINE SCOTCH WHISKY,
PALE SHERRY WINE.
PURE JUICE PORT WINE,
OLD BURGUNDY PORT WINE,
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
OLD JAMAICA RUM,
MUMMS' CABINET CHAMPAGNE,
CURACOA.
FOR SALE BY
no29 d&w8w J. I. BEAUMONT.

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,
DEALER IN
TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,
Sugars, Syrups,
AND ALL GOODS PERTAINING TO THE GROCERY BUSINESS, INCLUDING
TOBACCOS, CIGARS,
Wines, Liquors, and
Pure Old Rye and Bourbon
WHISKIES.
Corner 3d & Jackson St's. no29-d&w8w

SARDINES.
Quarter and half boxes. For sale by
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

CITRON.
For sale by,
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

YEAST POWDERS.
Preston & Merrill's Infallible—Babbitt's Chemical. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.
Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Orange, Nutmeg, Strawberry, and Cinnamon. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

TOBACCO.
All varieties of Plug and Fine Cut. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

CODFISH & MACKEREL.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

MALAGA WINE.
For culinary purposes. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

ALMONDS.
Brazil Nuts, Filberts, and Pea Nuts. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FRESH FRUITS.
Peaches, Strawberries, and Blackberries, in cans. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

OLIVE OIL.
Fine Bordeaux, for table use. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

PURE GROUND SPICES.
Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon, Allspice, Cloves, and Mace—warranted pure. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

SAUCES,
Worcestershire, Walnut, and Mushroom Sauces. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

PRESERVED FRUITS.
Green Gages, Pine Apples, and Pears, in Glass. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

SMOKED HALIBUT.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

ENGLISH PICKLES.
Imported—very fine. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

CIGARS.
All grades from Common to Choice. For sale by, no29-d&w J. I. BEAUMONT.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]
New York Money Market.
NEW YORK, Dec. 4—1 P. M.

Gold 52¾.
United States 6's '81 coupons, 109.
Large sales of gold were made last night at the evening exchange at 53¼@51¾—closing firmer.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]
New York Market.
NEW YORK, Dec. 4—1 P. M.

Flour quiet.
GRAIN—Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn without change, at $1 20@1 21.

Milwaukee Market—December 1.

General business was still restricted to day by the scarcity of money, and were it not for the remarkable stringency in the money market no doubt better prices would be obtained for produce.

The wheat market to-day ruled ½@¾c lower, with sales of about 45,000 bushels at $1,08@1,08½ for No. 2 spring, and $1,02@1,03 for No. 2 on the spot. The demand for No. 2 at the outside figure was limited and the market closed at $1,08½, for No. 1. In addition to the above about 20,000 bushels No. 1 sold at $1,08, seller's option all the month.

The market for flour was still inactive. Common extras hardly saleable at $4,00.

Oats entirely nominal.

Corn, barley and rye are without material change.

Chicago Market—December 1.

There was a firmer feeling and more activity in the leading markets to-day, and prices of all descriptions of grain ruled higher.

Wheat was in better request and advanced 2@3c, but closed rather quiet. No. 1 spring sold at 1,11@1 11½; No. 2 spring at 1,06½@1,07½. Flour dull and sales small, at 5,00@5,50 for good to choice spring wheat brands. Corn selling at 94@95c for No. 1; 92@95c in store. Oats opened at 68½@69c, and closed dull at 67½.

Highwines active and in good speculative demand, and 1½@2c higher; about 600 bbls changed hands at 70c.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA,
ST. PAUL, Dec. 3d, 1863.

In pursuance of orders received from the Provost Marshal General, the names of those persons enrolled in the various Sub-Districts, under the provisions of the "Act for enrolling and calling out the National Forces," &c., approved March 3d, 1863, are published and posted for the following purposes, viz:

I. That any person enrolled may appear before the Board and claim to have his name stricken off the list, if he can show to the satisfaction of the Board that he is not and will not be at the time fixed for the next draft, liable to military duty on account of—1st. Alienage; 2d. Non-Residence; 3d. Unsuitableness of age; 4th. Manifest permanent physical disability.

II. Persons who may be cognizant of any persons liable to military duty, whose names do not appear on the enrollment lists, are requested to notify the Board of Enrollment, writing plainly the name, residence (town and county), age, occupation, and nativity, so far as they may know, of those they desire to be enrolled.

III. The Board of Enrollment will hear cases as provided in paragraph I, until the 20th December, 1863, after which no cases will be heard.

GEORGE H. KEITH,
Capt. and Provost Marshal,
dec4 10td&1tw 2d Dist., Min.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.
We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.
No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.
☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.
BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

CHICAGO BREWERY.
LILL & DIVERSY
BREWERS OF
LILL'S STOCK
AND
Cream Pale Ale,
LAGER BEER,
PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.
FOR SALE BY
WM. CONSTANS,
oct31-3m AGENT, ST. PAUL.

L. BEACH & CO.,
Manufacturers of superior
SOAP AND CANDLES,
Eagle-St., near Upper Levee.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
Lard, Tallow and Grease
L. BEACH. [sept26-1yd&w] A. W. PEARSON

OLD RYE AND BOURBON
WHISKEYS,
VERY OLD AND PURE.
Old Queens Port Wine,
AND
OLD BLACKBURN MADEIRA WINE,
FOR
Medicinal Purposes,
ALSO
Hungarian and Rhine Wines,
AND CALIFORNIA WINES,
Together with a general assortment of
Foreign & Domestic Liquors
J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,
Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,
my19 Sibley Block.

J. McCLOUD, JR.
Commercial Broker,
No. 163 Third Street, (Catholic Block.)
Will buy and sell
REAL ESTATE, AND MERCHANDISE
Of all kinds on Commission,
LOAN MONEY, MAKE COLLECTIONS, PAY TAXES, &C., &C.
☞ Commissions solicited and promptly attended to. no 29-3m

400 BARRELS GOOD WINTER APPLES. For sale by
GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
no30-tf Cor. Jackson and 4th sts.

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 186.. at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

CHEESE.
4,000 pounds Hamburg, Western Reserve and English Dairy Cheese. For sale by
J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.
no30 Sibley-st, between Third and Levee.

1863. 1864.
FALL AND WINTER SALES.
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Invite the attention of Country Merchants and Inland Jobbers to the large and complete stock which they now offer to their inspection, and invite a comparison with other stocks here, for
EXTENT, VARIETY & CHEAPNESS.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
are prepared to offer DECIDED INDUCEMENTS to cash buyers. Call and see.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have now in store the largest and most attractive stock of GROCERIES west of Chicago. An inspection and comparison of stocks will satisfy you that "these things are so." For sale to the trade only.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Offer to the trade a stock of LIQUORS, complete in all its appointments, and the
LARGEST IN THE STATE.
We mean it.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Are sole proprietors of the unrivalled "Clover Leaf," Bourbon, and "Connoisseurs' Favorite" Rye Whiskeys. These goods
Cannot be Excelled.
Try them.

Cooley, Carver & Co.
Have just received an Invoice, including—
SCOTCH WHISKEY, (Ramsay's genuine.)
IRISH WHISKEY, (Mehan's genuine.)
ST. CROIX RUM, (very choice.)
TULIP GIN, (the finest imp'ted.)
BRANDIES, "United Proprietors."
BRANDIES, "Otard, Du Pay & Co."
SHERRY WINES, (Harmony Brand.)
These Goods are direct from CUSTOM HOUSE and we GUARANTY THEIR PURITY. Try them

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
HAVE PEACH BRANDY,
APPLE DO.,
CHERRY DO.,
GINGER DO.,
BLACKBERRY DO.,
RASPBERRY DO..
These Brandies are *DISTILLED FROM THE FRUIT*, and are very fine.
MEDFORD RUM, (it is very fine.)

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have 500 cases FRESH FRUITS, including—
PEACHES,
STRAWBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
PINE APPLE, &c., &c.,
All of established brand, and warranted the best.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
Have
200,000 Segars,
ASSORTED AND FAVORITE BRANDS.
We Cannot be Undersold.
no24

OYSTERS—OYSTERS.
The undersigned are now and have been for the past TEN YEARS, the only Agents in Minnesota for
MALTBY'S CELEBRATED BALTIMORE
OYSTERS.
We GUARANTEE to the public that these Oysters are superior to any others brought to this market. The cans are larger, and are filled with Oysters.
☞ A large supply constantly on hand.
Orders from any part of the State promptly attended to.
Depot 216 Third Street,
St. Paul.
no26-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.
F. O. WILDER, & CO.,
Dealers in Piano-Fortes, Melodeons, Harmoniums, Cabinet Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c., &c., No. 230 Third-st., corner of St. Peter-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.
Agents for the celebrated
A. M. McPhail & Co's
STAR AND GRAND SCALE PIANOS.
Also, the Parlor Gem.
Mr. Wilder is a Piano Maker, and has been in the business over 20 years, and will sell nothing but first-class instruments. Every instrument will be warranted, and all Pianos sold by the firm will be kept in tune one year free of charge, if within a reasonable distance.
☞ Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired. Lesson given on the Piano and Melodeon.
no26-d&w1y

PATENT AMALGAM BELL,
SUITABLE FOR A SCHOOL HOUSE OR SMALL CHURCH.
For sale low by
dec2-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

UNITED STATES
PENSION AGENCY
AT
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.
Office in Rogers' Block, 3d-st., near the Bridge. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M.
All letters to the office must inclose stamps to pay return postage. ROBERT P. LEWIS,
no1-d tw&wly Pension Agent.

NO. 1 CARBON OIL,
For sale low, wholesale and retail to close consignment, at
The St. Paul Lamp Store,
dec3-tf Opposite Pioneer Office.

BOB SLED SHOES, $3.00 PER SETT.
Don't pay $4.00 a sett for them, when you can get them for $3.00 a sett at the Pioneer Foundry.
no29-d&w1mo GILMAN & CO.

Miscellaneous.

GO TO
PUTNAM'S
FOR
FRESH CANNED
RASPBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, PEACHES, PINE APPLES, TOMATOES, CHERRIES
NEW DRIED
BLACKBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, CHERRIES, PEACHES, APPLES, RAISINS, CITRON,
CURRANTS, SAGO, FARINA, TAPIOCA AND HOMONY.
Stuart's White Drip, Extra Honey, Golden, Amber and Sugar House Syrups.
New Sugar Cured Dried Beef, and Pine Apple Cheese, and a complete and desirable stock of Fresh
Groceries & Provisions.
S. K. PUTNAM,
near the Post Office.

CIDER.
100 bbls. pure Juice of the Apple, at PUTNAM'S.

GRAPES.
25 boxes Isabellas and Catawbas, at PUTNAM'S

APPLES.
400 barrels Winter, at PUTNAM'S. no4

ONE MORE CHANCE.
JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,
ANOTHER LOT OF
CLOAKS,
200 SACQUES and CIRCULARS,
HANDSOME & BEAUTIFUL,
The Cheapest in the State.
1000 Pairs Blankets,
AND AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
DRY GOODS!
Of Every Kind, Quality and Description,
AT
ELFELT'S.
no12

146.
THIRD STREET.
HOODS, SONTAGS & NUBIAS,
BALMORAL
AND
HOOP SKIRTS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
L. C. BURT,
146
THIRD STREET.
oc20-1y

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
Third St., between Cedar and Wabashaw,
M. C. TUTTLE.
Has just opened a New Gallery on the ground floor, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. His stock and apparatus are new, and have all the latest improvements.
☞ ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TAKING CHILDREN'S PICTURES
Pictures from Locket Size to Life Size, in the
Finest Style.
☞ *Photograph Albums furnished as cheap as any other House, and a Carte de Visite taken gratis!* no24-tf

CARPETS.
STRONG'S CARPET HALL,
225 Third-St., Rogers' Block,
where will be found a large assortment of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,
CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &c.
New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

SKATES.
WILLIAMS, MORSE & CO.'S CELEBRATED CAST STEEL
NEW YORK CLUB SKATE,
CENTRAL PARK SKATE,
LADIES' SKATES, BOY'S SKATES,
And the Patent Buckle for Skate Straps at
no22-tf CHERITREE & FARWELL'S.

TO RENT.
Rooms on the Second Floor, over our Auction Store. We will pay the highest prices in cash for all kinds of second-hand goods. Auction Sales every evening; special sales at 10 A. M. Outside sales promptly attended to—on Third street, second door from the Merchants Hotel.
H. E. BAKER & CO.,
no20 Auctioneers.

WANTED,
Spikers and Laborers on the construction work of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. Liberal wages will be paid. Payments made weekly. Apply to F. R. Delano, Assistant Superintendent, at Freight Depot, St. Paul, or John Murphy, Foreman, Manomin.
oc30-tf W. B. LITCHFIELD & CO.

100 BARRELS CIDER,
Just received on consignment and for sale low.
oc25-tf J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

40 BUSHELS CHOICE RIPE ONIONS.
Just received by A. H. WIMBISH,
no25 Jackson Street.

Miscellaneous.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
Saint Paul, Minnesota, Dec. 1st, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate, will be received at this office until

DECEMBER 15th, 1863,

At 12 O'Clock, Noon,

For furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named posts:

ST. PAUL,
FORT SNELLING,
MANKATO,
FORT RIPLEY,
ST. CLOUD,
SAUK CENTRE,
ALEXANDRIA,
POMME DE TERRE,
GLENCOE,

And those drawing supplies therefrom.

Separate bids will be received for each of the above Posts, or one bid may include all of them.

The contract to commence January 1st, 1864, and to be in force six months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid, or *where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid*, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors, (unless known to the undersigned,) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney. The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to Capt. S. C. Benham, C. S., and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

S. C. BENHAM,
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.
dec2-td

BENJAMIN S. BULL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Harrison's Stone Block, Minneapolis, Min.,
Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the above named goods, either at
Wholesale or Retail.
Orders solicited. no11-6md&w

BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT
NEW YORK PRICES.
20 per Cent. Saved
BY
BUYING YOUR SHOES
AT
BROWN'S
NEW STORE,
113 Third Street,
One block above the Merchant's Hotel.
je5-y

BEAUPRE & KELLY,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
AND
Wholesale Grocers,
Prince's Block, Jackson-st., St. Paul.
FREIGHT AGENTS FOR
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien R.R.
LAFLIN, SMITH & CO.'S
GUNPOWDER.
St Paul, October 13, 1863. oct13-6m

CORDAGE, SLEIGH SHOES AND FANNING MILLS.
For sale by
je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

CARBON OIL.
Carbon Oil by the Barrel.
For sale low.
je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

SHEET IRON, TIN PLATE, COPPER BOTTOMS,
ZINC AND TINNERS' STOCK,
For sale by
ap24 1y NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

FURNITURE.
S. L. BAILEY & CO.,
Are now prepared to offer an entire new stock of
Furniture,
Consisting of
Wardrobes, Sideboards, Bureaus, Bedsteads Wash Stands, Breakfast, Desert, Dining and Extension Tables, Lounges, Cribs, Walnut cane-seat Chairs, flag and wood-seat Sofas, Tete-a-Teles, Easy and Parlor Chairs, Marble-Top Tables, Hall Stands, What-Nots, Card Tables, Gilt and Rose Wood Mouldings, Varnish and innumerable other goods belonging to the
FURNITURE BUSINESS.
To those wishing to buy for cash, we would solicit an examination of our stock and prices.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
WARE-ROOMS THIRD-ST., NEAR THE CHURCH.
Respectfully,
no19-1m S. L. BAILEY & CO.

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1863. NUMBER 305.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, DEC. 6.

THE NEWS.

CONGRESS meets to-morrow noon, and with its near approach canvassing for the offices to be filled increases. Colfax is reported to be certain of the nomination for Speaker, as eighty-five votes are pledged to him. Sunset Cox, of Ohio, will probably receive the Copperhead nomination. The chances for the Postmastership are thought to be in favor of D. P. Brooks, of California. For Clerk, a number of names are mentioned; among them a brother of Senator Fessenden's.

As a matter of course there is nothing of importance from the Army of the Potomac. Officers are being furloughed in large numbers, which shows that no further movements are intended at present. A division of rebels crossed the Rapidan and engaged our light artillery which accompanies the cavalry.

THE rebel papers favor us with several interesting items. They record the arrival of a number of shells at Charleston, (sent by Gillmore) by which several houses were burned. Their minds are considerably exercised for Longstreet's safety, though they have a rumor that Burnside has surrendered.

FOSTER has succeeded in driving Longstreet from the Clinch river, though the temporary repulse he received will, it is thought, enable the rebels to escape.

Our Chattanooga loss is said to be 4,500. The prisoners captured are set down at 6,450.

A PHILADELPHIA dispatch reports that Rosecrans has been assigned to the command of the Army of the Potomac, but adds that the report is not true. Quite a surprehuous addition to a Philadelphia dispatch.

GOLD opened at 52, declined to 51 5-8, and closed firm at 52 1-8 to 52 1-4.

HOW THE DEMOCRATS DO ALL THE FIGHTING.

Our readers will recollect how, in the first year of the war, the Democratic organs were wont to indulge in the boastful and lying pretence that the "Democrats did all the fighting," and a great deal was said about the stay-at-home propensities of the cowardly, "cussed" Abolitionists. Of course, every person at all conversant with the composition of our armies, or with the spirit of unselfish patriotism that prompted the first series of enlistments, knew that this was a falsehood, and that, in fact, the relative contributions of the pro-slavery Democratic masses and of their anti-slavery opponents, to our volunteer military force were in the direct ratio of their hatred of slavery and love of country. But as there was no means of ascertaining the numerical proportions of the pro-slavery and anti-slavery elements of our armies, the falsehood that at first all knew to be ridiculous, began by simple brazen impudence of iteration to have believers.

But finally an unexpected test was put to the sincerity of the pretense that the army was with the Democracy, and that the "Democrats did all the fighting." The Republicans in the Western and some Eastern States demanded of their Legislatures the passage of laws allowing soldiers to vote. Everybody knows how the Democracy squirmed and wiggled to get rid of this measure; how bitterly they fought it in every State, and finally how they everywhere cast a solid vote against it. In New York, Connecticut, and elsewhere, it was defeated either by Democratic majorities or by the veto of Democratic Governors. In some of the States, however, the measure was carried, and at the first opportunity which was given the soldiers to vote they testified their devotion to the Union and their hatred of Copperhead principles by a vote last year of nearly 75 per cent. in favor of the Republican or Union candidates. Since then large numbers of those who went into the army with Democratic proclivities have been converted from the error of their ways, and the following nearly complete returns of the soldiers' vote at the recent elections, show that nearly all who went into the army as Democrats have either been abolitionized by the convincing logic of the battle-field, or have have deserted from an army all whose victories are victories over the cherished principles of the Democratic party:

VOTES OF SOLDIERS, 1863.

States.	Union.	Copper.	Total.
Ohio	41,621	2,392	44,014
Iowa	16,791	2,904	19,695
Wisconsin (in part)	8,864	612	9,476
Missouri (in part)	5,639	293	5,932

Here is a Union majority of 66,690 in a vote of 79,114; or more than ninety-two per cent. in favor of the old flag and the crushing out of the rebellion.

We don't hear so much as we did about Democrats doing all the fighting.

LONGSTREET'S RETREAT.

There is no longer any doubt that Longstreet is flying for dear life from East Tennessee toward Virginia.

By putting this and that together in our dispatches it seems that on the 3d inst. Foster, who had moved forward from Cumberland Gap to intercept the flying columns of Longstreet, was repulsed by the latter in the attempt to cross Clinch river, about fifteen miles south of Cumberland Gap, and about forty-five miles northeast of Knoxville, from which it would appear that Longstreet has not followed the line of the Virginia and Tennessee railroad in his retreat, that having been rendered useless for transportation purposes by General Burnside, but is taking the old highway north of Holston river, which is a good deal shorter than the Railroad line. Foster's repulse, however, enabled Longstreet to get out of his way, though the former having succeeded in crossing the Clinch river is now in hot pursuit of the enemy. As he has a very large cavalry force at his disposal at Knoxville which ought to be joining in the pursuit, we don't quite see the force of the telegraphic remark that Longstreet's retreat is secure. He has a hard road and a long road to travel, for it is some 400 miles at the least to Lee's present position, towards whose protection he is flying; for 70 miles of the journey he is dependent upon wagon trains and animals for transportation, and if our forces pursue him with vigor, he will not reach the Virginia line without severe loss.

GOOD COMMON SENSE.

In some remarks concerning railroad gratuities a short time ago, we expressed the remark that St. Paul could do better with the gratituities, if she wishes to deal in them, than offer them in the Lake Superior direction; that the Minnesota Valley, which has so far built up and sustained our city, presented a more desirable investment; and that if *that trade was taken away we should experience a vacuum* which half a dozen Superior railroads could not fill up. The Faribault *Republican* quotes our remarks, and adds the following comments:

That is certainly good common sense.—*Pioneer, yesterday.*

Well, even if Brown hadn't said it was "good common sense," we should have been strongly of opinion that it was a piece of immeasuraly stupid and silly nonsense, and Brown's testimony confirms us in the opinion.

The writer of the above paragraph does not seem to be capable of comprehending, that the only possible way to prevent the trade of the Minnesota valley being taken away from this city is by building the direct road from St. Paul to the head of Lake Superior; or that the building of a railroad thro' the Minnesota Valley to St. Paul can do nothing to arrest the diversion of that trade into other channels, unless we furnish it with a direct outlet upon Lake navigation from this point.

Now compare the infinitely nonsensical stuff of the *Pioneer* upon the subject with the following paragraph from the Mankato *Record*, which puts the whole case in a nutshell:

The Minnesota Valley, for many reasons, is deeply interested in the contest now going on in St. Paul between the Superior and Bayfield interests, and hence we may be pardoned for venturing to take a hand in it. *If a direct air line road is built, the shortest, quickest, and cheapest outlet for the trade and travel of southwestern Minnesota will be via St. Paul and Lake Superior. If the circuitous route via Hudson and Bayfield is preferred, our eastern outlet will of necessity be via Winona and Chicago.*

Need anything more be said.

THE CONVENTION OF WAR DEMOCRATS.

The New York *Evening Post* strongly criticises the action of the "Convention of War Democrats" recently held at Chicago. The silence of the convention on the slavery question, and its pandering to the prejudice against the negro, is characterized as a shirking of the real issue of the day—and a sinking of the inspirations of genuine Democracy in the incitements of the caucus and the tap-room. Passing from this, the *Post* pays the following handsome compliment to the patriotic stand taken in the convention by Mr. J. W. TAYLOR of this city:

A series of resolutions was presented by a minority, far more pertinent to the occasion than those which were passed—bolder, nobler and juster—and which might have indicated to the majority what the nation expects of its statesmen at this crisis. These resolutions, introduced by Mr. James W. Taylor, of Minnesota, proclaimed "the total divorce of the party of Jackson and Jefferson from all association or sympathy with slavery;" they endorsed the proclamation as valid and effective law, they urged that the remnant of slavery in the border states should be instantly removed by acts of local emancipation; they argued that the reorganization of the rebel states is a lawful subject of congressional legislation; they propose the allotment of the sea islands and Florida to the permanent voluntary occupation of the African; they desire to see our national domain appropriated to the citizen-soldiers who may wish to remove to the West, and look to the recovery of a mere revenue tariff after the war, and the return of a currency of gold and silver.

This was confronting, in a manly way, the actual issues of the hour, and, though they involve questions which are not sufficiently clear to be adopted as settled political maxims they suggest the subjects of discussion. They say to the democratic party and to the people that the time has come for recasting our political formulas in other moulds than those of mere party expediency. We must return to the grand and noble ideas of human rights, which are the distinctive and constituent ideas of our national existence. Ours is a democratic nation, and the party which bears the name should represent, exclusively and preeminently, the principles which entitle us to the designation.

CANDIDATES FOR THE SPEAKERSHIP.

The Minneapolis *Atlas*, in summing up the results of the election in the Fourth Senatorial District, says of Hon. Jared Benson, whose personal popularlty in the District is attested by the overwhelming vote he received:

The people of his district acted wisely and judiciously in again sending Mr. Benson to represent their interests in the popular branch of the Legislature; and we believe it will be an equally wise and judicious move for the members of that body to elevate him to the Speakership of the House. In that capacity, too, Mr. Benson has been tried and not found wanting. During two sessions of the Legislature, he has presided over the deliberations of that body with ability and credit. Thoroughly understanding the rules that govern legislative bodies, he decides quickly, acts promptly, and dispatches business with an ease and facility that breeds no confusion, but always maintains the order and dignity of the House.

So far as we have learned, Mr. Benson's only opponents for the position, are Mr. Youmans, of Winona—a member of the last Legislature—and Mr. Kidder, of Ramsey county.

THE following commissions were issued yesterday at the Adjutant General's Office:

For the Tenth Regiment—Louis F. Babcock to be Captain, vice W. W. Phelps resigned.

M. L. Strong to be First Lieutenant, vice Babcock promoted.

First Sergeant Smith H. Stowers, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Strong promoted.

EVERYBODY recollects the Eleventh Corps, Howard's, whose unfortunate conduct at Chancellorsville lost us the day there and disgraced the corps. "It fell into such contempt," says the *Evening Post*, "after its confused flight in that battle, that soldiers of other corps would hardly associate with its members."

And the rebel generals so despised it and so confidently counted upon its inefficiency, whenever attacked in earnest, that in the great battle of Gettysburg the plan of attack on one of the wings was arranged with great reference to the position of this corps. Fortunately, the rebel troops who were sent by General Ewell against the Eleventh met, to their surprise and disgust, another enemy, and were sent reeling back with a disastrous loss.

To improve its *morale* it was sent to Tennessee, where in a series of recent engagements under Fighting Joe Hooker, it has shown the most creditable pluck and steadiness, and in Hooker's glorious "fight above the clouds" at Chattanooga, it caried away the palm of gallantry and daring.

More than the usual quantity of blasphemy issued from the Chicago pulpits on Thanksgiving Day.—*Chicago Times.*

Nebuchadnezzar thought it blasphemy that Shadrach or Daniel would not bow the knee to the idol which he had set up. Tiberius and Nero thought it blasphemy that the Christians of their day should offer prayers and praise to another God than those of the Pantheon—and it is natural that the organ of a religion which recognizes slavery as the only true Divinity and Jeff. Davis as the only true Messiah—should regard the offering of prayer and thanksgiving to the God of the Christian faith, the God of Justice and Mercy and Liberty, as pure blasphemy.

THE organization of the new cavalry regiment is progressing favorably. Between three and four hundred have already enlisted and by the middle of the month, when the members of the late Mounted Rangers have enjoyed a visit with their friends, it is thought the regiment will then fill up more rapidly.

One company from Fillmore county is now full, and accepted. It will rank as Co. A. The following officers were commissioned yesterday:

Captain—John R. Jones; *First Lieutenant*—A. R. Field. *Second Lieutenant*—Wm. L. Briley.

FRANCE AND AMERICA.

The French Emperor, in his speech at the opening of the *Corps Legislatif*, made no allusion, beyond mere mention, to the American war. Since the speech was delivered, the official statement of the situation of the empire, composed of reports sent in from the various ministerial departments, has been distributed to the members of the two chambers. In this report the following language is used in regard to this country. We quote:

"The sad provisions suggested by the exasperation of the struggle carried on during three years in the United States have been but too much realized. Blood has continued to flow, while the respective situations of the belligerents do not yet allow us to anticipate a period to this terrible crisis. In presence of such an accumulation of ruins, and such a sacrifice of life in a struggle hitherto fruitless, we have felt profound regret that the propositions which we made at London and St. Petersburg, to unite in provoking an armistice, was not accepted. Compelled to renounce that project by a double refusal, we have, however, declared that our desire to contribute to the re-establishment of peace in any form would not be the less lively and sincere.

We have given proof of this by suggesting the idea of substituting for the project of an amicable intervention of the maratime powers the expedient of direct messages between the Government of the United States and the Confederates of the South. This new attempt has not been more fortunate than the preceding. From that time we have had nothing left but to follow out the line of conduct adopted ever since the beginning of this war by the government of the Emperor. This we have striven to do with scrupulous care under all circumstances. We have remained neutral and well-disposed, although it has often been difficult for us to reconcile this part with our duty to our fellow countrymen.

"Independently of the sufferings which, in our departments, are the consequence of the American crisis, hostilities on the territory of the Union itself have occasioned considerable detriment and loss to French residents. They have often had occasion to make just complaints of the abusive proceedings of the civil and military authorities. Our countrymen must understand that their interests like those of foreigners, cannot claim an exceptional security in the midst of the tumult of arms, and that in such cases all ordinary guarantees necessarily lose something of their efficacy. Moreover, a state of war imposes inevitable fetters on the commerce of neutrals. If the progress of liberal doctrines tends to relax them it cannot wholly suppress them The Cabinet at Washington eas been able to satisfy itself that we have made, in our recapitulations, a large allowance for these difficulties. But the government of the Emperor cannot disguise its pain at seeing so many aggrieved interests, well deserving of its care, making a vain appeal for protection.

NOTICE TO TIMBER AND WOOD CONTRACTORS.

Proposals will be received at the office of the Minneapolis, Faribault and Cedar Valley Railroad Company in Minneapolis, until the

TWENTIETH OF DECEMBER, 1863,

For the furnishing of

CROSS-TIES,

To be delivered as follows, viz:

AT MINNEAPOLIS, 20,000,

AT MENDOTA, 50,000,

And at points

BETWEEN MENDOTA AND FARIBAULT, 50,000.

The Cross-Ties to be 9 feet long, hewed on two parallel sides to 8 inches face and 7 inches thick, of Oak, Norway Pine, Tamarack, Red Elm, Black Ash, Butternut or Black Walnut.

Also for the delivery of WOOD, as follows, viz:

AT MENDOTA 3,000 CORDS,

At points between MENDOTA and NORTHFIELD 3,000 CORDS,

And at points between NORTHFIELD and FARIBAULT 3,000 CORDS.

Wood to be four feet long and no small limbs will be allowed or accepted. Proposals will state the proportion of hard wood (viz: Oak, Maple, Hickory and Iron Wood,) which will be contracted for.

For information as to date of delivery, terms of payment, &c., inquire of the undersigned at the office of the Company. Satisfactory security will be required for the fulfillment of contracts.

D. C. SHEPARD,
Chief Engineer.

☞ Central Republican and Valley Herald insert two weeks. dec6-1w

New Advertisements.

[Official.]

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, MIN., Dec. 4th, 1863.

[GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 80.]

The following rules having been adopted by the Commander-in-Chief of the Military Forces of the State, concerning promotions in the several Volunteer Regimen's Independent Companies and Batteries from this State, now in the service of the United States, or hereafter to be into such service; the same are hereby published and announced for the information of all concerned:

I. From and after this day, promotions to the several grades of field and line officers will be made strictly according to seniority in the Regiment.

II. If the officers entitled to promotion by seniority in the Regiment, should be, or prove unfit, or not qualified for the position, such fact must be made known by the certificate, upon honor, of the Regimental Commander, and some other field officer, or in case no other field officer be present, then of the senior Captain present with the Regiment.

III. Promotions from the ranks will be made by Companies; and marked, or distinguished acts or services performed, or rendered in battle, shall entitle the actor or performer to the promotion; provided other qualifications are equal, or not materially inferior to other applicants; and he will be commissioned upon the recommendation of a Regimental Board of examination, certifying upon honor, that the person recommended is qualified for the position; and if such recommendation be based in part upon distinguished acts or services rendered in battle, it must be so stated in such recommendations, stating the services, and the battles in which they were rendered.

IV. Whenever a vacancy shall occur in a commissioned officer which is to be filled from the ranks of any company all non-commissioned officers and privates of such company, and all non-commissioned staff officers who may have belonged, originally, to such company, shall have the right to present themselves for examination before such Regimental Board of examination, and to offer any proper, tangible evidence of distinguished acts or services rendered in battle.

V. Such Board of Examination, whenever practicable, shall consist of our field officers and two captains, to be appointed by the Regimental Commander, and shall make report to this office as to whom, of the persons presenting themselves for examination, is the best qualified for the position, due regard being had to distinguished services rendered in battle.

VI. In all cases of promotions in Independent Companies and Batteries, the certificate of the Commanding Officer of such organization shall be sufficient, except where such Commanding Officer would be in the direct line of promotion.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General.

dec6-1t

NOW is the TIME.

We will sell at

PRICES TO ACCOMMODATE EVERYBODY

FOR THE APPROACHING

HOLIDAYS.

We now have on hand one of the

Largest Stock of Dry Goods Ever brought to the State

We have just received by

EXPRESS,

100 PIECES MAGNIFICENT

DRESS GOODS,

All the latest styles.

30 PIECES BLACK, FANCY AND PLAIN COLORED

DRESS SILKS.

100 CLOAKS,

All the lasest styles, lower than ever seen before.

500 prs. Brown Grey Blankets,

500 prs. Blue Grey Blankets,

300 prs. White Bed Blankets,

100 Fancy Carriage Blankets,

200 pcs. Heavy Denims and Stripes,

250 pcs. Cloths, Satinets and Jeans.

A large assortment of

Nubias, Hoods, Hoops, Hair Netts, Gloves, Balmorals, Hosiery, &c.,

And an extensive assortment of other goods too numerous to mention, all of which can be examined by calling at

ELFELT'S.

dec6-1w

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.

F. O. WILDER, & CO.,

Dealers in Piano-Fortes, Melodeons, Harmoniums, Cabinet Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c., &c., No. 230 Third-st., corner of St. Peter-st., St. Paul, Minnesota. Agents for the celebrated A. M. McPhail & Co.'s Star and Grand Scale Pianos, Also, the Parlor Gem,

Mr. Wilder is a Piano-Maker, and has been in the business over 20 years, and will sell nothing but first-class instruments. Every instrument will be warranted, and all Pianos sold by the firm will be kept in tune one year free of charge, if within a reasonable distance.

☞ Pianos and Melodeons tuned and repaired. Lesson given on the Piano and Melodeon.

no26-d&wly

DRS. WILLEY & HAND,

PLEASANT STREET, ST. PAUL.

OFFICE HOURS—8 to 10 A. M., and from 2 to 5 o'clock P. M. sept15-3mw

LATEST NEWS,

By Telegraph.

FOSTER PURSUING LONGSTREET.

REBEL REPORTS OF THE BOMBARDMENT OF CHARLESTON.

A Division of Lee's Army Crosses the Rapidan.

INTERESTING SOUTHERN NEWS.

Colfax to be the Union and Cox the Democratic Candidate for Speaker.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Blockade Runners—Fears for Longstreet—Fighting at Kingston—Falling Back—Bombardment of Charleston—Desertions from Price's Army—Banks' Capture—Fighting Near Ringgold—Bridges Destroyed.

FORT MONROE, Dec. 5.

The Richmond *Enquirer* has a dispatch, saying there was a splendid artillery duel all day, and that the enemy had thrown up fortifications along their front last night. They have moved more to our right. [No indication where the dispatch is from.—ED. PRESS.

The Raleigh (N. C.) *Standard*, of the 2nd, contains a dispatch, dated Charleston, 30th, stating that thirteen large steamers heavily laden ran the blockade into Wilmington on the night of the 29th.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 28.

Bragg's headquarters are at Ringgold.

Great fears are entertained for Longstreet's defeat.

Three thousand of the enemy are advancing towards Knoxville.

A fight is going on at Kingston. Last week Wheeler was ordered there.

Firing is heard at Loudon.

SECOND DISPATCH.

A train arrived at Dalton this evening bringing wounded troops. Our forces are still falling back slowly, followed by the enemy. There was firing all day yesterday.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 30.

The Yankees to-day fired 22 mortar shells at Sumter. One man killed.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 1.

The Yankees fired 13 shells at the city last night. Three buildings were struck.

The enemy recomoitered to Pocotalico carrying off 27 negroes.

SECOND DISPATCH.

The enemy fired 16 shells into the city this afternoon. Several buildings were struck and one woman severely wounded.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 2.

The enemy opened fire this afternoon on the city and threw 6 shells. A concentrated fire from our batteries caused them to cease firing.

BRISTOL, Dec. 2.

Firing at Knoxville has ceased. The surrender of Burnside is not officially confirmed.

ORANGE C. H., Dec. 2.

There has been no fighting to-day. The enemy still make a show on our front, but are believed to be falling back to re-cross the Rapidan without fighting, or they are going to Fredericksburg to winter.

MOBILE, Dec. 2.

Discouraging accounts are given of desertions in Price's army.

Banks, with 50,000 troops has captured Brownsville. He did not capture over fifty bales of cotton.

ATLANTA, December 1.

Claiborne's division engaged Osterhaus' one mile this side of Ringgold, on Friday, driving him back.

The enemy are in our front at Ringgold, and our troops are in line of battle advancing.

ATLANTA, December 2.

The enemy are entrenching themselves at Chickamauga.

There was heavy firing yesterday at Charleston, Tennessee.

The enemy burned a portion of the right end of the bridge to-day, and retreated, destroying the bridges and railroad track at Chickamauga.

The Yankees hold Cleveland, and are advancing on Charleston, Tennessee.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Cox the Democratic Candidate for Speaker—Estimates—Colfax to be the Next Speaker—The Postmastership and Clerkship—The President's Health—Arrival of Congressmen.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.

The opposition candidate for Speaker will be, without doubt, Cox—it being ascertained that Ohio decidedly prefers him to Pendleton.

The estimates for the Department of the Interior foot up $8,050,000. Of this amount the Pension office estimates about $4,000,000, and the General Land Office about $600,000. The Judiciary estimates are cut down at least $500,000. The Indian Bureau figures are also cut down considerably. The Census office does not care for any appropriation.

The Patent office has a balance of nearly $38,000 on hand.

The Agricultural Department asks for an appropriation of $150,000, and the Capitol extension, and aqueduct estimates go to complete the grand total.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.

The contest for Speakership ceases to be exciting. Colfax has it all his own way. He goes into caucus with about 85 votes pledged.

Hawkins Taylor of Iowa has the start for Doorkeeper, and D. P. Brooks, of California, the inside track for Postmaster.

The chief contest now is for Clerk. Green Adams of Kentucky, McPherson of Pennsylvania, Fessenden of Maine, and Buffington of Massachusetts are prominently mentioned.

The health of the President is still feeble. He is unable to leave his chamber, but is engaged in the completion of his message.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.

About 200 hundred members of Congress have arrived. More are arriving every train.

FROM BANKS' EXPEDITION.

Cotton Discovered—Unionism in Texas.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.

Letters from officers in Gen. Bank's army says, a large amount of cotton is discovered daily by reconnoitering parties in the interior of the State. The owners are very anxious to get it in market. Preparations are being made to remove that nearest our lines to the river for shipment.

The preponderation of the sentiment of the portion of Texas traversed by our army is represented to be Union.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

Our Pickets Driven in—Furloughs—Speculations—The Wounded—Our Loss—A Rebel Division Crosses the Rapidan.

HEAD QUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, December 14.

[*Herald Special.*]—Last night our pickets were driven in at Germania Ford by the rebel cavalry, and the long roll sounded throughout the camp. The enemy retreated across the river before any damage was done, and the army soon regained its usual quiet.

Large numbers of furloughs are being granted to officers to go home.

The weather is fine.

Speculation in regard to the question whether Meade will be retained in command of this army continues. The army is greatly divided in regard to his ability since the last campaign. Sedgewick seems to be most in favor; next to him Warren would be most acceptable.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.

[*Herald's Special.*]—None of the wounded in the recent engagement south of the Rapidan will be brought to Washington. Arrangements have been made for their treatment in Alexandria.

The loss in killed, wounded and missing is estimated at 1350

FROM CHARLESTON.

The Bombardment Continued—Southern Reports Confirmed.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 3.

The propeller City of Bath, from Charleston bar Sunday evening, arrived here last evening.

She reports no additional news, but corroborates the reports already published from Richmond journals that the bombardment is slowly but steadily progresssing.

Brilliant Cavalry Exploit.

NEWBERN, N. C., Nov. 28.

Capt. Graham, of the 1st North Carolina Union cavalry, went into the enemy's line some thirty miles with his company on the 27th inst., and surprised and captured White's entire company of guerrillas, 74 in number. They arrived in Newbern this morning. Capt. Graham is the cavalry hero of this department.

A Philadelphia Rumor.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* writes last evening as follows:

There is a rumor in circulation that Gen. Rosecrans has been assigned to the command of the army of the Potomac, but there is no truth in it as far as known at this time.

FROM EAST TENNESSEE.

Foster Driving the Enemy—Longstreet Likely to Escape.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.

Dispatch to the *Commercial:*

CUMBERLAND GAP, Dec. 4.

Foster has driven the enemy from Clinch River and is in pursuit. Our cheek yesterday, however, will secure Longstreet's retreat.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Quiet—Our Casualties 4,500—6,450 Prisoners Captured.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4.

The *Gazette's* dispatch from Chattanooga, 4th, says:

Everything is quiet along the entire line.

Our casualties in the late battle are 4,500.

The prisoners captured are 6,450 and 46 guns.

Gohlson's Successor—The Noble County Traitors.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 5.

Governor Tod has appointed Hon. Joseph R. Swan, Supreme Judge, vice Gohlson, resigned.

The case of the Noble county conspirators was decided yesterday. McFeran and Coyle were fined five thousand dollars, and stand committed till the fine is paid.

Another Radical Victory in Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, Dec. 4.

In joint session of the Legislature to-day, D. C. Curry, Radical, editor of the *State Times* of this city was elected Public Printer over D. M. Grissom, Conservative, editor of the Saint Louis *Union.*

AN INDIAN REPORT FROM THE CHEROKEE COUNTRY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.

Indian Supt. Coffin has arrived in this city bringing to the Indian Bureau an official report concerning a raid made several weeks ago into the Cherokee country by, it is supposed, a party of Quantrell's guerillas who destroyed the public buildings at Tamanlt and the property of Union citizens, including that of John Ross. The latter's son-in-law was wounded.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, December, 4, 4 P. M.

A division of Rebel troops crossed the Rapidan this afternoon, at some point above Raccoon Ford, probably on a reconnoissance.

Since this information came to camp there has been considerable cannonading heard in that direction. It is supposed the advance of the rebels has been checked by our light batteries attached to the cavalry in pursuance of General Meade's order.

Colored Troops to be Raised.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

Brigadier General Hayes has received orders from Washington to raise five colored regiments.

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED.

WHEREAS, goods of every kind are very high; and, whereas, it is to our interest, as well as that of our customers, to sell as cheap as possible; and whereas, five per cent saved is ten per cent. made. Therefore, you can save from 10 to 20 per cent. by buying your

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HATS AND CAPS,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c., &c.,

AT L. P. FOSTER'S,

Where you will find all the late and desirable styles (for winter) of the very best goods, and where you will be allowed five per cent. off on all cash purchases over five dollars.

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BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

McCLELLAN CAPS,
McCLELLAN CAPS,
McCLELLAN CAPS,

CAVALRY BOOTS,
CAVALRY BOOTS,
CAVALRY BOOTS,

GLOVES, MITTS, GAUNTLETS,
GLOVES, MITTS, GAUNTLETS,
GLOVES, MITTS, GAUNTLETS,

SHIRTS, COLLARS, DRAWERS,
SHIRTS, COLLARS, DRAWERS,
SHIRTS, COLLARS, DRAWERS,

MOCCASINS, SOCKS, OVERSHOES,
MOCCASINS, SOCKS, OVERSHOES.
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From 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than anywhere else, and five per cent. off.

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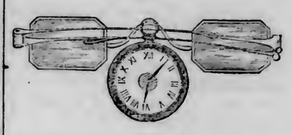

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Solid Silver Table and Tea KNIVES,

TABLE FORKS, DESERT FORKS,

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SARDINE FORKS,

CHEESE FORKS,

PIE KNIVES,
CAKE KNIVES,
BUTTER KNIVES,
CHEESE KNIVES,
SOUP LADLES,
SUGAR SPOONS,
SUGAR SIFTERS,

12 doz. Silver Napkin Rings,

JELLY SPOONS,
BERRY SPOONS,
OYSTER LADLES,
MUSTARD SPOONS,
SALT SPOONS,
ICE CREAM SPOONS,

EGG SPOONS, GOLD LINED,

PRESERVE SPOONS,
SILVER CUP AND GOBLETS,
TEA STRAINERS,
TOBACCO BOXES,
CARD CASES,
SPECTACLE CASES,
PORTE MONNIES,
SILVER SPECTACLES,
SALT CELLARS,
FRUIT KNIVES,

Child's Knives, Forks & Spoons,

ALL PURE SILVER,

At Greenleaf's.

A large assortment of

SILVER PLATED WARE,

At Greenleaf's.

THE AMERICAN WATCHES,

A large lot, in Gold and Silver cases, adjusted to heat and cold. Warranted good Timekeepers. Sold cheap at

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Everything to be found in a first class Jewelry Store, can be found at GREENLEAF'S.

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WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.60; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

A Man Without a Country.

The *Atlantic Monthly* for December opens with a patriotic sketch with the above title, so admirably written and conveying a moral so timely that it cannot be too widely read.

The opening paragraph of the article is as follows:

I suppose that very few casual readers of the New York *Herald* of August 13th observed, in an obscure corner, among the "Deaths," the announcement,

"NOLAN. Died on board U. S. Corvette Levant, lat. 2 deg. 11 min., S., long. 131 deg. W., on the 11th of May, Philip Nolan."

The writer, Edward Hall, then proceeds to give the history of this Philip Nolan (no land?) who he says was a lieutenant in the Western division of the United States army at the beginning of the century. Nolan was young and impressible and was drawn into the Burr conspiracy by the personal fascination of its leader. Court-martialed for this offense, and asked to show evidence that he had always been faithful to the United States, he replied in a burst of boyish passion, "D—n the United States! I wish I may never hear of the United States again!" The court sentenced him to realize his wish. He was sent on board the ship of a naval commander, with instructions that he should be supplied with the quarters, rations and clothing befitting his rank, but that no one should ever mention the United States in his presence, and no book or paper should ever be allowed to reach him which alluded to the land he had abjured. Moreover, he was never again to be allowed to touch its shores, being transferred from a homeward to an outward bound vessel, whenever the exigencies of the service required the change. The result of this treatment was an assumed indifference and recklessness, which ultimately gave place to a deadly homesick humiliation, such as few sensitive natures have ever been called upon to bear. In the incidents of his life-long cruise, this feeling was occasionally brought into unmistakable prominence and power. Mr. Hale describes him as attempting to read to a circle of brother officers, (if the world's foundling could be said to have brothers,) the stirring lines of Scott's "Lay of the Last Minstrel," then new to all the listeners, yet presumed from its subject to contain no objectionable allusion." We give the result in the words of Mr. Hale:

"Poor Nolan read steadily through the fifth canto, stopped a minute and drank something, and then began, without a thought of what was coming,—

'Breathes there a man, with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,'—

It seems impossible to us that anybody ever heard this for the first time; but all these fellows did then, and poor Nolan himself went on, still unconsciously or mechanically,—

'This is my own, my native land!'

Then they all saw something was to pay; but he expected to get through, I suppose, turned a little pale, but plunged on,—

'Whose heart hath ne'er within him burned,
As home his footsteps he hath turned
From wandering on a foreign strand?
If such there breathe, go, mark him well.'

By this time the men were all beside themselves, wishing there was any way to make him turn over two pages; but he had not quite presence of mind for that; he gagged a little, colored crimson, and staggered on,—

For him no minstrel raptures swell;
High though his titles, proud his name,
Boundless his wealth as wish can claim,
Despite these titles, power and pelf,
The wretch, concentred all in self,—

and here the poor fellow choked, could not go on, but started up, swung the book into the sea, and vanished into his state-room.

The thorough change of feeling from the thoughtlessness of youth to the repentant loyalty of manhood is well brought out in the remainder of the story, which loses nothing of its pathetic beauty from the shrewd hint of the writer that probably they may say at the navy department that there never was such a person. The idea is a striking one and developed with ability and effect; and then, as the pseudonymous Frederick Ingaham admits—"It will not be the first thing in the service of which the department appears to know nothing!"

This interesting narrative concludes as follows:

Since writing this, and while considering whether or no I would print it, as a warning to the young Nolans and Vallandighams and Tatnalls of to-day of what it is to throw away a country, I have received from Danforth, who was on board the Levant, a letter which gives an account of Nolan's last hours. It removes all my doubts about telling this story.

To understand the first words of the letter, the non-professional reader should remember that after 1817 the position of every officer who had Nolan in charge was one of the greatest delicacy. The Government had failed to renew the order of 1807 regarding him. What was a man to do? Should he let him go? What, then, if he were called to account by the Department for violating the order of 1807? should he keep him? What then, if Nolan should be liberated some day, and should bring an action for false imprisonment or kidnapping against every man who had him in charge? I urged and pressed this upon Southard, and I have reason to think that other officers did the same thing. But the Secretary always said, as they so often do at Washington, that there was no special orders to give, and that we must act on our own judgment. That means, "If you succeed you will be sustained; if you fail you will be disavowed." Well, as Danforth says, all that is over now, though I do not know but I expose myself to a criminal prosecution on the evidence of the very revelation I am making.

Here is the letter:

"LEVANT, 2 dig. 2 min. S. @ 131 deg. W.

"DEAR FRED: I try to find heart and life to tell you that it is all over with dear old Nolan. I have been with him on this voyage more than I ever was, and I can understand wholly now the way in which you used to speak of the dear old fellow. I could see that he was not strong, but I had no idea the end was so near. The doctor had been watching him very carefully, and yesterday morning came to me and told me that Nolan was not so well, and had not left his stateroom,—a thing I never remember before. He had let the doctor come and see him as he lay there—the first time the doctor had been in the state-room—and he said he should like to see me. Oh, dear! do you remember the mysteries we boys used to invent about his room in the old Intrepid days? Well, I went in, and there, to be sure, the poor fellow lay in his berth, smiling pleasantly as he gave me his hand, but looking very well. I could not help a glance round, which showed me what a little shrine he had made of the box he was laying in. The stars and stripes were triced up above and around a picture of Washington, and he had painted a majestic eagle, with lightnings blazing from his beak and his foot just clasping the whole globe, which his wings overshadowed. The dear old boy saw my glance, and said, with a sad smile, 'Here, you see, I have a country!' And then he pointed to the foot of his bed, where I had not seen before a great map of the United States, as he had drawn it from memory, and which he had there to look upon as he lay. Quaint, queer old names were on it, in large letters: 'Indiana Territory,' 'Mississippi Territory,' and 'Louisiana Territory,' as I suppose our fathers learned such things; but the old fellow had patched in Texas, too; [illegible] his western boundary all the way to the Pacific, but on that shore he had defined nothing.

"Oh, Danforth, he said, "I know I am dying. I cannot get home. Surely you will tell me something now? Stop! stop! Do not speak until I tell you what I am sure you know, that there is not in this ship, that there is not in America—God bless her!—a more loyal man than I. There cannot be a man who loves the old flag as I do, or prays for it as I do, or hopes for it as I do. There are thirty-four stars in it now, Danforth. I thank God for that, though I do not know what their names are. There has never been one taken away; I thank God for that. I know by that there has never been any successful Burr. Oh, Danforth, Danforth,' he sighed out, 'how like a wretched night's dream a boy's idea of personal fame or separate sovereignty seems, when one looks back upon it after such a life as mine! But tell me—tell me something—tell me everything, Danforth, before I die!"

"Ingham, I swear to you that I felt like a monster that I had not told him everything before. Danger or no danger, delicacy or no delicacy, who was I that I should have been acting the tyrant all this time over this dear, sainted old man, who had years ago expiated, in his whole manhood's life, the madness of a boy's treason? 'Mr. Nolan,' said I, 'I will tell you everything you ask about. Only where shall I begin?'

"Oh, the blessed smile that crept over his white face! and he pressed my hand and said, 'God bless you! Tell me their names,' he said, and he pointed to the stars on the flag. 'The last I know is Ohio. My father lived in Kentucky. But I have guessed Michigan and Indiana and Mississippi—that is where Fort Adams is—they make twenty. But where are your other fourteen? You have not cut up any of the old ones, I hope?'

"Well, that was not a bad text, and I told him the names, in as good order as I could, and he bade me take down his beautiful map and draw them in as best I could with my pencil. He was wild with delight about Texas, told me how his brother died there; he had marked a gold cross where he supposed his brother's grave was; and he had guessed at Texas. Then he was delighted as he saw California and Oregon;—that, he said, he had expected, partly because he had never been permitted to land on that shore, though the ships were there so much. 'And the men,' said he, laughing, 'brought off a good deal besides furs.' Then he went back—heavens, how far!—to ask about the Chesapeake, and what was done to Barron for surrendering her to Leopard, and whether Burr ever tried again—and he ground his teeth with the only passion he showed. But in a moment that was over, and he said, 'God forgive me, for I am sure I forgive him.' Then he asked about the old war,—told me the true story of his serving the gun the day we took Java,—asked about dear old David Porter, as he called him. Then he settled down more quietly, and very happily, to hear me tell in an hour the history of fifty years.

"How I wished it had been somebody who knew something! But I did as well as I could. I told him of the English war. I told him about Fulton and the steamboat beginning. I told him about old Scott, and Jackson; I told him all I could think about the Mississippi, and New Orleans and Texas, and his own old Kentucky. And do you think he asked who was in command of the "Legion of the West." I told him it was a very gallant officer, named Grant, and that, by our last news he was about to establish his head quarters at Vicksburg. Then, 'Where was Vicksburg?' I worked that out on the map; it was about a hundred miles, more or less, above his old Fort Adams; and I thought Fort Adams must be a ruin now. 'It must be at old Vic's plantation,' said he; 'well, that is a change!'

'I tell you, Ingham, It was a hard thing to condense the history of half a century into that talk with a sick man. And I do not now what I told him,—of emigration, and the means of it,—of steamboats and railroads and telegraphs,—of inventions and books and literature,—of the colleges and West Point and the Naval School,—but with the queerest interruptions that ever you heard. You see it was Robinson Crusoe asking all the accumulated questions of fifty-six years.

"I remember he asked all of a sudden, who was President now; and when I told him, he asked if Old Abe was General Benjamin Lincoln's son. He said he met old General Lincoln when he was quite a boy himself, at some Indian treaty. I said no, that Old Abe was a Kentuckian like himself, but I could not tell him of what family; he had worked up from the ranks; 'Good for him!' cried Nolan; 'I am glad of that. As I have brooded and wondered, I have thought that our danger was in keeping up those regular successions in the high families.' Then I got talking about my visit to Washington. I told him of meeting the Oregon Congressman, Harding; I told him about the Smithsonian and the Exploring Expedition; I told him about the Capitol—and the statues for the pediment—and Crawford's Liberty—and Greenough's Washington; Ingaham, I told him everything I could think of that would show the grandeur of his country, and its prosperity; but I could not make up my mouth to tell him a word about the infernal rebellion.

"And he drank it in, and enjoyed it as I cannot tell you. He grew more and more silent, yet I never thought he was tired and faint. I gave him a glass of water, but he just wet his lips, and told me not to go away. Then he asked me to bring the Presbyterian Book of Public Prayer, which lay there, and said, with a smile, that it opened at the right place,—and so it did. There was his double red mark down the page; and I knelt down and read, and he repeated with me,—'For ourselves, and our Country, O, gracious God, we thank Thee, that notwithstanding our manifold transgressions of thy Holy laws, Thou hast continued to us Thy marvellous mildness,'—and so to the end of that thanksgiving. Then he turned to the end of the same book, and I read the words more familiar to me,—'Most heartily we beseech Thee with Thy favor to behold and bless Thy servant, the President of the United States, and all others in authority,'—and the rest of the Episcopal collect. 'Danforth,' said he, 'I have repeated those prayers night and morning, it is now fifty-five years.' And then he said he would go to sleep. He bent me down over him and kissed me, and he said, 'Look in my Bible Danforth when I am gone.' And I went away.

"But I had not thought that it was the end. I thought he was tired and would sleep. I knew he was happy, and I wanted him to be alone.

"But in an hour, when the doctor went in gently, he found Nolan had breathed his life away with a smile. He had something pressed close to his lips. It was his father's badge of the order of Cincinnati.

"We looked in his Bible, and there was a slip of paper, at the place where he had marked the text,—

"'They desire a country, even a heavenly; wherefore God is not ashamed to be called their God; for he hath prepared for them a city.'"

"On this slip of paper he had written,—

"Bury me in the sea; it has been my home, and I love it. But will not some one set up a stone for my memory at Fort Adams or at Orleans, that my disgrace may not be more than I ought to bear. Say on it,—

"'In Memory of
"PHILIP NOLAN,
"'Lieutenant in the Army of the United States.

"'He loved his country as no other man has loved her; but no man deserved less at her hands.'"

—Joseph J. Ennis, a 1st Lieutenant in the 71st Ohio, forged an order detailing himself to go from Louisiana to Cincinnati, where he remained 7 months. The Court Martial sentenced him to be reduced to the ranks. This is the first time this punishment has been used.

Quartermaster-General Meigs' Description of the Battle of Chickamauga.

Splendid Manœuvering on the Field.

Hooker's Fight Above the Clouds.

Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

HEADQUARTERS, CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 26, 1863.—*Sir:* On the 23d inst., at half-past eleven A. M., General Grant ordered a demonstration against Missionary Ridge, to develop the force holding it. The troops marched out, formed in order, and advanced in line of battle as if on parade.

The rebels watched the formation and movement from their picket lines, and rifle-pits, and from the summits of Missionary Ridge, five hundred feet above us, and thought it was a review and drill, so openly and deliberately, so regular, was it done.

The line advanced, preceded by skirmishers, and at two o'clock p. m. reached our picket lines, and opened a rattling volley upon the rebel pickets, who replied and ran into their advanced line of rifle pits. After them went our skirmishers and into them, along the center of the line of 25,000 troops which General Thomas had so quietly displayed, until we opened fire. Prisoners assert that they thought that the whole thing was a review and grand drill, and that it was too late to send to their camps for reinforcements, and that they were overwhelmed by force of numbers. *It was a surprise in open daylight.*

At three p. m., the important advanced position of Orchard Knob and the lines right and left were in our possession, and arrangements were ordered for holding them during the night. The next day at daylight General Thomas had 5,000 men across the Tennessee and established on its south bank, and commenced the construction of a pontoon bridge six miles above Chattanooga.

The rebel steamer Dunbar was repaired at the right moment, and rendered effective aid in this crossing, carrying over six thousand men.

By nightfall General Thomas had seized the extremity of Missionary Ridge nearest the river, and was intrenching himself. General Howard, with a brigade, opened communication with him from Chattanooga on the south side of the river. Skirmishing and cannonading continued all day on the left and centre. General Hooker scaled the slopes of Lookout Mountain, and from the valley of Lookout Creek drove the rebels around the point. He captured some 2,000 prisoners, and established himself high up the mountain side, in full view of Chattanooga. They had run only to Kelley's Ferry, whence ten miles of hauling over mountain roads and twice across the Tennessee on pontoon bridges brought us our supplies.

All night the post of Missionary Ridge on the extreme left and the side of Lookout Mountain on the extreme right blazed with the camp fires of the loyal troops.

The day had been one of dense mist and rain, and *much of Gen. Hooker's battle was fought above the clouds*, which concealed him from our view, but from which his musketry was heard.

At nightfall the sky cleared and the full moon—"the traitor's doom"—shone upon the beautiful scene, until 1 A. M., when twinkling sparks from the mountain side showed that picket skirmishing was going on. Then it ceased. A brigade sent from Chattanooga crossed the Chattanooga creek and opened communication with Hooker.

Gen. Grant's headquarters during the afternoon of the 23d and the day of the 24th were in Wood's redoubt, except when in the course of the day he rode along the advanced line, visiting the headquarters of the several commanders, in Chattanooga valley.

At daylight on the morning of the 25th the Stars and Stripes were descried on the peak of Lookout. The rebels had evacuated the mountain.

Hooker moved to descend the mountain, striking Missionary Ridge at the Rossville Gap, to sweep both sides and its summit.

The rebel troops were seen, as soon as it was light enough, streaming regiments and brigades along the narrow summit of Missionary Ridge, either concentrating on the right to overwhelm Sherman, or marching for the railroad to raise the siege.

They had evacuated the valley of Chattanooga. Would they abandon that of Chickamauga?

The twenty-pounders and four-and-a-quarter inch rifles of Wood's redoubt opened on Missionary Ridge. Orchard Knob sent its compliments to the ridge, which, with rifled Parrotts, answered, and the cannonade, thus commenced, continued all day. Shot and shell screamed from Orchard Knob to Missionary Ridge, and from Missionary Ridge to Orchard Knob, and from Wood's redoubt, over the heads of Generals Grant and Thomas and their staffs, who were with us in this favorable position, from whence the whole battle could be seen as in an amphitheatre. The headquarters were under fire all day long.

Cannonading and musketry were heard from General Sherman, and General Howard marched the Eleventh corps to join him.

General Thomas sent out skirmishers, who drove in the rebel pickets and chased them into their intrenchments, and at the foot of Missionary Ridge, Sherman made an assault against Bragg's right, intrenched on a high knob next to that on which Sherman himself lay fortified. The assault was gallantly made.

Sherman reached the edge of the crest, and held his ground for (it seemed to me) an hour, but was bloodily repulsed by reserves.

A general advance was ordered, and a strong line of skirmishers followed by a deployed line of battle some two miles in length. At the signal of leaden shots from headquarters on Orchard Knob the line moved rapidly and orderly forward. The rebel pickets discharged their muskets and ran into the rifle-pits. Our skirmishers followed on their heels.

The line of battle was not far behind, and we saw the gray rebels swarm out of the ledge line of rifle pits and over the base of the hill in numbers which surprised us. A few turned and fired their pieces; but the greater number collected into the many roads which cross obliquely up its steep face, and went on to the top.

Some regiments pressed on and swarmed up the steep sides of the ridge, and here and there a color was advanced beyond the lines. The attempt appeared most dangerous; but the advance was supported, and the whole line was ordered to storm the heights, upon which not less than forty pieces of artillery, and no one knew how many muskets, stood ready to slaughter the assailants. With cheers answering to cheers the men swarmed upwards. They gathered to the points least difficult of ascent, and the line was broken. Color after color was planted on the summit, while musket and cannon vomited their thunder upon them.

A well directed shot from Orchard Knob exploded a rebel caisson on the summit, and the gun was seen being speedily taken to the right, its driver lashing his horses. A party of our soldiers intercepted them, and the gun was captured with cheers.

A fierce musketry fight broke out to the left, where, between Thomas and Sherman, a mile or two of the ridge was still occupied by the rebels.

Bragg left the house in which he had held his headquarters and rode to the rear as our troops crowded the hill on either side of him.

Gen Grant proceeded to the summit, and then only did we know its height.

Some of the captured artillery was put into position. Artillerists were sent for to work the guns and caissons were searched for ammunition.

The rebel log breastworks were torn to pieces and carried to the other side of the ridge and used in forming barricades across.

A strong line of infantry was formed in the rear of Baird's line, and a secure lodgment was soon effected.

The other assault to the right of our centre gained the summit, and the rebels threw their arms down and fled.

Hooker, coming into favorable position, swept the right of the ridge and captured many prisoners.

Bragg's remaining troops left early in the night, and *the battle of Chattanooga, after days of maneuvering and fighting was won. The strength of the rebellion in the centre was broken. Burnside is relieved from danger in East Tennessee. Kentucky and Tennesse are rescued. Georgia and the Southeast are threatened in the rear, and another victory is added to the chapter of "Unconditional Surrender Grant."*

To night the estimate of captures is several thousand prisoners and thirty pieces of artillery.

Our loss for so great a victory is not severe. Bragg is firing the railroad as he retreats towards Dalton. Sherman is in hot pursuit.

To-day I viewed the battle-field, which extends for six miles along Missionary Ridge and for several miles on Lookout Mountain.

Probably not so well directed, so well ordered a battle has taken place during the war. But one assault was repulsed; but that assault, by calling to that point the rebel reserves, prevented them repulsing any of the others.

A few days since Bragg sent to Gen. Grant a flag of truce advising him that it would be prudent to remove any non-combatants who might be still in Chattanooga. No reply has been returned; but the combatants having removed from this vicinity, it is probable that non-combatants can remain without imprudence.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster General.

Wendell Phillips on the Next Presidency.

Mr. Phillips gave a lecture recently in Boston, from which we take the following extract:

I ask nothing further from Lincoln in the way of policy, only action. He has taken the first great step by issuing the proclamation, and if he believed in January last, as he told me, that it was a great mistake, he has changed his mind since then. The man who had the heart to issue that proclamation, and to stand by it, ought to remain in power at least six years longer.

Still, Abraham Lincoln was not my first choice. If we could have had Fremont—[applause]—a master and not a servant—a man already intelligent in the point most needful, and not one whose education was to be conducted at an expense of $25,000 a year in the Presidential chair—we should have made better progress. The Secretary of the Treasury had been spoken of in this relation, but his life has not given the assurance of such sound principles as to warrant the people in trusting him at this crisis. The Governor who sacrificed Margaret Garner has no heart. The Secretary who, when fourteen States opposed Seward, flung himself forward in his defense, has no principle. The great trouble with Seward is that he ignores the revolution that is now shaking the nation. We must demand of the Government civil action as well as military, and action sufficiently energetic for the crisis.

There, however, is not where our danger lies. When Mr. Lincoln was asked to provide for the safety of the officers of colored regiments, he said, "Don't ask me to speak a word until after the Ohio election." It is not in Southern bullets, but in Northern opinion, that the real danger lies. When Seward in his last public address said, Slavery is no business of mine—he showed the great danger against which we must provide—a spirit of compromise in the hearts of the people. Seward every year assures the world that there is no barrier to the return of the rebel States whenever they please. Members of the Cabinet are now organizing a scheme to restore Florida as a slave State to the Union. In this state of things it is the duty of the masses to interpose and save the country by some more thorough and speedy method.

I would have Congress now intimate measures for an amendment of the Constitution to this effect Slavery shall henceforth have no place in any State within this Union. When this is done, let the States come back as soon as they please. The Government should have but one object—the establishment of permanent peace in the Union. To this end Lincoln has emancipated three millions of slaves. For the more effective accomplishment of the same end, Congress should abolish all Slavery.

Individuals have the right of self-defense when their lives are assailed. Individual nations also have the same right when their existence is assailed. Our first point is to save the life of the nation. There is no security, for the present distress or against future contingencies, but in radical, thorough measures. Give us the solid granite of justice on which to found the future of the Union.

There is no probability of a decisive and thorough action from government before next summer, unless the people demand it. The people should demand it. The great obstacle is the Secretary of State. The people should squelch him, unless they can remove him.

The close of every civil war yet has been a bargain, a compromise. Ours is to come, and we must be on our guard against it. One thing we can accomplish if we are faithful—never to let a slaveholder return to the occupancy of one of the vacant Senatorial chairs. Now, before the Presidential contest commences, let Massachusetts consult with the West, and insist that a constitutional extinction of Slavery shall precede any reconstruction.

We must support the Government in what it has done, and stimulate it in what remains to do. Seward has been the Marplot of every policy, the unbelieving Judas, the rock ahead of the ship of state, the nucleus around which gather the disloyalty, timidity, selfishness, baseness of the nation. Let us complete the civil revolution. Let us put down the faithless Secretary and hold up the faithful President.

—The exchange of prisoners has entirely ceased, because the rebels refuse to accord to ours who fall into their hands in all cases the usages of civilized warfare. They have also acted with perfidy in many cases, in relation to their men paroled by us. One of the principal causes of the stoppage of the exchange however, is their treatment of colored prisoners of ours, whom they have used with the barbarity of heathen times—selling them into slavery and otherwise maltreating them. This, of course, has had its effect in stopping the recruitment of colored men, a very important matter in the present stage of the war. Failing in his attempts to have colored prisoners exchanged on fair terms, and to have them treated as human beings, *Mr. Lincoln himself has peremptorily ordered that no further exchanges should be made till this and other matters were settled on a fair basis.* The President is determined that every man, black or white, who takes up arms for the flag, shall be treated in all respects as such.

—Negroes are being drafted in large numbers in Baltimore. The hotels are almost stripped of waiters.

—Fort Porter, at Buffalo, was burned on Tuesday night. Nothing but the stone walls are standing. It was situated outside of the city limits. The fort was locked up as usual; no one was inside, nor had there been any fire within. The fire seemed to have originated in the room used for storing soldiers' clothing. About $1,000 worth of this was in at the time, and all but one bale was consumed. A box containing about 1,000 rounds of ammunition—all that was outside of the magazine—was also got out. The origin of the fire is not known.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,

SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA,
ST. PAUL, Dec. 3d, 1863.

In pursuance of orders received from the Provost Marshal General, the names of those persons enrolled in the various Sub-Districts, under the provisions of the "Act for enrolling and calling out the National Forces," &c., approved March 3d, 1863, are published and posted for the following purposes, viz:

I. That any person enrolled may appear before the Board and claim to have his name stricken off the list, if he can show to the satisfaction of the Board that he is not and will not be at the time fixed for the next draft, liable to military duty on account of—1st. Alienage; 2d. Non-Residence; 3d. Unsuitableness of age; 4th. Manifest permanent physical disability.

II. Persons who may be cognizant of any other persons liable to military duty, whose names do not appear on the enrollment lists, are requested to notify the Board of Enrollment, writing plainly the name, residence (town and county), age, occupation, and nativity, so far as they may know, of those they desire to be enrolled.

III. The Board of Enrollment will hear cases as provided in paragraph I, until the 20th December, 1863, after which no cases will be heard.

GEORGE H. KEITH,
Capt. and Provost Marshal,
dec4 10td&1tw 2d Dist., Min.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
SAINT PAUL, MIN., December 3d, 1863.

The sale of Government Stock at Fort Snelling, which was postponed yesterday, will begin to-morrow, at 10 o'clock, A. M., without fail, and continue until the whole is sold.

E. B. CARLING,
Captain and Acting Quartermaster,
dec4-3t Chief Quartermaster, Min. Dist.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON,
STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA,
th no19-t sept 2 '64 St. Paul.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

E. F. WARNER, Agent.

O. CURTIS, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.—Persons wishing either Fire or Life Insurance, will receive prompt attention by calling on him at his office in Thompson's Block, on Third street, or at the Prairie du Chien Railroad Office on the Levee. He has secured the services of A. L. WHITNEY, of St. Anthony, in both branches of the above business,—a very reliable, efficient business man.

sept17 O. CURTIS.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, FREE FROM TAN, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers." For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey, and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish Price 50 cents. For sale by

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, and
sept19-cowly N. H. HEMIUP, St. Anthony.

S—T—1860—X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, N. Y. aus-eowly

HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
IT IS NOT A DYE,

But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty,

promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.

au8-eow d tw&w 1y.

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This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

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General Agents,
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[Communicated.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!!—A CARD.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption,—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings County,
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Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AT THE STORE OF
W. H. TEMPLE,
THIRD ABOVE MINNESOTA ST.

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FINE BEAVER.......................$14, $18 and $25.
BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERE AND CLOTH.......................$14 to $20.
PETERSHAM, PILOT & SATINET...$8 to $18.

Business Coats, Frocks & Sacks

A large assortment, $6 to $20.

Pantaloons for the Million.

From a coarse Satinet to a fine Doeskin, all new goods, and made up in style.

VESTS.

Black Doeskin, Cloth, Figured Cassimere, Silk and Silk Velvet, of different grades.

Shirts and Drawers,

Winter Caps, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties,
FINE WHITE AND FANCY WOOL SHIRTS.

We have now in store one of the largest stocks of Clothing in the State Our goods have been bought so that we can give bargains. Those in want of any article in our line would do well to give us a call.

my30-tf W. H. TEMPLE.

500 VOLUNTEERS WANTED
For the 5th Regiment Minnesota Infantry Volunteers.

$402 Bounty will be paid to veterans.
$302 to new recruits, rations, clothing, and $13 per month.

Apply to Lieut. Col. WILLIAM B. GERE, at recruiting rendezvous, McKubin's block, Third street, St. Paul; Capt. F. A. RICE, Faribault, or Capt. T. J. SHEEHAN, Albert Lea, Recruiting Officers. no28-jan5

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE.

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
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MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,

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Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
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Orders for United States Land Warrants, Stat Warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Proclamation of the Governor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SAINT PAUL, Nov. 21, 1863.

To aid our soldiers in the field, and to hasten the termination of civil war, the President of the United States has by Proclamation of the 17th October ult., called for 300,000 volunteers to serve for a term not exceeding three years.

Under this call Minnesota will be required to furnish for its quota at least three thousand men.

The Proclamation of the President assures us, that, if this quota is not raised before the 5th day of January next, "the draft shall commence" on that day.

In addition to this, we owe under the late call for 20 per cent. of the first class of enrolled national forces 1,207 men.

The Secretary of War has authorized us to cancel this debt by raising a Regiment of Cavalry, which it is understood shall be employed in the frontier service so long as it shall be necessary to protect us against the incursions of hostile savages.

The slow progress which has been already made in filling this regiment, imperatively necessary for the protection of lives and property on our border, gives faint hope of success in raising the number requisite to avoid a draft.

If in addition to the fact that this regiment is to be used in our own service and to provide for the security of our own families, it is necessary to offer further inducements to enlist, I recommend that the several counties and townships of the State pay such bounties as may be required to secure speedy enlistments in the Second Cavalry Regiment.

It should be a matter of State pride to fill this regiment at an early day.

The bounty offered by Government is $102 for each recruit, and the State authorities will endeavor to have it increased to $302, the amount offered to those enlisting in the old regiments.

Whether this application is successful or not, there should be no delay in supplying a force necessary for the safety and prosperity of our State, to be paid and supported by the National Government.

The present call for 300,000 men is intended especially to fill the ranks of decimated regiments now in the field.

We have in this State about 30,000 men enrolled as State Militia. If the energy and enthusiasm heretofore manifested by the people of this State still live, we can easily furnish the number required from us to end this terrible war, amounting only to one in ten of our State troops.

The bounty offered, by the Government is munificent, and sufficient to enable men in any condition of life to devote themselves to the work.

It is not probable that the war will last for two years, and $402 bounty to veterans and $302 to new recruits, besides the regular pay and rations is as much as laboring men can expect to realize in the pursuit of any ordinary branch of industry.

But there are higher motives to induce our people to respond heartily and promptly to the demands of the Government.

Peace can only come as the result of victory over the rebels in arms. We have the power, the men and munitions, to win the victory. The more readily we furnish them, the earlier will be the end of the struggle.

Our regiments now in the field have shed an immortal lustre upon our State. History furnishes no parallel to their heroic achievements, and in whatever portion of the Union a citizen of Minnesota may go, he feels himself surrounded with the glory they have won.

Now, on the very eve of final victory, the patriotic people of this State will not leave them with their thinned ranks, to fight this battle alone.

Such a war "costs treasure and blood," but its speedy and triumphant conclusion "will richly compensate for both."

An effort is being made to have each township in the State credited with the number of men it has heretofore furnished, or may furnish, for the service.

The result will be made public as soon as it is known, by this Department.

The time for action in this matter is very short, and I ask the people of Minnesota to use every influence that patriotism or money can exert, to sustain her proud position, and save her from the impending draft.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State to be affixed, at St. Paul, this 21st day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

[L. S.]

HENRY A. SWIFT.

WHOLESALE LAMP STORE,
next door to
Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

LAMPS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS, OIL,
AND ALL THE ARTICLES BELONGING TO THE TRADE,

Can be found at the Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

An exclusive Lamp and Oil Store to meet the demands of the Wholesale and Retail trade, has long been desirable in St. Paul. Country Merchants can now be supplied at Eastern prices (transportation added.) Call at the Carbon Oil and Lamp Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery House.

☞ Country Merchants are especially invited. Call and see. sept29

TO MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE!

WE ARE OFFERING AT WHOLESALE

3,000 PAIRS MOCCASINS,
1,000 PAIRS
Men's Buffalo Shoes,
000 PAIRS
WOMEN'S BUFFALO SHOES,
100 Cases Men's Boots,
Buck Mitts and Gloves,
AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
BOOTS & SHOES.

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FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags. Robert-st., first store from Third-st.

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Hardware.

J. B. BRADEN,

Has now received from the Eastern Manufacturers a full and complete assortment of

IRON,
Hardware, Nails,

Steel of all kinds, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nuts, Axes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Sleigh Shoes, Thimble Skeins, Carriage Trimmings,

Wagon and Buggy Wood,

Iron Kettles, Coal, Window Glass and Sash, and all other Goods in our line, sold Wholesale and Retail.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.
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AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

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IRON and STEEL.

HEAVY HARDWARE

ORDER
SHEET IRON,
NORWAY NAIL RODS,
BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,
Nails and Spikes,
SLEIGH SHOES,
CUTTER SHOES,
Sleigh and Cutter
RUNNERS,
Bent Cutter Stuff,
OF
HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
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DONALDSON AND
OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
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WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF
Housekeeping Articles.

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COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.
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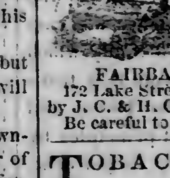

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F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.

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Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank,
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L. BEACH & CO.,
Manufacturers of superior
SOAP AND CANDLES,
Eagle-St., near Upper Levee.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
Lard, Tallow and Grease
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OLD RYE AND BOURBON
WHISKEYS,
VERY OLD AND PURE.
Old Queens Port Wine,
AND
OLD BLACKBURN MADEIRA WINE,
FOR
Medicinal Purposes,
ALSO
Hungarian and Rhine Wines,
AND CALIFORNIA WINES.

Together with a general assortment of

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J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,
Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,
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Commercial Broker,
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Will buy and sell
REAL ESTATE, AND MERCHANDISE
Of all kinds on Commission,
LOAN MONEY, MAKE COLLECTIONS, PAY TAXES, &C., &C.

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400 BARRELS GOOD WINTER APPLES. For sale by
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300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.60; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

A Man Without a Country.

The *Atlantic Monthly* for December opens with a patriotic sketch with the above title, so admirably written and conveying a moral so timely that it cannot be too widely read.

The opening paragraph of the article is as follows:

I suppose that very few casual readers of the New York *Herald* of August 13th observed, in an obscure corner, among the "Deaths," the announcement,

"NOLAN. Died on board U. S. Corvette Levant, lat. 2 deg. 11 min., S., long. 131 deg. W., on the 11th of May, Philip Nolan."

The writer, Edward Hall, then proceeds to give the history of this Philip Nolan (no land?) who he says was a lieutenant in the Western division of the United States army at the beginning of the century. Nolan was young and impressible and was drawn into the Burr conspiracy by the personal fascination of its leader. Court-martialed for this offense, and asked to show evidence that he had always been faithful to the United States, he replied in a burst of boyish passion, "D—n the United States! I wish I may never hear of the United States again!" The court sentenced him to realize his wish. He was sent on board the ship of a naval commander, with instructions that he should be supplied with the quarters, rations and clothing befitting his rank, but that no one should ever mention the United States in his presence, and no book or paper should ever be allowed to reach him which alluded to the land he had abjured. Moreover, he was never again to be allowed to touch its shores, being transferred from a homeward to an outward bound vessel, whenever the exigencies of the service required the change. The result of this treatment was an assumed indifference and recklessness, which ultimately gave place to a deadly homesick humiliation, such as few sensitive natures have ever been called upon to bear. In the incidents of his life-long cruise, this feeling was occasionally brought into unmistakable prominence and power. Mr. Hale describes him as attempting to read to a circle of brother officers, (if the world's foundling could be said to have brothers,) the stirring lines of Scott's "Lay of the Last Minstrel," then new to all the listeners, yet presumed from its subject to contain no objectionable allusion. We give the result in the words of Mr. Hale:

"Poor Nolan read steadily through the fifth canto, stopped and drank something, and then began, without a thought of what was coming,—

'Breathes there a man, with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,'—

It seems impossible to us that anybody ever heard this for the first time; but all these fellows did then, and poor Nolan himself went on, still unconsciously or mechanically,—

'This is my own, my native land!'

Then they all saw something was to pay; but he expected to get through, I suppose, turned a little pale, but plunged on,—

'Whose heart hath ne'er within him burned,
As home his footsteps he hath turned
From wandering on a foreign strand?
If such there breathe, go, mark him well.'

By this time the men were all beside themselves, wishing there was any way to make him turn over two pages; but he had not quite presence of mind for that; he gagged a little, colored crimson, and staggered on,—

'For him no minstrel raptures swell;
High though his titles, proud his name,
Boundless his wealth as wish can claim,
Despite these titles, power and pelf,
The wretch, concentred all in self,—'

and here the poor fellow choked, could not go on, but started up, swung the book into the sea, and vanished into his state-room.

The thorough change of feeling from the thoughtlessness of youth to the repentant loyalty of manhood is well brought out in the remainder of the story, which loses nothing of its pathetic beauty from the shrewd hint of the writer that probably they [illegible] the navy department that there never was such a person. The idea is a striking one and developed with ability and effect; and then, as the pseudonymous Frederick Ingaham admits—"It will not be the first thing in the service of which the department appears to know nothing!"

This interesting narrative concludes as follows:

Since writing this, and while considering whether or no I would print it, as a warning to the young Nolans and Vallandighams and Tatnalls of to-day of what it is to throw away a country, I have received from Danforth, who was on board the Levant, a letter which gives an account of Nolan's last hours. It removes all my doubts about telling this story.

To understand the first words of the letter, the non-professional reader should remember that after 1817 the position of every officer who had Nolan in charge was one of the greatest delicacy. The Government had failed to renew the order of 1807 regarding him. What was a man to do? Should he let him go? What, then, if he were called to account by the Department for violating the order of 1807? Should he keep him? What then, if Nolan should be liberated some day, and should bring an action for false imprisonment or kidnapping against every man who had him in charge? I urged and pressed this upon Southard, and I have reason to think that other officers did the same thing. But the Secretary always said, as they so often do at Washington, that there was no special orders to give, and that we must act on our own judgment. That means, "If you succeed you will be sustained; if you fail you will be disavowed." Well, as Danforth says, all that is over now, though I do not know but I expose myself to a criminal prosecution on the evidence of the very revelation I am making.

Here is the letter:

"LEVANT, 2 deg. 2 min. S. @ 131 deg. W.

"DEAR FRED: I try to find heart and life to tell you that it is all over with dear old Nolan. I have been with him on this voyage more than I ever was, and I can understand wholly now the way in which you used to speak of the dear old fellow. I could see that he was not strong, but I had no idea the end was so near. The doctor had been watching him very carefully, and yesterday morning came to me and told me that Nolan was not so well, and had not left his stateroom,—a thing I never remember before. He had let the doctor come and see him as he lay there—the first time the doctor had been in the state-room—and he said he should like to see me. Oh, dear! do you remember the mysteries we boys used to invent about his room in the old Intrepid days? Well, I went in, and there, to be sure, the poor fellow lay in his berth, smiling pleasantly as he gave me his hand, but looking very well. I could not help a glance round, which showed me what a little shrine he had made of the box he was laying in. The stars and stripes were triced up above and around a picture of Washington, and he had painted a majestic eagle, with lightnings blazing from his beak and his foot just clasping the whole globe, which his wings overshadowed. The dear old boy saw my glance, and said, with a sad smile, 'Here, you see, I have a country!' And then he pointed to the foot of his bed, where I had not seen before a great map of the United States, as he had drawn it from memory, and which he had there to look upon as he lay. Quaint, queer old names were on it, in large letters: 'Indiana Territory,' 'Mississippi Territory,' and 'Louisiana Territory,' as I suppose our fathers learned such things; but the old fellow had patched in Texas, too; [illegible] his western boundary all the way to the Pacific, but on that shore he had [illegible].

"Oh, Danforth, he said, "I know I am dying. I cannot get home. Surely you will tell me something now? Stop! stop! Do not speak until I tell you what I am sure you know, that there is not in this ship, that there is not in America—God bless her!—a more loyal man than I. There cannot be a man who loves the old flag as I do, or prays for it as I do, or hopes for it as I do. There are thirty-four stars in it now, Danforth. I thank God for that, though I do not know what their names are. There has never been one taken away; I thank God for that. I know by that there has never been any successful Burr. Oh, Danforth, Danforth,' he sighed out, 'how like a wretched night's dream a boy's idea of personal fame or separate sovereignty seems, when one looks back upon it after such a life as mine! But tell me—tell me something—tell me everything, Danforth, before I die!'

"Ingham, I swear to you that I felt like a monster that I had not told him everything before. Danger or no danger, delicacy or no delicacy, who was I that I should have been acting the tyrant all this time over this dear, sainted old man, who had years ago expiated, in his whole manhood's life, the madness of a boy's treason? 'Mr. Nolan,' said I, 'I will tell you everything you ask about. Only where shall I begin?'

"Oh, the blessed smile that crept over his white face! and he pressed my hand and said, 'God bless you! Tell me their names,' he said, and he pointed to the stars on the flag. 'The last I know is Ohio. My father lived in Kentucky. But I have guessed Michigan and Indiana and Mississippi—that is where Fort Adams is—they make twenty. But where are your other fourteen? You have not cut up any of the old ones, I hope?'

"Well, that was not a bad text, and I told him the names, in as good order as I could, and he bade me take down his beautiful map and draw them in as best I could with my pencil. He was wild with delight about Texas, told me how his brother died there; he had marked a gold cross where he supposed his brother's grave was; and he had guessed at Texas. Then he was delighted as he saw California and Oregon;—that, he said, he had expected, partly because he had never been permitted to land on that shore, though the ships were there so much. 'And the men,' said he, laughing, 'brought off a good deal besides furs.' Then he went back—heavens, how far!—to ask about the Chesapeake, and what was done to Barron for surrendering her to Leopard, and whether Burr ever tried again—and he ground his teeth with the only passion he showed. But in a moment that was over, and he said, 'God forgive me, for I am sure I forgive him.' Then he asked about the old war,—told me the true story of his serving the gun the day we took Java,—asked about dear old David Porter, as he called him. Then he settled down more quietly, and very happily, to hear me tell in an hour the history of fifty years.

"How I wished it had been somebody who knew something! But I did as well as I could. I told him of the English war. I told him about Fulton and the steamboat beginning. I told him about old Scott, and Jackson; I told him all I could think about the Mississippi, and New Orleans and Texas, and his own old Kentucky. And do you think he asked who was in command of the "Legion of the West." I told him it was a very gallant officer, named Grant, and that, by our last news he was about to establish his head quarters at Vicksburg. Then, 'Where was Vicksburg?' I worked that out on the map; it was about a hundred miles, more or less, above his old Fort Adams; and I thought Fort Adams must be a ruin now. 'It must be at old Vic's plantation,' said he; 'well, that is a change!'

"I tell you, Ingham, It was a hard thing to condense the history of half a century into that talk with a sick man. And I do not now what I told him,—of emigration, and the means of it,—of steamboats and railroads and telegraphs,—of inventions and books and literature,—of the colleges and West Point and the Naval School,—but with the queerest interruptions that ever you heard. You see it was Robinson Crusoe asking all the accumulated questions of fifty-six years.

"I remember he asked all of a sudden, who was President now; and when I told him, he asked if Old Abe was General Benjamin Lincoln's son. He said he met old General Lincoln when he was quite a boy himself, at some Indian treaty. I said no, that Old Abe was a Kentuckian like himself, but I could not tell him of what family; he had worked up from the ranks; 'Good for him!' cried Nolan; 'I am glad of that. As I have brooded and wondered, I have thought that our danger was in keeping up those regular successions in the high families.' Then I got talking about my visit to Washington. I told him of meeting the Oregon Congressman, Harding; I told him about the Smithsonian and the Exploring Expedition; I told him about the Capitol—and the statues for the pediment—and Crawford's Liberty—and Greenough's Washington; Ingaham, I told him everything I could think of that would show the grandeur of his country, and its prosperity; but I could not make up my mouth to tell him a word about the infernal rebellion.

"And he drank it in, and enjoyed it as I cannot tell you. He grew more and more silent, yet I never thought he was tired and faint. I gave him a glass of water, but he just wet his lips, and told me not to go away. Then he asked me to bring the Presbyterian Book of Public Prayer, which lay there, and said, with a smile, that it opened at the right place,—and so it did. There was his double red mark down the page; and I knelt down and read, and he repeated with me,—'For ourselves, and our Country, O, gracious God, we thank Thee, that notwithstanding our manifold transgressions of thy Holy laws, Thou hast continued to us Thy marvellous mildness,'—and so to the end of that thanksgiving. Then he turned to the end of the same book, and I read the words more familiar to me,—'Most heartily we beseech Thee with Thy favor to behold and bless Thy servant, the President of the United States, and all others in authority,'—and the rest of the Episcopal collect. 'Danforth,' said he, 'I have repeated those prayers night and morning, it is now fifty-five years.' And then he said he would go to sleep. He bent me down over him and kissed me. and he said, 'Look in my Bible Danforth when I am gone.' And I went away.

"But I had not thought that it was the end. I thought he was tired and would sleep. I knew he was happy, and I wanted him to be alone.

"But in an hour, when the doctor went in gently, he found Nolan had breathed his life away with a smile. He had something pressed close to his lips. It was his father's badge of the order of Cincinnati.

"We looked in his Bible, and there was a slip of paper, at the place where he had marked the text,—

"'They desire a country, even a heavenly; wherefore God is not ashamed to be called their God; for he hath prepared for them a city.'"

"On this slip of paper he had written,—

"Bury me in the sea; it has been my home, and I love it. But will not some one set up a stone for my memory at Fort Adams or at Orleans, that my disgrace may not be more than I ought to bear. Say on it,—

"'In Memory of

"PHILIP NOLAN,

"'Lieutenant in the Army of the United States.

"'He loved his country as no other man has loved her; but no man deserved less at her hands.'"

—Joseph J. Ennis, a 1st Lieutenant in the 71st Ohio, forged an order detailing himself to go from Louisiana to Cincinnati, where he remained 7 months. The Court Martial sentenced him to be reduced to the ranks. This is the first time this punishment has been used.

Quartermaster-General Meigs' Description of the Battle of Chickamauga.

Splendid Manoeuvering on the Field.

Hooker's Fight Above the Clouds.

Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

HEADQUARTERS, CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 26, 1863.—*Sir:* On the 23d inst., at half-past eleven A. M., General Grant ordered a demonstration against Missionary Ridge, to develop the force holding it. The troops marched out, formed in order, and advanced in line of battle as if on parade.

The rebels watched the formation and movement from their picket lines and rifle-pits, and from the summits of Missionary Ridge, five hundred feet above us, and thought it was a review and drill, so openly and deliberately, so regular, was it done.

The line advanced, preceded by skirmishers, and at two o'clock p. m. reached our picket lines, and opened a rattling volley upon the rebel pickets, who replied and ran into their advanced line of rifle pits. After them went our skirmishers and into them, along the center of the line of 25,000 troops which General Thomas had so quietly displayed, until we opened fire. Prisoners assert that they thought that the whole thing was a review and grand drill, and that it was too late to send to their camps for reinforcements, and that they were overwhelmed by force of numbers. *It was a surprise in open daylight.*

At three p. m., the important advanced position of Orchard Knob and the lines right and left were in our possession, and arrangements were ordered for holding them during the night. The next day at daylight General Thomas had 5,000 men across the Tennessee and established on its south bank, and commenced the construction of a pontoon bridge six miles above Chattanooga.

The rebel steamer Dunbar was repaired at the right moment, and rendered effective aid in this crossing, carrying over six thousand men.

By nightfall General Thomas had seized the extremity of Missionary Ridge nearest the river, and was intrenching himself. General Howard, with a brigade, opened communication with him from Chattanooga on the south side of the river. Skirmishing and cannonading continued all day on the left and centre. General Hooker scaled the slopes of Lookout Mountain, and from the valley of Lookout Creek drove the rebels around the point. He captured some 2,000 prisoners, and established himself high up the mountain side, in full view of Chattanooga. They had run only to Kelley's Ferry, whence ten miles of hauling over mountain roads and twice across the Tennessee on pontoon bridges brought us our supplies.

All night the post of Missionary Ridge on the extreme left and the side of Lookout Mountain on the extreme right blazed with the camp fires of the loyal troops.

The day had been one of dense mist and rain, and *much of Gen. Hooker's battle was fought above the clouds*, which concealed him from our view, but from which his musketry was heard.

At nightfall the sky cleared and the full moon—"the traitor's doom"—shone upon the beautiful scene, until 1 A. M., when twinkling sparks from the mountain side showed that picket skirmishing was going on. Then it ceased. A brigade sent from Chattanooga crossed the Chattanooga creek and opened communication with Hooker.

Gen. Grant's headquarters during the afternoon of the 23d and the day of the 24th were in Wood's redoubt, except when in the course of the day he rode along the advanced line, visiting the headquarters of the several commanders, in Chattanooga valley.

At daylight on the morning of the 25th the Stars and Stripes were descried on the peak of Lookout. The rebels had evacuated the mountain.

Hooker moved to descend the mountain, striking Missionary Ridge at the Rossville Gap, to sweep both sides and its summit.

The rebel troops were seen, as soon as it was light enough, streaming regiments and brigades along the narrow summit of Missionary Ridge, either concentrating on the right to overwhelm Sherman, or marching for the railroad to raise the siege.

They had evacuated the valley of Chattanooga. Would they abandon that of Chickamauga?

The twenty-pounders and four-and-a-quarter inch rifles of Wood's redoubt opened on Missionary Ridge. Orchard Knob sent its compliments to the ridge, which, with rifled Parrotts, answered, and the cannonade, thus commenced, continued all day. Shot and shell screamed from Orchard Knob to Missionary Ridge, and from Missionary Ridge to Orchard Knob, and from Wood's redoubt, over the heads of Generals Grant and Thomas and their staffs, who were with us in this favorable position, from whence the whole battle could be seen as in an amphitheatre. The headquarters were under fire all day long.

Cannonading and musketry were heard from General Sherman, and General Howard marched the Eleventh corps to join him.

General Thomas sent out skirmishers, who drove in the rebel pickets and chased them into their intrenchments, and at the foot of Missionary Ridge, Sherman made an assault against Bragg's right, intrenched on a high knob next to that on which Sherman himself lay fortified. The assault was gallantly made.

Sherman reached the edge of the crest, and held his ground for (it seemed to me) an hour, but was bloodily repulsed by reserves.

A general advance was ordered, and a strong line of skirmishers followed by a deployed line of battle some two miles in length. At the signal of leaden shots from headquarters on Orchard Knob the line moved rapidly and orderly forward. The rebel pickets discharged their muskets and ran into the rifle-pits. Our skirmishers followed on their heels.

The line of battle was not far behind, and we saw the gray rebels swarm out of the ledge line of rifle pits and over the base of the hill in numbers which surprised us. A few turned and fired their pieces; but the greater number collected into the many roads which cross obliquely up its steep face, and went on to the top.

Some regiments pressed on and swarmed up the steep sides of the ridge, and here and there a color was advanced beyond the lines. The attempt appeared most dangerous; but the advance was supported, and the whole line was ordered to storm the heights, upon which not less than forty pieces of artillery, and no one knew how many muskets, stood ready to slaughter the assailants. With cheers answering to cheers the men swarmed upwards. They gathered to the points least difficult of ascent, and the line was broken. Color after color was planted on the summit, while musket and cannon vomited their thunder upon them.

A well directed shot from Orchard Knob exploded a rebel caisson on the summit, and the gun was seen being speedily taken to the right, its driver lashing his horses. A party of our soldiers intercepted them, and the gun was captured with cheers.

A fierce musketry fight broke out to the left, where, between Thomas and Sherman, a mile or two of the ridge was still occupied by the rebels.

Bragg left the house in which he had held his headquarters and rode to the rear as our troops crowded the hill on either side of him.

Gen Grant proceeded to the summit, and then only did we know its height.

Some of the captured artillery was put into position. Artillerists were sent for to work the guns and caissons were searched for ammunition.

The rebel log breastworks were torn to pieces and carried to the other side of the ridge and used in forming barricades across.

A strong line of infantry was formed in the rear of Baird's line, and a secure lodgment was soon effected.

The other assault to the right of our centre gained the summit, and the rebels threw their arms down and fled.

Hooker, coming into favorable position, swept the right of the ridge and captured many prisoners.

Bragg's remaining troops left early in the night, and *the battle of Chattanooga, after days of manœuvering and fighting was won. The strength of the rebellion in the centre was broken. Burnside is relieved from danger in East Tennessee. Kentucky and Tennessee are rescued. Georgia and the Southeast are threatened in the rear, and another victory is added to the chapter of "Unconditional Surrender Grant."*

To night the estimate of captures is several thousand prisoners and thirty pieces of artillery.

Our loss for so great a victory is not severe. Bragg is firing the railroad as he retreats towards Dalton. Sherman is in hot pursuit.

To-day I viewed the battle-field, which extends for six miles along Missionary Ridge and for several miles on Lookout Mountain.

Probably not so well directed, so well ordered a battle has taken place during the war. But one assault was repulsed; but that assault, by calling to that point the rebel reserves, prevented them repulsing any of the others.

A few days since Bragg sent to Gen. Grant a flag of truce advising him that it would be prudent to remove any non-combatants who might be still in Chattanooga. No reply has been returned; but the combatants having removed from this vicinity, it is probable that non-combatants can remain without imprudence.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster General.

Wendell Phillips on the Next Presidency.

Mr. Phillips gave a lecture recently in Boston, from which we take the following extract:

I ask nothing further from Lincoln in the way of policy, only action. He has taken the first great step by issuing the proclamation, and if he believed in January last, as he told me, that it was a great mistake, he has changed his mind since then. The man who had the heart to issue that proclamation, and to stand by it, ought to remain in power at least six years longer.

Still, Abraham Lincoln was not my first choice. If we could have had Fremont—[applause]—a master and not a servant—a man already intelligent in the point most needful, and not one whose education was to be conducted at an expense of $25,000 a year in the Presidential chair—we should have made better progress. The Secretary of the Treasury had been spoken of in this relation, but his life has not given the assurance of such sound principles as to warrant the people in trusting him at this crisis. The Governor who sacrificed Margaret Garner has no heart. The Secretary who, when fourteen States opposed Seward, flung himself forward in his defense, has no principle. The great trouble with Seward is that he ignores the revolution that is now shaking the nation. We must demand of the Government civil action as well as military, and action sufficiently energetic for the crisis.

There, however, is not where our danger lies. When Mr. Lincoln was asked to provide for the safety of the officers of colored regiments, he said, "Don't ask me to speak a word until after the Ohio election." It is not in Southern bullets, but in Northern opinion, that the real danger lies. When Seward in his last public address said, Slavery is no business of mine—he showed the great danger against which we must provide—a spirit of compromise in the hearts of the people. Seward every year assures the world that there is no barrier to the return of the rebel States whenever they please. Members of the Cabinet are now organizing a scheme to restore Florida as a slave State to the Union. In this state of things it is the duty of the masses to interpose and save the country by some more thorough and speedy method.

I would have Congress now intimate measures for an amendment of the Constitution to this effect Slavery shall henceforth have no place in any State within this Union. When this is done, let the States come back as soon as they please. The Government should have but one object—the establishment of permanent peace in the Union. To this end Lincoln has emancipated three millions of slaves. For the more effective accomplishment of the same end, Congress should abolish all Slavery.

Individuals have the right of self-defense when their lives are assailed. Individual nations also have the same right when their existence is assailed. Our first point is to save the life of the nation. There is no security, for the present distress or against future contingencies, but in radical, thorough measures. Give us the solid granite of justice on which to found the future of the Union.

There is no probability of a decisive and thorough action from government before next summer, unless the people demand it. The people should demand it. The great obstacle is the Secretary of State. The people should squelch him, unless they can remove him.

The close of every civil war yet has been a bargain, a compromise. Ours is to come, and we must be on our guard against it. One thing we can accomplish if we are faithful—never to let a slaveholder return to the occupancy of one of the vacant Senatorial chairs. Now, before the Presidential contest commences, let Massachusetts consult with the West, and insist that a constitutional extinction of Slavery shall precede any reconstruction.

We must support the Government in what it has done, and stimulate it in what remains to do. Seward has been the Marplot of every policy, the unbelieving Judas, the rock ahead of the ship of state, the nucleus around which gather the disloyalty, timidity, selfishness, baseness of the nation. Let us complete the civil revolution. Let us put down the faithless Secretary and hold up the faithful President.

—The exchange of prisoners has entirely ceased, because the rebels refuse to accord to ours who fall into their hands in all cases the usages of civilized warfare. They have also acted with perfidy in many cases, in relation to their men paroled by us. One of the principal causes of the stoppage of the exchange however, is their treatment of colored prisoners of ours, whom they have used with the barbarity of heathen times—selling them into slavery and otherwise maltreating them. This, of course, has had its effect in stopping the recruitment of colored men, a very important matter in the present stage of the war. Failing in his attempts to have colored prisoners exchanged on fair terms, and to have them treated as human beings, *Mr. Lincoln himself has peremptorily ordered that no further exchanges should be made till this and other matters were settled on a fair basis.* The President is determined that every man, black or white, who takes up arms for the flag, shall be treated in all respects as such.

—Negroes are being drafted in large numbers in Baltimore. The hotels are almost stripped of waiters.

—Fort Porter, at Buffalo, was burned on Tuesday night. Nothing but the stone walls are standing. It was situated outside of the city limits. The fort was locked up as usual; no one was inside, nor had there been any fire within. The fire seemed to have originated in the room used for storing soldiers' clothing. About $1,000 worth of this was in at the time, and all but one bale was consumed. A box containing about 1,000 rounds of ammunition—all that was outside of the magazine—was also got out. The origin of the fire is not known.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,

SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
ST. PAUL, Dec. 3d, 1863. }

In pursuance of orders received from the Provost Marshal General, the names of those persons enrolled in the various Sub-Districts, under the provisions of the "Act for enrolling and calling out the National Forces," &c., approved March 3d, 1863, are published and posted for the following purposes, viz:

I. That any person enrolled may appear before the Board and claim to have his name stricken off the list, if he can show to the satisfaction of the Board that he is not and will not be at the time fixed for the next draft, liable to military duty on account of—1st. Alienage; 2d. Non-Residence; 3d. Unsuitableness of age; 4th. Manifest permanent physical disability.

II. Persons who may be cognizant of any other persons liable to military duty, whose names do not appear on the enrollment lists, are requested to notify the Board of Enrollment, writing plainly the name, residence (town and county), age, occupation, and nativity, so far as they may know, of those they desire to be enrolled.

III. The Board of Enrollment will hear cases as provided in paragraph I, until the 20th December, 1863, after which no cases will be heard.

GEORGE H. KEITH,
Capt. and Provost Marshal,
dec1 10td&1tw 2d Dist., Min.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, }
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, }
SAINT PAUL, MIN., December 3d, 1863. }

The sale of Government Stock at Fort Snelling, which was postponed yesterday, will begin to-morrow, at 10 o'clock, A. M., without fail, and continue until the whole is sold.

E. B. CARLING,
Captain and Acting Quartermaster,
dec4-3t Chief Quartermaster, Min. Dist.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON,
STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA,
th no19-t sept 2 '64 St. Paul.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

E. F. WARNER, Agent.

O. CURTIS, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.—Persons wishing either Fire or Life Insurance, will receive prompt attention by calling on him at his office in Thompson's Block, on Third street, or at the Prairie du Chien Railroad Office on the Levee. He has secured the services of A. L. WHITNEY, of St. Anthony, in both branches of the above business,—a very reliable, efficient business man.

sept17 O. CURTIS.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION, FREE FROM TAN, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers. For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey, and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish Price 50 cents. For sale by

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, and
sept19-eowly N. H. HEMIUP, St. Anthony.

S—T—1860—X.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, N. Y. aus-eowly

HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
IT IS NOT A DYE,

But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty,

promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.

au8-cow d tw&w 1y.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,
au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

[Communicated.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!!—A CARD.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find *a sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings County,
oc8-3md&w New York.

CLOTHING AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
AT THE STORE OF
W. H. TEMPLE,
THIRD ABOVE MINNESOTA ST.

Overcoats.

FINE BEAVER....................$14, $18 and $25.
BLACK DOESKIN, CASSIMERE AND CLOTH....................$14 to $20.
PETERSHAM, PILOT & SATINET...$8 to $18.

Business Coats, Frocks & Sacks

A large assortment, $6 to $20.

Pantaloons for the Million.

From a coarse Satinet to a fine Doeskin, all new goods, and made up in style.

VESTS.

Black Doeskin, Cloth, Figured Cassimere, Silk and Silk Velvet, of different grades.

Shirts and Drawers,

Winter Caps, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties, FINE WHITE AND FANCY WOOL SHIRTS.

We have now in store one of the largest stocks of Clothing in the State. Our goods have been bought so that we can give bargains. Those in want of any article in our line would do well to give us a call.

my30-tf W. H. TEMPLE.

500 VOLUNTEERS WANTED
For the 5th Regiment Minnesota Infantry Volunteers.

$402 Bounty will be paid to veterans.
$302 " to new recruits, rations, clothing, and $13 per month.

Apply to Lieut. Col. WILLIAM B. GERE, at recruiting rendezvous, McKubin's block, Third street, St. Paul; Capt. E. A. RICE, Faribault, or Capt. T. J. SHEEHAN, Albert Lea, Recruiting Officers. no28-jan5

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

MONETARY.
COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,

SAINT PAUL, December 1, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem	
American Gold	46½ per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State Warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Proclamation of the Governor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SAINT PAUL, Nov. 21, 1863.

To aid our soldiers in the field, and to hasten the termination of civil war, the President of the United States has by Proclamation of the 17th October ult., called for 300,000 volunteers to serve for a term not exceeding three years.

Under this call Minnesota will be required to furnish for its quota at least three thousand men.

The Proclamation of the President assures us, that, if this quota is not raised before the 5th day of January next, "the draft shall commence" on that day.

In addition to this, we owe under the late call for 20 per cent. of the first class of enrolled national forces 1,207 men.

The Secretary of War has authorized us to cancel this debt by raising a Regiment of Cavalry, which it is understood shall be employed in the frontier service so long as it shall be necessary to protect us against the incursions of hostile savages.

The slow progress which has been already made in filling this regiment, imperatively necessary for the protection of lives and property on our border, gives faint hope of success in raising the number requisite to avoid a draft.

If in addition to the fact that this regiment is to be used in our own service and to provide for the security of our own families, it is necessary to offer further inducements to enlist, I recommend that the several counties and townships of the State pay such bounties as may be required to secure speedy enlistments in the Second Cavalry Regiment.

It should be a matter of State pride to fill this regiment at an early day.

The bounty offered by Government is $102 for each recruit, and the State authorities will endeavor to have it increased to $302, the amount offered to those enlisting in the old regiments.

Whether this application is successful or not, there should be no delay in supplying a force necessary for the safety and prosperity of our State, to be paid and supported by the National Government.

The present call for 300,000 men is intended especially to fill the ranks of decimated regiments now in the field.

We have in this State about 30,000 men enrolled as State Militia. If the energy and enthusiasm heretofore manifested by the people of this State still live, we can easily furnish the number required from us to end this terrible war, amounting only to one in ten of our State troops.

The bounty offered by the Government is munificent, and sufficient to enable men in any condition of life to devote themselves to the work.

It is not probable that the war will last for two years, and $402 bounty to veterans and $302 to new recruits, besides the regular pay and rations is as much as laboring men can expect to realize in the pursuit of any ordinary branch of industry.

But there are higher motives to induce our people to respond heartily and promptly to the demands of the Government.

Peace can only come as the result of victory over the rebels in arms. We have the power, the men and munitions, to win the victory. The more readily we furnish them, the earlier will be the end of the struggle.

Our regiments now in the field have shed an immortal lustre upon our State. History furnishes no parallel to their heroic achievements, and in whatever portion of the Union a citizen of Minnesota may go, he feels himself surrounded with the glory they have won.

Now, on the very eve of final victory, the patriotic people of this State will not leave them with their thinned ranks, to fight this battle alone.

Such a war "costs treasure and blood," but its speedy and triumphant conclusion "will richly compensate for both."

An effort is being made to have each township in the State credited with the number of men it has heretofore furnished, or may furnish, for the service.

The result will be made public as soon as it is known, by this Department.

The time for action in this matter is very short, and I ask the people of Minnesota to use every influence that patriotism or money can exert, to sustain her proud position, and save her from the impending draft.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State to be affixed, at St. Paul, this 21st day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

[L. S.] HENRY A. SWIFT.

WHOLESALE LAMP STORE,
next door to
Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

LAMPS, SHADES. CHIMNEYS, OIL,

AND ALL THE ARTICLES BELONGING TO THE TRADE,

Can be found at the Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery Importing House.

An exclusive Lamp and Oil Store to meet the demands of the Wholesale and Retail trade, has long been desirable in St. Paul. Country Merchants can now be supplied at Eastern prices (transportation added.) Call at the Carbon Oil and Lamp Store adjoining Marvin's Crockery House.

Country Merchants are especially invited. Call and see. sep129

TO MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE!

WE ARE OFFERING AT WHOLESALE

3,000 PAIRS MOCCASINS,
1,000 PAIRS
Men's Buffalo Shoes,
000 PAIRS
WOMEN'S BUFFALO SHOES,
100 Cases Men's Boots,
Buck Mitts and Gloves,
AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
BOOTS & SHOES.

ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags. Robert-st., first store from Third-st. mar14-tf WEST & CO.

Hardware.

J. B. BRADEN,

Has now received from the Eastern Manufacturers a full and complete assortment of

IRON,
Hardware, Nails,

Steel of all kinds, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nuts, Axes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Sleigh Shoes, Thimble Skeins, Carriage Trimmings,

Wagon and Buggy Wood,

Iron Kettles, Coal, Window Glass and Sash, and all other Goods in our line, sold Wholesale and Retail.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

ap17-1y

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

IRON and STEEL.

HEAVY HARDWARE

ORDER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES,

Sleigh and Cutter RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

au29-d&wt feb 29

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st., COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

FAIRBANK'S STANDARD SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dwly

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment. F. W. TUCHELT,
Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank,
my6-1y St. Paul.

L. BEACH & CO.,
Manufacturers of superior
SOAP AND CANDLES,
Eagle-St., near Upper Levee.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR

Lard, Tallow and Grease

L. BEACH. [sep26-1yd&w] A. W. PEARSON

OLD RYE AND BOURBON

WHISKEYS,

VERY OLD AND PURE.

Old Queens Port Wine,

AND

OLD BLACKBURN MADEIRA WINE,

FOR

Medicinal Purposes,

ALSO

Hungarian and Rhine Wines,

AND CALIFORNIA WINES.

Together with a general assortment of

Foreign & Domestic Liquors

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

my19 Sibley Block.

J. McCLOUD, JR.
Commercial Broker,

No. 163 Third Street, (Catholic Block.)

Will buy and sell

REAL ESTATE, AND MERCHANDISE

Of all kinds on Commission,

LOAN MONEY, MAKE COLLECTIONS, PAY TAXES, &C., &C.

Commissions solicited and promptly attended to. no 20-3m

400 BARRELS GOOD WINTER APPLES. For sale by
GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
no30-tf Cor. Jackson and 4th sts.

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

BRADFORD BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

Nos. 157 and 159 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE,

Are now opening an immense Stock of Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to which they call the attention of the Merchants of the Northwest—among which we offer the following:

25 Cases M. De Laines,	250 Cases Prints,
25 Bales Twilled Flannels,	200 Bales Shirtings,
20 " Plain colored do.,	50 Bales Fine Shirting,
100 Cases Denims,	24 Bales Satinets, all grades,
75 " Stripes,	10 " Grey Cassimeres,
30 " Ticking,	10 Cases Fancy Cassimeres,
50 " Cotton Flannels,	100 Pieces Alpaccas,
20 " Linseys,	2000 " Cobergs,
3000 lbs. Wool Yarn,	Twine, Wicking,
1000 doz. Wool Socks,	Wadding, Cotton Yarn,
200 Bales assorted Batting,	&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

A FULL LINE OF YANKEE NOTIONS,

WHITE GOODS, RIBBONS, HOODS,
SHIRTS and DRAWERS, RIBBED JACKETS,
BLANKETS, SAXONY PLAIDS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES and MITTS;

AND

Innumerable other goods pertaining to the Jobbing Dry Goods Business, making an Immense Stock which for EXTENT, ASSORTMENT and CHEAPNESS is unrivalled in the West.

To those wishing to buy at New-York Prices and less, we would solicit an examination of our Stock and Prices. Respectfully,

Milwaukee, Sept. 28, 1863. **BRADFORD BROTHERS.** oc6-4m

MILWAUKEE.

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS

ARE OFFERED THE

MOST MANIFEST INDUCEMENTS,

BY THE NEW HOUSE,

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

172 and 174 East Water Street.

au29-d tw&w

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

In this city, in connection with their

PAPER MILL, IN ST. ANTHONY,

And desire to call the attention of buyers to their

Immense Stock of

LETTER, NOTE AND CAP PAPER, ENVELOPES, BOOK AND NEWS PRINT, FLAT AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPERS, PRINTERS' AND WRITING INKS AND FLUIDS, PENS, PENCILS, &c., &c.

Agents for

GREENLEAF & TAYLOR'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY

We will sell as low as Eastern Jobbers with Freight added.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR

PAPER RAGS, ROPE, GUNNIES & OLD NEWSPAPERS.

oc22-tf. Office No. 220 Third-St., St. Paul, Min.

ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, until further notice, the Trains of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

MORNING.		EVENING.	
Leaves St. Paul	7:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Paul	3:30 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	7:45 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	4:15 P. M
Arrive at Manomin	8:15 A. M.	Arrive at Manomin	4:45 P. M.
Leaves Manomin	8:25 A. M.	Leaves Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	9:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	5:30 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul	9:40 A. M.	Arrive at St. Paul	6:10 P. M.

Wm. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs, &c., &c.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT, 30th edition, containing 80 large pages, and 60 fine plates and engravings, price only 15 cents, on the Improved Treatment of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Sexual Debility, and the effects of Masturbation or Self-Abuse on Body and Mind, including a Treatise on

VENEREAL DISEASES,

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphillis, and affections of the Testicles, Bladder, and Kidneys, with observations on the DISEASES OF FEMALES, Marriage, Reproduction, and the prevention of Conception, &c. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on receipt of 15 cents or stamps.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohioensis.* Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, should let no false delicacy deter them, but apply at once and be cured.

FEMALE DISEASES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases, such as suppressed, or unhealthy Menstruation, Leuchorrhea, Chlorosis, Diseases of the Womb and Os Uteri, &c. Also, Agent for *Deuce's Female Pills*, for obstructed Menstruation, price $1 per box.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—by sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations private and confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. afternoons, from 3 to 5. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

jy8 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of **them** in use in **this country** and **Europe.**

These are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available a life time.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Glass Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,

jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS,

SEWING MACHINES,

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-1 jan 1]

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent **Hoist Wheels,** for building, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH USE THE

DANDELION AND Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75; These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor, Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Bersen, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Witfield's Vegetable Pills

Are warranted a certain cure for

Fistula, Blind or Bleeding Piles.

We would caution all who are victims to this distressing complaint to avoid the use of external applications, as they result only in aggravating the difficulty.

DR. WITFIELD'S remedy removes the cause of the disease, and effects a permanent cure.

THIS IS NO QUACK MEDICINE.

These Pills have been tried for the last seven years, and in no instance have they failed to cure.

☞ Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail any address.

J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

sept8-3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?—THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The proprietors of the New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine have issued free FOUR of their most interesting Lectures on Marriage and its qualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Loss of Energy and Vital Power.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. sept15 3m

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED IN FOUR WEEKS, BY DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE!—Dr. Ricord (of Paris) at the solicitation of the American public, has appointed an Agent in New York for the sale of his valued and highly prized Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore Manhood to the most shattered constitutions, in four weeks; and, if used according to printed instructions, failure is impossible. This life restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Success, in every case, is certain. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases with full instructions for use, at $3, or four quantities in one for $9 and will be sent to any part, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance to his accredited agent.

PHILIP ROLAND, 447 Broome-st., sept15-3m One door west of Broadway, N. Y.

A. F. TRYON & CO.,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

25 HOWARD-ST., N. Y.,

Have on hand for sale, and are constantly manufacturing, an assortment of Pianos of the best materials and workmanship, equal in every respect to any made in this country, which they offer at very moderate prices. Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine. oc13-3m

Dry Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO

Are now receiving an extensive stock of

Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS,

from

Late Cash Sales in New York

Consisting in part of

MUSLIN DE LAINES,

WOOL PLAIDS,

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,

EMPRESS CLOTHS, FRENCH REPS,

PARIS SILK STRIPES,

PARAMATTAS,

Alpaccas, Mohairs, &c., &c

Mourning Goods.

LADIES' LONG AND SQUARE

SHAWLS,

In every variety.

Cloakings, Balmoral Skirts,

Kid Padded Hoop Skirts,

Hoods, Scarfs, Sontags.

HOSIERY,

Consisting of English and German Cotton, Woollen and Worsted Hose.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S BALMORAL HOSE.

White and mixed

WRAPPERS & DRAWERS.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

White, red and mixed

FLANNELS.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings,

Denims, Blankets.

ALL COUNTRY MERCHANTS who purchase

FOR CASH,

Should examine our stock before purchasing.

We will not be undersold in this market.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

Sept. 1:1y **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

NOW READY FOR THE

Fall Trade!

The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS HOUSE

In Minnesota.

CATHCART & CO.

At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,

Have just opened a fresh stock of

American, English, French and German

DRESS GOODS,

Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of

DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery,

Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing,

&c., &c.

A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in

War Times.

sept6-3m **CATHCART & CO**

LADIES' CLOAKS,

Just received, a large lot of

LADIES' CLOAKS

[BOTH

SACQUES and CIRCULARS

Which we will

Sell Very Low to Close them Out

Those wishing to purchase, had better come soon as we intend to sell them so cheap that customers cannot help but buy.

Remember the place,

The Cheap Cash Store of

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

no11-tf

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Dry Goods.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

DRESS GOODS.—A large line, consisting of French Merinos, All Wool and Union Plaids, Empress Cloths, Plaid Valencias, Muslin de Laines, &c., &c., at very low figures, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

SHAWLS.—We have now on hand a selection of Long and Square Shawls, which the most fastidious can select from. As our prices are always as low as the lowest, we invite inspection on them, at

Hogan & Camp's.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS.—Our stock of these goods is very extensive. We have Seal Skin Beavers, Frosted Beavers, Equimeaux Beavers, Castor Beavers, Doeskins and Felts, Broadcloths in all colors, at the lowest market prices, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—Having upwards of 500 assorted styles of English, French, and American manufacture for Ladies, Misses and children. We can sell them at a little under the market price, by the single skirt, or dozen at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

ALL HOUSES HAVE THEIR SPECIALITIES. The above are ours, and we feel that we can at present offer inducements on them that no other House in Minnesota can.

dec2

Hotels.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

BRIGGS HOUSE,

Chicago, - - - Illinois.

F. W. BURNHAM, H. F. WILLARD, } Clerks.

W. F. TUCKER & CO

sept23-3m* Proprietors.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. ly10-1f

DR. DeMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

jan29-1y

UNITED STATES NAVY.

MEN WANTED

FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY, TO SERVE IN THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.

Good pay and prize money given.

Recruits will be shipped for one, two, or three years, or during the war.

The following are the rates of pay per month:

Yeoman, from $15 to $30		Mates,	$10
Armorer,	25	Boatswain's Mate,	25
Gunner's Mate,	25	Carpenters,	25
Sail Makers,	20	Armorer Mate,	20
Master-at-Arms,	25	Quartermaster,	25
Fireman, (1st class).	30	Coal Heavers,	25
Seaman,	15	Ordinary Seaman,	18
Ship's Corporal,	24	Coxswain,	24

The fact that men may enlist for one year with good quarters on ship board, good pay and prize money, which has thus far amounted to more than the bounty paid for the army recruits.

Each recruit for one year will receive the following articles of clothing.

One pea jacket.
One pair blue cloth trousers.
One blue flannel overshirt.
Two outer flannel shirts.
Two pairs of flannel drawers.
One mattrass.
Two blankets.
One seamless cap.
One black silk handkerchief.
All of navy pattern.

Apply at the United States Naval Rendezvous, over LANGLEY & TEMPLE'S AUCTION STORE, Third street, St. Paul.

A. WILLARD CREED, no25-2m Recruiting Agent U. S. Navy.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

100 Barrels

CARBON OIL.

CHAS. A. UPHAM & CO.,

No. 4, Prince's Block, Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn. no10-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Groceries.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Family Groceries,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

In Moffet's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourt street,

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge. no20-tf

APPLES.

200 bbls. selected

Fall and Winter Apples

AT PUTNAM'S.

Choice White

Winter Wheat Flour,

AT PUTNAM'S.

CHEESE—ONE THOUSAND LBS.

Extra Hamburgh,

oc9-tf AT PUTNAM'S.

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——.

Jan1-dly

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND

PRODUCE DEALERS,

SIBLEY STREET.....NEAR LEVEE

oc16-1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS.

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS,

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - - Illinois.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agen wanted everywhere. mr7-d&wy

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS,

161 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minnesota.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER

$6,500,000.

Fire, Life and Marine Policies,

Issued in the following

First-Class Companies:

LORILLARD FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $675,000.

METROPOLITAN INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $515,000.

NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $314,000.

HOME INSURANCE CO., New Haven, Ct., Cash Capital and Surplus $250,000.

PHENIX (Marine) INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $376,000.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Newark, Total Accumulation $4,450,000.

☞ All losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid at this office. No charge for stamps.

M. P. NICHOLS,

no10-1y Agent.

HORSE BLANKETS,

SKATES

AND

SLEIGH BELLS.

Large assortment just received and for sale low at the Saddlery Warehouse of

C. PROAL,

oc29 Corner of Third and Robert-sts.

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER. ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE, jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE, jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE, jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE, jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S, jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

1864. 1864. 1864.

Winter Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.

PASSENGER LINE.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Reed's, Wabashaw, Minneiska, Winona, and La Crosse, at 6½ o'clock A. M.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 7 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Mondays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Little Canada, Columbus, Sunrise City—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO. ap21-dly Proprietors

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., A ents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy8 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of

dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.

jy8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar3 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

BRADFORD BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

Nos. 157 and 159 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE,

Are now opening an immense Stock of Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods to which they call the attention of the Merchants of the Northwest—among which we offer the following:

25 Cases M. De Laines,	250 Cases Prints,
25 Bales Twilled Flannels,	200 Bales Shirtings,
20 " Plain colored do.,	50 Bales Fine Shirting,
100 Cases Denims,	24 Bales Satinets, all grades,
75 " Stripes,	10 " Grey Cassimeres,
30 " Ticking,	10 Cases Fancy Cassimeres,
50 " Cotton Flannels,	100 Pieces Alpaccas,
20 " Linseys,	2000 " Cobergs,
3000 lbs. Wool Yarn,	Twine, Wicking,
1000 doz. Wool Socks,	Wadding, Cotton Yarn,
200 Bales assorted Batting,	&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO,

A FULL LINE OF YANKEE NOTIONS,

WHITE GOODS, RIBBONS, HOODS, SHIRTS and DRAWERS, RIBBED JACKETS, BLANKETS, SAXONY PLAIDS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES and MITTS;

AND

Innumerable other goods pertaining to the Jobbing Dry Goods Business, making an Immense Stock which for EXTENT, ASSORTMENT and CHEAPNESS is unrivalled in the West.

To those wishing to buy at New-York Prices and less, we would solicit an examination of our Stock and Prices. Respectfully,

BRADFORD BROTHERS.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28, 1863. oc6-1m

MILWAUKEE.

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS

ARE OFFERED THE

MOST MANIFEST INDUCEMENTS,

BY THE NEW HOUSE,

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

172 and 174 East Water Street.

au29-d tw&w

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

HAVE ESTABLISHED A

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

In this city, in connection with their

PAPER MILL, IN ST. ANTHONY,

And desire to call the attention of buyers to their

Immense Stock of

LETTER, NOTE AND CAP PAPER, ENVELOPES, BOOK AND NEWS PRINT, FLAT AND ALL KINDS OF WRAPPING PAPERS, PRINTERS' AND WRITING INKS AND FLUIDS, PENS, PENCILS, &c., &c.

Agents for

GREENLEAF & TAYLOR'S MANUFACTURING COMPANY

We will sell as low as Eastern Jobbers with Freight added.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR

PAPER RAGS, ROPE, GUNNIES & OLD NEWSPAPERS.

oc22-tf Office No. 220 Third-St., St. Paul, Min.

ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, until further notice, the Trains of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

MORNING.		EVENING.	
Leaves St. Paul	7:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Paul	3:30 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	7:45 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	4:15 P. M.
Arrive at Manomin	8:15 A. M.	Arrive at Manomin	4:45 P. M.
Leaves Manomin	8:25 A. M.	Leaves Manomin	4:55 P. M.
Leaves St. Anthony	9:00 A. M.	Leaves St. Anthony	5:30 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul	9:40 A. M.	Arrive at St. Paul	6:10 P. M.

Wm. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs, &c., &c.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT, 30th edition, containing 80 large pages, and 60 fine plates and engravings, price only 15 cents, on the Improved Treatment of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Sexual Debility, and the effects of Masturbation or Self-Abuse on the Body and Mind, including a Treatise on

VENEREAL DISEASES,

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphillis, and affections of the Testicles, Bladder, and Kidneys, with observations on the DISEASES OF FEMALES, Marriage, Reproduction, and the prevention of Conception, &c. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on receipt of 15 cents or stamps.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohioensis*. Without degrading it into empiricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, should let no false delicacy deter them, but apply at once and be cured.

FEMALE DISEASES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases, such as suppressed, or unhealthy Menstruation, Leuchorrhea, Chlorosis, Diseases of the Womb and Os Uteri, &c. Also, Agent for *Deuce's Female Pills*, for obstructed Menstruation, price $1 per box.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE.—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations private and confidential. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. afternoons, from 3 to 5. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Sewing Machines.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of them in use in this country and Europe.

These are the only machines making the Lock Stitch with the Rotating Hook.

Are profitable and available a life time.

Equal to ten seamstresses.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by their possessor.

The Glass Cloth-Presser, (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,

jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS,

SEWING MACHINES,

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-1 jan 1]

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent Hoist Wheels, for building purposes, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH USE THE

DANDELION AND Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75; These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,

Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Bensen, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blacing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,

my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PILES! PILES!

Dr. Witfield's Vegetable Pills

Are warranted a certain cure for

Fistula, Blind or Bleeding Piles.

We would caution all who are victims to this distressing complaint to avoid the use of external applications, as they result only in aggravating the difficulty.

DR. WITFIELD'S remedy removes the cause of the disease, and effects a permanent cure.

THIS IS NO QUACK MEDICINE.

These Pills have been tried for the last seven years, and in no instance have they failed to cure.

☞ Price 50 cents per box. Sent by mail any address.

J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor,

No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

sept8-3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?—THAT IS THE QUESTION.—The proprietors of the New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine have issued free FOUR of their most interesting Lectures on Marriage and its qualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Loss of Energy and Vital Power.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. sept15 3m

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED IN FOUR WEEKS, BY DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE!—Dr. Ricord (of Paris) at the solicitation of the American public, has appointed an Agent in New York for the sale of his valued and highly prized Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore Manhood to the most shattered constitutions, in four weeks; and, if used according to printed instructions, failure is impossible. This life restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Success, in every case, is certain. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases with full instructions for use, at $5, or four quantities in one for $9 and will be sent to any part, carefully packed, on receipt of remittance to his accredited agent.

PHILIP ROLAND, 447 Rrome-st.,

sept15-3m One door west of Broadway, N. Y.

A. F. TRYON & CO.,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

25 HOWARD-ST., N. Y.,

Have on hand for sale, and are constantly manufacturing, an assortment of Pianos of the best materials and workmanship, equal in every respect to any made in this country, which they offer at very moderate prices. Dealers and others are respectfully invited to examine. oc13-3m

Dry Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO

Are now receiving an extensive stock of

Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS,

from

Late Cash Sales in New York

Consisting in part of

MUSLIN DE LAINES,

WOOL PLAIDS,

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

FRENCH REPS,

PARIS SILK STRIPES,

PARAMATTAS,

Alpaccas, Mohairs, &c., &c

Mourning Goods.

LADIES' LONG AND SQUARE

SHAWLS,

In every variety.

Cloakings, Balmoral Skirts,

Kid Padded Hoop Skirts,

Hoods, Scarfs, Sontags.

HOSIERY,

Consisting of English and German Cotton, Woollen and Worsted Hose.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S BALMORAL HOSE.

White and mixed

WRAPPERS & DRAWERS.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

White, red and mixed

FLANNELS.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings,

Denims, Blankets.

ALL COUNTRY MERCHANTS who purchase

FOR CASH,

Should examine our stock before purchasing.

We will not be undersold in this market.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

Sept. 1:1y **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

NOW READY FOR THE

Fall Trade!

The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS HOUSE

In Minnesota.

CATHCART & CO.

At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,

Have just opened a fresh stock of

American, English, French and German

DRESS GOODS,

Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of

DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing,

&c., &c.

A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in

War Times.

sept6-3m **CATHCART & CO**

LADIES' CLOAKS.

Just received, a large lot of

LADIES' CLOAKS

BOTH

SACQUES and CIRCULARS

Which we will

Sell Very Low to Close them Out

Those wishing to purchase, had better come soon as we intend to sell them so cheap that customers cannot help but buy.

Remember the place,

The Cheap Cash Store of

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

no11-tf

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Dry Goods.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

DRESS GOODS.—A large line, consisting of French Merinos, All Wool and Union Plaids, Empress Cloths, Plaid Valencias, Muslin de Laines, &c., &c., at very low figures, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

SHAWLS.—We have now on hand a selection of Long and Square Shawls, which the most fastidious can select from. As our prices are always as low as the lowest, we invite inspection on them, at

Hogan & Camp's.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS.—Our stock of these goods is very extensive. We have Seal Skin Beavers, Frosted Beavers, Esquimeaux Beavers, Castor Beavers, Doeskins and Felts, Broadcloths in all colors, at the lowest market prices, at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.—Having upwards of 500 assorted styles of English, French, and American manufacture for Ladies, Misses and children. We can sell them at a little under the market price, by the single Skirt, or dozen at

HOGAN & CAMP'S.

ALL HOUSES HAVE THEIR SPECIALITIES. The above are our's, and we feel that we can at present offer inducements on them that no other House in Minnesota can.

dec22

Hotels.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

BRIGGS HOUSE,

Chicago, - - - Illinois.

F. W. BURNHAM, H. F. WILLARD, } Clerks.

W. F. TUCKER & CO

sept23-3m* Proprietors.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

jan29-1y

UNITED STATES NAVY.

MEN WANTED

FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY, TO SERVE IN THE MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON.

Good pay and prize money given.

Recruits will be shipped for one, two, or three years, or during the war.

The following are the rates of pay per month:

Yeoman, from	$15 to $30	Mates,	$10
Armorer,	25	Boatswain's Mate,	25
Gunner's Mate,	25	Carpenters,	25
Sail Makers,	20	Armorer Mate,	20
Master-at-Arms,	25	Quartermaster,	25
Fireman, (1st class)	30	Coal Heavers,	25
Seaman,	18	Ordinary Seaman,	18
Ship's Corporal,	21	Coxswain,	21

The fact that men may enlist for one year with good quarters on ship board, good pay and prize money, which has thus far amounted to more than the bounty paid for the army recruits.

Each recruit for one year will receive the following articles of clothing.

One pea jacket.
One pair blue cloth trousers.
One blue flannel overshirt.
Two under flanned shirts.
Two pairs of flannel drawers.
One mattrass.
Two blankets.
One seamless cap.
One black silk handkerchief.
All of navy pattern.

Apply at the United States Naval Rendezvous, over LANGLEY & TEMPLE'S AUCTION STORE, Third street, St. Paul.

A. WILLARD CREED,

no25-2m Recruiting Agent U. S. Navy.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

100 Barrels

CARBON OIL.

CHAS. A. UPHAM & CO.,

No. 4, Prince's Block, Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.

no10-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Groceries.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

GENERAL DEALER IN

Family Groceries,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

In Moffet's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourt street,

Goods delivered to all parts of the City free of charge. no26-tf

APPLES.

200 bbls. selected

Fall and Winter Apples

AT PUTNAM'S.

Choice White

Winter Wheat Flour,

AT PUTNAM'S.

CHEESE—ONE THOUSAND LBS.

Extra Hamburgh,

oc24tf AT PUTNAM'S.

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——.

jaul-dly

J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND

PRODUCE DEALERS,

SIBLEY STREET, ... NEAR LEVEE

oc16-1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS.

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS,

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - Illinois.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agen wanted everywhere. mr7-d&wy

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS,

161 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minnesota.

CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER

$6,500,000.

Fire, Life and Marine Policies,

Issued in the following

First-Class Companies:

LORILLARD FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $675,000.

METROPOLITAN INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $515,000.

NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $314,000.

HOME INSURANCE CO., New Haven, Ct., Cash Capital and Surplus $250,000.

PHENIX (Marine) INS. CO., New York, Cash Capital and Surplus $376,000.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Newark, Total Accumulation $4,450,000.

☞ All losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid at this office. No charge for stamps.

M. P. NICHOLS,

no10-1y Agent.

HORSE BLANKETS,

SKATES

AND

SLEIGH BELLS.

Large assortment just received and for sale low at the Saddlery Warehouse of

C. PROAL,

oc29 Corner of Third and Robert-sts.

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of th dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.

ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

1864. 1864. 1864.

Winter Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE COMPANY.

PASSENGER LINE.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Hastings, Red Wing, Lake City, Reeder, Wabashaw, Minneiska, Winona, and La Crosse, at 6½ o'clock A. M.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 7 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Mondays and Thursdays at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Little Canada, Columbus, Sunrise City—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

ap21-dly Proprietors

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.'s agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of

dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.

1e8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar3 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CITY.

Thermometrical Record.

KEPT BY DAY & JENKS, DRUGGISTS, CORNER OF THIRD AND CEDAR STREETS.

DECEMBER.	7:30 A. M.	1 P. M.	6 P. M.
1 Tuesday	25	41	37
2 Wednesday	28	42	35
3 Thursday	29	46	42
4 Friday	23	38	27
5 Saturday	10	26	22

IN HASTE TO CLINCH THE THING.—Esquire Ford married a couple under somewhat amusing circumstances, on Friday last. A smart looking young chap accompanied by a handsome, bright-eyed young girl, came to his office, and in somewhat of a hurry, asked to be married. They were both of them respectable looking and intelligent, while their dress betokened that they were from the rural districts. As they both seemed to be a little nervous, Esquire Ford guessed that the case needed some investigation, and questioned them quite closely; the result of the inquiry was to elicit the fact that they had eloped from home because the girl's parient, who is quite wealthy, would not allow them to get married, and they feared that the enraged paternal relative was even now in pursuit of them, suggesting that he had better "be in a hurry and clinch the thing."

Are both of you of lawful age? enquired Squire Ford. Oh yes, was the unhesitating response, which he in accordance with the statutes in such case made and provided, required John to swear to, which being done without any blinking, John and Susan were soon made man and wife by the very short formula used in such ceremonies, and having received a certificate of said fact, and paid the customary V, departed to seek quarters at a quiet hotel not far distant. Here, fortunately John met a friend who imparted the intelligence that the "old man" with a policeman, was around looking for the runaways, swearing that he would take her home, even if she *was* married. John said nothing, but registering his name as "Mr. John —— and lady," secured an apartment, and with the blooming bride disappeared from the impertinent curiosity of the world for several hours. Meantime the enraged parient, who was getting "madder and madder," tracked the couple to their lodgings, and confronted them just as they were coming out of their apartment to go to tea. He poured out the whole nursed up storm of his wrath upon them, and ended by commanding Susy to come home with him at once. John now interposed and declared that Susy was his wife and no longer under paternal authority. "Wife or no wife," declared the old farmer, "she ain't of age yet, and consequently I'll separate you mighty easy." John's tactics had out-generaled the old man, however, and he suggested that in view of what had taken place, &c., that he had clinched the thing so that he guessed it wouldn't be a good plan to separate them now—in short, he was a little too late—wasn't he Susy? Susy blushingly confirmed the fact that papa was too late, and thought he had better forgive them, and come down and take tea, &c. The upshot of the affair was that the couple were forgiven, and yesterday morning all three started home, the old man now declaring that he had got a "darned smart son-in-law after all, and was real pleased that it had turned out so well."

THE POLICE BEATS FOR DECEMBER.—We have been furnished by the Mayor with the following list of the Police beats for the present month:

NIGHT POLICE.

Wm. Burk, on Seventh and Eighth streets.

Herman Harff, on Jackson street.

Jacob Heck, on Robert and a portion of Third streets to Jackson.

M. Quinn, on Third street, from Robert to Wabashaw.

Patrick Morin, on Third street, from Wabashaw to Postoffice.

John Pendergast, on Wabashaw and a portion of Fifth to City Hall.

Wm. Costillo, on Third street, from Postoffice to the American House.

Henry Galvin, on a portion of Third street, from the American House to the Winslow corner, and up Fort street.

DAY POLICE.

John Patterson, on Jackson and Robert streets.

John O'Connor, on Third street, from Jackson to Wabashaw.

James Waters, on Third st., from Wabashaw to Postoffice.

Peter Sass, on Third st., from Postoffice to Fort street.

The night police will, under the secret instructions of the chief, make such temporary deviations from the regular beats above established, as in his judgment, may from time to time be deemed necessary.

By order of the Mayor.

M. CUMMINGS, Chief of Police.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 3, 1863.

HOW TO MAIL TRANSIENT PAPERS.—Those who wish to mail transient papers, and other printed matter, should remember that the new Postal law requires that they should be enclosed in a wrapper in such a way that the paper, book, magazine, &c., can be easily drawn out for examination by the Postmaster, which he is required to do by law, to detect writing inside. Many persons do them up so securely that they cannot be got out except by tearing the wrapper to pieces. Now such documents *are sent as letters*, and the *person receiving them pays double letter postage thereon!*

The law referred to is as follows:

And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster General has authority to prescribe by regulation, the manner of wrapping and securing for the mails, all matter not charged with letter postage, nor lawfully franked, so that the same may be conveniently examined by postmasters; and if not so wrapped and secured, the same shall be subject to letter postage.

The instructions of the Postmaster General are "that all mail matter, (except letters and seeds,) must be so wrapped or enveloped with open sides or ends, as to enable the postmaster to examine the package without destroying the wrapper; otherwise such package must be rated with letter postage."

CHOICE HOLIDAY GIFTS—A WORLD OF BEAUTY.—Persons looking about for elegant and desirable gifts for Christmas and New Years, should not fail of calling at Martin's Photographic Gallery, and examining the large assortment of Stereoscopic Views, representing so much that is of interest in Europe and America. He has the largest collection ever offered in Minnesota—some 2,000 views—and of the most superior execution. Mr. Martin has a few of those Revolving Stereoscopes to hold 50 views—a parlor ornament; also a large number of small stereoscopes at low prices. They are more desirable than albums. We say call and examine them.

Strangers sojourning with us will find also at Martin's Gallery the largest collection of Minnesota scenery—all sizes; desirable as presents for the loved ones at home.

WHICH KIND?—We take it for granted that every husband in St. Paul (who has not already done so) is about to purchase a Sewing Machine for a Christmas present to his wife. The only question is—what kind shall I get? We say, the *Wheeler & Wilson* is the best and most economical. If any of its parts should get broke, you can get it supplied from the manufactory, as each part in the machine is make to fit any machine. In other kinds of sewing machines, when you have broken a part, it has to be sent East to be repaired, at an expense, sometimes, equal to the original cost. This alone makes the *Wheeler & Wilson* the most valuable machine there is.

EVERY body is looking out now for holiday presents. The neatest holiday present we know of is one of those Photograph Albums at Tuttle's Gallery, 181 Third street. They are all the rage now, and are to be found on every centre-table. Tuttle takes a carte de visite for every one purchasing an album of him. What nicer present can you make a lady friend or relative.

DON'T WAIT BUT GO AT ONCE.—By looking at the advertisement of the Messrs. Elfelt our readers will perceive that they have again just received, by express, another large invoice of dry goods, which now gives them one of the most complete and extensive assortments ever brought to this State, which they intend selling at prices to accommodate everybody for the coming holidays. Their new dress goods and cloaks are certainly very handsome. Don't wait but go at once.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—What can be more beautiful or refining in its influence than a good picture, and where can you find any superior to Cooper's Cabinet Photographs of all the celebrated paintings and statuary in Europe? You can choose from the largest collection this side of Chicago at Cahill & Co's Book Store on Third Street. The price is very low, from one to three dollars and a half; the steel engravings of some of these Photographs sell at 18 to 30 dollars and cannot compare with these Photographs in tone and finish. Call soon, before the collection is broken.

THE GERMAN THEATRE AND BALL.—Our friends of the German Reading Society will give one of their incomparable dramatic entertainments at the Atheneum on Monday evening, which will be followed by a ball. This is a double kernel for all who choose to go, for if they cannot derive much enjoyment from the drama, the balls given by this society are always well managed, and pleasant.

ATTENTION ATHLETICS!—The members of the Athletic Club are hereby notified that their room in Concert Hall will be open for inspection and exercise on Monday evening next, December 7th. A full attendance is requested, as important business will be transacted.

By Order,

R. C. MUNGER, Pres.

PROMOTED.—Wm. Crosby, for some time Chief of Police in this city, and well known to many of our citizens, has been promoted to Major of the 66th Pennsylvania. He went from Philadelphia as captain of an artillery company and earned this promotion by deeds of valor on the field. His many friends will be pleased to hear of his deserved advance.

FIRE.—Yesterday morning about nine o'clock, a fire broke out accidentally in the dwelling attached to the piano tuning establishment of C. Hazelhurst, adjoining McKubin's Block. The flames were put out by Hope Engine Company in a few minutes, before much damage was done, and the loss was trivial.

WE call attention to L. P. Foster's advertisement in another column. His stock is ample and assortment large. The *five per cent.* feature is a "big thing." The more you buy the more money you get back. On this novel principle introduced at Foster's, an immense trade is being built up. We congratulate the proprietor on his large receipts, which result mainly because he advertises so largely.

THE emissaries of Old St. *Nicholas* are beginning to look around for the necessary articles for his juvenile proteges. If any of them want Juvenile Books, Davenport has a very large assortment suitable for every age and taste. Also a good lot of games. Try Davenport.

MINNEHAHA ENGINE COMPANY—ANNUAL MEETING.—The Minnehaha Engine Company will hold their annual meeting for the election of officers, and transaction of such other business as may properly come before them, on Monday evening, the 7th inst., at half past seven, at their engine house.

E. O. PATRIDGE, Secretary.

MORE ALLOTMENTS.—The State Treasurer has received the following allotments:

From Company C of the 8th Regiment, Captain Burt, for September and October $788 00.

From the 5th Regiment, for July and August, $1,880.

THE NATIONAL LOAN.—Subscriptions on yesterday, at the agency of Thompson Bro's, for the U. S. 5-20 bonds, amounted to the handsome sum of $12,750.

THE ROMANCE TAKEN OUT.—'My dear, the sun is just stooping to kiss the western wave," said a lady to her husband, "and I am reminded that I must see that you have some biscuit for tea as light as the snow flake and as harmless." "Stop," said she, "I cannot do it for I am out of Chemical Saleratus, the only article fit to be used for such purpose." The grocery was doubtless far away, or the lady would have found the article put up in bright red papers.

BANK NOTICE.—The Banks of this city give notice that the hours for transaction of business during the winter, will be from nine A. M. to three P. M.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
WILLIUS BROS. & DUNBAR,
PARKER PAINE,
BORUP & OAKES,
MARINE BANK,
BERRY, DAWSON & CO.,
no29-1w E. S. EDGERTON.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WE WILL DO IT.—In order to sell off and reduce our extensive stock of CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, we offer our whole stock at from 10 to 25 per cent. less than our regular price. We think it safe to say that those purchasing of us will get Goods about the wholesale price. We offer these inducements to the people rather than to Merchants. Our LOWEST PRICE WILL BE STATED AT ONCE. A call from those in want of any article in our line is respectfully solicited.

no21-tf W. H. TEMPLE, Third-st.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN, is the best Company for Western men to insure in.

It is made up of and managed by Western men, and is thus having its risks all reside in this the healthiest part of the Union. It is believed that its rate of mortality will be lower than that of the Eastern Companies, in the future as it has been in the past.

The Company is now in its fifth year of business, and has proven an entire success, having issued over four thousand policies, and accumulated in reserve premiums two hundred thousand dollars. It started without guarantee capital, and experience has proven that none was necessary.

The business of the Company is conducted upon the same general basis as that of the most successful Eastern Companies, with the advantage of having the experience of the older ones as its guide.

There are now a large number of members of the Company in St. Paul and vicinity, among whom are some of our best business men.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY,
Thompson's Block, Third street, St. Paul.
O. CURTIS, Manager.
S. P. SNYDER, Agent, Minneapolis.

Either of the above named gentlemen will be happy to give information to members or others desiring, in regard to the Company, and assist in making applications for Policies. no8-3m

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. dec2 d&w3m

G. B. SALMON, Agent, Madison Mutual Insurance Company, for the counties of Ramsey, Washington, Dakota, and Scott. Office in Parker Paine's Bank, St. Paul. no25 jan5d&w

—A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* is down on the leniency of our Government towards the rebel spies—men, women and even rebel officers—who pass almost at will between their own lines and ours. He says:

A Capt. Montgomery Brown, late Chief of Artillery of Gen. Greene, at Port Hudson, has been for a month past parading the streets of New York, and even visiting the opera, *in uniform*, one which, by the way, closely resembles that of the 7th Regiment.

Another—Col. John B. Breckenridge—one of the actors in the famous Leavenworth duel at Niagara, formerly editor of a violent Secession paper in New Orleans, if on a visit, not even a prisoner. He is a man of education, of courage and enterprise, and doubly dangerous from the possession of these qualities. Other rebel officers are at large, on leave, in various cities of the North, having a good time generally, and aiding their friends in a quiet way.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5—1 P. M.

Gold 51¾.

Steamers to-day took out $200,000 in gold.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 5—6 P. M.

Money moderately active.

Sterling quiet and unchanged, at 166@166½.

Gold opened at 52, declined to 51⅝, advanced to 52⅝, and closed heavy at 52⅛@52¼.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5—1 P. M.

Flour dull and unchanged.

Wheat quiet and unchanged.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 5—6 P. M.

Flour less active and scarcely so firm; prices generally without decided change.

GRAIN—Wheat less active but unchanged. Barley more active—$1 35@1 45 for State, and $1 48 for Canada. Corn dull and drooping Oats, good supply, and prices firm and unchanged.

TOYS! TOYS!!

China TOYS, Glass TOYS, TOYS made of Tin; Wood TOYS, Willow TOYS, some as big agin; TOY Tops, TOY Buckets, TOY Dusters, too; TOY Sheep, TOY Dogs, TOYS red and blue.

TOY Dolls for Girls, TOY Drums for Boys; TOYS for the young, and TOYS for the old; TOYS for everybody—all sorts of TOYS; TOYS for the Holidays—all to be sold.

TOY Cradles, TOY Babies, also TOY Beds; TOY Skates, TOY Horses, as well as TOY Sleds; TOY Albums, TOY Chairs, TOYS cheap and dear; TOY Guns and TOY Swords, for the new Year.

All that want presents, for the little girls and boys, come to KELLOGG'S Store—that's the place for TOYS;—where is this TOY-SHOP—just tell me if you can,—across from the Bridge,—

KELLOGG IS THE MAN.
dec5

JEWELRY FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
AT
HENRI ROCHAT'S
JEWELRY STORE,
Under Whitney's Photograph Gallery.

In view of the Holidays I have largely increased my stock of

JEWELRY.

I also keep a good stock of

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
PLATED WARE, BAROMETERS,
MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS, COMPASSES, MICROSCOPES, GOGGLES, etc., and the best assortment of

SPECTACLES
in the city.

My goods are of the best quality and I sell as cheap as anybody else. All work in my line done as it ought to be and warranted.

dec5-3wd&w HENRI ROCHAT, Watch-Maker.

CARBON OIL.

92 barrels best White Carbon Oil, for sale by
dec3-1w E. J. WAY, Robert-st.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

We are now running a Messenger to
ST. ANTHONY AND MINNEAPOLIS,
Twice Daily,

Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Charges for transportation moderate. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.

Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.50 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.

dec3-t dec 16 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO BUILDERS.
LOCKS, LOCKS, LOCKS.
RIM LOCKS, DEAD LOCKS,
MORTICE LOCKS,
RABITED LOCKS, SLIDING DOOR LOCKS,
Which I am selling at Manufacturer's prices.
no22-3m JOHN McCLOUD.

HEARD'S HISTORY OF THE SIOUX WAR,

With 33 engravings. Price $1.50 per copy. The most perfect history of the Indian Massacre published. A new supply received,

At Combs' Book Store.

Orders from the country promptly filled. de1

40 BUSHELS CHOICE RIPE ONIONS,
Just received by A. H. WIMBISH,
no25 Jackson Street.

ST. PAUL LAMP STORE,
(Branch of the great Aladdin,)
Opposite Pioneer Office.

OILS, LAMPS, SHADES, GLOBES, LANTERNS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS, CANS, &c., &c.

The Largest Stock, The Greatest Variety, and the

Cheapest Goods
EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY.

Wholesale Buyers supplied at Eastern cash prices. dec3-tf

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
AT COMBS' BOOK STORE,
CAN BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF
Childrens' Books,
Gift Books,
Photograph Albums,
Bibles, Prayer Books,
&c., suitable for presents. Call in and examine.

DIARIES for 1864, all Styles,
dec1-tf AT COMBS' BOOK STORE.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
A SMALL QUANTITY JUST RECEIVED.
LEMONS.

Dried Raspberries,
Dried Cherries, pitted,
Dried Blackberries,
Dried Pared Peaches,
all new Fruit.

Fresh Citron, Raisins and Currants, at
E. & H. Y. BELL'S,
no15-3m Third-st.

THE "NEW ULM POST,"
A WEEKLY GERMAN NEWSPAPER, INDEPENDENT OF PARTY,
advocating
Truth, Right and Progress,
Under the flag of our country will be published by the undersigned, at
NEW ULM,
Brown Co., Minnesota,

On and after the 1st day of JANUARY, 1864.

The attention of the business men of our State is hereby respectfully invited to the following—

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

The insertion of one square	$0 75
Two " " "	1 25
Three " " "	1 75
One month " "	2 00
Three months " "	3 50
Six months " "	5 00
Twelve months " "	8 00

Editorial business notices given to merit only.

In recommending the "New Ulm Post" to the public, the undersigned beg leave to say that it is their design to start and keep alive a newspaper which, aside from other use, will prove a powerful assistant to every solid and enterprising business man for securing and enhancing success.

dec2.1w* A. WOLFF & J. HOFER.

WINES AND LIQUORS,
FOR
Medicinal and Private Use.

PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,
PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY,
FINE OLD FRENCH BRANDY,
FINE SCOTCH WHISKY,
PALE SHERRY WINE.
PURE JUICE PORT WINE,
OLD BURGUNDY PORT WINE,
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
OLD JAMAICA RUM,
MUMMS' CABINET CHAMPAGNE,
CURACOA.
FOR SALE BY
no29 d&w8w J. I. BEAUMONT.

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,
DEALER IN
TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,
Sugars, Syrups,
AND ALL GOODS PERTAINING TO THE GROCERY BUSINESS, INCLUDING
TOBACCOS, CIGARS,
Wines, Liquors, and
Pure Old Rye and Bourbon
WHISKIES.
Corner 3d & Jackson St's. no29-d&w8w

SARDINES.
Quarter and half boxes. For sale by
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

CITRON.
For sale by,
no29 J. I. BEAUMONT.

YEAST POWDERS.
Preston & Merrill's Infallible—Babbitt's Chemical. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.
Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Orange, Nutmeg, Strawberry, and Cinnamon. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

TOBACCO.
All varieties of Plug and Fine Cut. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

CODFISH & MACKEREL.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

MALAGA WINE.
For culinary purposes. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

ALMONDS.
Brazil Nuts, Filberts, and Pea Nuts. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

FRESH FRUITS.
Peaches, Strawberries, and Blackberries, in cans. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

OLIVE OIL.
Fine Bordeaux, for table use. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

PURE GROUND SPICES.
Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon, Allspice, Cloves, and Mace—warranted pure. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

SAUCES,
Worcestershire, Walnut, and Mushroom Sauces. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

PRESERVED FRUITS.
Green Gages, Pine Apples, and Pears, in Glass. For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

SMOKED HALIBUT.
For sale by, J. I. BEAUMONT.

ENGLISH PICKLES.
Imported—very fine. For sale by,
J. I. BEAUMONT.

CIGARS.
All grades from Common to Choice. For sale by. no29-d4w J. I. BEAUMONT.

1863. 1864.
FALL AND WINTER SALES.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

Invite the attention of Country Merchants and Inland Jobbers to the large and complete stock which they now offer to their inspection, and invite a comparison with other stocks here, for

EXTENT, VARIETY & CHEAPNESS.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

are prepared to offer DECIDED INDUCEMENTS to cash buyers. Call and see.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Have now in store the largest and most attractive stock of GROCERIES west of Chicago. An inspection and comparison of stocks will satisfy you that "these things are so." For sale to the trade only.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Offer to the trade a stock of LIQUORS, complete in all its appointments, and the
LARGEST IN THE STATE.
We mean it.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Are sole proprietors of the unrivalled "Clover Leaf," Bourbon, and "Connoisseures' Favorite" Rye Whiskeys. These goods
Cannot be Excelled.
Try them.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

Have just received an Invoice, including—
SCOTCH WHISKEY, (Ramsay's genuine.)
IRISH WHISKEY, (Mehan's genuine.)
ST. CROIX RUM, (very choice.)
TULIP GIN, (the finest imp'ted.)
BRANDIES, "United Proprietors."
BRANDIES, "Otard, Du Pay & Co."
SHERRY WINES, (Harmony Brand.)

These Goods are direct from CUSTOM HOUSE and we GUARANTY THEIR PURITY. Try them

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

HAVE PEACH BRANDY,
APPLE DO.,
CHERRY DO.,
GINGER DO.,
BLACKBERRY DO.,
RASPBERRY DO.,

These Brandies are *DISTILLED FROM THE FRUIT*, and are very fine.

MEDFORD RUM, (it is very fine.)

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

Have 500 cases FRESH FRUITS, including—
PEACHES,
STRAWBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
PINE APPLE, &c., &c.,
All of established brand, and warranted the best.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

Have
200,000 Segars,
ASSORTED AND FAVORITE BRANDS.
We Cannot be Undersold.
no24

OYSTERS—OYSTERS.

The undersigned are now and have been for the past TEN YEARS, the only Agents in Minnesota for

MALTBY'S CELEBRATED BALTIMORE
OYSTERS.

We GUARANTEE to the public that these Oysters are superior to any others brought to this market. The cans are larger, and are filled with Oysters.

A large supply constantly on hand.

Orders from any part of the State promptly attended to.

Depot 216 Third Street, St. Paul.
no26-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

PATENT AMALGAM BELL,
SUITABLE FOR A SCHOOL HOUSE OR SMALL CHURCH.

For sale low by
dec2-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

UNITED STATES
PENSION AGENCY
AT
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

Office in Rogers' Block, 3d-st., near the Bridge. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M.

All letters to the office must inclose stamps to pay return postage. ROBERT P. LEWIS,
no1-d tw&wly Pension Agent.

NO. 1 CARBON OIL,

For sale low, wholesale and retail to close consignment, at
The St. Paul Lamp Store,
dec3-tf Opposite Pioneer Office.

BOB SLED SHOES, $3.00 PER SETT.

Don't pay $4.00 a sett for them, when you can get them for $3.00 a sett at the Pioneer Foundry.
no29-d&w1mo GILMAN & CO.

CHEESE.

4,000 pounds Hamburg, Western Reserve and English Dairy Cheese. For sale by
J. P. HUTCHINSON & CO.
no26 Sibley-st, between Third and Levee.

CARBON OIL.

200 BARRELS BEST WHITE AND STRAW COLORED. For sale cheap by
WATSON & DENSMORE,
at the vinegar factory of C. C. Lewis & Co., No. 4 Sibley Street, Lower Levee, rear of Burbank's.
dec1-1mo

HOUSE TO LET,

Near the Franklin House—good well and cellar. Inquire at
E. & H. Y. BELL.
St. Paul, Dec. 1st, 1863. dec2-1w

Miscellaneous.

GO TO
PUTNAM'S
FOR
FRESH CANNED

*RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
STRAWBERRIES,
PEACHES,
PINE APPLES,
TOMATOES,
CHERRIES*

NEW DRIED

*BLACKBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
CHERRIES,
PEACHES,
APPLES,
RAISINS,
CITRON,
CURRANTS, SAGO, FARINA,
TAPIOCA AND HOMONY.*

Stuart's White Drip, Extra Honey, Golden, Amber and Sugar House Syrups.

New Sugar Cured Dried Beef, and Pine Apple Cheese, and a complete and desirable stock of Fresh

Groceries & Provisions.
S. K. PUTNAM,
near the Post Office.

CIDER.
100 bbls. pure Juice of the Apple, at PUTNAM'S.

GRAPES.
25 boxes Isabellas and Catawbas, at PUTNAM'S

APPLES.
400 barrels Winter, at PUTNAM'S. no4

146.
THIRD STREET.

HOODS, SONTAGS & NUBIAS,
BALMORAL
AND
HOOP SKIRTS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
L. C. BURT,
146
THIRD STREET.
oc20-1y

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
Third St., between Cedar and Wabashaw,
M. C. TUTTLE.

Has just opened a New Gallery on the ground floor, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. His stock and apparatus are new, and have all the latest improvements.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TAKING CHILDREN'S PICTURES.

Pictures from Locket Size to Life Size, in the
Finest Style.

Photograph Albums furnished as cheap as any other House, and a Carte de Visite taken gratis! no24-tf

CARPETS.
STRONG'S CARPET HALL,
225 Third-St., Rogers' Block,
where will be found a large assortment of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,
CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C.

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

SKATES.
WILLIAMS, MORSE & CO.'S CELEBRATED CAST STEEL
NEW YORK CLUB SKATE,
CENTRAL PARK SKATE,
LADIES' SKATES, BOY'S SKATES,
And the Patent Buckle for Skate Straps at
no22-tf CHERITREE & FARWELL'S.

TO RENT.

Rooms on the Second Floor, over our Auction Store. We will pay the highest prices in cash for all kinds of second-hand goods. Auction Sales every evening; special sales at 10 A. M. Outside sales promptly attended to—on Third street, second door from the Merchants Hotel.
H. E. BAKER & CO.,
no20 Auctioneers.

WANTED,

Spikers and Laborers on the construction work of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. Liberal wages will be paid. Payments made weekly. Apply to F. R. Delano, Assistant Superintendent, at Freight Depot, St. Paul, or John Murphy, Foreman, Manomin.
oc30-1y W. B. LITCHFIELD & CO.

100 BARRELS CIDER,
Just received on consignment and for sale low.
oc25-tf J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY
BREWERS OF
LILL'S STOCK
AND
Cream Pale Ale,
LAGER BEER,
PORTER AND BROWN STOUT!
FOR SALE BY
WM. CONSTANS,
oc21-3m AGENT, ST. PAUL.

Miscellaneous.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA,
Saint Paul, Minnesota, Dec. 1st, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate, will be received at this office until

DECEMBER 15th, 1863,

At 12 O'Clock, Noon,

For furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named posts:

ST. PAUL,
FORT SNELLING,
MANKATO,
FORT RIPLEY,
ST. CLOUD,
SAUK CENTRE,
ALEXANDRIA,
POMME DE TERRE,
GLENCOE,

And those drawing supplies therefrom.

Separate bids will be received for each of the above Posts, or one bid may include all of them.

The contract to commence January 1st, 1864, and to be in force six months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters, (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid, or *where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid*, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors, (unless known to the undersigned,) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney. The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We,——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to Capt. S. C. Benham, C. S., and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

S. C. BENHAM,
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.
dec2-td

BENJAMIN S. BULL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
Harrison's Stone Block, Minneapolis, Min.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the above named goods, either at
Wholesale or Retail.
Orders solicited. no11-6md&w

BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT
NEW YORK PRICES.
20 per Cent. Saved
BY
BUYING YOUR SHOES
AT
BROWN'S
NEW STORE,
113 Third Street,
One block above the Merchant's Hotel.
je5-y

BEAUPRE & KELLY,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
AND
Wholesale Grocers,
Prince's Block, Jackson-st., St. Paul.
FREIGHT AGENTS FOR
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien R.R.
LAFLIN, SMITH & CO.'S
GUNPOWDER.
St Paul, October 13, 1863. oc13-6m

CORDAGE, SLEIGH SHOES AND FANNING MILLS.
For sale by
je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

CARBON OIL.
Carbon Oil by the Barrel.
For sale low.
je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

SHEET IRON, TIN PLATE, COPPER BOTTOMS,
ZINC AND TINNERS' STOCK,
For sale by
ap24 1y NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

FURNITURE.
S. L. BAILEY & CO.,
Are now prepared to offer an entire new stock of
Furniture,
Consisting of

Wardrobes, Sideboards, Bureaus, Bedsteads Wash Stands, Breakfast, Desert, Dining and Extension Tables, Lounges, Cribs, Walnut cane-seat Chairs, flag and wood-seat Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Easy and Parlor Chairs, Marble-Top Tables, Hall Stands, What-Nots, Card Tables, Gilt and Rose Wood Mouldings, Varnish and innumerable other goods belonging to the

FURNITURE BUSINESS.

To those wishing to buy for cash, we would solicit an examination of our stock and prices.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
WARE-ROOMS THIRD-ST., NEAR THE CHURCH.
Respectfully,
no19-1m S. L. BAILEY & CO.

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, Golden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

DEFECTIVE PAGE